

T H E  
P L A Y S   A N D   P O E M S

O F  
W I L L I A M   S H A K S P E A R E .

CORRECTED FROM THE LATEST AND BEST  
LONDON EDITIONS, WITH NOTES, BY  
S A M U E L   J O H N S O N ,   L L . D .

TO WHICH ARE ADDED,

A   G L O S S A R Y

A N D   T H E

L I F E   O F   T H E   A U T H O R .

EMBELLISHED WITH A STRIKING LIKENESS FROM THE  
COLLECTION OF HIS GRACE THE DUKE OF CHANDOS.

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*First American Edition.*

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VOL. II.

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P H I L A D E L P H I A :

P R I N T E D   A N D   S O L D   B Y   B I O R E N   &   M A D A N .

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M D C C   X C V .





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PLAYS AND POEMS

OF

WILLIAM SHAKSPEARE.

*VOLUME SECOND.*

Containing

MUCH ADO ABOUT NO-  
THING,  
LOVE'S LABOURS LOST,

MIDSUMMER-NIGHT'S  
DREAM,  
MERCHANT OF VENICE,  
AS YOU LIKE IT.

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P. 173

WILLIAM



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MUCH ADO ABOUT NOTHING.

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## PERSONS REPRESENTED.

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*Don Pedro*, Prince of Arragon.

*Leonato*, Governor of Messina.

*Don John*, Bastard brother to Don Pedro.

*Claudio*, a young Lord of Florence, Favourite to Don Pedro.

*Benedick*, a young Lord of Padua, favoured likewise by Don Pedro.

*Balthazar*, servant to Don Pedro.

*Antonio*, Brother to Leonato.

*Borachio*, Confident to Don John.

*Conrade*, Friend to Borachio.

*Dogberry*,  
*Verges*, } two foolish Officers.

*Hero*, Daughter to Leonato.

*Beatrice*, Niece to Leonato.

*Margaret*, } two Gentlewomen attending on  
*Urfula*, } Hero.

A Friar, Messenger, Watch, Town Clerk,  
Sexton, and Attendants.

SCENE, *Messina in Sicily.*





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## MUCH ADO ABOUT NOTHING.

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### ACT I. SCENE I.

*Before Leonato's house.*

*Enter Leonato, Hero, and Beatrice, with a Messenger.*

*Leon.* I LEARN in this letter, that Don Pedro of Arragon comes this night to Messina.

*Mess.* He is very near by this; he was not three leagues off when I left him.

*Leon.* How many gentlemen have you lost in this action?

*Mess.* But few of any sort, and none of name.

*Leon.* A victory is twice itself, when the achiever brings home full numbers. I find here, that Don Pedro hath bestowed much honour on a young Florentine call'd Claudio.

*Mess.* Much deserv'd on his part, and equally remember'd by Don Pedro: He hath borne himself beyond the promise of his age; doing, in the figure of a lamb, the feats of a lion: he hath, indeed, better better'd expectation, than you must expect of me to tell you how.

*Leon.* He hath an uncle here in Messina will be very much glad of it.

*Mess.* I have already delivered him letters, and there appears much joy in him; even so much, that joy could not shew itself modest enough, without a badge of bitterness.

*Leon.* Did he break out into tears?

*Mess.* In great measure.

*Leon.* A kind overflow of kindness: There are

no faces truer than those that are so wash'd. How much better is it to weep at joy, than to joy at weeping?

*Beat.* I pray you, is signior Montanto return'd from the wars, or no?

*Mess.* I know none of that name, lady; there was none such in the army of any sort.

*Leon.* What is he that you ask for, niece?

*Hero.* My cousin means signior Benedick of Padua.

*Mess.* O, he's return'd; and as pleasant as ever he was.

*Beat.* He set up his bills here in Messina, and challenged Cupid at the flight: and my uncle's fool reading the challenge, subscribed for Cupid, and challenged him at the bird-bolt.—I pray you, how many hath he kill'd and eaten in these wars? But how many hath he killed? for, indeed, I promis'd to eat all of his killing.

*Leon.* Faith, niece, you tax signior Benedick too much; but he'll be meet with you, I doubt it not.

*Mess.* He hath done good service, lady, in these wars.

*Beat.* You had musty victual, and he hath help to eat it: he's a very valiant trencher-man, he hath an excellent stomach.

*Mess.* And a good soldier too, lady.

*Beat.* And a good soldier to a lady:—But what is he to a lord?

*Mess.* A lord to a lord, a man to a man; stuff'd with all honourable virtues.

*Beat.* It is so, indeed; he is no less than a stuff'd man: but for the stuffing,—well, we are all mortal.

*Leon.* You must not, sir, mistake my niece; there is a kind of merry war betwixt signior Benedick and her: they never meet, but there's a skirmish of wit between them.

*Beat.* Alas, he gets nothing by that. In our last conflict, four of his five wits went halting off,



and now is the whole man govern'd with one: so that if he have wit enough to keep himself warm, let him bear it for a difference between himself and his horse; for it is all the wealth that he hath left, to be known a reasonable creature.—Who is his companion now? he hath every month a new sworn brother.

*Mess.* Is it possible?

*Beat.* Very easily possible: he wears his faith but as the fashion of his hat, it ever changes with the next block.

*Mess.* I see, lady, the gentleman is not in your books.

*Beat.* No: an he were, I would burn my study. But, I pray you, who is his companion? Is there no young squarer now, that will make a voyage with him to the devil?

*Mess.* He is most in the company of the right noble Claudio.

*Beat.* O lord! he will hang upon him like a disease: he is sooner caught than the pestilence, and the taker runs presently mad. God help the noble Claudio! if he have caught the Benedick, it will cost him a thousand pounds ere he be cur'd.

*Mess.* I will hold friends with you, lady.

*Beat.* Do, good friend.

*Leon.* You'll ne'er run mad, niece.

*Beat.* No, not till a hot January.

*Mess.* Don Pedro is approach'd.

*Enter Don Pedro, Claudio, Benedick, Balthazar, and Don John.*

*Pedro.* Good signior Leonato, you are come to meet your trouble: the fashion of the world is to avoid cost, and you encounter it.

*Leon.* Never came trouble to my house in the likeness of your grace: for trouble being gone, comfort should remain; but, when you depart from me, sorrow abides, and happiness takes his leave.

*Pedro.* You embrace your charge too willingly.  
—I think, this is your daughter.

*Leon.* Her mother hath many times told me so.

*Bene.* Were you in doubt, sir, that you ask'd her?

*Leon.* Signior Benedick, no; for then were you  
a child.

*Pedro.* You have it full, Benedick: we may guess  
by this what you are, being a man. Truly, the  
lady fathers herself:—Be happy, lady! for you are  
like an honourable father.

*Bene.* If signior Leonato be her father, she would  
not have his head on her shoulders for all Messina,  
as like him as she is.

*Beat.* I wonder, that you will still be talking,  
signior Benedick; nobody marks you.

*Bene.* What, my dear lady Disdain! are you yet  
living?

*Beat.* Is it possible, Disdain should die, while she  
hath such meet food to feed it, as signior Benedick?  
Courtesy itself must convert to disdain, if you come  
in her presence.

*Bene.* Then is Courtesy a turn-coat:—But it is  
certain, I am lov'd of all ladies, only you excepted:  
and I would I could find in my heart that I had  
not a hard heart; for, truly, I love none.

*Beat.* A dear happiness to women; they would  
else have been troubled with a pernicious suitor.  
I thank God, and my cold blood, I am of your  
humour for that; I had rather hear my dog bark at  
a crow, than a man swear he loves me.

*Bene.* God keep your ladyship still in that mind!  
so some gentleman or other shall 'scape a predesti-  
nate scratch'd face.

*Beat.* Scratching could not make it worse, an  
'twere such a face as yours were.

*Bene.* Well, you are a rare parrot-teacher.

*Beat.* A bird of my tongue, is better than a beast  
of yours.



*Bene.* I would, my horse had the speed of your tongue; and so good a continuer: But keep your way o' God's name; I have done.

*Beat.* You always end with a jade's trick; I know you of old.

*Pedro.* This is the sum of all: Leonato,—signior Claudio, and signior Benedick,—my dear friend Leonato hath invited you all. I tell him, we shall stay here at the least a month; and he heartily prays, some occasion may detain us longer; I dare swear he is no hypocrite, but prays from his heart.

*Leon.* If you swear, my lord, you shall not be forsworn.—Let me bid you welcome, my lord: being reconciled to the prince your brother, I owe you all duty.

*John.* I thank you; I am not of many words, but I thank you.

*Leon.* Please it your grace lead on?

*Pedro.* Your hand, Leonato; we will go together.

[*Exeunt all but Benedick and Claudio.*]

*Claud.* Benedick, didst thou note the daughter of signior Leonato?

*Bene.* I noted her not; but I look'd on her.

*Claud.* Is she not a modest young lady?

*Bene.* Do you question me, as an honest man should do, for my simple true judgment? or would you have me speak after my custom, as being a professed tyrant, to their sex?

*Claud.* No, I pray thee, speak in sober judgment.

*Bene.* Why, i'faith, methinks she is too low for a high praise, too brown for a fair praise, and too little for a great praise; only this commendation I can afford her; that were she other than she is, she were unhandsome; and being no other but as she is, I do not like her.

*Claud.* Thou think'st, I am in sport; I pray thee, tell me truly how thou lik'st her?

*Bene.* Would you buy her, that you enquire after her?



*Claud.* Can the world buy such a jewel?

*Bene.* Yea, and a case to put it into. But speak you this with a sad brow? or do you play the flouting Jack; to tell us Cupid is a good hare-finder, and Vulcan a rare carpenter? Come, in what key shall a man take you, to go in the song?

*Claud.* In mine eye, she is the sweetest lady that I ever looked on.

*Bene.* I can see yet without spectacles, and I see no such matter: there's her cousin, an she were not possess'd with a fury, exceeds her as much in beauty, as the first of May doth the last of December. But I hope, you have no intent to turn husband; have you?

*Claud.* I would scarce trust myself, though I had sworn the contrary, if Hero would be my wife.

*Bene.* Is 't come to this, i'faith? Hath not the world one man, but he will wear his cap with suspicion? Shall I never see a bachelor of threescore again? Go to, i'faith; an thou wilt needs thrust thy neck into a yoke, wear the print of it, and sigh away Sundays. Look, Don Pedro is return'd to seek you.

*Re-enter Don Pedro.*

*Pedro.* What secret hath held you here, that you follow'd not to Leonato's?

*Bene.* I would, your grace would constrain me to tell.

*Pedro.* I charge thee on thy allegiance.

*Bene.* You hear, Count Claudio: I can be secret as a dumb man, I would have you think so; but on my allegiance,—mark you this, on my allegiance.—He is in love. With who?—now that is your grace's part;—mark, how short his answer is:—With Hero, Leonato's short daughter.

*Claud.* If this were so, so were it uttered.

*Bene.* Like the old tale, my lord: it is not so

nor 'twas not so ; but, indeed, God forbid it should be so.

*Claud.* If my passion change not shortly, God forbid it should be otherwise.

*Pedro.* Amen, if you love her, for the lady is very well worthy.

*Claud.* You speak this to fetch me in, my lord.

*Pedro.* By my troth, I speak my thought.

*Claud.* And, in faith, my lord, I spoke mine.

*Bene.* And by my two faiths and troths, my lord, I speak mine.

*Claud.* That I love her, I feel.

*Pedro.* That she is worthy, I know.

*Bene.* That I neither feel how she should be lov'd, nor know how she should be worthy, is the opinion that fire cannot melt out of me ; I will die in it at the stake.

*Pedro.* Thou wast ever an obstinate heretic in the despight of beauty.

*Claud.* And never could maintain his part, but in the force of his will.

*Bene.* That a woman conceiv'd me, I thank her : that she brought me up, I likewise give her most humble thanks : but that I will have a recheate winded in my forehead, or hang my bugle in an invisible baldrick, all women shall pardon me : Because I will not do them the wrong to mistrust any, I will do myself the right to trust none ; and the fine is, (for the which I may go the finer) I will live a bachelor.

*Pedro.* I shall see thee, ere I die, look pale with love.

*Bene.* With anger, with sickness, or with hunger, my lord ; not with love : prove that ever I loose more blood with love, than I will get again with drinking, pick out mine eyes with a ballad-maker's pen, and hang me up at the door of a brothel-house for the sign of blind Cupid.

*Pedro.* Well, if ever thou dost fall from this faith, thou wilt prove a notable argument.

*Bene.* If I do, hang me in a bottle like a cat, and shoot at me; and he that hits me, let him be clapp'd on the shoulder, and call'd Adam.

*Pedro.* Well, as time shall try :

*In time the savage bull doth bear the yoke.*

*Bene.* The savage bull may; but if ever the sensible Benedick bear it, pluck off the bull's horns, and set them in my forehead : and let me be vilely painted : and in such great letters as they write, *Here is good horse to hire*, let them signify under my sign,—*Here you may see Benedick the marry'd man.*

*Claud.* If this should ever happen, thou would'st be horn-mad.

*Pedro.* Nay, if Cupid hath not spent all his quiver in Venice, thou wilt quake for this shortly.

*Bene.* I look for an earthquake too then.

*Pedro.* Well, you will temporize with the hours. In the mean time, good signior Benedick, repair to Leonato's; commend me to him, and tell him, I will not fail him at supper; for, indeed, he hath made great preparation.

*Bene.* I have almost matter enough in me for such an embassy; and so I commit you—

*Claud.* To the tuition of God; from my house, (if I had it.)—

*Pedro.* The sixth of July; your loving friend, Benedick.

*Bene.* Nay, mock not, mock not; The body of your discourse is sometime guarded with fragments, and the guards are but slightly basted on neither : ere you flout old ends any further, examine your conscience; and so I leave you. [Exit.

*Claud.* My liege, your highness now may do me good.

*Pedro.* My love is thine to teach; teach it but how,

And thou shalt see how apt it is to learn  
Any hard lesson that may do thee good.

*Claud.* Hath Leonato any son, my lord?

*Pedro.* No child but Hero, she's his only heir:  
Dost thou affect her, Claudio?

*Claud.* O my lord,  
When you went onward on this ended action,  
I look'd upon her with a soldier's eye,  
That lik'd, but had a rougher task in hand  
Than to drive liking to the name of love:  
But now I am return'd, and that war-thoughts  
Have left their places vacant, in their rooms  
Come thronging soft and delicate desires,  
All prompting me how fair young Hero is,  
Saying, I lik'd her ere I went to wars.

*Pedro.* Thou wilt be like a lover presently,  
And tire the hearer with a book of words:  
If thou dost love fair Hero, cherish it;  
And I will break with her, and with her father,  
And thou shalt have her: Was't not to this end,  
That thou began'st to twist so fine a story?

*Claud.* How sweetly do you minister to love,  
That know love's grief by his complexion!  
But lest my liking might too sudden seem,  
I would have sav'd it with a longer treatise.

*Pedro.* What need the bridge much broader than  
the flood?

The fairest grant is the necessity:  
Look, what will serve, is fit; 'tis once thou lov'st;  
And I will fit thee with the remedy.  
I know, we shall have revelling to-night;  
I will assume thy part in some disguise,  
And tell fair Hero I am Claudio;  
And in her bosom I'll unclasp my heart,  
And take her hearing prisoner with the force  
And strong encounter of my amorous tale;  
Then, after, to her father will I break;  
And, the conclusion is, she shall be thine:  
In practise let us put it presently. [Exeunt.]



## S C E N E II.

*A Room in Leonato's House.**Enter Leonato and Antonio.*

*Leo.* How now, brother? Where is my cousin, your son? Hath he provided this music?

*Ant.* He is very busy about it. But, brother, I can tell you news that you yet dream'd not of.

*Leon.* Are they good?

*Ant.* As the event stamps them: but they have a good cover, they show well outward. The prince and Count Claudio, walking in a thick-pleached alley in my orchard, were thus overheard by a man of mine: The prince discover'd to Claudio, that he lov'd my niece your daughter, and meant to acknowledge it this evening in a dance; nay, if he found her accordant, he meant to take the present time by the top, and instantly break with you of it.

*Leon.* Hath the fellow any wit that told you this?

*Ant.* A good sharp fellow; I will send for him, and question him yourself.

*Leon.* No, no; we will hold it as a dream, till it appear itself:—but I will acquaint my daughter withal, that she may be the better prepared for an answer, if peradventure this be true: Go you, and tell her of it. [*Several Servants cross the stage here.*] Cousin, you know what you have to do.—O, I cry you mercy, friend; go you with me, and I will use your skill:—Good cousin, have a care this busy time. [*Exeunt.*]

## S C E N E III.

*Another Apartment in Leonato's House.**Enter Don John and Conrade.*

*Conr.* What the good-ger, my lord! why are you thus out of measure sad?



*John.* There is no measure in the occasion that breeds it, therefore the sadness is without limit.

*Conr.* You should hear reason.

*John.* And when I have heard it, what blessing bringeth it?

*Conr.* If not a present remedy, yet a patient sufferance.

*John.* I wonder, that thou being (as thou say'st thou art) born under Saturn, goest about to apply a moral medicine to a mortifying mischief. I cannot hide what I am: I must be sad when I have cause, and smile at no man's jests; eat when I have stomach, and wait for no man's leisure: sleep when I am drowsy, and tend on no man's business; laugh when I am merry, and claw no man in his humour.

*Conr.* Yea, but you must not make the full show of this, till you may do it without controulment. You have of late stood out against your brother, and he hath ta'en you newly into his grace; where it is impossible you should take root; but by the fair weather that you make yourself; it is needful that you frame the season for your own harvest.

*John.* I had rather be a canker in a hedge, than a rose in his grace; and it better fits my blood to be disdain'd of all, than to fashion a carriage to rob love from any: in this, though I cannot be said to be a flattering honest man, it must not be deny'd but I am a plain-dealing villain. I am trusted with a muzzle, and enfranchis'd with a clog; therefore I have decreed not to sing in my cage. If I had my mouth, I would bite; if I had my liberty, I would do my liking: in the mean time, let me be that I am, and seek not to alter me.

*Conr.* Can you make no use of your discontent?

*John.* I make all use of it, for I use it only.—  
Who comes hère? what news, Borachio?

*Enter Borachio.*

*Bora.* I came yonder from a great supper; the prince, your brother, is royally entertained by Leonato; and I can give you intelligence of an intended marriage.

*John.* Will it serve for any model to build mischief on? What is he for a fool, that betroths himself to unquietness?

*Bora.* Marry, it is your brother's right hand.

*John.* Who? the most exquisite Claudio?

*Bora.* Even he!

*John.* A proper squire! and who, and who? which way looks he?

*Bora.* Marry, on Hero, the daughter and heir of Leonato.

*John.* A very forward March-chick? How come you to know this?

*Bora.* Being entertain'd for a perfumer, as I was smoaking a musty room, comes me the prince and Claudio, hand in hand, in sad conference:—I whipt me behind the arras; and there heard it agreed upon, that the prince should woo Hero for himself, and, having obtained her, give her to count Claudio.

*John.* Come, come, let us thither; this may prove food to my displeasure; that young start-up hath all the glory of my overthrow; if I can cross him any way, I bless myself every way; You are both sure, and will assist me.

*Conr.* To the death, my lord.

*John.* Let us to the great supper; their cheer is the greater, that I am subdu'd: 'Would the cook were of my mind?—Shall we go prove what's to be done?

*Bora.* We'll wait upon your lordship.

[*Exeunt*

ACT II. SCENE I.

*A Hall in Leonato's House.*

*Enter Leonato, Antonio, Hero, Beatrice, Margaret, and Ursula.*

Leon. WAS not count John here at supper?

Ant. I saw him not.

Beat. How tartly that gentleman looks! I never can see him, but I am heart-burn'd an hour after.

Hero. He is of a very melancholy disposition.

Beat. He were an excellent man that were made just in the midway between him and Benedick: the one is too like an image, and says nothing; and the other, too like my lady's eldest son, overmore tattling.

Leon. Then half signior Benedick's tongue in count John's mouth, and half count John's melancholy in signior Benedick's face,—

Beat. With a good leg, and a good foot, uncle, and money enough in his purse, such a man would win any woman in the world,—if he could get her good will.

Leon. By my troth, niece, thou wilt never get thee a husband, if thou be'st so shrewd of thy tongue.

Ant. In faith, she's too curst.

Beat. Too curst is more than curst: I shall lessen God's sending that way: for it is said, *God sends a curst cow short horns*; but to a cow too curst, he sends none.

Leon. So, by being too curst, God will send you no horns.

Beat. Just, if he send me no husband; for the which blessing, I am at him upon my knees every morning and evening: Lord! I could not endure

a husband with a beard on his face ; I had rather lie in woollen.

*Leon.* You may light upon a husband, that hath no beard.

*Beat.* What should I do with him ? dress him in my apparel, and make him my waiting-gentlewoman ? He that hath a beard is more than a youth ; and he that hath no beard is less than a man : and he that is more than a youth, is not for me ; and he that is less than a man, I am not for him : Therefore I will even take six-pence in earnest of the bear-herd, and lead his apes into hell.

*Leon.* Well, then, go you into hell.

*Beat.* No ; but to the gate : and there will the devil meet me, like an old cuckold, with horns on his head, and say, *Get you to heaven, Beatrice, get you to heaven ; here's no place for you maids :* so deliver I up my apes, and away to St. Peter for the heavens ; he shews me where the bachelors sit, and there live we as merry as the day is long.

*Ant.* Well, niece, I trust you will be rul'd by your father. [*To Hero.*]

*Beat.* Yes, faith : it is my cousin's duty to make a courtly, and say, *Father as it please you :*—but yet for all that, cousin, let him be a handsome fellow, or else make another curtly, and say, *Father as it please me.*

*Leon.* Well, niece, I hope to see you one day fitted with a husband.

*Beat.* Not till God make men of some other metal than earth. Would it not grieve a woman to be over-master'd with a piece of valiant dust ? to make account of her life to a clod of wayward marle ? No, uncle, I'll none ; Adam's sons are my brethren, and, truly, I hold it a sin to match in my kindred.

*Leon.* Daughter, remember what I told you : if the prince do solicit you in that kind, you know your answer.

*Beat.* The fault will be in the music, cousin ; if you be not woo'd in good time : if the prince be too important, tell him, there is measure in every thing, and so dance out the answer. For hear me, Hero, wooing, wedding, and repenting, is as a Scotch jig, a measure, and a cinque-pace : the first suit is hot and hasty, like a Scotch jig, and full as fantastical : the wedding, mannerly modest, as a measure full of state and ancientry ; and then comes repentance, and, with his bad legs, falls into the cinque-pace faster and faster, 'till he sink into his grave.

*Leon.* Cousin, you apprehen passing shrewdly.

*Beat.* I have a good eye, uncle ; I can see a church by day-light.

*Leon.* The revellers are entering ; brother, make good room.

*Enter Don Pedro, Claudio, Benedick, Balthazar ;  
Don John, Borachio, Margaret, Ursula, and others  
mask'd.*

*Pedro.* Lady, will you walk about with your friend ?

*Hero.* So you walk softly, and look sweetly, and say nothing, I am yours for the walk ; and, especially, when I walk away.

*Pedro.* With me in your company ?

*Hero.* I may say so, when I please.

*Pedro.* And when please you to say so ?

*Hero.* When I like your favour ; for God defend, the lute should be like the case !

*Pedro.* My visor is Philemon's roof : within the house is Jove.

*Hero.* Why, then your visor should be thatch'd.

*Pedro.* Speak low, if you speak love.

*Balth.* Well, I would you did like me.

*Marg.* So would not I, for your own sake ; for I have many ill qualities.



*Balth.* Which is one?

*Marg.* I say my prayers aloud.

*Balth.* I love you the better; the hearers may cry amen.

*Marg.* God match me with a good dancer!

*Balth.* Amen.

*Marg.* And God keep him out of my sight when the dance is done!—Answer, clerk.

*Balth.* No more words; the clerk is answer'd.

*Urf.* I know you well enough: you are signior Antonio.

*Ant.* At a word, I am not.

*Urf.* I know you by the wagling of your head.

*Ant.* To tell you true, I counterfeit him.

*Urf.* You could never do him so ill-well, unless you were the very man: Here's his dry hand up and down; you are he, you are he.

*Ant.* At a word, I am not.

*Urf.* Come, come; do you think I do not know you by your excellent wit? Can virtue hide itself? Go to, mum, you are he: graces will appear, and there's an end.

*Beat.* Will you not tell me who told you so?

*Bene.* No, you shall pardon me.

*Beat.* Nor will you not tell me who you are?

*Bene.* Not now.

*Beat.* That I was disdainful—and that I had my good wit out of the *Hundred merry Tales*;—Well, this was signior Benedick that said so.

*Bene.* What's he?

*Beat.* I am sure you know him well enough.

*Bene.* Not I, believe me.

*Beat.* Did he never make you laugh?

*Bene.* I pray you, what is he?

*Beat.* Why, he is the prince's jester: a very dull fool; only his gift is in devising impossible slanders: none but libertines delight in him; and the commendation is not in his wit, but in his villainy; for

he both pleaseth men, and angers them, and then they laugh at him, and beat him: I am sure, he is in the fleet; I would he had boarded me.

*Bene.* When I know the gentleman, I'll tell him what you say.

*Beat.* Do, do; he'll but break a comparison or two on me; which, peradventure, not mark'd, or not laugh'd at, strikes him into melancholy; and then there's a partridge wing sav'd, for the fool will eat no supper that night. We must follow the leaders.

[*Music within.*]

*Bene.* In every good thing.

*Beat.* Nay, if they lead to any ill, I will leave them at the next turning.

*Manent, John, Borachio, and Claudio.*

*John.* Sure my brother is amorous on Hero, and hath withdrawn her father to break with him about it: The ladies follow her, and but one visor remains.

*Bora.* And that is Claudio; I know him by his bearing.

*John.* Are you not signior Benedick?

*Claud.* You know me well; I am he.

*John.* Signior, you are very near my brother in his love; he is enamour'd on Hero, I pray you, dissuade him from her, she is no equal for his birth; you may do the part of an honest man in it.

*Claud.* How know you he loves her?

*John.* I heard him swear his affection.

*Bora.* So did I too; and he swore he would marry her to-night.

*John.* Come, let us to the banquet.

[*Exeunt John and Bora.*]

*Claud.* Thus answer I in name of Benedick,  
But hear these ill news with the ears of Claudio.  
'Tis certain so:—the prince woos for himself.  
Friendship is constant in all other things,

Save in the office and affairs of love :  
Therefore, all hearts in love use their own tongues :  
Let every eye negotiate for itself,  
And trust no agent ; for beauty is a witch,  
Against whose charms faith melteth into blood.  
This is an accident of hourly proof,  
Which I mistrusted not : Farewell therefore, Hero.

*Re-enter Benedick.*

*Bene.* Count Claudio ?

*Claud.* Yea, the same.

*Bene.* Come, will you go with me ?

*Claud.* Whither ?

*Bene.* Even to the next willow, about your own business, count. What fashion will you wear the garland of ? About your neck, like an usurer's chain ? or under your arm, like a lieutenant's scarf ? You must wear it one way, for the prince hath got your Hero.

*Claud.* I wish him joy of her.

*Bene.* Why, that's spoken like an honest drover ; so they sell bullocks. But did you think the prince would have served you thus ?

*Claud.* I pray you leave me.

*Bene.* Ho ! now you strike like the blind man ; 'twas the boy that stole your meat, and you'll beat the post.

*Claud.* If it will not be, I'll leave you. [*Exit.*]

*Bene.* Alas, poor hurt fool ! Now will he creep into sedges.—But, that my lady Beatrice should know me, and not know me ! The prince's fool ! —Ha ! it may be I go under that title, because I am merry.—Yea ; but so ; I am apt to do myself wrong ; I am not so reputed : it is the base, though bitter disposition of Beatrice, that puts the world into her person, and so gives me out. Well, I'll be reveng'd as I may.

*Re-enter Don Pedro.*

*Pedro.* Now, signior, where's the count? Did you see him?

*Bene.* Troth, my lord, I have play'd the part of lady Fame. I found him here as melancholy as a lodge in a warren; I told him, and, I think, I told him true, that your grace had got the good will of this young lady; and I offered him my company to a willow tree, either to make him a garland, as being forsaken, or to bind him up a rod, as being worthy to be whipt.

*Pedro.* To be whipt! What's his fault?

*Bene.* The flat transgression of a school-boy; who, being overjoy'd with finding a bird's nest, shews it his companion, and he steals it.

*Pedro.* Wilt thou make a trust a transgression? The transgression is in the stealer.

*Bene.* Yet it had not been amiss, the rod had been made, and the garland too; for the garland he might have worn himself, and the rod he might have bestow'd on you, who, as I take it, have stol'n his bird's nest.

*Pedro.* I will but teach them to sing, and restore them to the owner.

*Bene.* If their singing answer your saying, by my faith, you say honestly.

*Pedro.* The lady Beatrice hath a quarrel to you; the gentleman, that danc'd with her, told her, she is much wrong'd by you.

*Bene.* O, she misus'd me past the endurance of a block: an oak, but with one green leaf on it, would have answer'd her; my very visor began to assume life and scold with her: She told me, not thinking I had been myself, that I was the prince's jester; and that I was duller than a great thaw; huddling jest upon jest, with such impossible conveyance, upon me, that I stood like a man at a mark, with a



whole army shooting at me: She speaks poignards, and every word stabs: if her breath were as terrible as her terminations, there were no living near her, she would infect to the north star. I would not marry her, though she were endowed with all that Adam had left him before he transgress'd: she would have made Hercules have turn'd spit; yea, and have cleft his club to make the fire too. Come, talk not of her; you shall find her the infernal Até in good apparel. I would to God, some scholar would conjure her; for, certainly, while she is here, a man may live as quiet in hell, as in a sanctuary; and people sin upon purpose, because they would go thither: so, indeed, all disquiet, horror, and perturbation follow her.

*Enter Claudio, Beatrice, Leonato, and Hero.*

*Pedro.* Look, here she comes.

*Bene.* Will your grace command me any service to the world's end? I will go on the slightest errand now to the Antipodes, that you can devise to send me on; I will fetch you a tooth-picker now from the farthest inch of Asia; bring you the length of Prester John's foot; fetch you a hair off the great Cham's beard; do you any embassage to the Pigmies, rather than hold three words conference with this harpy: You have no employment for me?

*Pedro.* None, but to desire your good company.

*Bene.* O God, sir, here's a dish I love not; I cannot endure my lady Tongue.

*Pedro.* Come, lady, come; you have lost the heart of signior Benedick.

*Beat.* Indeed, my lord, he lent it me a while; and I gave him use for it, a double heart for a single one: marry, once before he won it of me with false dice, therefore your grace may well say, I have lost it.

*Pedro.* You have put him down, lady, you have put him down.

*Beat.* So I would not he should do me, my lord, lest I should prove the mother of fools. I have brought count Claudio, whom you sent me to seek.

*Pedro.* Why, how now, count? wherefore are you sad?

*Claud.* Not sad, my lord.

*Pedro.* How then? sick?

*Claud.* Neither, my lord.

*Beat.* The count is neither sad, nor sick, nor merry, nor well: but civil, count; civil as an orange, and something of that jealous complexion.

*Pedro.* I'faith, lady, I think your blazon to be true; though, I'll be sworn, if he be so, his conceit is false. Here, Claudio, I have wooed in thy name, and fair Hero is won; I have broke with her father, and his good will obtained; name the day of marriage, and God give thee joy!

*Leon.* Count, take of me my daughter, and with her my fortunes: his grace hath made the match, and all grace say Amen to it!

*Beat.* Speak, count, 'tis your cue.

*Claud.* Silence is the perfectest herald of joy: I were but little happy, if I could say how much.—Lady, as you are mine, I am yours: I give away myself for you, and doat upon the exchange.

*Beat.* Speak, cousin: or, if you cannot, stop his mouth with a kiss, and let him not speak neither.

*Pedro.* In faith, lady you have a merry heart.

*Beat.* Yea, my lord; I thank, it poor fool, it keeps on the windy side of care: My cousin tells him in his ear, that he is in her heart.

*Claud.* And so she doth, cousin.

*Beat.* Good lord, for alliance! Thus goes every one to the world but I, and I am sun-burn'd; I may sit in a corner, and cry, heigh-ho! for a husband.

*Pedro.* Lady Beatrice, I will get you one.

*Beat.* I would rather have one of your father's

getting: Hath your grace ne'er a brother like you? Your father got excellent husbands, if a maid could come by them.

*Pedro.* Will you have me, lady?

*Beat.* No, my lord, unless I might have another for working days; your grace is too costly to wear every day:—But, I beseech your grace, pardon me; I was born to speak all mirth, and no matter.

*Pedro.* Your silence most offends me, and to be merry best becomes you; for, out of question, you were born in a merry hour.

*Beat.* No, sure, my lord, my mother cry'd; but then there was a star danc'd, and under that I was born. Cousins, God give you joy.

*Leon.* Niece, will you look to those things I told you of?

*Beat.* I cry you mercy, uncle.—By your grace's pardon. [Exit Beatrice.]

*Pedro.* By my troth, a pleasant-spirited lady.

*Leon.* There's little of the melancholy element in her, my lord: she is never sad, but when she sleeps; and not ever sad then; for I have heard my daughter say, she hath often dream'd of unhappiness, and wak'd herself with laughing.

*Pedro.* She cannot endure to hear tell of a husband.

*Leon.* O, by no means; she mocks all her wooers out of suit.

*Pedro.* She were an excellent wife for Benedick.

*Leon.* O Lord, my lord, if they were but a week marry'd, they would talk themselves mad.

*Pedro.* Count Claudio, when mean you to go to church?

*Claud.* To-morrow, my lord; Time goes on crutches, till love have all his rites.

*Leon.* Not till Monday, my dear son, which is hence a just seven-night: and a time too brief too, to have all things answer my mind.

*Pedro.* Come, you shake the head at so long a breathing; but, I warrant thee, Claudio, the time; shall not go dully by us; I will in the interim, undertake one of Hercules' labours; which is, to bring signior Benedick and the lady Beatrice into a mountain of affection, the one with the other. I would fain have it a match; and I doubt not to fashion it, if you three will but minister such assistance as I shall give you direction.

*Leon.* My lord, I am for you, though it cost me ten nights' watching.

*Claud.* And I, my lord.

*Pedro.* And you too, gentle Hero?

*Hero.* I will do any modest office, my lord, to help my cousin to a good husband.

*Pedro.* And Benedick is not the unhopefullest husband that I know: thus far I can praise him; he is of a noble strain, of approv'd valour, and confirm'd honesty. I will teach you how to humour your cousin, that she shall fall in love with Benedick:—And I, with your two helps, will so practise on Benedick, that in despite of his quick wit and his queasy stomach, he shall fall in love with Beatrice. If we can do this, Cupid is no longer an archer; his glory shall be ours, for we are the only love-gods. Go in with me, and I will tell you my drift.

[*Exeunt.*]

S C E N E II.

*Another Apartment in Leonato's house.*

*Enter Don John and Borachio.*

*John.* It is so: the count Claudio shall marry the daughter of Leonato.

*Dora.* Yea, my lord, but I can cross it.

*John.* Any bar, any cross, any impediment will be medicinable to me: I am sick in displeasure to



him; and whatsoever comes athwart his affection, ranges evenly with mine. How canst thou cross this marriage?

*Bora.* Not honestly, my lord; but so covertly that no dishonesty shall appear in me.

*John.* Shew me briefly how.

*Bora.* I think, I told your lordship, a year since, how much I am in the favour of Margaret, the waiting gentlewoman to Hero.

*John.* I remember.

*Bora.* I can, at any unseasonable instant of the night, appoint her to look out at her lady's chamber window.

*John.* What life is in that, to be the death of this marriage?

*Bora.* The poison of that lies in you to temper. Go you to the prince your brother; spare not to tell him, that he hath wrong'd his honour in marrying the renown'd Claudio (whose estimation do you mightily hold up) to a contaminated stale, such a one as Hero.

*John.* What proof shall I make of that?

*Bora.* Proof enough to misuse the prince, to vex Claudio, to undo Hero, and kill Leonato: Look you for any other issue?

*John.* Only to despise them, I will endeavour any thing.

*Bora.* Go then, find me a meet hour to draw Don Pedro, and the count Claudio, alone: tell them, that you know Hero loves me; intend a kind of zeal both to the prince and Claudio, as,—in a love of your brother's honour who hath made this match; and his friend's reputation, who is thus like to be cozen'd with the semblance of a maid,—that you have discover'd thus. They will scarcely believe this without trial: Offer them instances: which shall bear no less likelihood, than to see me at her chamber window; hear me call Margaret

Hero ; hear Margaret term me Claudio ; and bring them to see this, the very night before the intended wedding ; for, in the mean time, I will so fashion the matter, that Hero shall be absent ; and there shall appear such seeming truth of Hero's disloyalty, that jealousy shall be call'd assurance, and all the preparation over-thrown.

*John.* Grow this to what adverse issue it can, I will put it in practice : Be cunning in the working this, and thy fee is a thousand ducats.

*Bora.* Be thou constant in the accusation, and my cunning shall not shame me.

*John.* I will presently go learn their day of marriage. [Exit.]

S C E N E III.

*Leonato's Orchard.*

*Enter Benedick and a boy.*

*Bene.* Boy,—

*Boy.* Signior.

*Bene.* In my chamber-window lies a book ; bring it hither to me in the orchard.

*Boy.* I am here already, sir.

*Bene.* I know that ;—but I would have thee hence, and here again. [Exit Boy.]—I do much wonder, that one man, seeing how much another man is a fool when he dedicates his behaviours to love, will, after he hath laugh'd at such shallow follies in others, become the argument of his own scorn, by falling in love : and such a man is Claudio. I have known, when there was no music with him but the drum and the fife ; and now had he rather hear the tabor and the pipe : I have known, when he would have walk'd ten mile afoot, to see a good armour ; and now will he lie ten nights awake, carving the fashion of a new doublet. He was

wont to speak plain, and to the purpose, like an honest man, and a soldier; and now is he turn'd orthographer; his words are a very fantastical banquet, just so many strange dishes. May I be so converted, and see with these eyes? I cannot tell; I think not: I will not be sworn, but love may transform me to an oyster; but I'll take my oath on it, till he have made an oyster of me, he shall never make me such a fool. One woman is fair; yet I am well: another is wise; yet I am well; another virtuous; yet I am well; but till all graces be in one woman, one woman shall not come in my grace. Rich she shall be, that's certain; wise, or I'll none; virtuous, or I'll never cheapen her; fair, or I'll never look on her; mild, or come not near me; noble, or not I for an angel; of good discourse, an excellent musician, and her hair shall be of whatever colour it please God. Ha! the prince and monsieur love! I will hide me in the arbour. *[Withdraws.]*

*Enter Don Pedro, Leonato, Claudio, and Balthazar.*

*Pedro.* Come, shall we hear this music?

*Claud.* Yea, my good lord: How still the evening is,

As hush'd on purpose to grace harmony!

*Pedro.* See you where Benedick hath hid himself?

*Claud.* O very well, my lord: the music ended, We'll fit the kid-fox with 'a penny-worth.

*Pedro.* Come, Balthazar, we'll hear that song again.

*Balth.* O good my lord, tax not so bad a voice To slander music any more than once.

*Pedro.* It is the witness still of excellency, To put a strange face on his own perfection:— I pray thee, sing, and let me woo no more.

*Balth.* Because you talk of wooing, I will sing: Since many a wooer doth commence his suit

To her he thinks not worthy ; yet he wooes ;  
Yet will he swear he loves.

*Pedro.* Nay, pray thee, come :  
Or, if thou wilt hold longer argument,  
Do it in notes.

*Balth.* Note this before my notes,  
There's not a note of mine, that's worth the noting.

*Pedro.* Why these are very crotchets that he  
speaks ;

Note, notes, forsooth, and noting !

*Bene.* Now, *Divine air* ! now is his soul ravish'd !  
Is it not strange, that sheeps guts should hale souls  
out of mens' bodies ?—Well, a horn for my money,  
when all's done.

S. O N G.

*Sigh no more ladies, sigh no more,*

*Men were deceivers ever ;*

*One foot in sea, and one on shore :*

*To one thing constant never ;*

*Then sigh not so.*

*But let them go,*

*And be you blith and bonny :*

*Converting all your founts of woe*

*Into, Hey nonny, nonny.*

*Sing no more ditties, sing no mo'*

*Of dumps so dull and heavy ;*

*The frauds of men were ever so,*

*Since summer first was leavy.*

*Then sigh not so, &c.*

*Pedro.* By my troth, a good song.

*Balth.* And an ill singer, my lord.

*Pedro.* Ha ? no ; no, faith ; thou sing'st well  
enough for a shift.

*Bene.* [*Aside.*] An he had been a dog, that should  
have howl'd thus, they would have hang'd him :



and, I pray God, his bad voice bode no mischief! I had as lief have heard the night raven, come what plague could have come after it.

*Pedro.* Yea, marry:—Dost thou hear, Balthazar? I pray thee, get us some excellent music; for to-morrow night, we would have it at the lady Hero's chamber-window.

*Balth.* The best I can, my lord. [*Ex. Balthazar.*]

*Pedro.* Do so: farewell. Come hither, Leonato, What was it you told me of to-day, that your niece Beatrice was in love with signior Benedick?

*Claud.* O, ay;—Stalk on, stalk on, the fowl sits. [*Afide to Pedro.*] I did never think that lady would have lov'd any man.

*Leon.* No, nor I neither; but most wonderful, that she should so dote on signior Benedick, whom she hath in all outward behaviours seem'd ever to abhor.

*Bene.* Is't possible? Sits the wind in that corner?  
[*Afide.*]

*Leon.* By my troth, my lord I cannot tell what to think of it, but that she loves him with an enraged affection: it is past the infinite of thought.

*Pedro.* May be, she doth but counterfeit.

*Claud.* Faith, like enough.

*Leon.* O God! counterfeit! There never was counterfeit of passion came so near the life of passion, as she discovers it.

*Pedro.* Why, what effects of passion shews she?

*Claud.* Bait the hook well; this fish will bite.

[*Afide.*]  
*Leon.* What effects, my lord! She will fit you,—You heard my daughter tell you how.

*Claud.* She did, indeed.

*Pedro.* How, how, I pray you? You amaze me: I would have thought her spirit had been invincible against all assaults of affection.

*Leon.* I would have sworn it had, my lord; especially against Benedick.

*Bene.* [*Aside.*] I should think this a gull, but that the white-bearded fellow speaks it: knavery cannot, sure, hide himself in such reverence.

*Claud.* He hath ta'en the infection; hold it up. [*Aside.*

*Pedro.* Hath she made her affection known to Benedick?

*Leon.* No; and swears she never will: that's her torment.

*Claud.* 'Tis true, indeed; so your daughter says: Shall I, says she, that have so oft encounter'd him with scorn, write to him that I love him?

*Leon.* This says she now when she is beginning to write to him: for she'll be up twenty times a night; and there she will sit in her smock, 'till she have writ a sheet of paper;—my daughter tells us all.

*Claud.* Now you talk of a sheet of paper, I remember a pretty jest your daughter told us of.

*Leon.* Oh,—When she had writ it, and was reading it over, she found Benedick and Beatrice between the sheet?

*Claud.* That.

*Leon.* O, she tore the letter into a thousand half-pence; rail'd at herself, that she should be so immodest to write to one that she knew would flout her; *I measure him*, says she, *by my own spirit*; for, *I should flout him, if he writ to me*; yea, though I love him, *I should*.

*Claud.* Then down upon her knees she falls, weeps, sobs, beats her heart, tears her hair, prays, curses:—*O sweet Benedick! God give me patience.*

*Leon.* She doth indeed; my daughter says so; and the extacy hath so much overborne her, that my daughter is sometime afraid she will do desperate outrage to herself; It is very true.

*Pedro.* It were good, that Benedick knew of it by some other; if she will not discover it.

*Claud.* To what end? He would but make a sport of it, and torment the poor lady worse.

*Pedro.* An he should, it were an alms to hang him: She's an excellent sweet lady; and, out of all suspicion, she is virtuous.

*Claud.* And she is exceeding wise.

*Pedro.* In every thing, but in loving Benedick.

*Leon.* O my lord, wisdom and blood combating in so tender a body, we have ten proofs to one that blood hath the victory. I am sorry for her, as I have just cause, being her uncle and her guardian.

*Pedro.* I would she had bestowed this dotage on me; I would have daff'd all other respects, and made her half myself: I pray you, tell Benedick of it, and hear what he will say.

*Leon.* Were it good, think you?

*Claud.* Hero thinks surely, she will die: for she says, she will die if he love her not; and she will die ere she make her love known; and she will die if he woo her, rather than she will bate one breath of her accustom'd crossness.

*Pedro.* She doth well; if she should make tender of her love, 'tis very possible, he'll scorn it; for the man, as you know all, hath a contemptible spirit.

*Claud.* He is a very proper man.

*Pedro.* He hath, indeed, a good outward happiness.

*Claud.* 'Fore God, and in my mind very wise.

*Pedro.* He doth, indeed, shew some sparks that are like wit.

*Leon.* And I take him to be valiant.

*Pedro.* As Hector, I assure you: and in the managing of quarrels you may say he is wise; for either he avoids them with great discretion, or undertakes them with a christian-like fear.

*Leon.* If he do fear God, he must necessarily keep peace; if he break the peace, he ought to enter into a quarrel with fear and trembling.

*Pedro.* And so will he do; for the man doth fear God, howsoever it seems not in him, by some large jests he will make. Well, I am sorry for your niece: Shall we go seek Benedick, and tell him of her love?

*Claud.* Never tell him, my lord; let her wear it out with good counsel.

*Leon.* Nay, that's impossible; she may wear her heart out first.

*Pedro.* Well, we will hear further of it by your daughter; let it cool the while. I love Benedick well; and I could wish he would modestly examine himself; to see how much he is unworthy to have so good a lady.

*Leon.* My lord, will you walk? dinner is ready.

*Claud.* If he do not dote on her upon this, I will never trust my expectation. [*Afide.*]

*Pedro.* Let there be the same net spread for her, and that must your daughter and her gentlewoman carry. The sport will be, when they hold an opinion of one another's dotage, and no such matter; that's the scene that I would see, which will be merely a dumb show. Let us send her to call him to dinner. [*Afide.*] [*Exeunt.*]

*Benedick advances from the arbour.*

*Bene.* This can be no trick: The conference was sadly borne.—They have the truth of this from Hero.—They seem to pity the lady; it seems, her affections have the full bent. Love me! why, it must be requited. I hear how I am censur'd: they say, I will bear myself proudly, if I perceive the love come from her: they say too, that she will rather die than give any sign of affection.—I did never think to marry:—I must not seem proud:—happy are they that hear their detractions, and can put them to mending. They say, the lady is fair; 'tis a truth, I can bear them witness: and virtuous;



—'tis so, I cannot reprove it:—and wise—but for loving me:—By my troth, it is no addition to her wit: nor no great argument of her folly, for I will be horribly in love with her.—I may chance have some odd quirks and remnants of wit broken on me, because I have rail'd so long against marriage: But doth not the appetite alter? A man loves the meat in his youth, that he cannot endure in his age:—Shall quips, and sentences, and these paper bullets of the brain, awe a man from the career of his humour? No: the world must be peopled. When I said, I would die a bachelor, I did not think I should live till I were marry'd.—Here comes Beatrice: By this day, she's a fair lady: I do spy some marks of love in her.

*Enter Beatrice.*

*Beat.* Against my will, I am sent to bid you come in to dinner.

*Bene.* Fair Beatrice, I thank you for your pains.

*Beat.* I took no more pains for those thanks, than you take pains to thank me; if it had been painful, I would not have come.

*Bene.* You take pleasure then in the message?

*Beat.* Yea, just as much as you may take upon a knife's point, and choak a daw withal:—You have no stomach, signior; fare you well. [*Exit.*]

*Bene.* Ha! *Against my will I am sent to bid you come in to dinner*—there's a double meaning in that. *I took no more pains for those thanks, than you take pains to thank me*—that's as much as to say, Any pains that I take for you is as easy as thanks: If I do not take pity of her, I am a villain: if I do not love her, I am a Jew: I will go get her picture.

[*Exit.*]

ACT III. SCENE I.

*Continues in the Orchard.*

*Enter Hero, Margaret, and Ursula.*

*Hero.* **G**OOD Margaret, run thee into the parlour;

There shalt thou find my cousin Beatrice  
Proposing with the prince and Claudio;  
Whisper her ear, and tell her, I and Ursula  
Walk in the orchard, and our whole discourse  
Is all of her; say, that thou overheard'st us  
And bid her steal into the pleached bower,  
Where honey-suckles, ripen'd by the sun,  
Forbid the sun to enter;—like favourites,  
Made proud by princes, that advance their pride  
Against that power that bred it:—there will she  
hide her,

To listen our propose: This is thy office,  
Bear thee well in it, and leave us alone.

*Marg.* I'll make her come, I warrant you, presently. *[Exit.]*

*Hero.* Now, Ursula, when Beatrice doth come,  
As we do trace this alley up and down,  
Our talk must only be of Benedick:  
When I do name him, let it be thy part  
To praise him more than ever man did merit:  
My talk to thee must be, how Benedick  
Is sick in love with Beatrice: Of this matter  
Is little Cupid's crafty arrow made,  
That only wounds by hear-say. Now begin,

*Enter Beatrice, behind.*

For look where Beatrice, like a lapwing, runs  
Close by the ground, to hear our conference.

*Urf.* The pleasant'st angling is to see the fish  
Cut with her golden oars the silver stream,  
And greedily devour the treacherous bait :  
So angle we for Beatrice ; who even now  
Is couched in the woodbine coverture :  
Fear you not my part of the dialogue.

*Hero.* Then go we near her, that her ear lose  
nothing  
Of the false sweet bait that we lay for it.

[*They advance to the bower.*]

No, truly, Ursula, she is too disdainful ;  
I know, her spirits are as coy and wild  
As haggards of the rock.

*Urf.* But are you sure,  
That Benedick loves Beatrice so entirely ?

*Hero.* So says the prince, and my new-trothed  
lord.

*Urf.* And did they bid you tell her of it, madam ?

*Hero.* They did intreat me to acquaint her of it :  
But I persuaded them, if they lov'd Benedick,  
To wish him wrestle with affection,  
And never to let Beatrice know of it.

*Urf.* Why did you so ? Doth not the gentleman  
Deserve as full, as fortunate a bed,  
As ever Beatrice shall couch upon ?

*Hero.* O God of love ! I know, he doth deserve  
As much as may be yielded to a man :  
But nature never fram'd a woman's heart  
Of prouder stuff than that of Beatrice :  
Disdain and scorn ride sparkling in her eyes,  
Misprising what they look on ; and her wit  
Values itself so highly, that to her  
All matter else seems weak : she cannot love,  
Nor take no shape nor project of affection,  
She is so self-endear'd.

*Urf.* Sure, I think so ;  
And therefore, certainly, it were not good  
She knew his love, lest she make sport at it.

*Hero.* Why, you speak truth: I never yet saw  
man,

How wise, how noble, young, how rarely featur'd,  
But she would spell him backward: if fair-fac'd,  
She'd swear, the gentleman should be her sister;  
If black, why nature, drawing of an antic,  
Made a foul blot; if tall, a lance ill-headed;  
If low, an aglet very vilely cut:  
If speaking, why, a vane blown with all winds;  
If silent, why, a block moved with none.  
So turns she every man the wrong side out:  
And never gives to truth and virtue, that  
Which simpleness and merit purchaseth.

*Urf.* Sure, sure, such carping is not commendable.

*Hero.* No; not to be so odd, and from all fashions,  
As Beatrice is, cannot be commendable:  
But who dare tell her so? If I should speak,  
She'd mock me into air; O, she would laugh me  
Out of myself, press me to death with wit.  
Therefore let Benedick, like cover'd fire,  
Consume away in sighs, waste inwardly;  
It were a better death than die with mocks;  
Which is as bad as die with tickling.

*Urf.* Yet tell her of it; hear what she will say.

*Hero.* No; rather I will go to Benedick,  
And counsel him to fight against his passion:  
And, truly, I'll devise some honest slanders  
To stain my cousin with; one doth not know,  
How much an ill word may empoison liking.

*Urf.* O, do not do your cousin such a wrong.  
She cannot be so much without true judgment,  
(Having so swift and excellent a wit,  
As she is priz'd to have) as to refuse  
So rare a gentleman as signior Benedick.

*Hero.* He is the only man of Italy,  
Always excepted my dear Claudio.

*Urf.* I pray you, be not angry with me, madam,  
Speaking my fancy: signior Benedick,



For shape, for bearing, argument, and valour,  
Goes foremost in report through Italy.

*Hero.* Indeed, he hath an excellent good name.

*Urf.* His excellence did earn it, ere he had it.—  
When are you marry'd, madam?

*Hero.* Why, every day ;—to-morrow : Come,  
go in,  
I'll shew thee some attires ; and have thy counsel,  
Which is the best to furnish me to-morrow.

*Urf.* She's lin'd, I warrant you ; we have caught  
her, madam.

*Hero.* If it prove so, then loving goes by haps ;  
Some Cupid kills with arrows, some with traps.

[*Exeunt.*

*Beatrice advancing.*

*Bene.* What fire is in mine ears ? Can this be true ?  
Stand I condemn'd for pride and scorn so  
much ?

Contempt, farewell ! and maiden pride, adieu !

No glory lives behind the back of such.

And, Benedick, love on ; I will requite thee ;

Taming my wild heart to thy loving hand ;

If thou dost love, my kindness shall incite thee

To bind our loves up in a holy band :

For others say, thou dost deserve ; and I

Believe it better than reportingly.

[*Exit.*

## S C E N E II.

*Leonato's House.*

*Enter Don Pedro, Claudio, Benedick, and Leonato.*

*Pedro.* I do but stay till your marriage be consummate, and then go I toward Arragon.

*Glaud.* I'll bring you thither, my lord, if you'll vouchsafe me.

*Pedro.* Nay, that would be as great a foil in the new gloss of your marriage, as to shew a childhis

new coat, and forbid him to wear it. I will only be bold with Benedick for his company ; for, from the crown of his head to the sole of his foot, he is all mirth ; he hath twice or thrice cut Cupid's bow-string, and the little hangman dare not shoot at him : he hath a heart as sound as a bell, and his tongue is the clapper ; for what his heart thinks, his tongue speaks.

*Bene.* Gallants, I am not as I have been.

*Leon.* So say I ; methinks, you are sadder.

*Claud.* I hope, he be in love.

*Pedro.* Hang him, truant ; there's no true drop of blood in him, to be truly touch'd with love : if he be sad, he wants money.

*Bene.* I have the tooth-ach.

*Pedro.* Draw it.

*Bene.* Hang it !

*Claud.* You must hang it first, and draw it afterwards.

*Pedro.* What, figh for the tooth-ach ?

*Leon.* Where is but a humour, or a worm ?

*Bene.* Well, every one can master a grief, but he that has it.

*Claud.* Yet say I, he is in love.

*Pedro.* There is no appearance of fancy in him, unless it be a fancy that he hath to strange disguises ; as to be a Dutchman to-day ; a Frenchman to-morrow ; or in the shape of two countries at once ; as a German from the waist downward, all slops ; and a Spaniard from the hip upward, no doublet : Unless he have a fancy to this foolery, as it appears he hath, he is no fool for fancy, as you would have it to appear he is.

*Claud.* If he be not in love with some woman, there is no believing old signs : he brushes his hat o'mornings : What should that bode ?

*Pedro.* Hath any man seen him at the barber's ?

*Claud.* No, but the barber's man hath been seen

with him; and the old ornament of his cheek hath already stuff'd tennis-balls.

*Leon.* Indeed, he looks younger than he did, by the loss of a beard.

*Pedro.* Nay, he rubs himself with civet: Can you smell him out by that?

*Claud.* That's as much as to say, The sweet youth's in love.

*Pedro.* The greatest note of it is, his melancholy.

*Claud.* And when was he wont to wash his face?

*Pedro.* Yea, or to paint himself? for the which, I hear what they say of him.

*Claud.* Nay, but his jesting spirit; which is now crept into a lute-string, and now govern'd by stops.

*Pedro.* Indeed, that tells a heavy tale for him: conclude, conclude he is in love.

*Claud.* Nay, but I know who loves him.

*Pedro.* That would I know too; I warrant, one that knows him not.

*Claud.* Yes, and his ill conditions; and, in despite of all, dies for him.

*Pedro.* She shall be buried with her face upwards.

*Bene.* Yet is this no charm for the tooth-ach.—  
Old signior, walk aside with me; I have studied eight or nine wise words to speak to you, which these hobby-horses must not hear.

[*Exeunt Benedick and Leonato.*]

*Pedro.* For my life, to break with him about Beatrice.

*Claud.* 'Tis even so: Hero and Margaret have by this time play'd their parts with Beatrice; and then the two bears will not bite one another, when they meet.

*Enter Don John.*

*John.* My lord and brother, God save you.

*Pedro.* Good-den, brother.

*John.* If your leisure serv'd, I would speak with you.

*Pedro.* In private?

*John.* If it please you;—yet count Claudio may hear; for what I would speak of, concerns him.

*Pedro.* What's the matter?

*John.* Means your lordship to be marry'd to-morrow?  
[To Claudio.]

*Pedro.* You know, he does.

*John.* I know not that, when he knows what I know.

*Claud.* If there be any impediment, I pray you, discover it.

*John.* You may think, I love you not; let that appear hereafter, and aim better at me by that I now will manifest: For my brother, I think, he holds you well; and in dearness of heart hath help to effect your ensuing marriage: surely, suit ill-spent, and labour ill-bestow'd!

*Pedro.* Why, what's the matter?

*John.* I came hither to tell you, and circumstances shorten'd, (for she hath been too long a talking of), the lady is disloyal.

*Claud.* Who? Hero?

*John.* Even she; Leonato's Hero, your Hero, every man's Hero.

*Claud.* Disloyal?

*John.* The word is too good to paint out her wickedness; I could say, she were worse; think you of a worse title, and I will fit her to it. Wonder not till further warrant: go but with me to-night, you shall see her chamber-window enter'd; even the night before her wedding-day: if you love her then, to-morrow wed her; but it would better fit your honour to change your mind.

*Claud.* May this be so?

*Pedro.* I will not think it.—

*John.* If you dare not trust that you see, confess not that you know: if you will follow me, I will shew you enough; and when you have seen more, and heard more, proceed accordingly.



*Claud.* If I see any thing to-night why I should not marry her; to-morrow, in the congregation, where I should wed, there will I shame her.

*Pedro.* And, as I wooed for thee to obtain her, I will join with thee to disgrace her.

*John.* I will disparage her no farther, till you are my witnesses: bear it coldly but till midnight, and let the issue shew itself.

*Pedro.* O day untowardly turn'd!

*Claud.* O mischief strangely thwarting!

*John.* O plague right well prevented!

So you will say, when you have seen the sequel.

[*Exeunt.*]

### S C E N E III.

#### *The Street.*

*Enter Dogberry and Verges, with the Watch.*

*Dogb.* Are you good men and true?

*Verg.* Yea, or else it were pity but they should suffer salvation, body and soul.

*Dogb.* Nay, that were a punishment too good for them, if they should have any allegiance in them, being chosen for the prince's watch.

*Verg.* Well, give them their charge neighbour Dogberry.

*Dogb.* First, who think you the most desertless man to be constable?

*1 Watch.* Hugh Oatcake, sir, or George Seacoal; for they can write and read.

*Dogb.* Come hither, neighbour Seacoal: God hath bless'd you with a good name; to be a well-favour'd man is the gift of fortune; but to write and read comes by nature.

*2 Watch.* Both which, master constable,——

*Dogb.* You have; I knew it would be your answer. Well, for your favour, sir, why, give God

thanks, and make no boast of it ; and for your writing and reading, let that appear when there is no need of such vanity. You are thought here to be the most senseless and fit man for the constable of the watch : therefore bear you the lanthorn : This is your charge ; you shall comprehend all vagrom men ; you are to bid any man stand, in the prince's name.

*2 Watch.* How if he will not stand ?

*Dogb.* Why then, take no note of him, but let him go ; and presently call the rest of the watch together, and thank God you are rid of a knave.

*Verg.* If he will not stand when he is bidden, he is none of the prince's subjects.

*Dogb.* True, and they are to meddle with none but the prince's subjects :—You shall also make no noise in the streets ; for, the watch to babble and talk, is most tolerable and not to be endur'd.

*2 Watch.* We will rather sleep than talk ; we know what belongs to a watch.

*Dogb.* Why, you speak like an ancient and most quiet watchman ; for I cannot see how sleeping should offend : only, have a care that your bills be not stolen :—Well, you are to call at all the ale-houses, and bid them that are drunk get them to bed.

*2 Watch.* How if they will not ?

*Dogb.* Why then, let them alone till they are sober ; if they make you not then the better answer, you may say, they are not the men you took them for.

*2 Watch.* Well, sir.

*Dogb.* If you meet a thief, you may suspect him, by virtue of your office, to be no true man ; and, for such kind of men, the less you meddle or make with them, why, the more is for your honesty.

*2 Watch.* If we know him to be a thief, shall we not lay hands on him ?

*Dogb.* Truly, by your office, you may ; but, I think, they that touch pitch will be defil'd : the most peaceable way for you, if you do take a thief, is, to let him shew himself what he is, and steal out of your company.

*Verg.* You have always been call'd a merciful man, partner.

*Dogb.* Truly, I would not hang a dog by my will ; much more a man who hath any honesty in him.

*Verg.* If you hear a child cry in the night, you must call to the nurse, and bid her still it.

*2 Watch.* How if the nurse be asleep, and will not hear us ?

*Dogb.* Why then, depart in peace, and let the child wake her with crying : for the ewe that will not hear her lamb when it baes, will never answer a calf when he bleats.

*Verg.* 'Tis very true.

*Dogb.* This is the end of the charge. You, constable, are to present the prince's own person ; if you meet the prince in the night, you may stay him.

*Verg.* Nay, by 'r lady, that, I think, he cannot.

*Dogb.* Five shillings to one on't, with any man that knows the statutes, he may stay him : marry, not without the prince be willing : for, indeed, the watch ought to offend no man ; and it is an offence to stay a man against his will.

*Verg.* By 'r lady, I think it be so.

*Dogb.* Ha, ha, ha ! Well, masters, good night : an there be any matter of weight chances, call up me ; keep your fellows' counsels, and your own, and good night.—Come, neighbour.

*2 Watch.* Well, masters, we hear our charge ; let us go sit here upon the church-bench till two, and then all to bed.

*Dogb.* One word more, honest neighbours : I pray you watch about signior Leonato's door ; for

the wedding being there to-morrow, there is a great coil to-night: Adieu, be vigilant, I beseech you.

[*Exeunt Dogberry and Verges.*]

*Enter Borachio and Conrade.*

*Bora.* What! Conrade,——

*Watch.* Peace, stir not.

[*Aside.*]

*Bora.* Conrade, I say!

*Conr.* Here, man, I am at thy elbow.

*Bora.* Mafs, and my elbow itch'd; I thought, there would a scab follow.

*Conr.* I will owe thee an answer for that; and now forward with thy tale.

*Bora.* Stand thee close then under this pent-house, for it drizzles rain: and I will, like a true drunkard, utter all to thee.

*Watch.* [*Aside.*] Some treason, masters; yet stand close.

*Bora.* Therefore know, I have earned of Don John a thousand ducats.

*Conr.* Is it possible that any villainy should be so dear?

*Bora.* Thou should'st rather ask, if it were possible any villainy should be so rich: for when rich villains have need of poor ones, poor ones may make what price they will.

*Conr.* I wonder at it.

*Bora.* That shews, thou art unconfirm'd:—Thou knowest, that the fashion of a doublet, or a hat, or a cloak, is nothing to a man.

*Conr.* Yes, it is apparel.

*Bora.* I mean, the fashion.

*Conr.* Yes, the fashion is the fashion.

*Bora.* Tush! I may as well say, the fool's the fool. But see'st thou not, what a deform'd thief this fashion is?

*Watch.* I know that Deformed; he has been a vile thief these seven years; he goes up and down like a gentleman: I remember his name.



*Bora.* Didst thou not hear some body ?

*Conr.* No ; 'twas the vane on the house.

*Bora.* Seest thou not, I say, what a deformed thief this fashion is ? how giddy he turns about all the hot bloods, between fourteen and five-and-thirty ? sometime, fashioning them like Pharaoh's soldiers in the reechy painting ; sometime, like god Bel's priests in the old church window ; sometime, like the shaven Hercules in the smutch'd worm eaten tapestry, where his cod-piece seems as massy as his club ?

*Conr.* All this I see ; and see, that the fashion wears out more apparel than the man : But art not thou thyself giddy with the fashion too, that thou hast shifted out of thy tale into telling me of the fashion ?

*Bora.* Not so neither : but know, that I have to-night wooed Margaret, the lady Hero's gentlewoman, by the name of Hero ; she leans me out at her mistress's chamber-window, bids me a thousand times good night—I tell this tale vilely :—I should first tell thee, how the prince, Claudio, and my master, planted and placed, and possessed by my master Don John, saw afar off in the orchard this amiable encounter.

*Conr.* And thought they, Margaret was Hero ?

*Bora.* Two of them did, the prince and Claudio ; but the devil my master knew she was Margaret ; and partly by his oaths, which first possess'd them, partly by the dark night, which did deceive them, but chiefly by my villainy, which did confirm any slander that Don John had made, away went Claudio enraged ; swore he would meet her, as he was appointed, next morning at the temple, and there, before the whole congregation, shame her with what he saw o'er night, and send her home without a husband.

*Watch.* We charge you in the prince's name, stand.

2 *Watch*. Call up the right master constable.—  
We have here recovered the most dangerous piece  
of lechery that ever was known in the common-  
wealth.

1 *Watch*. And one Deformed is one of them; I  
know him, he wears a lock.

*Conr.* Masters, masters—

2 *Watch*. You'll be made bring Deformed forth,  
I warrant you.

*Conr.* Masters,—

1 *Watch*. Never speak; we charge you, let us  
obey you to go with us.

*Bora*. We are like to prove a goodly commodity,  
being taken up of these men's bills.

*Conr.* A commodity in question, I warrant you.  
Come, we'll obey you. [Exeunt.]

S C E N E IV.

*An Apartment in Leonato's House.*

*Enter Hero, Margaret, and Ursula.*

*Hero*. Good Ursula, wake my cousin Beatrice,  
and desire her to rise.

*Urf.* I will, lady.

*Hero*. And bid her come hither.

*Urf.* Well.

[Exit Ursula.]

*Marg.* Troth, I think, your other rabato were  
better.

*Hero*. No, pray thee, good Meg, I'll wear this.

*Marg.* By my troth, it's not so good; and I war-  
rant, your cousin will say so.

*Hero*. My cousin's a fool, and thou art another;  
I'll wear none but this.

*Marg.* I like the new tire within excellently, if  
the hair were a thought browner; and your gown's  
a most rare fashion, i' faith. I saw the dutchess of  
Milan's gown, that they praise so.

*Hero*. O, that, exceeds, they say.

*Marg.* By my troth, it's but a night-gown in respect of yours: Cloth of gold, and cuts, and lac'd with silver; set with pearls, down sleeves, side sleeves, and skirts round, underborne with a blueish tinsel: but for a fine, quaint, graceful, and excellent fashion, yours is worth ten on't.

*Hero.* God give me joy to wear it, for my heart is exceeding heavy.

*Marg.* 'Twill be heavier soon, by the weight of a man.

*Hero.* Fie upon thee! art not asham'd?

*Marg.* Of what, lady? of speaking honourably? Is not marriage honourable in a beggar? Is not your lord honourable without marriage? I think you would have me say, saving your reverence,—*a husband!* an bad thinking do not wrest true speaking, I'll offend no body: Is there any harm in—*the heavier for a husband?* None. I think, an it be the right husband, and the right wife; otherwise, 'tis light; and not heavy: Ask my lady Beatrice else; here she comes.

*Enter Beatrice.*

*Hero.* Good-morrow, coz.

*Beat.* Good-morrow, sweet Hero.

*Hero.* Why, how now! do you speak in the sick tune.

*Beat.* I am out of all other tune, methinks.

*Marg.* Clap us into *Light o' love*; that goes without a burden; do you sing it, and I'll dance it.

*Beat.* Yea, *Light o' love*, with your heels!—then if your husband have stables enough, you'll look he shall lack no barns.

*Marg.* O illegitimate construction! I scorn that with my heels.

*Beat.* 'Tis almost five o'clock, cousin; 'tis time you were ready. By my troth, I am exceeding ill:—hey ho!

*Marg.* For a hawk, a horse, or a husband?

*Beat.* For the letter that begins them all, H.

*Marg.* Well, an you be not turned Turk, there's no more failing by the star.

*Beat.* What means the fool, trow?

*Marg.* Nothing I; but God send every one their heart's desire!

*Hero.* These gloves the count sent me, they are an excellent perfume.

*Beat.* I am stuff'd, cousin, I cannot smell.

*Marg.* A maid, and stuff'd! there's goodly catching of cold.

*Beat.* O, God help me! God help me! how long have you profess'd apprehension?

*Marg.* Ever since you left it: Doth not my wit become me rarely?

*Beat.* It is not seen enough, you should wear it in your cap.—By my troth, I am sick.

*Marg.* Get you some of this distill'd Carduus Benedictus, and lay it to your heart; it is the only thing for a qualm.

*Hero.* There thou prick'st her with a thistle.

*Beat.* Benedictus! why Benedictus? you have some moral in this Benedictus.

*Marg.* Moral? no, by my troth, I have no moral meaning; I meant, plain holy thistle. You may think, perchance, that I think you are in love; nay, by'r-lady, I am not such a fool to think what I list; nor I list not to think what I can; nor, indeed, I cannot think, if I would think my heart out o' thinking, that you are in love, or that you will be in love, or that you can be in love: yet Benedick was such another, and now is he become a man: he swore he would never marry; and yet now, in despite of his heart, he eats his meat without grudging: and how you may be converted, I know not; but methinks, you look with your eyes as other women do.



*Beat.* What pace is this that thy tongue keeps?

*Marg.* Not a false gallop.

*Re-enter Ursula.*

*Urf.* Madam, withdraw; the prince, the count, signior Benedick, Don John, and all the gallants of the town, are come to fetch you to church.

*Hero.* Help to dress me good coz, good Meg, good Ursula. [*Exeunt.*]

## S C E N E V.

*Another Apartment in Leonato's House.*

*Enter Leonato, with Dogberry and Verges.*

*Leon.* What would you with me, honest neighbour?

*Dogb.* Marry, fir, I would have some confidence with you, that discerns you nearly.

*Leon.* Brief, I pray you; for you see, 'tis a busy time with me.

*Dogb.* Marry, this it is, fir.

*Verg.* Yes, in truth it is, fir.

*Leon.* What is it, my good friends?

*Dogb.* Goodman Verges, fir, speaks a little of the matter: an old man, fir, and his wits are not so blunt, as, God help, I would desire they were; but in faith, honest, as the skin between his brows.

*Verg.* Yes, I thank God, I am as honest as any man living, that is an old man, and no honefter than I.

*Dogb.* Comparisons are odorous: *Palabras*, neighbour Verges.

*Leon.* Neighbours, you are tedious.

*Dogb.* It pleases your worship to say so, but we are the poor duke's officers: but truly, for mine own part, if I were as tedious as a king, I could find in my heart to bestow it all of your worship.

*Leon.* All thy tediousness on me : ha !

*Dogb.* Yea, and 'twere a thousand times more than 'tis : for I hear as good exclamation on your worship, as of any man in the city ; and though I be but a poor man, I am glad to hear it.

*Verg.* And so am I.

*Leon.* I would fain know what you have to say.

*Verg.* Marry, sir, our watch to-night, excepting your worship's presence, hath ta'en a couple of as arrant knaves as any in Messina.

*Dogb.* A good old man, sir ; he will be talking ; as they say, When the age is in, the wit is out ; God help us ! it is a world to see !—Well said, i' faith, neighbour Verges :—well, God's a good man ;—an two men ride of a horse, one must ride behind :—An honest soul, i' faith, sir ; by my troth he is, as ever broke bread ; but, God is to be worshipp'd : All men are not alike ; alas, good neighbour !

*Leon.* Indeed, neighbour, he comes too short of you.

*Dogb.* Gifts that God gives.

*Leon.* I must leave you.

*Dogb.* One word, sir : our watch have, indeed, comprehended two aspicuous persons, and we would have them this morning examined before your worship.

*Leon.* Take their examination yourself, and bring it me ; I am now in great haste, as may appear unto you.

*Dogb.* It shall be suffigance.

*Leon.* Drink some wine ere you go : fare you well.

*Enter a Messenger.*

*Mess.* My lord, they stay for you to give your daughter to her husband.

*Leon.* I will wait upon them ; I am ready.

[Exit Leonatus.]

*Dogb.* Go, good partner, go, get you to Francis Seacoal, bid him bring his pen and inkhorn to the jail; we are now to examination these men.

*Verg.* And we must do it wisely.

*Dogb.* We will spare for no wit, I warrant you; here's that [*touching his forehead*] shall drive some of them to a *non com.*: only get the learned writer to set down our excommunication, and meet me at the jail. [*Exeunt.*]

# ACT IV. SCENE I.

## A Church.

*Enter Don Pedro, Don John, Leonato, Friar, Claudio, Benedick, Hero, and Beatrice.*

*Leon.* COME, friar Francis, be brief; only to the plain form of marriage, and you shall recount their particular duties afterwards.

*Friar.* You come hither, my lord, to marry this lady?

*Claud.* No.

*Leon.* To be marry'd to her, friar; you come to marry her.

*Friar.* Lady, you come hither to be marry'd to this count?

*Hero.* I do.

*Friar.* If either of you know any inward impediment why you should not be conjoined, I charge you, on your souls, to utter it.

*Claud.* Know you any, Hero?

*Hero.* None, my lord.

*Friar.* Know you any, count?

*Leon.* I dare make his answer, none.

*Claud.* O what men dare do ! what men may do !  
 what

Men daily do : not knowing what they do !

*Bene.* How now ! Interjections ? Why, then  
 some be of laughing, as, ha ! ha ! he !

*Claud.* Stand thee by, friar :—Father, by your  
 leave ;

Will you with free and unconstrained soul

Give me this maid, your daughter ?

*Leon.* As freely, son, as God did give her me.

*Claud.* And what have I to give you back, whose  
 worth

May counterpoise this rich and precious gift ?

*Pedro.* Nothing, unless you render her again.

*Claud.* Sweet prince, you learn me noble thank-  
 fulness.—

There, Leonato, take her back again ;

Give not this rotten orange to your friend :

She's but the sign and semblance of her honour :—

Behold, how like a maid she blushes here :

O, what authority and shew of truth

Can cunning sin cover itself withal !

Comes not that blood, as modest evidence,

To witness simple virtue ? Would not you swear,

All you that see her, that she were a maid,

By these exterior shews ? But she is none :

She knows the heat of a luxurious bed ;

Her blush is guiltiness, not modesty.

*Leon.* What do you mean, my lord ?

*Claud.* Not to be marry'd, not knit my soul  
 To an approved wanton.

*Leon.* Dear my lord,

If you in your own proof,

Have vanquished the resistance of her youth,

And made defeat of her virginity,—

*Claud.* I know what you would say ; if I have  
 known her,

You'll say, she did embrace me as a husband,



And so extenuate the forehead sin :  
 No, Leonato,  
 I never tempted her with word too large ;  
 But, as a brother to his sister, shew'd  
 Bashful sincerity and comely love.

*Hero.* And seem'd otherwise to you ?

*Claud.* Out on thy seeming ! I will write against it.  
 You seem to me as Dian in her orb ;  
 As chaste as is the bud ere it be blown ;  
 But you are more intemperate in your blood  
 Than Venus, or those pamp'ring animals  
 That rage in savage sensuality.

*Hero.* Is my lord well, that he doth speak so wide ?

*Leon.* Sweet prince, why speak not you ?

*Pedro* What should I speak ?

I stand dishonour'd, that have gone about  
 To link my dear friend to a common stale.

*Leon.* Are these things spoken, or do I but dream ?

*John.* Sir, they are spoken, and these things are true.

*Bene.* This looks not like a nuptial.

*Hero.* True, O God !

*Claud.* Leonato, stand I here !

Is this the prince ? Is this the prince's brother ?  
 Is this face Hero's ? Are our eyes our own ?

*Leon.* All this is so : But what of this, my lord ?

*Claud.* Let me but move one question to your  
 daughter ;

And, by that fatherly and kindly power  
 That you have in her, bid her answer truly.

*Leon.* I charge thee do so, as thou art my child.

*Hero.* O God defend me ! how I am beset !——

What kind of catechizing call you this ?

*Claud.* To make you answer truly to your name.

*Hero.* Is it not Hero ? Who can blot that name  
 With any just reproach ?

*Claud.* Marry, that can Hero ;

Hero itself can blot out Hero's virtue.

What man was he talk'd with you yesternight

Out at your window, betwixt twelve and one?  
Now, if you are a maid, answer to this.

*Hero.* I talk'd with no man at that hour, my lord.

*Pedro.* Why, then you are no maiden.—Leonato,  
I am sorry you must hear: Upon mine honour,  
Myself, my brother, and this grieved count,  
Did see her, hear her, at that hour last night,  
Talk with a ruffian at her chamber window;  
Who hath, indeed, most like a liberal villain,  
Confess'd the vile encounters they have had  
A thousand times in secret.

*John.* *Fie, fie!* they are  
Not to be nam'd, my lord, not to be spoke of;  
There is not chastity enough in language,  
Without offence to utter them: Thus, pretty lady,  
I am sorry for thy much misgovernment.

*Claud.* O Hero! what a Hero hadst thou been  
If half thy outward graces had been plac'd  
About the thoughts and counsels of thy heart!  
But, fare thee well, most foul, most fair! farewell!  
Thou pure impiety, and impious purity!  
For thee I'll lock up all the gates of love,  
And on my eye-lids shall conjecture hang,  
To turn all beauty into thoughts of harm,  
And never shall it more be gracious.

*Leon.* Hath no man's dagger here a point for me?

*Beat.* Why, how now, cousin, wherefore sink  
you down. [*Hero swoons.*]

*John.* Come, let us go: these things, come thus to  
light,  
Smother her spirits up.

[*Exeunt. Don Pedro, Don John, and Claudio.*]

*Bene.* How doth the lady?

*Beat.* Dead, I think;—Help, uncle;—  
Hero! why, Hero!—uncle!—Signior Benedick!—  
friar.

*Leon.* O fate! take not away thy heavy hand!  
Death is the fairest cover for her shame  
That may be wish'd for.

*Beat.* How now, cousin Hero?

*Friar.* Have comfort, lady.

*Leon.* Dost thou look up?

*Friar.* Yea; Wherefore should she not?

*Leon.* Wherefore? Why, doth not every earthly thing

Cry shame upon her? Could she here deny

The story that is printed in her blood?—

Do not live, Hero; do not ope thine eyes:

For did I think thou would'st not quickly die,

Thought I thy spirits were stronger than thy shame,

Myself would, on the rearward of reproaches,

Strike at thy life. Griev'd I, I had but one?

Chid I for that at frugal nature's frame?

O, one too much by thee! Why had I one?

Why ever was thou lovely in my eyes?

Why had I not, with charitable hand,

Took up a beggar's issue at my gates;

Who smeared thus, and mir'd with infamy,

I might have said, *No part of it is mine.*

*This shame derives itself from unknown loins?*

But mine, and mine I lov'd, and mine I prais'd,

And mine that I was proud on; mine so much,

That I myself was to myself not mine,

Valuing of her; why, she—O, she, is fallen

Into a pit of ink! that the wide sea

Hath drops too few to wash her clean again;

And salt too little, which my season give

To her foul tainted flesh!

*Bene.* Sir, sir, be patient;

For my part, I am so attir'd in wonder

I know not what to say.

*Beat.* O, on my soul, my cousin is bely'd!

*Bene.* Lady, were you her bedfellow last night?

*Beat.* No, truly, not; although, until last night,  
I have this twelvemonth been her bedfellow.

*Leon.* Confirm'd, confirm'd! O, that is stronger  
made,

Which was before barr'd up with ribs of iron!  
Would the two princes lie? and Claudio lie?  
Who lov'd her so, that, speaking of her foulness,  
Wash'd it with tears? Hence from her; let her die!

*Friar.* Hear me a little;

For I have only been silent so long,  
And given way unto this course of fortune,  
By noting of the lady: I have mark'd  
A thousand blushing apparitions  
To start into her face; a thousand innocent shames  
In angel whiteness bear away those blushes;  
And in her eye there hath appear'd a fire,  
To burn the errors that these princes hold  
Against her maiden truth:—Call me a fool;  
Trust not my reading, nor my observation,  
Which with experimental seal doth warrant  
The tenor of my book; trust not my age,  
My reverence, calling, nor divinity,  
If this sweet lady lie not guiltless here  
Under some biting error.

*Leon.* Friar, it cannot be:

Thou seest, that all the grace that she hath left,  
Is, that she will not add to her damnation  
A sin of perjury; she not denies it:  
Why seek'st thou then to cover with excuse  
That, which appears in proper nakedness?

*Friar.* Lady, what man is he you are accus'd of?

*Hero.* They know, that do accuse me; I know  
none;

If I know more of any man alive,  
Than that which maiden modesty doth warrant,  
Let all my sins lack mercy!—O my father,  
Prove you that any man with me convers'd  
At hours unmeet, or that I yesternight  
Maintain'd the change of words with any creature—  
Refuse me, hate me, torture me to death.

*Friar.* There is some strange misprision in the  
princes.



*Bene.* Two of them have the very bent of honour;  
And if their wisdoms be misled in this,  
The practice of it lives in John the bastard,  
Whose spirits toil in frames of villanies.

*Leon.* I know not; If they speak but truth of her,  
These hands shall tear her; if they wrong her honour,

The proudest of them shall well hear of it.  
Time hath not yet so dry'd this blood of mine,  
Nor age so eat up my invention,  
Nor fortune made such havock of my means,  
Nor my bad life rest me so much of friends,  
But they shall find, awak'd in such a kind,  
Both strength of limb, and policy of mind,  
Ability in means, and choice of friends,  
To quit me of them thoroughly.

*Friar.* Pause a while,  
And let my counsel sway you in this case.  
Your daughter here the princes left for dead;  
Let her awhile be secretly kept in,  
And publish it, that she is dead indeed:  
Maintain a mourning ostentation;  
And on your family's old monument  
Hang mournful epitaphs, and do all rites  
That appertain unto a burial.

*Leon.* What shall become of this? What will  
this do?

*Friar.* Marry, this well carry'd, shall on her behalf  
Change slander to remorse; that is some good:  
But not for that, dream I on this strange course,  
But on this travail look for greater birth.  
She dying, as it must be so maintain'd,  
Upon the instant that she was accus'd,  
Shall be lamented, pity'd, and excus'd,  
Of every hearer: For it so falls out,  
That what we have we prize not to the worth,  
Whiles we enjoy it; but being lack'd and lost,  
Why, then we rack the value; then we find

The virtue that possession would not shew us  
 Whiles it was ours:—So will it fare with Claudio;  
 When he shall hear she dy'd upon his words,  
 The idea of her life shall sweetly creep  
 Into his study of imagination;  
 And every lovely organ of her life  
 Shall come apparel'd in more precious habit,  
 More moving, delicate, and full of life,  
 Into the eye and prospect of his soul,  
 Than when she liv'd indeed:—then shall he mourn,  
 (If ever love had interest in his liver)  
 And wish he had not so accus'd her:  
 No, though he thought his accusation true.  
 Let this be so, and doubt not but success  
 Will fashion the event in better shape  
 Than I can lay it down in likelihood.  
 But if all aim but this be levell'd false,  
 The supposition of the lady's death  
 Will quench the wonder of her infamy:  
 And, if it sort not well, you may conceal her  
 (As best befits her wounded reputation)  
 In some reclusive and religious life,  
 Out of all eyes, tongues, minds, and injuries.

*Bene.* Signior Leonato, let the friar advise you:  
 And though, you know, my inwardness and love  
 Is very much unto the prince and Claudio,  
 Yet, by mine honour, I will deal in this  
 As secretly, and justly, as your soul  
 Should with your body.

*Leon.* Being that I flow in grief  
 The smallest twine may lead me.

*Friar.* 'Tis well consented; presently away:  
 For to strange foresh strangely they strain the  
 cure.—

Come, lady, die to live: this wedding day,  
 Perhaps, is but prolong'd; have patience,  
 and endure.

[*Exeunt.*]

*Manent Benedick and Beatrice.*

*Bene.* Lady Beatrice, have you wept all this while?

*Beat.* Yea, and I will weep a while longer.

*Bene.* I will not desire that.

*Beat.* You have no reason, I do it freely.

*Bene.* Surely, I do believe your fair cousin is wrong'd.

*Beat.* Ah, how much might the man deserve of me, that would right her!

*Bene.* Is there any way to shew such friendship?

*Beat.* A very even way, but no such friend.

*Bene.* May a man do it?

*Beat.* It is a man's office, but not yours.

*Bene.* I do love nothing in the world so well as you: Is not that strange?

*Beat.* As strange as the thing I know not: it were as possible for me to say, I loved nothing so well as you: but believe me not; and yet I lie not; I confess nothing, nor I deny nothing:—I am sorry for my cousin,

*Bene.* By my sword, Beatrice, thou lov'st me.

*Beat.* Do not swear by it, and eat it.

*Bene.* I will swear by it, that you love me; and I will make him eat it, that says, I love not you.

*Beat.* Will you not eat your word?

*Bene.* With no sauce that can be devis'd to it: I protest I love thee.

*Beat.* Why then, God forgive me!

*Bene.* What offence, sweet Beatrice?

*Beat.* You have staid me in a happy hour; I was about to protest, I lov'd you.

*Bene.* And do it with all thy heart.

*Beat.* I love you with so much of my heart, that none is left to protest.

*Bene.* Come, bid me do any thing for thee.

*Beat.* Kill Claudio.

*Bene.* Ha! not for the wide world.

*Beat.* You kill me to deny it: Farewell.

*Bene.* Tarry, sweet Beatrice.

*Beat.* I am gone, though I am here;—There is no love in you:—nay, I pray you, let me go.

*Bene.* Beatrice,—

*Beat.* In faith, I will go.

*Bene.* We'll be friends, first.

*Beat.* You dare easier be friends with me, than fight with mine enemy.

*Bene.* Is Claudio thine enemy?

*Beat.* Is he not approv'd in the height a villain, that hath slander'd, scorn'd, dishonour'd my kinswoman?—O, that I were a man!—What, bear her in hand until they come to take hands; and then with public accusation, uncover'd slander, unmitigated rancour,—O God, that I were a man! I would eat his heart in the market-place.

*Bene.* Hear me, Beatrice!

*Beat.* Talk with a man out at a window?—a proper saying!

*Bene.* Nay, but, Beatrice;—

*Beat.* Sweet Hero!—she is wrong'd, she is slander'd, she is undone.

*Bene.* Beat—

*Beat.* Princes and counties! Surely, a princely testimony, a goodly count-comfect; a sweet gallant, surely! O that I were a man for his sake! or that I had any friend would be a man for my sake! But manhood is melted into courtesies, valour into compliment, and men are only turn'd into tongues, and trim ones too: he is now as valiant as Hercules, that only tells a lye, and swears it;—I cannot be a man with wishing, therefore I will die a woman with grieving.

*Bene.* Tarry, good Beatrice: By this hand, I love thee.



*Beat.* Use it for my love some other way than swearing by it.

*Bene.* Think you in your soul, the count Claudio hath wrong'd Hero?

*Beat.* Yea, as sure as I have a thought, or a soul.

*Bene.* Enough, I am engag'd, I will challenge him; I will kiss your hand, and so leave you: By this hand, Claudio shall render me a dear account: As you hear of me, so think of me. Go, comfort your cousin! I must say, she is dead; and so farewell.

[*Exeunt.*]

## S C E N E II.

### *A Prison.*

*Enter Dogberry, Verges, Borachio, Conrade, the Town Clerk and Sexton, in gowns.*

*Dogb.* Is our whole dissembly appear'd?

*Verg.* O, a stool and a cushion for the sexton!

*Sexton.* Which be the malefactors?

*Dogb.* Marry, that am I and my partner.

*Verg.* Nay, that's certain; we have the exhibition to examine.

*Sexton.* But which are the offenders that are to be examin'd? let them come before master constable.

*Dogb.* Yea, marry, let them come before me.—What is your name, friend?

*Bora.* Borachio.

*Dogb.* Pray, write down—Borachio.—Yours, firrah?

*Conr.* I am a gentleman, fir, and my name is Conrade.

*Dogb.* Write down—master gentleman Conrade.—Masters, do you serve God?

*Both.* Yea, fir, we hope.

*Dogb.* Write down—that they hope they serve

God :—and write God first ; for God defend but God should go before such villains !—Masters, it is proved already that you are little better than false knaves, and it will go near to be thought so shortly : How answer you for yourselves ?

*Conr.* Marry, sir, we say, we are none.

*Dogb.* A marvellous witty fellow, I assure you ; but I will go about with him.—Come you hither, firrah ; a word in your ear, Sir ; I say to you, it is thought you are false knaves.

*Bora.* Sir, I say to you, we are none.

*Dogb.* Well, stand aside.—'Fore God, they are both in a tale :—Have you writ down—that they are none ?

*Sexton.* Master constable, you go not the way to examine ; you must call the watch that are their accusers.

*Dogb.* Yea, marry, that's the esteest way :—Let the watch come forth ;—Masters, I charge you in the prince's name accuse these men.

*Enter Watchmen.*

1 *Watch.* This man said, sir, that Don John, the prince's brother, was a villain.

*Dogb.* Write down—prince John a villain :—Why this is flat perjury, to call a prince's brother—villain.

*Bora.* Master constable,—

*Dogb.* Pray thee, fellow, peace ; I do not like thy look, I promise thee.

*Sexton.* What heard you him say else ?

2 *Watch.* Marry, that he had receiv'd a thousand ducats of Don John, for accusing the lady Hero wrongfully.

*Dogb.* Flat burglary, as ever was committed.

*Verg.* Yea, by the mass, that it is.

*Sexton.* What else, fellow ?

3 *Watch.* And that count Claudio did mean, upon

his words, to disgrace Hero before the whole assembly, and not marry her.

*Dogb.* O villain! thou wilt be condemned into everlasting redemption for this.

*Sexton.* What else?

*2 Watch.* This is all.

*Sexton.* And this is more, masters, than you can deny. Prince John is this morning secretly stolen away; Hero was in this manner accus'd, in this very manner refus'd, and upon the grief of this suddenly dy'd.—Master constable, let these men be bound, and brought to Leonato's; I will go before, and shew him their examination. [Exit.]

*Dogb.* Come, let them be opinion'd.

*Verg.* Let them be in hand.

*Conr.* Off, coxcomb!

*Dogb.* God's my life! where's the sexton? let him write down—the prince's officer, coxcomb.—Come, bind them:—Thou naughty varlet!

*Conr.* Away! you are an ass, you are an ass.

*Dogb.* Dost thou not suspect my place? Dost thou not suspect my years?—O that he were here to write me down—an ass!—but, masters, remember, that I am an ass; though it be not written down, yet forget not that I am an ass:—No, thou villain, thou art full of piety, as shall be proved upon thee by good witness: I am a wise fellow; and, which is more, an officer; and, which is more, an householder; and, which is more, as pretty a piece of flesh as any is in Messina; and one that knows the law, go to; and a rich fellow enough, go to; and a fellow that hath had losses; and one that hath two gowns, and every thing handsome about him:—Bring him away. O that I had been writ down—an ass!—[Exeunt.]

ACT V. SCENE I.

*Before Leonato's House.*

*Enter Leonato and Antonio.*

*Ant.* IF you go on thus you will kill yourself;  
And 'tis not wisdom, thus to second grief  
Against yourself.

*Leon.* I pray thee, cease thy counsel;  
Which falls into mine ears as profitless  
As water in a sieve: give not me counsel;  
Nor let no comforter delight mine ear,  
But such a one whose wrongs do suit with mine.  
Bring me a father that so lov'd his child,  
Whose joy of her is overwhelm'd like mine,  
And bid him speak of patience;  
Measure his woe the length and breadth of mine,  
And let it answer every strain for strain;  
And thus for thus, and such a grief for such,  
In every lineament, branch, shape, and form:  
If such a one will smile, and stroke his beard;  
In sorrow, wag! cry hem, when he should groan;  
Patch grief with proverbs; make misfortune drunk  
With candle-wasters; bring him yet to me,  
And I of him will gather patience.  
But there is no such man: For, brother, men  
Can counsel, and give comfort to that grief  
Which they themselves not feel; but, tasting it,  
Their counsel turns to passion, which before  
Would give preceptual medicine to rage,  
Fetter strong madness in a silken thread,  
Charm ach with air, and agony with words:  
No, no; 'tis all men's office to speak patience  
To those that wring under the load of sorrow;



But no man's virtue nor sufficiency,  
To be so moral; when he shall endure  
The like himself; therefore give me no counsel;  
My griefs cry louder than advertisement.

*Ant.* Therein do men from children nothing differ.

*Leon.* I pray thee, peace; I will be flesh and blood;

For there was never yet philosopher,  
That could endure the tooth-ach patiently,  
However they have writ the style of gods,  
And made a pish at chance and sufferance.

*Ant.* Yet bend not all the harm upon yourself:  
Make those, that do offend you, suffer too.

*Leon.* There thou speak'st reason: nay, I will do so:

My soul doth tell me, Hero is bely'd;  
And that shall Claudio know, so shall the prince,  
And all of them that thus dishonour her.

*Enter Don Pedro and Claudio.*

*Ant.* Here comes the prince, and Claudio, hastily.

*Pedro.* Good den, good den.

*Claud.* Good day to both of you,

*Leon.* Hear you, my lords,—

*Pedro.* We have some haste, Leonato.

*Leon.* Some haste, my lord?—Well, fare you well, my lord:—

Are you so hasty now?—well, all is one.

*Pedro.* Nay, do not quarrel with us, good old man.

*Ant.* If he could right himself with quarrelling,  
Some of us would lye low.

*Claud.* Who wrongs him?

*Leon.* Marry, thou dost wrong me; thou dissembler, thou!

Nay, never lay thy hand upon thy sword,  
I fear thee not.

*Claud.* Marry, beshrew my hand,  
If it should give your age such cause of fear:  
In faith, my hand meant nothing to my sword.

*Leon.* Tush, tush, man, never flee and jest at me,  
I speak not like a dotard nor a fool;  
As, under privilege of age, to brag  
What I have done being young, or what would do  
Were I not old: Know, Claudio, to thy head,  
Thou hast so wrong'd my innocent child, and me,  
That I am forc'd to lay my reverence by;  
And, with grey hairs, and bruise of many days,  
Do challenge thee to trial of a man.  
I say, thou hast bely'd mine innocent child,  
Thy slander hath gone through and through her  
heart,

And she lyes buried with her ancestors:  
O, in a tomb where scandal never slept,  
Save this of hers, fram'd by thy villainy!

*Claud.* My villainy?

*Leon.* Thine, Claudio; thine, I say.

*Pedro.* You say not right, old man.

*Leon.* My lord, my lord,  
I'll prove it on his body, if he dare;  
Despight his nice fence, and his active practice,  
His May of youth, and bloom of lustyhood.

*Claud.* Away, I will not have to do with you.

*Leon.* Canst thou so daffe me? Thou hast kill'd  
my child;  
If thou kill'st me, boy, thou shalt kill a man.

*Ant.* He shall kill two of us, and men indeed:  
But that's no matter; let him kill one first;—  
Win me and wear me,—let him answer me:  
Come, follow me, boy; come, sir boy, follow me;  
Sir boy, I'll whip you from your foining fence,  
Nay, as I am a gentleman, I will.

*Leon.* Brother,—

*Ant.* Content yourself; God knows, I lov'd my  
niece;

And she is dead, slander'd to death by villains;  
That dare as well answer a man, indeed,  
As I dare take a serpent by the tongue:  
Boys, apes, braggarts, jacks, milkfops!

*Leon.* Brother Anthony,—

*Ant.* Hold you content; What, man! I know  
them, yea,

And what they weigh, even to the utmost scruple:  
Scambling, out-facing, fashion-mong'ring boys,  
That lye, and cog, and flout, deprave, and slander,  
Go antickly, and shew outward hideousness,  
And speak off half a dozen dangerous words,  
How they might hurt their enemies if they durst,  
And this is all.

*Leon.* But, brother Anthony,—

*Ant.* Come, 'tis no matter;

Do not you meddle, let me deal in this.

*Pedro.* Gentlemen both, we will not wake your  
patience.

My heart is sorry for your daughter's death;  
But on my honour, she was charg'd with nothing  
But what was true, and very full of proof.

*Leon.* My lord, my lord,—

*Pedro.* I will not hear you.

*Leon.* No?

Come, brother, away:—I will be heard.—

*Ant.* And shall,

Or some of us will smart for it. [*Exeunt ambo.*]

*Enter Benedick.*

*Pedro.* See, see,

Here comes the man we went to seek.

*Claud.* Now, signior!

What news?

*Bene.* Good day, my lord.

*Pedro.* Welcome, signior:

You are almost come to part almost a fray.

*Claud.* We had like to have had our two noses  
snapt off with two old men without teeth.

*Pedro.* Leonato and his brother: What think'st thou? had we fought, I doubt, we should have been too young for them.

*Bene.* In a false quarrel there is no true valour. I came to seek you both.

*Claud.* We have been up and down to seek thee: for we are high-proof melancholy, and would fain have it beaten away: Wilt thou use thy wit?

*Bene.* It is in my scabbard: Shall I draw it?

*Pedro.* Dost thou wear thy wit by thy side?

*Claud.* Never any did so, though very many have been beside their wit. I will bid thee draw, as we do the minstrels; draw, to pleasure us.

*Pedro.* As I am an honest man, he looks pale:—Art thou sick, or angry?

*Claud.* What! courage, man! What though care kill'd a cat, thou hast mettle enough in thee to kill care.

*Bene.* Sir, I shall meet your wit in the career, if you charge it against me:—I pray you, chuse another subject.

*Claud.* Nay, then give him another staff; this last was broke cross.

*Pedro.* By this light, he changes more and more; I think, he be angry indeed.

*Claud.* If he be, he knows how to turn his girdle.

*Bene.* Shall I speak a word in your ear?

*Claud.* God blefs me from a challenge!

*Bene.* You are a villain;—I jest not:—I will make it good how you dare, with what you dare, and when you dare:—Do me right, or I will pretest your cowardice. You have kill'd a sweet lady, and her death shall fall heavy on you.—Let me hear from you.

*Claud.* Well, I will meet you, so I may have good cheer.

*Pedro.* What, a feast? a feast?



*Claud.* I' faith, I thank him; he hath bid me to a calves-head and a capon; the which if I do not carve most curiously, say my knife's naught. Shall I not find a woodcock too?

*Bene.* Sir, your wit ambles well; it goes easily.

*Pedro.* I'll tell thee, how Beatrice prais'd thy wit the other day: I said, thou hadst a fine wit: *True*, says she, *a fine little one*; *No*, said I, *a great wit*; *Right*, says she, *a great gross one*; *Nay*, said I, *a good wit*; *Just*, says she, *it hurts nobody*; *Nay*, said I, *the gentleman is wise*; *Certain*, said she, *a wise gentleman*; *Nay*, said I, *he hath the tongues*; *That I believe*, said she, *for he swore a thing to me on Monday night, which he forswore on Tuesday morning*; *there's a double tongue, there's two tongues*. Thus did she, an hour together, trans-shape thy particular virtues; yet, at last, she concluded with a sigh, thou wast the properest man in Italy.

*Claud.* For the which she wept heartily, and said, She car'd not.

*Pedro.* Yea, that she did; but yet, for all that, and if she did not hate him deadly, she would love him dearly; the old man's daughter told us all.

*Claud.* All, all; and moreover, *God saw him when he was hid in the garden*.

*Pedro.* But when shall we set the savage bull's horns on the sensible Benedick's head.

*Claud.* Yea, and text underneath, *Here dwells Benedick the married man*.

*Bene.* Fare you well, boy; you know my mind; I will leave you now to your gossip-like humour; you break jests as braggarts do their blades, which, God be thanked, hurt not. My lord, for your many courtesies I thank you; I must discontinue your company: your brother, the bastard, is fled from Messina; you have, among you, kill'd a sweet and innocent lady: For my lord lack-beard there, he and I shall meet; and till then, peace be with him!

[Exit Benedick.]

*Pedro.* He is in earnest.

*Claud.* In most profound earnest; and, I'll warrant you, for the love of Beatrice.

*Pedro.* And hath challeng'd thee?

*Claud.* Most sincerely.

*Pedro.* What a pretty thing man is, when he goes in his doublet and hose, and leaves off his wit!

*Enter Dogberry, Verges, Conrade and Borachio, guarded.*

*Claud.* He is then a giant to an ape: but then is an ape a doctor to such a man.

*Pedro.* But, soft you, let be; pluck up my heart, and be sad: Did he not say, my brother was fled?

*Dogb.* Come you, sir; if justice cannot tame you, she shall ne'er weigh more reasons in her balance: nay, and you be a cursing hypocrite once, you must be look'd to.

*Pedro.* How now, two of my brother's men bound! Borachio, one!

*Claud.* Harken after their offence, my lord!

*Pedro.* Officers, what offence have these men done?

*Dogb.* Marry, sir, they have committed false report; moreover, they have spoken untruths; secondarily, they are slanders; sixth and lastly, they have bely'd a lady; thirdly, they have verif'd unjust things: and, to conclude, they are lying knaves.

*Pedro.* First, I ask thee what they have done? thirdly, I ask thee what's their offence? sixth and lastly, why they are committed? and, to conclude, what you lay to their charge?

*Claud.* Rightly reason'd, and in his own division; and, by my troth, there's one meaning well suited.

*Pedro.* Whom have you offended, masters, that you are thus bound to your answer? this learned constable is too cunning to be understood; What's your offence?

*Bora.* Sweet prince, let me go no further to mine answer; do you hear me, and let this Count kill me. I have deceiv'd even your very eyes: what your wisdoms could not discover, these shallow fools have brought to light; who, in the night, overheard me confessing to this man, how Don John your brother incens'd me to slander the lady Hero; how you were brought into the orchard, and saw me court Margaret in Hero's garments; how you disgrac'd her, when you should marry her: my villainy they have upon record; which I had rather seal with my death, than repeat over to my shame: the lady is dead upon mine and my master's false accusation; and briefly, I desire nothing but the reward of a villain.

*Pedro.* Runs not this speech like iron through your blood?

*Claud.* I have drunk poison, whiles he utter'd it.

*Pedro.* But did my brother set thee on to this?

*Bora.* Yea, and paid me richly for the practice of it.

*Pedro.* He is compos'd and fram'd of treachery:—  
And fled he is upon this villainy.

*Claud.* Sweet Hero! now thy image doth appear  
In the rare semblance that I lov'd it first.

*Dogb.* Come, bring away the plaintiffs; by this time our sexton hath reform'd signior Leonato of the matter: And, masters, do not forget to specify, when time and place shall serve, that I am an Ass.

*Verg.* Here, here comes master signior Leonato, and the sexton too.

*Re-enter Leonato and Antonio, with the Sexton.*

*Leon.* Which is the villain? Let me see his eyes;  
That when I note another man like him,  
I may avoid him: Which of these is he?

*Bora.* If you would know your wronger, look  
on me.

*Leon.* Art thou the slave, that with thy breath  
hast kill'd

Mine innocent child?

*Bora.* Yea, even I alone.

*Leon.* No, not so, villain; thou bely'st thyself;  
Here stand a pair of honourable men,  
A third is fled, that had a hand in it:—  
I thank you, princes, for my daughter's death;  
Record it with your high and worthy deeds:  
'Twas bravely done, if you bethink you of it.

*Claud.* I know not how to pray your patience,  
Yet I must speak: Chuse your revenge yourself;  
Impose me to what penance your invention  
Can lay upon my sin: yet sinn'd I not,  
But in mistaking.

*Pedro.* By my soul, nor I;  
And yet, to satisfy this good old man,  
I would bend under any heavy weight  
That he'll enjoin me to.

*Leon.* I cannot bid you bid my daughter live,  
That were impossible; but, I pray you both,  
Possess the people in Messina here  
How innocent she dy'd; and, if your love  
Can labour aught in sad invention,  
Hang her an epitaph upon her tomb,  
And sing it to her bones; sing it to-night;—  
To-morrow morning come you to my house;  
And since you could not be my son-in-law,  
Be yet my nephew: my brother hath a daughter,  
Almost the copy of my child that's dead,  
And she alone is heir to both of us;  
Give her the right you should have given her cousin,  
And so dies my revenge.

*Claud.* O noble sir,  
Your over kindness doth wring tears from me!  
I do embrace your offer; and dispose,  
For henceforth, of poor Claudio.

*Leon.* To-morrow then I will expect your coming;  
To-night I take my leave. This naughty man  
Shall face to face be brought to Margaret,



Who, I believe, was pack'd in all this wrong,  
Hir'd to it by your brother.

*Bora.* No, by my soul, she was not ;  
Nor knew not what she did, when she spoke to me ;  
But always hath been just and virtuous,  
In any thing that I do know by her.

*Dogb.* Moreover, fir, (which, indeed, is not under white and black,) this plaintiff here, the offender, did call me Afs : I beseech you, let it be remembered in his punishment : And also, the watch heard them talk of one Deformed : they say, he wears a key in his ear, and a lock hanging by it ; and borrows money in God's name ; the which he hath us'd so long, and never paid, that now men grow hard-hearted, and will lend nothing for God's sake : Pray you examine him on that point.

*Leon.* I thank thee for thy care and honest pains.

*Dogb.* Your worship speaks like a most thankful and reverend youth ; and I praise God for you.

*Leon.* There's for thy pains.

*Dogb.* God save the foundation !

*Leon.* Go, I discharge thee of thy prisoner, and I thank thee.

*Dogb.* I leave an errant knave with your worship ; which, I beseech your worship, to correct yourself, for the example of others. God keep your worship : I wish your worship well ; God restore you to health : I humbly give you leave to depart ; and if a merry meeting may be wish'd, God prohibit it !—Come, neighbour.

[*Exeunt.*

*Leon.* Until to-morrow morning, lords, farewell.

*Ant.* Farewell, my lords ; we look for you to-morrow.

*Pedro.* We will not fail.

*Claud.* To-night I'll mourn with Hero.

*Leon.* Bring you these fellows on ; we'll talk with Margaret,

How her acquaintance grew with this lewd fellow.

[*Exeunt severally.*

S C E N E II.

*A Room in Leonato's House.*

*Enter Benedick and Margaret, meeting.*

*Bene.* Pray thee sweet mistress Margaret, deserve well at my hands, by helping me to the speech of Beatrice.

*Marg.* Will you then write me a sonnet in praise of my beauty!

*Bene.* In so high a style, Margaret, that no man living shall come over it; for, in most comely truth, thou deservest it.

*Marg.* To have no man come over me? why, shall I always keep below stairs?

*Bene.* Thy wit is as quick as the greyhound's mouth; it catches.

*Marg.* And your's as blunt as the fencer's foils, which hit, but hurt not.

*Bene.* A most manly wit, Margaret, it will not hurt a woman; and so, I pray thee, call Beatrice; I give thee the bucklers.

*Marg.* Give us the swords, we have bucklers of our own.

*Bene.* If you use them, Margaret, you must put in the pikes with a vice; and they are dangerous weapons for maids.

*Marg.* Well, I will call Beatrice to you, who I think hath legs. [Exit Margaret.]

*Bene.* And therefore will come, [Sings.]

*The god of love  
That sits above,  
And knows me, and knows me,  
How pitiful I deserve.*

I mean in singing; but in loving, Leander the good swimmer, Troilus the first employer of pan-

dars, and a whole book full of these quondam carpet-mongers, whose names yet run smoothly in the even road of a blank verse, why, they were never so truly turn'd over and over, as my poor self, in love: Marry, I cannot shew it in rhyme; I have try'd; I can find out no rhyme to *lady* but *baby*, an innocent rhyme; for *scorn*, *horn*, a hard rhyme; for *school*, *fool*, a babbling rhyme; very ominous endings.—No, I was not born under a rhyming planet, for I cannot woo in festival terms.—

*Enter Beatrice.*

Sweet Beatrice, would'st thou come when I call thee?

*Beat.* Yea, signior, and depart when you bid me.

*Bene.* O, stay but till then!

*Beat.* Then is spoken; fare you well now:—and yet ere I go, let me go with that I came for, which is, with knowing what hath past between you and Claudio?

*Bene.* Only foul words; and thereupon I will kiss thee.

*Beat.* Foul words are but foul wind, and foul wind is but foul breath, and foul breath is noisome; therefore I will depart unkiss'd.

*Bene.* Thou hast frighted the word out of its right sense, so forcible is thy wit; But I must tell thee plainly, Claudio undergoes my challenge; and either I must shortly hear from him, or I will subscribe him a coward. And I pray thee now, tell me, for which of my bad parts didst thou first fall in love with me?

*Beat.* For them all together; which maintain'd so politic a state of evil, that they will not admit any good part to intermingle with them. But for which of my good parts did you first suffer love for me?

*Bene.* *Suffer love!* a good epithet! I do suffer love, indeed, for I love thee against my will.

*Beat.* In spite of your heart, I think; alas! poor heart! If you spite it for my sake, I will spite it for yours; for I will never love that which my friend hates.

*Bene.* Thou and I are too wise to woo peaceably.

*Beat.* It appears not in this confession: there's not one wise man among twenty that will praise himself.

*Bene.* An old, an old instance, Beatrice, that liv'd in the time of good neighbours; if a man do not erect in this age his own tomb ere he dies, he shall live no longer in monument, than the bell rings, and the widow weeps.

*Beat.* And how long is that, think you.

*Bene.* Question?—Why, an hour in clamour, and a quarter in rheum: Therefore it is most expedient for the wise, (if Don Worm, his conscience, find no impediment to the contrary) to be the trumpet of his own virtues, as I am to myself: So much for praising myself, (who, I myself will bear witness, is praise-worthy), and now tell me, how doth your cousin?

*Beat.* Very ill.

*Bene.* And how do you?

*Beat.* Very ill too.

*Bene.* Serve God, love me, and mend: there will I leave you too, for here comes one in haste.

*Enter Ursula.*

*Urf.* Madam, you must come to your uncle; yonder's old coil at home: it is proved, my lady Hero hath been falsely accus'd, the prince and Claudio mightily abused; and Don John is the author of all, who is fled and gone: Will you come presently?

*Beat.* Will you go hear this news, signior?

*Bene.* I will live in thy heart, die in thy lap, and be bury'd in thy eyes; and, moreover, I will go with thee to thy uncle. [Exeunt.]



## S C E N E III.

*A Church.*

*Enter Don Pedro, Claudio, and Attendants, with music and tapers.*

*Claud.* Is this the monument of Leonato?

*Atten.* It is, my lord.

*Claudio reads.*

*Done to death by slanderous tongues  
Was the Hero, that here lies :  
Death, in guerdon of her wrongs,  
Gives her fame which never dies :  
So the life, that dy'd with shame,  
Lives in death with glorious fame.*

Hang thou there upon the tomb,  
Praising her when I am dumb.—  
Now music sound, and sing your solemn hymn.

## S O N G.

*Pardon, Goddess of the night,  
Those that slew thy virgin knight ;  
For the which, with songs of woe,  
Round about her tomb they go.  
Midnight, assist our moan ;  
Help us to sigh and groan,  
Heavily, heavily :  
Graves, yawn and yield your dead,  
Till death be uttered,  
Heavily, heavily.*

*Claud.* Now, unto thy bones good night !  
Yearly will I do this rite.

*Pedro.* Good-morrow, masters ; put your torches out :

The wolves have prey'd ; and look, the gentle day,

Before the wheels of Phœbus, round about  
Dapples the drowsy east with spots of grey :  
Thanks to you all, and leave us ; fare you well.

*Claud.* Good-morrow, masters ; each his several  
way.

*Pedro.* Come, let us hence, and put on other  
weeds ;

And then to Leonato's we will go.

*Claud.* And Hymen now with luckier issue speeds,  
Than this, for whom we render'd up this woe !

S C E N E IV.

*Leonato's House.*

*Enter Leonato, Benedick, Margaret, Ursula, Antonio,  
Friar, and Hero.*

*Friar.* Did I not tell you she was innocent ?

*Leon.* So are the prince and Claudio, who accus'd  
her,

Upon the error that you heard debated :  
But Margaret was in some fault for this ;  
Although against her will, as it appears  
In the true course of all the question.

*Ant.* Well, I am glad that all things sort so well.

*Bene.* And so am I, being else by faith enforc'd  
To call young Claudio to a reckoning for it.

*Leon.* Well, daughter, and you gentlewomen all,  
Withdraw into a chamber by yourselves ;  
And, when I send for you, come hither mask'd :  
The prince and Claudio promis'd by this hour  
To visit me :—You know your office, brother ;  
You must be father to your brother's daughter,  
And give her to young Claudio. [*Exeunt Ladies.*

*Ant.* Which I will do with confirm'd counte-  
nance.

*Bene.* Friar, I must entreat your pains, I think,

*Friar.* To do what, signior ?

*Bene.* To bind me, or undo me, one of them.—  
Signior Leonato, truth it is, good signior,  
Your niece regards me with an eye of favour.

*Leon.* That eye my daughter lent her; 'Tis most true.

*Bene.* And I do with an eye of love requite her.

*Leon.* The sight whereof, I think, you had from me,

From Claudio and the prince; But what's your will?

*Bene.* Your answer, sir, is enigmatical:

But, for my will, my will is, your good will  
May stand with ours, this day to be conjoin'd  
In the estate of honourable marriage;—

In which, good friar, I shall desire your help.

*Leon.* My heart is with your liking.

*Friar.* And my help.

Here comes the prince and Claudio.

*Enter Don Pedro and Claudio, with Attendants.*

*Pedro.* Good morrow to this fair assembly.

*Leon.* Good morrow, prince; good morrow,  
Claudio;

We here attend you; are you yet determin'd  
To-day to marry with my brother's daughter?

*Claud.* I'll hold my mind, were she an Ethiopie.

*Leon.* Call her forth, brother, here's the friar  
ready. [Exit Antonio.]

*Pedro.* Good morrow, Benedick: Why, what's  
the matter,

That you have such a February face,  
So full of frost, of storm, and cloudiness?

*Claud.* I think he thinks upon the savage bull:—  
Tush, fear not, man, we'll tip thy horns with gold,  
And all Europa shall rejoice at thee;  
As once Europa did at lusty Jove,  
When he would play the noble beast in love.

*Bene.* Bull Jove, sir, had an amiable low;  
And some such strange bull leapt your father's cow,

And got a calf in that same noble feat,  
Much like to you, for you have just his bleat.

*Re-enter Antonio, with Hero, Beatrice, Margaret, and Ursula, mask'd.*

*Claud.* For this I owe you: here come other  
reck'nings.

Which is the lady I must seize upon?

*Ant.* This same is she, and I do give you her.

*Claud.* Why then she's mine: Sweet, let me see  
your face.

*Leon.* No, that you shall not, till you take her  
hand

Before this friar, and swear to marry her.

*Claud.* Give me your hand before this holy friar;  
I am your husband, if you like of me,

*Hero.* And when I liv'd, I was your other wife;  
[*Unmasking.*

And when you lov'd, you were my other husband.

*Claud.* Another Hero?

*Hero.* Nothing certainer:

One Hero dy'd defil'd; but I do live,

And, surely as I live, I am a maid.

*Pedro.* The former Hero! Hero, that is dead!

*Leon.* She dy'd, my lord, but whiles her slander  
liv'd.

*Friar.* All this amazement can I qualify:

When, after that the holy rites are ended,

I'll tell you largely of fair Hero's death:

Mean time let wonder seem familiar,

And to the chapel let us presently.

*Bene.* Soft and fair, friar,—Which is Beatrice?

*Beat.* I answer to that name: What is your will?

*Bene.* Do not you love me?

*Beat.* Why, no, no more than reason.

*Bene.* Why, then, your uncle, and the prince, and  
Claudio,

Have been deceiv'd; they swore you did.



*Beat.* Do not you love me?

*Bene.* Troth, no, no more than reason.

*Beat.* Why, then, my cousin, Margaret, and Ursula,

Are much deceiv'd; for they did swear you did.

*Bene.* They swore, that you were almost sick for me.

*Beat.* They swore, that you were well-nigh dead for me.

*Bene.* 'Tis no such matter:—Then you do not love me?

*Beat.* No, truly, but in friendly recompence.

*Leon.* Come, cousin, I am sure you love the gentleman.

*Claud.* And I'll be sworn upon't, that he loves her; For here's a paper, written in his hand, A halting sonnet of his own pure brain, Fashion'd to Beatrice.

*Hero.* And here's another, Writ in my cousin's hand, stolen from her pocket, Containing her affection unto Benedick.

*Bene.* A miracle! here's our own hands against our hearts!—Come, I will have thee; but, by this light, I take thee for pity.

*Beat.* I would not deny you;—but, by this good day, I yield upon great persuasion; and, partly, to save your life, for I was told, you were in a consumption.

*Bene.* Peace, I will stop your mouth.—

[*Kissing her.*]

*Pedro.* How dost thou, Benedick, the married man?

*Bene.* I'll tell thee what, prince; a college of wit-crackers cannot flout me out of my humour: Dost thou think I care for a satire, or an epigram? No: if a man will be beaten with brains, he shall wear nothing handsome about him: In brief, since I do purpose to marry, I will think nothing to any

purpose that the world can say against it; and therefore never flout at me for what I have said against it; for man is a giddy thing, and this is my conclusion.—For thy part, Claudio, I did think to have beaten thee; but in that thou art like to be my kinsman, I will not unbruis'd, and love my cousin.

*Claud.* I had well hoped, thou would'st have denied Beatrice, that I might have cudgell'd thee out of thy single life, to make thee a double-dealer; which, out of question, thou wilt be, if my cousin do not look exceedingly narrowly to thee.

*Bene.* Come, come, we are friends:—let's have a dance ere we are marry'd, that we may lighten our own hearts, and our wives' heels.

*Leon.* We'll have dancing afterwards.

*Bene.* First, o' my word; therefore, play, music. Prince, thou art sad; get thee a wife; get thee a wife; there is no staff more reverend than one tipt with horn.

*Enter Messenger.*

*Mess.* My lord, your brother John is ta'en in flight, And brought with armed men back to Messina.

*Bene.* Think not on him till to-morrow: I'll devise thee brave punishments for him. Strike up, pipers.

[Dance.

[Exeunt omnes.

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N O T E.

This play is one of the most amusing productions of Shakspeare. Benedick and Beatrice are the two principal characters, but several others are supported with strict propriety. Claudio and Hero are amiable and interesting, and the dispute between Leonato and Antonio in the beginning of the 5th Act, discovers the hand of a master. The re-

mark by Leonato that there never yet was a philosopher, *That could endure the tooth-ach patiently*, sets the fortitude of stoicism in a just point of view. Antonio, who recommends patience so ardently, becomes, in the progress of the same Scene more outrageous than Leonato himself, so that the latter finds it necessary to check his violence. The transition is natural, but required superior delicacy to manage it with advantage.

*Much ado about Nothing* has fewer excrescences than most of the dramas in this collection. Little or nothing could be abstracted without evident mutilation. The style of the dialogue is easy, vigorous, and correct. The chief aim of Shakspeare in this piece was to entertain, but he occasionally displays his ability, to instruct and to astonish.

THE END.

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LOVE's LABOUR's LOST.

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## PERSONS REPRESENTED.

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*Ferdinand*, King of Navarre.

*Biron*,  
*Longaville*, } three Lords, attending upon the King  
*Dumain*, } in his retirement.

*Boyet*,  
*Mercade*, } Lords, attending upon the Princesses of  
France.

*Don Adriano de Armado*, a fantastical Spaniard.

*Nathaniel*, a Curate.

*Dull*, a Constable.

*Holofernes*, a Schoolmaster.

*Costard*, a Clown.

*Moth*, Page to *Don Adriano de Armado*.

A Forester.

Princesses of France.

*Rosaline*,  
*Maria*, } Ladies, attending on the Princesses.

*Katharine*,  
*Faquenetta*, a Country Wench.

Officers, and others, Attendants upon the King  
and Princesses.

SCENE, the King of Navarre's Palace, and the  
Country near it.

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# LOVE'S LABOUR'S LOST.

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## ACT I. SCENE I.

*Navarre. The Palace.*

*Enter the King, Biron, Longaville, and Dumain.*

King. **L**ET fame, that all hunt after in their lives,  
Live register'd upon our brazen tombs,  
And then grace us in the disgrace of death;  
When, spight of cormorant devouring Time,  
The endeavour of this present breath may buy  
That honour, which shall bate his scythe's keen edge,  
And make us heirs of all eternity.  
Therefore, brave conquerors!—for so you are,  
That war against your own affections.  
And the huge army of the world's desires,  
Our late edict shall strongly stand in force:  
Navarre shall be the wonder of the world;  
Our court shall be a little Academe,  
Still and contemplative in living art.  
You three, Biron, Dumain, and Longaville,  
Have sworn for three years' term to live with me,  
My fellow-scholars, and to keep those statutes  
That are recorded in this schedule here:  
Your oaths are past, and now subscribe your names;  
That his own hand may strike his honour down  
That violates the smallest branch herein:  
If you are arm'd to do, as sworn to do,  
Subscribe to your deep oath, and keep it too.

*Long.* I am resolv'd : 'tis but a three years fast ;  
The mind shall banquet though the body pine :  
Fat paunches have lean pates ; and dainty bits  
Make rich the ribs, but bankerout the wits.

*Dum.* My loving lord, Dumain is mortify'd ;  
The grosser manner of these world's delights  
He throws upon the gross world's slaves :  
To love, to wealth, to pomp, I pine and die ;  
With all these living in philosophy.

*Biron.* I can but say their protestation over,  
So much, dear liege, I have already sworn,  
That is, to live and study here three years.  
But there are other strict observances :  
As, not to see a woman in that term ;  
Which, I hope well, is not enrolled there.  
And, one day in a week to touch no food ;  
And but one meal on every day beside ;  
The which, I hope, is not enrolled there.  
And then, to sleep but three hours in the night,  
And not be seen to wink of all the day ;  
(When I was wont to think no harm all night,  
And make a dark night too of half the day)  
Which, I hope well, is not enrolled there.  
O, these are barren tasks, too hard to keep ;  
Nor to see ladies, study, fast, nor sleep.

*King.* Your oath is pass'd to pass away from these.

*Biron.* Let me say, no, my liege, an if you please ;  
I only swore, to study with your grace,  
And stay here in your court for three years' space.

*Long.* You swore to that, Biron, and to the rest.

*Biron.* By yea and nay, sir, then I swore in jest,—  
What is the end of study ? let me know.

*King.* Why, that to know, which else we should  
not know.

*Biron.* Things hid and barr'd (you mean) from  
common sense ?

*King.* Ay, that is study's god-like recompence.

*Biron.* Come on then, I will swear to study so,

To know the thing I am forbid to know :  
 As thus,—To study where I well may dine,  
 When I to feast expressly am forbid ;  
 Or, study where to meet some mistress fine,  
 When mistresses from common sense are hid ;  
 Or, having sworn too hard a-keeping oath,  
 Study to break it, and not break my troth.  
 If study's gain be thus, and this be so,  
 Study knows that, which yet it doth not know :  
 Swear me to this, and I will ne'er say, no. }

*King.* These be the stops that hinder study quite,  
 And train our intellects to vain delight.

*Biron.* Why all delights are vain ; but that most  
 vain,

Which, with pain purchas'd, doth inherit pain :  
 As, painfully to pore upon a book,

To seek the light of truth ; while truth the while  
 Doth falsely blind the eye-sight of his look :

Light, seeking light, doth light of light beguile :  
 So, ere you find where light in darkness lies,  
 Your light grows dark by losing of your eyes.  
 Study me how to please the eye indeed,

By fixing it upon a fairer eye :  
 Who dazzling so, that eye shall be his heed,

And give him light that was it blinded by.  
 Study is like the heaven's glorious sun,

That will not be deep-search'd with faucy looks ;  
 Small have continual plodders ever won,

Save base authority from others' books.

These earthly godfathers of heaven's lights,

That give a name to every fixed star,

Have no more profit of their shining nights,

Than those that walk and wot not what they are.

Too much to know, is, to know nought but fame ;

And every godfather can give a name.

*King.* How well he's read, to reason against  
 reading !

*Dum.* Proceeded well, to stop all good pro-  
 ceeding !



*Long.* He weeds the corn, and still lets grow the weeding.

*Biron.* The spring is near, when green geese are a-breeding.

*Dum.* How follows that?

*Biron.* Fit in his place and time.

*Dum.* In reason nothing.

*Biron.* Something then in rhyme.

*Long.* Biron is like an envious sneaping frost,  
That bites the first-born infants of the spring.

*Biron.* Well, say I am? why should proud summer boast,

Before the birds have any cause to sing?

Why should I joy in an abortive birth?

At Christmas I no more desire a rose,

Than wish a snow in May's new-fangled shows;

But like of each thing that in season grows.

So you, to study, now it is too late,

That were to climb o'er the house t' unlock the gate.

*King.* Well, fit you out: go home, Biron; adieu!

*Biron.* No, my good lord; I have sworn to stay with you;

And, though I have for barbarism spoke more,

Than for that angel knowledge you can say,

Yet confident I'll keep what I have sworn,

And bide the penance of each three years' day.

Give me the paper, let me read the same;

And to the strict'st decrees I'll write my name.

*King.* How well this yielding rescues thee from shame!

*Biron.* "Item, That no woman shall come within  
"a mile of my court."—[*Reading*] Hath this been  
proclaimed?

*Long.* Four days ago.

*Biron.* Let's see the penalty.—"On pain of losing  
"her tongue."—[*Reading*.] Who devis'd this penalty?

*Long.* Marry, that did I.

*Biron.* Sweet lord, and why?

*Long.* To fright them hence with that dread penalty.

*Biron.* A dangerous law against gentility!

"Item, [*Reading.*] If any man be seen to talk  
"with a woman within the term of three years, he  
"shall endure such public shame as the rest of the  
"court can possibly devise."——

This article, my liege, yourself must break;

For, well you know, here comes in embassy  
The French king's daughter, with yourself to speak——

A maid of grace, and complete majesty,—  
About surrender-up of Aquitaine

To her decrepit, sick, and bed-ridden father:

Therefore this article is made in vain,

Or vainly comes the admired princess hither.

*King.* What say you, lords? why, this was quite forgot.

*Biron.* So study evermore is overshot;  
While it doth study to have what it would,  
It doth forget to do the thing it should;  
And when it hath the thing it hunteth most,  
'Tis won, as towns with fire; so won, so lost.

*King.* We must, of force, dispense with this decree,  
She must lye here on mere necessity.

*Biron.* Necessity will make us all forsworn  
Three thousand times within this three years  
space,

For every man with his affects is born;

Not by might master'd, but by special grace:  
If I break faith, this word shall speak for me,  
I am forsworn on mere necessity.——

So to the laws at large I write my name:

And he that breaks them in the least degree,  
Stands in attainder of eternal shame:

Suggestions are to others, as to me:

But, I believe, although I seem so loth,  
I am the last that will last keep his oath.  
But is there no quick recreation granted?

*King.* Ay, that there is: our court, you know,  
is haunted

With a refin'd traveller of Spain;  
A man in all the world's new fashion planted,  
That hath a mint of phrases in his brain:  
One, whom the music of his own vain tongue  
Doth ravish, like enchanting harmony;  
A man of compliments, whom right and wrong  
Have chose as umpire of their mutiny:  
This child of fancy, that Armado hight,  
For interim to our studies, shall relate,  
In high-born words, the worth of many a knight  
From tawny Spain, lost in the world's debate.  
How you delight, my lords, I know not, I;  
But, I protest, I love to hear him lie,  
And I will use him for my minstrelsy. }

*Biron.* Armado is a most illustrious wight,  
A man of fire-new words, fashion's own knight.

*Long.* Costard the swain, and he, shall be our sport;  
And, so to study, three years is but short.

*Enter Dull, and Costard, with a letter.*

*Dull.* Which is the duke's own person?

*Biron.* This fellow; What would'st?

*Dull.* I myself reprehend his own person, for  
I am his grace's tharborough: but I would see his  
own person in flesh and blood.

*Biron.* This is he.

*Dull.* Signior Arme—, Arme,—commends you.  
There's villainy abroad; this letter will tell you  
more.

*Cost.* Sir, the contempts thereof are as touching  
me.

*King.* A letter from the magnificent Armado,

*Biron.* How low soever the matter, I hope in God for high words.

*Long.* A high hope for a low having :—God grant us patience.

*Biron.* To hear? or forbear hearing?

*Long.* To hear meekly, fir, and to laugh moderately; or to forbear both.

*Biron.* Well, fir, be it as the stile shall give us cause to climb in the merriness.

*Cost.* The matter is to me, fir, as concerning Jaquenetta. The manner of it is, I was taken with the manner.

*Biron.* In what manner?

*Cost.* In manner and form following, fir; all those three: I was seen with her in the manor-house, sitting with her upon the form, and taken following her into the park; which, put together, is, in manner and form following. Now, fir, for the manner,—it is the manner of a man to speak to a woman: for the form,—in some form.

*Biron.* For the following, fir?

*Cost.* As it shall follow in my correction; And God defend the right!

*King.* Will you hear the letter with attention?

*Biron.* As we would hear an oracle.

*Cost.* Such is the simplicity of man to hearken after the flesh.

*King.* [*Reads.*] "Great deputy, the welkin's vice-gerent, and sole dominator of Navarre, my soul's earth's God, and body's fost'ring patron,—"

*Cost.* Not a word of Costard yet:

*King.* "So it is,"—

*Cost.* It may be so: but if he say it is so, he is, in telling true, but so, so.

*King.* Peace.

*Cost.* —be to me, and every man that dares not fight!

*King.* No words.

Vol. II.

I



*Cost.* —of other men's secrets, I beseech you.

*King.* "So it is, besieged with sable-colour'd  
"melancholy, I did commend the black oppres-  
"sing humour to the most wholesome physic of thy  
"health giving air; and, as I am a gentleman, be-  
"took myself to walk. The time, when? About  
"the sixth hour; when beasts most graze, birds  
"best peck, and men sit down to that nourishment  
"which is called supper. So much for the time  
"when: Now for the ground which; which, I mean,  
"I walked upon: it is ycleped, thy park. Then for  
"the place where: where, I mean, I did encoun-  
"ter that obscene and most preposterous event, that  
"draweth from my snow-white pen the ebon-colour'd  
"ink, which here thou viewest, beholdest, surveyest,  
"or seest:—But to the place, where,—It standeth  
"north-north-east, and by east from the west corner  
"of thy curious knotted garden: There did I see  
"that low-spirited swain, that base minnow of thy  
"mirth," (*Cost.* Me.) "that unletter'd small-  
"knowing soul," (*Cost.* Me.) "that shallow vas-  
"sal," (*Cost.* Still me!) "which, as I remember,  
"hight Costard," (*Cost.* O me!) "sorted and con-  
"sorted, contrary to thy established proclaimed edict  
"and continent cannon, with,—with,—O with,—  
"but with this I passion to say wherewith—"

*Cost.* With a wench.

*King.* "With a child of our grandmother Eve,  
"a female; or, for thy more sweet understanding, a  
"woman. Him, I (as my ever esteemed duty pricks  
"me on) have sent to thee, to receive the meed of  
"punishment, by thy sweet grace's officer, Anthony  
"Dull; a man of good repute, carriage, bearing,  
"and estimation."

*Dull.* Me, an't shall please you; I am Anthony Dull.

*King.* "For Jaquenetta, (so is the weaker ves-  
"sel called which I apprehended with the afore-

"said swain) I keep her as a vessel of thy law's  
"fury; and shall, at the least of thy sweet notice,  
"bring her to trial. "Thine, in all compliments  
"of devoted and heart burning heat of duty,

"DON ADRIANO DE ARMADO."

*Biron.* This is not so well as I look'd for, but the  
best that ever I heard.

*King.* Ay, the best for the worst. But sirrah,  
what say you to this?

*Cost.* Sir, I confess the wench.

*King.* Did you hear the proclamation?

*Cost.* I do confess much of the hearing it, but,  
little of the marking of it.

*King.* It was proclaim'd a year's imprisonment  
to be taken with a wench.

*Cost.* I was taken with none, sir; I was taken  
with a damosel.

*King.* Well, it was proclaimed damosel.

*Cost.* This was no damosel neither, sir; she was a  
virgin.

*King.* It is so varied too; for it was proclaim'd,  
virgin.

*Cost.* If it were, I deny her virginity; I was  
taken with a maid.

*King.* This maid will not serve your turn, sir.

*Cost.* This maid will serve my turn, sir.

*King.* Sir, I will pronounce sentence; You shall  
fast a week with bran and water.

*Cost.* I had rather pray a month with mutton and  
porridge.

*King.* And Don Armado shall be your keeper.—  
My lord Biron, see him deliver'd o'er.—

And go we, lords, to put in practice that

Which each to other hath so strongly sworn.

[*Exeunt.*]

*Biron.* I'll lay my head to any good man's hat,

These oaths and laws will prove an idle scorn.—

Sirrah, come on.

*Cost.* I suffer for the truth, fir; for true it is, I was taken with Jaquenetta, and Jaquenetta is a true girl; and therefore, Welcome the four cup of prosperity! Affliction may one day smile again, and 'till then, Sit thee down, sorrow! [*Exeunt.*]

## S C E N E II.

*Armado's House.*

*Enter Armado and Moth.*

*Arm.* Boy, what sign is it, when a man of great spirit grows melancholy?

*Moth.* A great sign, fir, that he will look sad.

*Arm.* Why, sadness is one and the self-same thing, dear imp.

*Moth.* No, no: O lord, fir, no.

*Arm.* How canst thou part sadness and melancholy, my tender juvenal?

*Moth.* By a familiar demonstration of the working, my tough signior.

*Arm.* Why tough signior? why tough signior?

*Moth.* Why tender juvenal? why tender juvenal?

*Arm.* I spoke it, tender juvenal, as a congruent epitheton, appertaining to thy young days, which we may nominate tender.

*Moth.* And I, tough signior, as an appertinent title to your old time, which we may name, tough.

*Arm.* Pretty and apt.

*Moth.* How mean you, fir? I pretty, and my saying apt? or I apt, and my saying pretty?

*Arm.* Thou pretty, because little.

*Moth.* Little pretty, because little: Wherefore apt?

*Arm.* And therefore apt, because quick.

*Moth.* Speak you this in my praise, master?

*Arm.* In thy condign praise.

*Moth.* I will praise an eel with the same praise.

*Arm.* What? that an eel is ingenious?

*Moth.* That an eel is quick.

*Arm.* I do say, thou art quick in answers:—  
Thou heat'st my blood.

*Moth.* I am answer'd, sir.

*Arm.* I love not to be cross'd.

*Moth.* He speaks the mere contrary, crosses love  
not him.

*Arm.* I have promis'd to study three years with  
the duke.

*Moth.* You may do it in an hour, sir.

*Arm.* Impossible.

*Moth.* How many is one thrice told?

*Arm.* I am ill at reckoning, it fitteth the spirit of  
a tapster.

*Moth.* You are a gentleman, and a gamester, sir.

*Arm.* I confess both; they are both the varnish  
of a complete man.

*Moth.* Then, I am sure, you know how much  
the gross sum of deuce-ace amounts to.

*Arm.* It doth amount to one more than two.

*Moth.* Which the base vulgar do call, three:

*Arm.* True.

*Moth.* Why, sir, is this such a piece of study?  
Now here is three studied, ere you'll thrice wink:  
and how easy it is to put years to the word three,  
and study three years in two words, the dancing  
horse will tell you.

*Arm.* A most fine figure!

*Moth.* To prove you a cypher.

*Arm.* I will hereupon confess, I am in love: and  
as it is base for a soldier to love, so I am in love with  
a base wench. If drawing my sword against the hu-  
mour of affection would deliver me from the repro-  
bate thought of it, I would take desire prisoner; and  
ransom him to any French courtier for a new devis'd  
court'sy. I think scorn to sigh; methinks, I should  
out-swear Cupid. Comfort me, boy; What great  
men have been in love?



*Moth.* Hercules, master.

*Arm.* Most sweet Hercules!—More authority, dear boy, name more; and, sweet my child, let them be men of good repute and carriage.

*Moth.* Sampson, master: he was a man of good carriage, great carriage; for he carried the town gates on his back, like a porter: and he was in love.

*Arm.* O well-knit Sampson! strong-jointed Sampson! I do excel thee in my rapier, as much as thou didst me in carrying gates. I am in love too.—Who was Sampson's love, my dear Moth?

*Moth.* A woman, master.

*Arm.* Of what complexion?

*Moth.* Of all the four, or the three, or the two; or one of the four.

*Arm.* Tell me precisely of what complexion?

*Moth.* Of the sea-water green, fir.

*Arm.* Is that one of the four complexions?

*Moth.* As I have read, fir; and the best of them too.

*Arm.* Green, indeed, is the colour of lovers: but to have a love of that colour, methinks, Sampson had small reason for it. He, surely, affected her for her wit.

*Moth.* It was so, fir; for she had a green wit.

*Arm.* My love is most immaculate white and red.

*Moth.* Most maculate thoughts, master, are mask'd under such colours,

*Arm.* Define, define, well-educated infant.

*Moth.* My father's wit, and my mother's tongue, assist me!

*Arm.* Sweet invocation of a child; most pretty, and pathetic!

*Moth.* If she be made of white and red,  
Her faults will ne'er be known;  
For blushing cheeks by faults are bred,  
And fears by pale-white shown:  
Then, if she fear, or be to blame,

By this you shall not know ;  
For still her cheeks possess the same,  
Which native she doth owe.

A dangerous rhyme, master, against the reason of  
white and red.

*Arm.* Is there not a ballad, boy, of the King and  
the Beggar ?

*Moth.* The world was very guilty of such a bal-  
lad some three ages since: but, I think, now 'tis  
not to be found; or, if it were, it would neither  
serve for the writing, nor the tune.

*Arm.* I will have that subject newly writ o'er,  
that I may example my digression by some mighty  
precedent. Boy, I do love that country girl, that  
I took in the park with the rational hind Costard;  
she deserves well.

*Moth.* To be whipp'd; and yet a better love than  
my master. [*Aside.*]

*Arm.* Sing, boy; my spirit grows heavy in love.

*Moth.* And that's great marvel, loving a light  
wench.

*Arm.* I say, sing.

*Moth.* Forbear, till this company be past.

*Enter Dull, Costard, and Jaquenetta.*

*Dull.* Sir, the duke's pleasure is, that you keep  
Costard safe: and you must let him take no delight,  
nor no penance; but a' must fast three days aweek:  
For this damsel, I must keep her at the park; she is  
allow'd for the day-woman. Fare you well.

*Arm.* I do betray myself with blushing.—Maid.

*Jaq.* Man.

*Arm.* I will visit thee at the lodge.

*Jaq.* That's hereby.

*Arm.* I know where it is situate.

*Jaq.* Lord, how wise you are!

*Arm.* I will tell thee wonders.

*Jaq.* With that face?

*Arm.* I love thee.

*Jaq.* So I heard you say.

*Arm.* And so farewell.

*Jaq.* Fair weather after you!

*Dull.* Come, Jaquenetta, away.

*Exeunt Dull and Jaquenetta.*

*Arm.* Villain, thou shalt fast for thy offences, ere thou be pardoned.

*Cost.* Well, sir, I hope, when I do it, I shall do it on a full stomach.

*Arm.* Thou shalt be heavily punished.

*Cost.* I am more bound to you, than your fellows, for they are but lightly rewarded.

*Arm.* Take away this villain; shut him up.

*Moth.* Come, you transgressing slave; away.

*Cost.* Let me not be pent up, sir; I will fast, being loose.

*Moth.* No, sir; that were fast and loose: thou shalt to prison.

*Cost.* Well, if ever I do see the merry days of desolation that I have seen, some shall see—

*Moth.* What shall some see?

*Cost.* Nay, nothing, master Moth, but what they look upon. It is not for prisoners to be silent in their words; and, therefore, I will say nothing: I thank God, I have as little patience as another man; and, therefore I can be quiet.

*[Exeunt Moth and Costard.]*

*Arm.* I do affect the very ground, which is base, where her shoe, which is baser, guided by her foot, which is basest, doth tread. I shall be forsworn, (which is a great argument of falshood) if I love: And how can that be true love, which is falsly attempted? Love is a familiar; love is a devil: there is no evil angel but love. Yet Sampson was so tempted; and he had an excellent strength: yet was Solomon so seduced; and he had a very good wit. Cupid's butt-shaft is to hard for Hercules'

club, and therefore too much odds for a Spaniard's rapier. The first and second cause will not serve my turn ; the passado he respects not, the duello he regards not ; his disgrace is to be call'd boy ; but his glory is, to subdue men. Adieu, valour ! rust, rapier ! be still, drum ! for your manager is in love ; yea, he loveth. Assist me some extemporal god of rhyme, for, I am sure, I shall turn sonneteer. Devise wit ; write pen ; for I am for whole volumes in folio. [Exit.

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ACT II. SCENE I.

*Before the King of Navarre's Palace.*

*Enter the Princess of France, Rosaline, Maria, Katharine, Boyet, Lords, and other Attendants.*

Boyet. **N**OW, madam, summon up your dearest spirits :

Consider who the king your father sends ;  
To whom he sends ; and what's his embassy :  
Yourself, held precious in the world's esteem ;  
To parley with the sole inheritor  
Of all perfections that a man may owe,  
Matchless Navarre ; the plea of no less weight  
Than Aquitain, a dowry for a queen.  
Be now as prodigal of all dear grace,  
As nature was in making graces dear,  
When she did starve the general world beside,  
And prodigally gave them all to you.

Prin. Good lord Boyet, my beauty, though but mean,  
Needs not the painted flourish of your praise ;  
Beauty is bought by judgment of the eye,



Not utter'd by base sale of chapmen's tongues :  
 I am less proud to hear you tell my worth,  
 Than you much willing to be counted wise  
 In spending thus your wit in praise of mine.  
 But now to task the tasker,—Good Boyet,  
 You are not ignorant, all-telling fame  
 Doth noise abroad, Navarre hath made a vow,  
 Till painful study shall out-wear three years,  
 No woman may approach his silent court :  
 Therefore to us seemeth it a needful course,  
 Before we enter his forbidden gates,  
 To know his pleasure ; and, in that behalf,  
 Bold of your worthiness, we single you  
 As our best-moving fair solicitor :  
 Tell him, the daughter of the king of France,  
 On serious business, craving quick dispatch,  
 Importunes personal conference with his grace.  
 Hasten, signify so much ; while we attend,  
 Like humble visag'd suitors, his high will.

*Boyet.* Proud of employment, willingly I go.

[*Exit.*

*Prin.* All pride is willing pride, and yours is so.—  
 Who are the votaries, my loving lords,  
 That are vow-fellows with this virtuous duke ?

*Lord.* Longaville is one.

*Prin.* Know you the man ?

*Mar.* I knew him, madam ; at a marriage feast,  
 Between lord Perigort and the beauteous heir  
 Of Jaques Faulconbridge solemnized,  
 In Normandy saw I this Longaville :  
 A man of sovereign parts he is esteem'd ;  
 Well fitted in the arts, glorious in arms :  
 Nothing becomes him ill, that he would well.  
 The only foil of his fair virtue's gloss,  
 (If virtue's gloss will stain with any foil)  
 Is a sharp wit match'd with too blunt a will ;  
 Whose edge hath power to cut, whose will still  
 wills

It should none spare that come within his power.

*Prin.* Some merry mocking lord, belike ; is't so ?

*Mar.* They say so most, that most his humours know.

*Prin.* Such short-liv'd wits do wither as they grow.

Who are the rest ?

*Kath.* The young Dumain, a well-accomplish'd youth,

Of all that virtue love for virtue lov'd :

Most power to do most harm ; least knowing ill ;

For he hath wit to make an ill shape good,

And shape to win grace though he had no wit.

I saw him at the duke Alençon's once ;

And much too little, of that good I saw,

Is my report to his great worthiness.

*Rosa.* Another of these students at that time

Was there with him as I have heard a truth ;

Biron they call him ; but a merrier man,

Within the limits of becoming mirth,

I never spent an hour's talk withal :

His eye begets occasion for his wit ;

For every object that the one doth catch,

The other turns to a mirth-moving jest :

Which his fair tongue (conceit's expositor)

Delivers in such apt and gracious words,

That aged ears play truant at his tales,

And younger hearings are quite ravish'd ;

So sweet and voluble is his discourse.

*Prin.* God bless my ladies ! are they all in love ;

That every one her own hath garnish'd

With such bedecking ornaments of praise ?

*Mar.* Here comes Boyet.

*Re-enter Boyet.*

*Prin.* Now, what admittance, lord ?

*Boyet.* Navarre had notice of your fair approach ;  
And he and his competitors in oath

Were all address'd to meet you, gentle lady,  
Before I came. Marry, thus much I have learnt,  
He rather means to lodge you in the field,  
(Like one that comes here to besiege his court)  
Than seek a dispensation for his oath,  
To let you enter his unpeopled house.  
Here comes Navarre.

*Enter the King, Longaville, Dumain, Biron, and Attendants.*

*King.* Fair princess, welcome to the court of Navarre.

*Prin.* Fair, I give you back again; and, welcome I have not yet: the roof of this court is too high to be yours; and welcome to the wide fields too base to be mine.

*King.* You shall be welcome, madam, to my court.

*Prin.* I will be welcome then; conduct me thither.

*King.* Hear me, dear lady, I have sworn an oath.

*Prin.* Our Lady help my lord! he'll be forsworn.

*King.* Not for the world, fair madam, by my will.

*Prin.* Why will shall break it; will, and nothing else.

*King.* Your ladyship is ignorant what it is.

*Prin.* Were my lord so, his ignorance were wise, Where now his knowledge must prove ignorance. I hear, your grace hath sworn out house-keeping: 'Tis deadly sin to keep that oath, my lord; And sin to break it:

But pardon me, I am too sudden bold;

To teach a teacher ill beseemeth me.

Vouchsafe to read the purpose of my coming,  
And suddenly resolve me in my suit.

*King.* Madam, I will, if suddenly I may.

*Prin.* You will the sooner, that I were away;  
For you'll prove perjur'd, if you make me stay.

*Biron.* Did not I dance with you in Brabant once?

*Ros.* Did not I dance with you in Brabant once?

*Biron.* I know, you did.

*Ros.* How needless was it then

To ask the question!

*Biron.* You must not be so quick.

*Ros.* 'Tis long of you, that spur me with such questions.

*Biron.* Your wit's too hot, it speeds too fast,  
'twill tire.

*Ros.* Not till it leave the rider in the mire.

*Biron.* What time o' day?

*Ros.* The hour that fools should ask.

*Biron.* Now fair befall your mask!

*Ros.* Fair fall the face it covers!

*Biron.* And send you many lovers!

*Ros.* Amen; so you be none.

*Biron.* Nay, then will I be gone.

*King.* Madam, your father here doth intimate  
The payment of a hundred thousand crowns;  
Being but the one half of an entire sum  
Disbursed by my father in his wars.  
But say, that he, or we, (as neither have)  
Receiv'd that sum; yet there remains unpaid  
A hundred thousand more, in surety of the which  
One part of Aquitain is bound to us,  
Although not valu'd to the money's worth.  
If then the king your father will restore  
But that one half which is unsatisfy'd,  
We will give up our right in Aquitain,  
And hold fair friendship with his majesty.  
But that, it seems, he little purposeth,  
For here he doth demand to have repaid  
An hundred thousand crowns; and not demands,  
On payment of a hundred thousand crowns,  
To have his title live in Aquitain;  
Which we much rather had depart withal,  
And have the money by our father lent,



Than Aquitain so gelded as it is.  
Dear princess, were not his requests so far  
From reason's yielding, your fair self should make  
A yielding, 'gainst some reason in my breast,  
And go well satisfied to France again.

*Prin.* You do the king my father too much wrong,  
And wrong the reputation of your name,  
In so unseemingly to confess receipt  
Of that which hath so faithfully been paid.

*King.* I do protest, I never heard of it;  
And, if you prove it, I'll repay it back,  
Or yield up Aquitain.

*Prin.* We arrest your word:  
Boyet, you can produce acquittances,  
For such a sum, from special officers  
Of Charles his father.

*King.* Satisfy me so.

*Boyet.* So please your grace, the packet is not  
come.

Where that and other specialties are bound;  
To-morrow you shall have a sight of them.

*King.* It shall suffice me; at which interview,  
All liberal reason I will yield unto.

Mean time, receive such welcome at my hand,  
As honour, without breach of honour, may  
Make tender of to thy true worthiness:

You may not come, fair princess, in my gates;  
But here without you shall be so receiv'd,  
As you shall deem yourself lodg'd in my heart,  
Thou so deny'd fair harbour in my house.

Your own good thoughts excuse me, and farewell:  
To-morrow we shall visit you again.

*Prin.* Sweet health and fair desires consort your  
grace!

*King.* Thy own wish, wish I thee in every place.  
[Exit.

*Biron.* Lady, I will commend you to my own  
heart.

*Ros.* I pray you, do my commendations;  
I would be glad to see it.

*Biron.* I would, you heard it groan.

*Ros.* Is the fool sick?

*Biron.* Sick at the heart.

*Ros.* Alack, let it blood.

*Biron.* Would that do it good?

*Ros.* My physic says, I.

*Biron.* Will you prick 't with your eye?

*Ros.* Non poynt, with my knife.

*Biron.* Now, God save thy life!

*Ros.* And yours from long living!

*Biron.* I cannot stay thanksgiving.

*Dum.* Sir, I pray you, a word; What lady is that  
same?

*Boyet.* The heir of Alençon, Rosaline her name.

*Dum.* A gallant lady! Monsieur, fare you well.

[Exit.

*Long.* I beseech you, a word; What is she in  
the white?

*Boyet.* A woman sometimes, as you saw her in  
the light.

*Long.* Perchance, light in the light: I desire her  
name.

*Boyet.* She hath but one for herself; to desire  
that, were a shame.

*Long.* Pray you, sir, whose daughter?

*Boyet.* Her mother's, I have heard.

*Long.* God's blessing on your beard!

*Boyet.* Good sir, be not offended:

She is an heir of Faulconbridge.

*Long.* Nay, my choler is ended.

She is a most sweet lady.

*Boyet.* Not unlike, sir; that may be. [Ex. Long.

*Biron.* What's her name in the cap?

*Boyet.* Katharine, by good hap.

*Biron.* Is she wedded or no?

*Boyet.* To her will, sir, or so.

*Biron.* You are welcome, sir; adieu!

*Boyet.* Farewell to me, sir, and welcome to you.

[*Exit Biron.*]

*Mar.* That last is Biron, the merry mad-cap lord;  
Not a word with him but a jest.

*Boyet.* And every jest but a word.

*Prin.* It was well done of you to take him at  
his word.

*Boyet.* I was as willing to grapple, as he was to  
board.

*Mar.* Two hot sheeps, marry!

*Boyet.* And wherefore not ships?

No sheep, sweet lamb, unless we feed on your lips.

*Mar.* You sheep, and I pasture; shall that finish  
the jest?

*Boyet.* So you grant pasture for me.

*Mar.* Not so, gentle beast;

My lips are no common, though several they be.

*Boyet.* Belonging to whom?

*Mar.* To my fortunes and me.

*Prin.* Good wits will be jangling: but, gentles,  
agree:

The civil war of wits were much better used

On Navarre and his bookmen; for here 'tis abused.

*Boyet.* If my observation, (which very seldom lies)  
By the heart's still rhetoric, disclosed with eyes,  
Deceive me not now, Navarre is infected.

*Prin.* With what?

*Boyet.* With that which we lovers entitle affected.

*Prin.* Your reason?

*Boyet.* Why, all his behaviours did make their  
retire

To the court of his eye, peeping thorough desire:  
His heart, like an agat, with your print impressed,  
Proud with his form, in his eye pride expressed:  
His tongue, all impatient to speak and not see,  
Did stumble with haste in his eye-sight to be;  
All senses to that sense did make their repair,

To feel only looking on fairest of fair :  
Methought, all his senses were lock'd in his eye,  
As jewels in crystal for some prince to buy ;  
Who, tendering their own worth, from whence they  
were glass'd,

Did point out to buy them, along as you pass'd.  
His face's own margent did quote such amazes,  
That all eyes saw his eyes enchanted with gazes :  
I'll give you Aquitain, and all that is his,  
An you give him for my sake but one loving kiss.

*Prin.* Come, to our pavilion : Boyet is dispos'd—

*Boyet.* But to speak that in words, which his eye  
hath disclos'd :

I only have made a mouth of his eye,  
By adding a tongue which I know will not lie.

*Ros.* Thou art an old love-monger, and speak'st  
skilfully.

*Mar.* He is Cupid's grandfather, and learns news  
of him.

*Ros.* Then was Venus like her mother ; for her  
father is but grim.

*Boyet.* Do you hear, my mad wenches ?

*Mar.* No.

*Boyet.* What then, do you see ?

*Ros.* Ay, our way to be gone.

*Boyet.* You are too hard for me.

[*Exeunt.*

ACT III. SCENE I.

*The Park, near the Palace.*

*Enter Armado and Moth.*

*Arm.* **W**ARBLE, child ; make passionate my  
sense of hearing.

*Moth.* Concolinel—

[*Singing.*



*Arm.* Sweet air!—Go, tenderness of years; take this key, give enlargement to the swain, bring him festinately hither; I must employ him in a letter to my love.

*Moth.* Master, will you win your love with a French brawl?

*Arm.* How mean'st thou? brawling in French?

*Moth.* No, my complete master: but to jig off a tune at the tongue's end, canary to it with your feet, humour it with turning up your eye-lids; sigh a note, and sing a note; sometime through the throat, as if you swallow'd love with singing love; sometime through the nose, as if you snuff'd up love by smelling love; with your hat pent-house-like, o'er the shop of your eyes; with your arms cross'd on your thin belly-doublet, like a rabbit on a spit; or your hands in your pocket, like a man after the old painting; and keep not too long in one tune, but a snip and away: These are compliments, these are humours: these betray nice wenches—that would be betray'd without these; and make the men of note, (do you note men?) that are most affected to these.

*Arm.* How hast thou purchas'd this experience?

*Moth.* By my penny of observation.

*Arm.* But O,—but O—

*Moth.* —the hobby-horse is forgot.

*Arm.* Call'st thou my love, hobby-horse?

*Moth.* No, master; the hobby horse is but a colt, and your love, perhaps, a hackney. But have you forgot your love?

*Arm.* Almost I had.

*Moth.* Negligent student! learn her by heart.

*Arm.* By heart, and in heart, boy.

*Moth.* And out of heart, master; all those three I will prove.

*Arm.* What wilt thou prove?

*Moth.* A man, if I live; and this, by, in, and

without, upon the instant : By heart you love her, because your heart cannot come by her : in heart you love her, because your heart is in love with her ; and out of heart you love her, being out of heart that you cannot enjoy her.

*Arm.* I am all these three.

*Moth.* And three times as much more, and yet nothing at all.

*Arm.* Fetch hither the swain ; he must carry me a letter.

*Moth.* A message well sympathis'd ; a horse to be embassador for an ass !

*Arm.* Ha, ha ; what sayest thou ?

*Moth.* Marry, sir, you must send the ass upon the horse, for he is very slow-gaited : But I go.

*Arm.* The way is but short ; away.

*Moth.* As swift as lead, sir.

*Arm.* Thy meaning, pretty ingenious ?  
Is not lead a metal heavy, dull, and slow ?

*Moth.* *Minime*, honest master ; or rather, master, no.

*Arm.* I say, lead is slow.

*Moth.* You are too swift, sir, to say so ;  
Is that lead slow, which is fir'd from a gun ?

*Arm.* Sweet smoke of rhetoric !  
He reputes me a cannon ; and the bullet, that's he :  
I shoot thee at the swain.

*Moth.* Thump then, and I flee. [Exit.

*Arm.* A most acute juvenal, voluble and free of grace !  
By thy favour, sweet welkin, I must sigh in thy face :

Most rude melancholy, valour gives thee place.  
My herald is return'd.

*Re-enter Moth and Costard.*

*Moth.* A wonder, master ; here's a Costard broken in a shin.

*Arm.* Some enigma, some riddle : come,—thy  
*l'envoy* :—begin.

*Cost.* No egma, no riddle, no *l'envoy* ; no falve in  
the male, fir : O fir, plantain, a plain plantain ; no  
*l'envoy*, no *l'envoy*, or falve, fir, but a plantain !

*Arm.* By virtue, thou enforcest laughter ; thy  
filly thought, my spleen ; the heaving of my lungs  
provokes me to ridiculous smiling : O, pardon me,  
my stars ! Doth the inconsiderate take falve for  
*l'envoy*, and the word *l'envoy* for a falve ?

*Moth.* Doth the wise think them other ? is not  
*l'envoy* a falve ?

*Arm.* No, page ; it is an epilogue or discourse, to  
make plain

Some obscure precedence that hath tofore been sain.  
I will example it :

The fox, the ape, and the humble-bee,  
Were still at odds, being but three,  
There's the moral : Now the *l'envoy*.

*Moth.* I will add the *l'envoy* ; Say the moral again.

*Arm.* The fox, the ape, and the humble-bee,  
Were still at odds, being but three :

*Moth.* Until the goose came out of door,  
Staying the odds by adding four.

Now will I begin your moral, and do you follow  
with my *l'envoy*.

The fox, the ape, and the humble-bee,  
Were still at odds, being but three :

*Arm.* Until the goose came out of door,  
Staying the odds by adding four.

*Moth.* A good *l'envoy*, ending in the goose ;—  
Would you desire more ?

*Cost.* The boy hath sold him a bargain, a goose  
that's flat :—

Sir, your penny-worth is good, an your goose be  
fat.—

To sell a bargain well, is as cunning as fast and  
loose :

Let me see a fat *l'envoy* ; ay, that's a fat goose.

*Arm.* Come hither, come hither : How did this argument begin ?

*Moth.* By saying, that a *Costard* was broken in a shin : Then call'd you for the *l'envoy*.

*Cost.* True, and I for a plantain ; thus came your argument in :

Then the boy's fat *l'envoy*, the goose that you bought ;

And he ended the market.

*Arm.* But tell me ; how was there a *Costard* broken in a shin ?

*Moth.* I will tell you sensibly.

*Cost.* Thou hast no feeling of it, *Moth* ; I will speak that *l'envoy* ;—

I, *Costard*, running out, that was safely within,  
Fell over the threshold, and broke my shin,

*Arm.* We will talk no more of this matter.

*Cost.* 'Till there be more matter in the shin.

*Arm.* Sirrah, *Costard* I will enfranchise thee.

*Cost.* O, marry me to one *Frances* ;—I smell some *l'envoy*, some goose, in this.

*Arm.* By my sweet soul, I mean, setting thee at liberty, enfreedoming thy person ; thou wert immur'd, restrained, captivated, bound.

*Cost.* True, true ; and now you will be my purification, and let me loose.

*Arm.* I give thee thy liberty, set thee from durance ; and, in lieu thereof, impose on thee nothing but this : Bear this significant to the country maid *Jaquenetta* ; there is remuneration ; [*Giving him money.*] for the best ward of mine honour, is, rewarding my dependants. *Moth*, follow. [*Exit.*]

*Moth.* Like the sequel, I. Signior *Costard*, adieu. [*Exit.*]

*Cost.* My sweet ounce of man's flesh ! my incony Jew !

Now will I look to his remuneration. Remunera-



tion!—O, that's the Latin word for three farthings: three farthings—remuneration—*What's the price of this inkle? a penny:—No, I'll give you a remuneration: why, it carries it.—Remuneration!—*why, it is a fairer name than French crown. I will never buy and sell out of this word.

*Enter Biron.*

*Biron.* O, my good knave Costard! exceedingly well met.

*Cost.* Pray you, sir, how much carnation ribbon may a man buy for a remuneration?

*Biron.* What is a remuneration?

*Cost.* Marry, sir, half-penny farthing.

*Biron.* O, why then, three-farthing-worth of filk.

*Cost.* I thank your worship: God be with you.

*Biron.* O, stay, slave; I must employ thee: As thou wilt win my favour, good my knave, Do one thing for me that I shall entreat.

*Cost.* When would you have it done, sir?

*Biron.* O, this afternoon.

*Cost.* Well, I will do it, sir: Fare you well.

*Biron.* O, thou knowest not what it is.

*Cost.* I shall know, sir, when I have done it.

*Biron.* Why, villain, thou must know first.

*Cost.* I will come to your worship to morrow morning.

*Biron.* It must be done this afternoon. Hark, slave, it is but this:—

The princess comes to hunt here in the park,  
And in her train there is a gentle lady;  
When tongues speak sweetly, then they name her  
name,

And Rosaline they call her: ask for her;  
And to her sweet hand see thou do commend  
This seal'd-up counsel. There's thy guerdon; go.  
[Gives him money.]

*Cost.* Guerdon,—O sweet guerdon ! better than remuneration ; eleven-pence farthing better :—Most sweet guerdon !—I will do it, fir, in print.—Guerdon—remuneration. [*Exit.*

*Biron.* O !—And I, forsooth, in love ! I, that have been love's whip ;  
A very beadle to a humourous sigh ;  
A critic ; nay, a night-watch constable :  
A domineering pedant o'er the boy,  
Than whom no mortal so magnificent !  
This wimpled, whining, purblind, wayward boy ;  
This signior Junio's giant-dwarf, Dan Cupid ;  
Regent of love-rhimes, lord of folded arms,  
The anointed sovereign of sighs and groans,  
Liege of all loiterers and malecontents,  
Dread prince of plackets, king of codpieces,  
Sole imperator, and great general  
Of trotting paritors,—O my little heart !—  
And I to be a corporal of his field,  
And wear his colours like a tumbler's hoop !  
What ? what ? I love ! I sue ! I seek a wife !  
A woman, that is like a German clock,  
Still a repairing ; ever out of frame ;  
And never going aright, being a watch,  
But being watch'd that it may still go right ?  
Nay, to be perjur'd which is worst of all ;  
And, among three, to love the worst of all :  
A whitely wanton with a velvet brow,  
With two pitch-balls stuck in her face for eyes ;  
Ay, and by heaven, one that will do the deed,  
Though Argus were her eunuch and her guard :  
And I to sigh for her ! to watch for her !  
To pray for her ! Go to ; it is a plague  
That Cupid will impose for my neglect  
Of his almighty dreadful little might.  
Well, I will love, write, sigh, pray, sue, and groan ;  
Some men must love my lady, and some Joan.

[*Exit.*

## ACT IV. SCENE I.

*A Pavilion in the Park near the Palace.*

*Enter the Princess, Rosaline, Maria, Katharine, Lords, Attendants, and a Forester.*

*Prin.* WAS that the king, that spurr'd his horse  
so hard

Against the steep uprising of the hill?

*Boyet.* I know not; but, I think, it was not he.

*Prin.* Whoe'er he was, he shew'd a mounting  
mind.

Well, lords to-day we shall have our dispatch;  
On Saturday we will return to France.—

Then, forester, my friend, where is the bush,  
That we must stand and play the murderer in?

*For.* Here by, upon the edge of yonder coppice;  
A stand, where you may make the fairest shoot.

*Prin.* I thank my beauty; I am fair that shoot.  
And thereupon thou speak'st, the fairest shoot.

*For.* Pardon me, madam, for I meant not so,

*Prin.* What, what? first praise me, then again  
say, no?

O short-liv'd pride! Not fair? alack for woe!

*For.* Yes, madam, fair.

*Prin.* Nay, never paint me now;

Where fair is not, praise cannot mend the brow.  
Here, good my glass, take this for telling true;

[Giving him money.]

Fair payment for foul words is more than due.

*For.* Nothing but fair is that which you inherit.

*Prin.* See, see, my beauty will be sav'd by merit.  
O heresy in fair, fit for these days!

A giving hand, though foul, shall have fair praise.—

But come, the bow ;—Now mercy goes to kill,  
And shooting well is then accounted ill.  
Thus will I save my credit in the shoot :  
Not wounding, pity would not let me do't ;  
If wounding, then it was to shew my skill,  
That more for praise, than purpose, meant to kill.  
And out of question, so it is sometimes ;  
Glory grows guilty of detested crimes ;  
When, for fame's sake, for praise, an outward part,  
We bend to that the working of the heart ;  
As I, for praise alone, now seek to spill  
The poor deer's blood, that my heart means no ill.

*Boyet.* Do not curst wives hold that self-sovereignty

Only for praise, sake, when they strive to be  
Lords o'er their lords ?

*Prin.* Only for praise ; and praise we may afford  
To any lady that subdues a lord.

*Enter Costard.*

*Prin.* Here comes a member of the commonwealth.

*Cost.* God dig-you-den all ! Pray you, which is the head lady ?

*Prin.* Thou shalt know her, fellow, by the rest that have no heads.

*Cost.* Which is the greatest lady, the highest ?

*Prin.* The thickest and the tallest.

*Cost.* The thickest and the tallest ! 'tis so ; truth is truth.

An your waist, mistress, were as slender as my wit,  
One of these maids' girdles for your waist should be fit.

Are not you the chief woman ? you are the thickest here.

*Prin.* What's your will, sir ? what's your will ?

*Cost.* I have a letter from monsieur Biron, to one lady Rosaline.



*Prin.* O, thy letter, thy letter; he's a good friend of mine:

Stand aside, good bearer.—*Boyet*, you can carve; Break up this capon.

*Boyet.* I am bound to serve.—

This letter is mistook, it importeth none here; It is writ to Jaquenetta.

*Prin.* We will read it, I swear:

Break the neck of the wax, and every one give ear.

*Boyet.* [*Reads.*] “By heaven, that thou art fair, “is most infallible; true, that thou art beauteous; “truth, itself, that thou art lovely: More fairer “than fair, beautiful than beauteous, truer than “truth itself, have commiseration on thy heroical “vassal! The magnanimous and most illustrate “king Cophetua set eye upon the pernicious and “indubitate beggar Zenelophon; and he it was “that might rightly say, *veni, vidi, vici*; which to “anatomize in the vulgar, (O base and obscure “vulgar!) *videlicet*, he came, saw, and overcame: “He came, one; saw, two; overcame, three. Who “came? the king; Why did he come? to see; “Why did he see? to overcome; To whom came “he? to the beggar; What saw he? the beggar; “Whom overcame he? the beggar: The conclusion is victory; On whose side? the king's: the “captive is enrich'd; On whose side? the beggar's: The catastrophe is a nuptial; on whose “side? the king's?—no; on both in one, or one “in both. I am the king; for so stands the comparison: thou the beggar; for so witnesseth thy “lowliness. Shall I command thy love? I may: “Shall I enforce thy love? I could: Shall I entreat thy love? I will. What shalt thou exchange for rags? robes; for tittles? titles; For “thyself? me. Thus, expecting thy reply, I prophane my lips on thy foot, my eyes on thy picture, and my heart on thy every part.

“Thine, in the dearest design of industry,

“DON ADRIANO DE ARMADO.”

Thus dost thou hear the Nemean lion roar  
 'Gainst thee, thou lamb, that standest as his prey ;  
 Submissive fall his princely feet before,  
 And he from forage will incline to play :  
 But if thou strive, poor soul, what art thou then ?  
 Food for his rage, repasture for his den.

*Prin.* What plume of feathers is he, that indited  
 this letter ?

What vane ? what weathercock ? Did you ever  
 hear better ?

*Boyet.* I am much deceived, but I remember the  
 stile.

*Prin.* Else your memory is bad, going o'er it ere  
 while.

*Boyet.* This Armado is a Spaniard, that keeps  
 here in court ;

A phantasm, a Monarcho, and one that makes  
 sport

To the prince and his book-mates.

*Prin.* Thou, fellow, a word :

Who gave thee this letter ?

*Cost.* I told you, my lord.

*Prin.* To whom should'st thou give it ?

*Cost.* From my lord to my lady.

*Prin.* From which lord to which lady ?

*Cost.* From my lord Biron, a good master of mine,  
 To a lady of France, that he called Rosaline.

*Prin.* Thou hast mistaken his letter. Come,  
 lords, away.

Here, sweet, put up this ; 'twill be thine another  
 day. [Exit Princess attended.

*Boyet.* Who is the shooter ? who is the shooter ?

*Ros.* Shall I teach you to know ?

*Boyet.* Ay, my continent of beauty.

*Ros.* Why she that bears the bow.

Finely put off !

*Boyet.* My lady goes to kill horns ; but, if thou  
 marry,

Hang me by the neck, if horns that year miscarry.  
Finely put on!

*Ros.* Well then, I am the shooter.

*Boyet.* And who is your deer?

*Ros.* If we choofe by horns, yourself; come not near.

Finely put on, indeed!—

*Mar.* You still wrangle with her, Boyet, and she strikes at the brow.

*Boyet.* But she herself is hit lower; Have I hit her now?

*Ros.* Shall I come upon thee with an old saying, that was a man when king Pepin of France was a little boy, as touching the hit it?

*Boyet.* So I may answer thee with one as old, that was a woman when queen Guinever of Britain was a little wench, as touching the hit it?

*Ros.* Thou can'st not hit it, hit it, hit it. [*Singing.*  
Thou can'st not hit it, my good man.

*Boyet.* An I cannot, another can. [*Exit Ros. & Kat.*

*Cost.* By my troth, most pleasant! how both did fit it!

*Mar.* A mark marvellous well shot; for they both did hit it.

*Boyet.* A mark! O, mark but that mark; A mark, says my lady!

Let the mark have a prick in't, to mete at, if it may be.

*Mar.* Wide o' the bow hand! I' faith, your hand is out.

*Cost.* Indeed, a' must shoot nearer, or he'll ne'er hit the clout.

*Boyet.* An if my hand be out, then, belike your hand is in.

*Cost.* Then will she get the upshot by cleaving the pin.

*Mar.* Come, come, you talk greasily, your lips grow foul.

*Cost.* She's too hard for you at pricks, sir;—challenge her to bowl.

*Boyet.* I fear too much rubbing: Good night, my good owl. *[Exeunt all but Costard.]*

*Cost.* By my soul, a swain! a most simple clown! Lord, lord! how the ladies and I have put him down!

O' my troth, most sweet jests! most incony vulgar wit!

When it comes so smoothly off, so obscenely, as it were, so fit.

Armato o' the one side,—O, a most dainty man! To see him walk before a lady, and to bear her fan! To see him kiss his hand! and how most sweetly a' will swear!—

And his page o' t' other side, that handful of wit!

Ah, heavens, it is a most pathological nit!

Sola, sola!

*[Shouting within.]*

*[Exit Costard.]*

S C E N E II.

*Enter Dull, Holofernes, and Sir Nathaniel.*

*Nath.* Very reverend sport, truly; and done in the testimony of a good conscience.

*Hol.* The deer was, as you know, *sanguis*, in blood; ripe as a pomewater, who now hangeth like a jewel in the ear of Cælo,—the sky, the welkin, the heaven; and anon falleth like a crab, on the face of Terra,—the soil, the land, the earth.

*Nath.* Truly, master Holofernes, the epithets are sweetly varied, like a scholar at the least: But, sir, I assure ye, it was a buck of the first head.

*Hol.* Sir Nathaniel, *haud credo*.

*Dull.* 'Twas not a *haud credo*, 'twas a pricket.

*Hol.* Most barbarous intimation! yet a kind of insinuation, as it were, *in via*, in way, of explication; *facere*; as it were, replication; or rather, *ostentare*,



to shew, as it were, his inclination—after his undressed, unpolished, uneducated, unpruned, untrained, or rather unletter'd, or, ratherest, unconfirmed fashion,—to insert again my *haud credo* for a deer.

*Dull.* I said, the deer was not a *haud credo*; 'twas a pricket.

*Hol.* Twice sod simplicity, *his coctus*!—O thou monster ignorance, how deformed dost thou look?

*Nath.* Sir, he hath never fed on the dainties that are bred in a book; he hath not eat paper, as it were; he hath not drunk ink: his intellect is not replenished; he is only an animal, only sensible in the duller parts:

And such barren plants are set before us, that we thankful should be

(Which we of taste and feeling are) for those parts that do fructify in us more than he.  
For as it would ill become me to be vain, indiscreet, or a fool,

So were there a patch set on learning, to see him in a school:

But, *omne bene*, say I; being of an old father's mind,  
*Many can brook the weather, that love not the wind.*

*Dull.* You two are book-men; Can you tell by your wit,

What was a month old at Cain's birth, that's not five weeks old as yet?

*Hol.* Dictynna, good man Dull; Dictynna, good man Dull.

*Dull.* What is Dictynna?

*Nath.* A title to Phœbe, to Luna, to the moon.

*Hol.* The moon was a month old, when Adam was no more;

And raught not to five weeks, when he came to five-score.

The allusion holds in the exchange.

*Dull.* 'Tis true, indeed; the collusion holds in the exchange.

*Hol.* God comfort thy capacity! I say the allusion holds in the exchange.

*Dull.* And I say the pollution holds in the exchange; for the moon is never but a month old: and I say beside, that 'twas a pricket that the princess kill'd.

*Hol.* Sir Nathaniel, will you hear an extemporal epitaph on the death of the deer? and, to humour the ignorant, I have call'd the deer the princess kill'd, a pricket.

*Nath.* *Perge*, good master Holofernes, *perge*; so it shall please you to abrogate scurrility.

*Hol.* I will something affect the letter; for it argues facility.

*The praiseful princess pierc'd and prick'd a pretty pleasing pricket;*

*Some say, a fore; but not a fore, 'till now made fore with shooting:*

*The dogs did yell; put L to fore, then forel jumps from thicket;*

*Or pricket, fore, or else forel, the people fall a hooting. If fore be fore, then L to fore makes fifty fores: O fore L!*

*Of one fore I an hundred make, by adding but one more L.*

*Nath.* A rare talent!

*Dul.* If a talent be a claw, look how he claws him with a talent.

*Hol.* This is a gift that I have, simple, simple; a foolish, extravagant spirit, full of forms, figures, shapes, objects, ideas, apprehensions, motions, revolutions: these are begot in the ventricle of memory, nourished in the womb of *pia mater*, and delivered upon the mellowing of occasion: But the gift is good in those in whom it is acute, and I am thankful for it.

*Nath.* Sir, I praise the Lord for you; and so may my parishioners: for their sons are well tu-

tor'd by you, and their daughters profit very greatly under you: you are a good member of the commonwealth.

*Hol.* Mehercle, if their sons be ingenious, they shall want no instruction: if their daughters be capable, I will put it to them: But, *vir sapit qui pauca loquitur*: a soul feminine saluteth us.

*Enter Jaquenetta, and Costard.*

*Jaq.* God give you good-morrow, master parson.

*Hol.* Master parson,—*quasi* person. And if one should be pierc'd, which is the one?

*Cost.* Marry, master school-master, he that is likest to a hog'shead.

*Hol.* Of piercing a hog'shead! a good lustre of conceit in a turf of earth; fire enough for a flint, pearl enough for a swine; 'tis pretty; it is well.

*Jaq.* Good master parson, be so good as read me this letter: it was given me by Costard, and sent me from Don Armatho: I beseech you, read it.

*Hol.* *Fauste, precor gelidâ, quando pecus omne sub umbrâ*

*Ruminat*,—and so forth. Ah, good old Mantuan! I may speak of thee as the traveller doth of Venice;

—*Vinegia, Vinegia,*

*Chi non ti vidi, ei non te pregio.*

Old Mantuan! old Mantuan! Who understandeth thee not, loves thee not.—*Ut, re, sol, la, mi, fa.*—

Under pardon, sir, what are the contents? or, rather as Horace says in his—What, my soul, verses?

*Nath.* Ay, sir, and very learned.

*Hol.* Let me hear a staff, a stanza, a verse; *Lege domine.*

*Nath.* "If love make me forsworn, how shall I

"swear to love?

"Ah, never faith could hold, if not to beauty

"vowed!

"Though to myself forsworn, to thee I'll faithful

"prove;

- " Those thoughts to me were oaks, to thee like  
 " osiers bowed.  
 " Study his bias leaves, and make his book thine eyes;  
 " Where all those pleasures live, that art would  
 " comprehend:  
 " If knowledge be the mark, to know thee shall  
 " suffice;  
 " Well learned is that tongue, that well can thee  
 " commend:  
 " All ignorant that soul, that sees thee without  
 " wonder;  
 (" Which is to me some praise, that I thy parts  
 " admire)  
 " Thy eye Jove's lightning bears, thy voice his  
 " dreadful thunder,  
 " Which, not to anger bent, is music, and sweet  
 " fire.  
 " Celestial as thou art, oh pardon, love, this wrong,  
 " That sings the heaven's praise with such an  
 " earthly tongue!"

*Hol.* You find not the apostrophes, and so miss the accent: let me supervise the canzonet. Here are only numbers ratified; but, for the elegancy, facility, and golden cadence of poesy, *caret*. Ovidius Naso was the man: and why, indeed, Naso; but for smelling out the odoriferous flowers of fancy? the jerks of invention? *imitari*, is nothing; so doth the hound his master, the ape his keeper, the tired horse his rider. But damosella virgin, was this directed to you?

*Jaq.* Ay, sir, from one Monsieur Biron, one of the strange queen's lords.

*Hol.* I will overglance the superscript. " To the snow-white hand of the most beauteous lady Rosaline." I will look again on the intellect of the letter, for the nomination of the party writing to the person written unto;

" Your Ladyship's in all desired employment,  
 " BIRON."



Sir Nathaniel, this Biron is one of the votaries with the king : and here he hath fram'd a letter to a sequent of the stranger queen's, which, accidentally, or by the way of progression, hath miscarry'd.— Trip and go, my sweet ; deliver this paper into the royal hand of the king ; it may concern much ; Stay not thy compliment ; I forgive thy duty ; adieu.

*Jaq.* Good Costard, go with me.—Sir, God save your life !

*Cost.* Have with thee, my girl.

*Exeunt Cost. and Jaq.*

*Nath.* Sir, you have done this in the fear of God, very religiously ; and, as a certain father faith—

*Hol.* Sir, tell not me of the father, I do fear colourable colours. But, to return to the verses : Did they please you, Sir Nathaniel ?

*Nath.* Marvellous well for the pen.

*Hol.* I do dine to-day at the father's of a certain pupil of mine : where if (being repast) it shall please you to gratify the table with a grace, I will, on my privilege I have with the parents of the aforesaid child or pupil, undertake your *benvenuto* ; where I will prove those verses to be very unlearned, neither favouring of poetry, wit, nor invention : I beseech your society.

*Nath.* And thank you too : for society (faith the text) is the happiness of life.

*Hol.* And, certes, the text most infallibly concludes it.—Sir, I do invite you too ; [*To Dull.*] you shall not say me, nay : *pauca verba*. Away ; the gentles are at their game, and we will to our recreation.

[*Exeunt.*]

### S C E N E III.

*Enter Biron with a Paper.*

*Biron.* The king is hunting the deer ; I am coursing myself ; they have pitch'd a toil ; I am

toiling in a pitch ; pitch, that defiles ; defile ! a foul word. Well, Set thee down, sorrow ! for so, they say, the fool said, and so say I, and I the fool. Well prov'd, wit ! By the lord, this love is as mad as Ajax : it kills sheep ; it kills me, I a sheep : Well prov'd again on my side ! I will not love : if I do, hang me ; i' faith, I will not. O, but her eye,—by this light, but for her eye, I would not love her ; yes, for her two eyes. Well, I do nothing in the world but lie, and lie in my throat. By heaven I do love : and it hath taught me to rhyme, and to be melancholy ; and here is part of my rhyme, and here my melancholy. Well, she hath one o' my sonnets already ; the clown bore it, the fool sent it, and the lady hath it : sweet clown, sweeter fool, sweetest lady !—By the world, I would not care a pin, if the other three were in : Here comes one with a paper ; God give him grace to groan !  
[*He stands aside.*]

*Enter the King.*

*King.* Ay, me !

*Biron.* [*Aside.*] Shot, by heaven !—Proceed, sweet Cupid ; thou hast thump'd him with thy bird-bolt under the left pap :—I' faith, secrets.—

*King.* [*Reads.*] “ So sweet a kiss the golden sun  
“ gives not

“ To those fresh morning drops upon the rose,

“ As thy eye-beams when their fresh rays have  
“ smote

“ The night of dew that on my cheeks down  
“ flows :

“ Nor shines the silver moon one half so bright

“ Through the transparent bosom of the deep,

“ As doth thy face through tears of mine give  
“ light ;

“ Thou shin'st in every tear that I do weep :

“ No drop but as a coach doth carry thee,

" So ridest thou triumphing in my woe ;  
 " Do but behold the tears that swell in me,  
 " And they thy glory through my grief will  
 " shew :

" But do not love thyself ; then thou wilt keep  
 " My tears for glasses, and still make me weep.  
 " O queen of queens, how far dost thou excel !  
 " No thought can think, nor tongue of mortal  
 " tell—"

How shall she know my griefs ? I'll drop the paper ;  
 Sweet leaves, shade folly. Who is he comes here ?

[*The King steps aside.*]

*Enter Longaville.*

What, Longaville ! and reading ! listen, ear.

*Biron. (Aside.)* Now, in thy likeness, one more  
 fool appear !

*Long.* Ay me ! I am forsworn.

*Biron. (Aside.)* Why, he comes in like a perjure,  
 wearing papers.

*King. (Aside.)* In love, I hope ; sweet fellowship  
 in shame !

*Biron. (Aside.)* One drunkard loves another of the  
 name.

*Long. [Aside.]* Am I the first, that have been  
 perjur'd so ?

*Biron. [Aside.]* I could put thee in comfort ;  
 not by two, that I know :

Thou mak'st the triumvir, the corner-cap of society,  
 The shape of love's Tyburn that hangs up simplicity.

*Long.* I fear, these stubborn lines lack power to  
 move ;

O sweet Maria, empress of my love !

These numbers will I tear, and write in prose.

*Biron. [Aside.]* O, rhimes are guards on wanton  
 Cupid's hose :

Disfigure not his flop.

*Long.* This same shall go.—*He reads the sonnet.*

"Did not the heavenly rhetorick of thine eye

"('Gainst whom the world cannot hold argu-  
ment)

"Persuade my heart to this false perjury?

"Vows, for thee broke, deserve not punish-  
ment.

"A woman I forswore; but, I will prove,

"Thou being a goddess, I forswore not thee:

"My vow was earthly, thou a heavenly love;

"Thy grace being gain'd, cures all disgrace  
in me.

"Vows are but breath, and breath a vapour is:

"Then thou, fair sun, which on my earth  
doest shine,

"Exhal'st this vapour vow: in thee it is:

"If broken then, it is no fault of mine;

"If by me broke, what fool is not so wise,

"To loose an oath to win a paradise?"

*Biron.* [*Aside.*] This is the liver vein, which  
makes flesh a deity;

A green goose, a goddess: pure, pure idolatry.

God amend us, God amend! we are much out o' the  
way.

*Enter Dumain.*

*Long.* By whom shall I send this?—Company!  
stay. [*Stepping aside.*

*Biron.* [*Aside.*] All hid, all hid, an old infant play:  
Like a demy-god here sit I in the sky,  
And wretched fools' secrets heedfully o'er-eye,  
More facks to the mill! O heavens, I have my wish!  
Dumain transform'd, four woodcocks in a dish!

*Dum.* O most divine kate!

*Biron.* O most prophane coxcomb! [*Aside.*

*Dum.* By heaven, the wonder of a mortal eye!

*Biron.* By earth, she is not corporal; there you  
lie. [*Aside.*

*Dum.* Her amber hair for foul hath amber coted.

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*Biron.* An amber-coulour'd raven was well noted.

[*Aside.*

*Dum.* As upright as the cedar.

*Biron.* Stoop, I say;

Her shoulder is with child.

[*Aside.*

*Dum.* As fair as day.

*Biron.* Ay, as some days; but then no sun must shine.

[*Aside.*

*Dum.* O that I had my wish.

*Long.* And I had mine!

[*Aside.*

*King.* And I mine too, good Lord!

[*Aside.*

*Biron.* Amen, so I had mine: Is not that a good word?

[*Aside.*

*Dum.* I would forget her; but a fever she Reigns in my blood, and will remember'd be.

*Biron.* A fever in your blood! why then incision Would let her out in sawcers; Sweet misprision!

[*Aside.*

*Dum.* Once more I'll read the ode that I have writ.

*Biron.* Once more I'll mark how love can vary wit.

[*Aside.*

*Dumain reads his sonnet.*

" On a day, (alack the day!)

" Love, whose month is ever May,

" Spy'd a blossom, passing fair,

" Playing in the wanton air:

" Through the velvet leaves the wind,

" All unseen, 'gan passage find;

" That the lover, sick to death,

" Wish'd himself the heaven's breath.

" Air(*quoth he*) thy cheeks may blow;

" Air would I might triumph so!

" But, alack, my hand is sworn,

" Ne'er to pluck thee from thy thorn;

" Vow, alack, for youth unmeet;

" Youth so apt to pluck a sweet.

" Do not call it sin in me,

" That I am forsworn for thee:  
 " Thou, for whom even Jove would swear,  
 " Juno but an Ethiopè were;  
 " And deny himself for Jove,  
 " Turning mortal for thy love.—"

This will I send; and something else more plain;  
 That shall express my true love's fasting pain.  
 O, would the king, Biron, and Longaville,  
 Were lovers too! ill, to example ill,  
 Would from my forehead write a perjur'd note;  
 For none offend, where all alike do dote.

*Long.* Dumain, thy love is far from charity,  
 That in love's grief desir'st society: [*coming forward.*  
 You may look pale, but I should blush, I know,  
 To be o'er-heard, and taken napping so.

*King.* Come, sir, you blush; as his, your case is  
 such; [*coming forward.*  
 You chide at him, offending twice as much:  
 You do not love Maria? Longaville  
 Did never sonnet for her sake compile?  
 Nor never lay'd his wreathed arms athwart  
 His loving bosom, to keep down his heart?  
 I have been closely shrouded in this bush,  
 And mark'd you both, and for you both did blush.  
 I heard your guilty rhimes, observ'd your fashion;  
 Saw sighs reek from you, noted well your passion:  
 Ay me! says one, O Jove! the other cries;  
 Her hairs were gold, chrystal the other's eyes:  
 You would for paradise break faith and troth:

[*To Long.*  
 And Jove for your love, would infringe an oath.

[*To Dumain.*

What shall Biron say, when that he shall hear  
 A faith infringed, which such zeal did swear?  
 How will he scorn? how will he spend his wit?  
 How will he triumph, leap, and laugh at it?  
 For all the wealth that ever I did see,

I would not have him know so much by me.

*Biron.* Now step I forward to whip hypocrisy.—  
Ah, good my liege, I pray thee, pardon me:

[*Coming forward.*

Good heart, what grace hast thou, thus to reprove  
These worms for loving, that art most in love?

Your eyes do make no coaches; in your tears,

There is no certain princess that appears;

You'll not be perjur'd, 'tis a hateful thing;

Tush, none but minstrels like of sonneting.

But are you not ashamed? nay are you not,

All three of you, to be thus much o'er-shot?

You found his mote; the king your mote did see;

But I a beam do find in each of three.

O, what a scene of foolery I have seen,

Of sighs, of groans, of sorrow, and of teen!

O me, with what strict patience have I sat,

To see a king transformed to a knot!

To see great Hercules whipping a gig,

And profound Solomon turning a jig,

And Nestor play at push-pin with the boys,

And critic Timon laugh at idle toys!

Where lyes thy grief? O tell me good Dumain!

And, gentle Longaville, where lyes thy pain?

And where my liege's? all about the breast:—

Acaudle, ho!

*King.* Too bitter is thy jest.

Are we betray'd thus to thy over-view?

*Biron.* Not you by me, but I betray'd to you!

I, that am honest; I, that hold it sin

To break the vow I am engaged in;

I am betray'd, by keeping company

With men like men, of strange inconstancy,

When shall you see me write a thing in rhyme?

Or groan for Joan? or spend a minute's time

In pruning me? When shall you hear, that I

Will praise a hand, a foot, a face, an eye,

A gait, a state, a brow, a breast, a waist,

A leg, a limb?—

*King.* Soft; Whither away so fast?

A true man, or a thief, that gallops so?

*Biron.* I post from love; good lover, let me go.

*Enter Jaquenetta and Costard.*

*Jaq.* God blefs the king!

*King.* What present haft thou there?

*Cost.* Some certain treason.

*King.* What makes treason here?

*Cost.* Nay, it makes nothing, fir.

*King.* If it mar nothing neither,

The treason, and you, go in peace away together.

*Jaq.* I beseech your grace, let this letter be read;  
Our parson misdoubts it; it was treason, he said.

*King.* Biron read it over. [*He reads the letter.*]  
Where hadst thou it?

*Jaq.* Of Costard.

*King.* Where hadst thou it?

*Cost.* Of Dun Adramadio, Dun Adramadio.

*King.* How now! what is in you? why dost  
thou tear it?

*Biron.* A toy, my liege, a toy; your grace needs not  
fear it.

*Long.* It did move him to passion, and therefore  
let's hear it.

*Dum.* It is Biron's writing and here is his name.

*Biron.* Ah, you whoreson loggerhead, you were  
born to do me shame.— [*To Costard.*]

Guilty, my lord, guilty; I confess, I confess.

*King.* What?

*Biron.* That you three fools lack'd me fool to  
make up the mess.

He, he, and you, and you, my liege, and I,

Are pick-purses in love, and we deserve to die.

O, dismiss this audience, and I shall tell you more.

*Dum.* Now the number is even.

*Biron.* True, true; we are four:—

Will these turtles be gone?



*King.* Hence, firs; away.

*Cost.* Walk aside the true folk, and let the traitors stay. [*Exeunt Costard and Jaquenetta.*]

*Biron.* Sweet lords, sweet lovers. O let us embrace!

As true we are, as flesh and blood can be :  
The sea will ebb and flow, heaven will shew his face ;  
Young blood doth not obey an old decree :  
We cannot cross the cause why we were born ;  
Therefore, of all hands must we be forsworn.

*King.* What, did these rent lines shew some love of thine !

*Biron.* Did they, quoth you ? Who sees the heavenly Rosaline,

That, like a rude and savage man of Inde,  
At the first opening of the gorgeous east,  
Bows not his vassal head ; and, stricken blind,  
Kisses the base ground with obedient breast ?  
What peremptory eagle-sighted eye

Dares look upon the heaven of her brow,  
That is not blinded by her majesty ?

*King.* What zeal, what fury hath inspir'd thee now ?

My love, her mistress, is a gracious moon ;  
She, an attending star, scarce seen a light.

*Biron.* My eyes are then no eyes, nor I Biron :

O, but for my love, day would turn to night !  
Of all complexions the cull'd sovereignty

Do meet, as at a fair, in her fair cheek :  
Where several worthies make one dignity ;  
Where nothing wants, that want itself doth seek.

Lend me the flourish of all gentle tongues—  
Fye, painted rhetoric ! O, she needs it not :

To things of sale a seller's praise belongs ;  
She passes praise ; then praise too short doth blot.

A wither'd hermit, fivescore winters worn,  
Might shake off fifty looking in her eye :

Beauty doth varnish age, as if new born,

And gives the crutch the cradle's infancy.

O, 'tis the sun, that maketh all things shine!

*King.* By heaven, thy love is black as ebony.

*Biron.* Is ebony like her? O wood divine!

A wife of such wood were felicity.

O, who can give an oath? where is a book?

That I may swear, beauty doth beauty lack,  
If that she learn not of her eye to look?

No face is fair, that is not full so black.

*King.* O paradox! Black is the badge of hell,

The hue of dungeons, and the scowl of night;  
And beauty's crest becomes the heavens well.

*Biron.* Devils soonest tempt, resembling spirits  
of light.

O, if in black my lady's brow be deckt,

It mourns, that painting, and usurping hair,  
Should ravish doters with a false aspect;

And therefore is she born to make black fair.  
Her favour turns the fashion of the days;

For native blood is counted painting now:

And therefore red, that would avoid dispraise,

Paints itself black, to imitate her brow.

*Dum.* To look like her, are chimney-sweepers black.

*Long.* And, since her time, are colliers counted  
bright.

*King.* And Ethiops of their sweet complexion  
crack.

*Dum.* Dark needs no candles now, for dark is  
light.

*Biron.* Your mistresses dare never come in rain,

For fear their colours should be wash'd away.

*King.* 'Twere good, yours did; for, sir, to tell  
you plain,

I'll find a fairer face not wash'd to-day.

*Biron.* I'll prove her fair, or talk till dooms-day  
here.

*King.* No devil will fright thee then so much as she.

*Dum.* I never knew man hold vile stuff so dear.

*Long.* Look, here's thy love; my foot and her face see. *Shewing his shoe.*

*Biron.* O, if the streets were paved with thine eyes,  
Her feet were too much dainty for such tread!

*Dum.* O vile! then as she goes, what upward lies  
The street should see as she walk'd over head.

*King.* But what of this? Are we not all in love?

*Biron.* Nothing so sure; and thereby all forsworn.

*King.* Then leave this chat; and, good Biron,  
now prove

Our loving lawful, and our faith not torn.

*Dum.* Ay, marry, there—some flattery for this evil.

*Long.* O, some authority how to proceed;  
Some tricks, some quilllets, how to cheat the devil.

*Dum.* Some salve for perjury.

*Biron.* O, 'tis more than need!—

Have at you then, affection's men at arms:

Consider, what you first did swear unto;—

To fast,—to study,—and to see no woman;—

Flat treason 'gainst the kingly state of youth.

Say, can you fast? your stomachs are too young;

And abstinence engenders maladies.

And where that you have vow'd to study, lords,

In that each of you hath forsworn his book;

Can you still dream, and pore, and thereon look?

For when would you, my lord, or you, or you,

Have found the ground of study's excellence,

Without the beauty of a woman's face?

From woman's eyes this doctrine I derive:

They are the ground, the book, the academes,

From whence doth spring the true Promethean fire.

Why, universal plodding prisons up

The nimble spirits in the arteries;

As motion, and long-during action, tires

The sinewy vigour of the traveller.

Now, for not looking on a woman's face,

You have in that forsworn the use of eyes;

And study too, the causer of your vow;

For where is any author in the world,  
 Teaches such beauty as a woman's eye?  
 Learning is but an adjunct to ourself,  
 And where we are, our learning likewise is.  
 Then, when ourselves we see in ladies' eyes,  
 Do we not likewise see our learning there?  
 O, we have made a vow to study, lords?  
 And in that vow we have forsworn our books;  
 For when would you, my liege, or you, or you,  
 In leaden contemplation, have found out  
 Such fiery numbers, as the prompting eyes  
 Of beauteous tutors have enrich'd you with?  
 Other slow arts entirely keep the brain:  
 And therefore finding barren practisers,  
 Scarce shew a harvest of their heavy toil:  
 But, love, first learned in a lady's eyes,  
 Lives not alone immured in the brain;  
 But with the motion of all elements,  
 Courses as swift as thought in every power;  
 And gives to every power a double power,  
 Above their functions and their offices.  
 It adds a precious seeing to the eye,  
 A lover's eyes will gaze an eagle blind;  
 A lover's ear will hear the lowest sound,  
 When the suspicious head of theft is stopp'd:  
 Love's feeling is more soft, and sensible,  
 Than are the tender horns of cockled snails;  
 Love's tongue proves dainty Bacchus gross in taste;  
 For valour, is not love a Hercules,  
 Still climbing trees in the Hesperides!  
 Subtle as sphinx; as sweet and musical,  
 As bright Apollo's lute strung with his hair;  
 And, when love speaks, the voice of all the gods  
 Makes heaven drowsy with the harmony.  
 Never durst poet touch a pen to write,  
 Until his ink was temper'd with love's sighs;  
 O then his lines would ravish savage ears,  
 And plant in tyrants mild humility.  
 From women's eyes this doctrine I derive:



They sparkle still the right Promethean fire ;  
 They are the books, the arts, the academes,  
 That shew, contain, and nourish all the world ;  
 Else, none at all in aught proves excellent :  
 Then fools you were, these women to forswear ;  
 Or keeping what is sworn, you will prove fools.  
 For wildoms sake, a word that all men love ;  
 Or for loves sake, a word that loves all men ;  
 Or for men's sake, the authors of these women ;  
 Or women's sake, by whom we men are men ;  
 Let us once lose our oaths, to find ourselves,  
 Or else we lose ourselves to keep our oaths :  
 It is religion to be thus forsworn :  
 For charity itself fulfils the law ;  
 And who can sever love from charity ?

*King.* Saint Cupid, then ! and soldiers, to the field !

*Biron.* Advance your standards, and upon them,  
 lords ;

Pell-mell, down with them, but be first advis'd,  
 In conflict that you get the sun of them.

*Long.* Now to plain-dealing ; lay these glozes by :  
 Shall we resolve to woo these girls of France ?

*King.* And win them too : therefore let us devise  
 Some entertainment for them in their tents.

*Biron.* First, from the park let us conduct them  
 thither ;

Then, homeward, every man attach the hand  
 Of his fair mistress, in the afternoon  
 We will with some strange pastime solace them,  
 Such as the shortness of the time can shape ;  
 For revels, dances, masks, and merry hours,  
 Fore-run fair love, strewing her way with flowers.

*King.* Away, away ! no time shall be omitted,  
 That will be time, and may by us be fitted.

*Biron.* *Allons !—Allons !—*Sow'd cockle reap'd no  
 corn ;

And justice always whirls in equal measure :  
 Light wenches may prove plagues to men forsworn ;  
 If so, our copper buys no better treasure. [*Exeunt.*]

ACT V. SCENE I.

*The Street.*

*Enter Holofernes, Nathaniel and Dull.*

*Hol.* SATIS quod sufficit.

*Nath.* I praise God for you, Sir: your reasons at dinner have been sharp and sententious; pleasant without scurrility, witty without affection, audacious without impudency, learned without opinion, and strange without heresy. I did converse this quondam day with a companion of the king's, who is intituled, nominated, or called, Don Adriano de Armado.

*Hol.* Novi hominem tanquam te: His humour is lofty, his discourse peremptory, his tongue filed, his eye ambitious, his gait majestical, and his general behaviour vain, ridiculous, and thraasonical. He is too picked, too spruce, too affected, too odd, as it were; too peregrinate, as I may call it.

*Nath.* A most singular and choice epithet.

[*Draws out his table-book.*]

*Hol.* He draweth out the thread of his verbosity finer than the staple of his argument. I abhor such phanatical phantasms, such insociable and point-de-vise companions; such rackers of orthography, as to speak, doubt, fine, when he should say, doubt; det, when he should pronounce, debt; d, e, b, t; not d, e, t; he clepeth a calf, cauf; half, hauf; neighbour, vocatur, nebour; neigh, abbreviated, ne: This is abominable, (which he would call abominable) it insinuateth me of insanie: Ne intelligis, domine? To make frantick, lunatick?

*Nath.* Laus deo, bone intelligo.

*Hol.* Bone?—bone, for bene: Priscian a little scratch'd; 'twill serve.

*Enter Armado, Moth, and Costard.*

*Nath.* Videſne quis venit?

*Hol.* Video & gaudeo.

*Arm.* Chirra!

*Hol.* Quare Chirra, not firrah?

*Arm.* Men of peace, well encounter'd.

*Hol.* Most military fir, salutation.

*Moth.* They have been at a great feast of languages,  
and stohn the scraps. [To Costard aside.

*Cost.* O, they have liv'd long on the alms-basket  
of words! I marvel, thy master hath not eaten thee  
for a word; for thou art not so long by the head as  
*honorificabilitudinitatibus*: thou art easier swallowed  
than a flap-dragon.

*Moth.* Peace; the peal begins.

*Arm.* Monsieur, are you not letter'd?

*Moth.* Yes, yes; he teaches boys the horn-book:  
What is a, b, spelt backwards with a horn on his  
head?

*Hol.* Ba, *pueritia*, with a horn added.

*Moth.* Ba, most silly sheep, with a horn:—You  
hear his learning.

*Hol.* *Quis quis*, thou consonant?

*Moth.* The third of the five vowels, if you repeat  
them; or the fifth, if I.

*Hol.* I will repeat them, a, e, i.—

*Moth.* The sheep: the other two concludes it;  
e, u.

*Arm.* Now, by the salt wave of the Mediterra-  
neum, a sweet touch, a quick venew of wit: snip,  
snap, quick and home; it rejoiceth my intellect: true  
wit.

*Moth.* Offer'd by a child to an old man; which is  
wit-old.

*Hol.* What is the figure? what is the figure?

*Moth.* Horns.

*Hol.* Thou disputest like an infant: go, whip thy  
gigg.

*Moth.* Lend me your horn to make one, and I  
will whip about your infamy *circum circa*: A gigg  
of a cuckold's horn!

*Cost.* An I had but one penny in the world, thou shouldst have it to buy ginger-bread; hold, there is the very remuneration I had of thy master, thou half-penny purse of wit, thou pigeon-egg of discretion. O, an the heavens were so pleased, that thou wert but my bastard! what a joyful father wouldst thou make me? Go to; thou hast it *ad dunghill*, at the fingers' ends, as they say.

*Hol.* Oh, I smell false Latin; dunghill for *unguem*.

*Arm.* Arts-man, *præambula*; we will be singled from the barbarous. Do you not educate youth at the charge-house on the top of the mountain?

*Hol.* Or, *mons* the hill.

*Arm.* At your sweet pleasure, for the mountain.

*Hol.* I do, sans question.

*Arm.* Sir, it is the king's most sweet pleasure and affection, to congratulate the princess at her pavilion, in the posteriors of this day; which the rude multitude call, the afternoon.

*Hol.* The posterior of the day, most generous sir, is liable, congruent, and measureable for the afternoon: the word is well cull'd, chose; sweet and apt, I do assure you, sir, I do assure.

*Arm.* Sir, the king is a noble gentleman; and my familiar, I do assure you, very good friend:—For what is inward between us, let it pass:—I do beseech thee, remember thy courtesy:—I beseech thee, apparel thy head:—and among other importunate and most serious designs,—and of great import indeed, too;—but let that pass:—for I must tell thee, it will please his grace (by the world) sometime to lean upon my poor shoulder; and with his royal finger, thus, dally with my excrement, with my mustachio; but, sweet heart, let that pass. By the world, I recount no fable; some certain special honours it pleaseth his greatness to impart to Armado, a soldier, a man of travel, that hath seen the world: but let that pass.—The very all of all is,—but, sweet



heart, I do implore secrecy,—that the king would have me present the princess, sweet chuck, with some delightful ostentation, or show, or pageant, or antick, or fire-work. Now, understanding that the curate, and your sweet self, are good at such eruptions, and sudden breakings out of mirth, as it were, I have acquainted you withal, to the end to crave your assistance.

*Hol.* Sir, you shall present before her the nine worthies.—Sir Nathaniel, as concerning some entertainment of time, some show in the posterior of this day, to be render'd by our assistance,—at the king's command; and this most gallant, illustrate, and learned gentleman,—before the princess; I say, none so fit as to present the nine worthies.

*Nath.* Where will you find men worthy enough to present them?

*Hol.* Joshua, yourself; myself, or this gallant gentleman, Judas Maccabæus; this swain, because of his great limb or joint, shall pass Pompey the great; the page, Hercules.

*Arm.* Pardon, sir, error; he is not quantity enough for that worthy's thumb: he is not so big as the end of his club.

*Hol.* Shall I have audience? he shall present Hercules in minority: his *enter* and *exit* shall be strangling a snake; and I will have an apology for that purpose.

*Moth.* An excellent device! so, if any of the audience hiss, you may cry, *Well done, Hercules! now thou crushest the snake!* that is the way to make an offence gracious; though few have the grace to do it.

*Arm.* For the rest of the worthies?—

*Hol.* I will play three myself.

*Moth.* Thrice-worthy gentleman!

*Arm.* Shall I tell you a thing?

*Hol.* We attend.

*Arm.* We will have, if this sadge not, an antick.  
I beseech you, follow.

*Hol. Via,* goodman Dull ! thou hast spoken no word all this while.

*Dull.* Nor understood none neither, sir.

*Hol. Allens !* we will employ thee.

*Dull.* I'll make one in a dance or so ; or I will play on the tabor to the worthies, and let them dance the hay.

*Hol.* Most dull, honest Dull, to our sport away.

[*Exeunt.*]

S C E N E II.

*Before the Princess's Pavilion.*

*Enter Princess and Ladies.*

*Prin.* Sweet hearts, we shall be rich ere we depart,  
If fairings come thus plentifully in :

A lady wall'd about with diamonds !—

Look you, what I have from the loving king.

*Ros.* Madam, came nothing else along with that ?

*Prin.* Nothing but this ? yea, as much love in rhyme,  
As would be cramn'd up in a sheet of paper,  
Writ on both sides the leaf, margent and all ;  
That he was fain to seal on Cupid's name.

*Ros.* That was the way to make his god-head wax ;  
For he hath been five thousand years a boy.

*Kath.* Ay, and a shrewd unhappy gallows too.

*Ros.* You'll ne'er be friends, with him ; he kill'd  
your sister.

*Kath.* He made her melancholy, sad, and heavy ;  
And so she died : had she been light, like you,  
Of such a merry, nimble, stirring spirit,  
She might have been a grandam ere she dy'd :  
And so may you ; for a light heart lives long.

*Ros.* What's your dark meaning, mouse, of this  
light word ?

*Kath.* A light condition in a beauty dark.

*Ros.* We need more light to find your meaning out.

*Kath.* You'll mar the light, by taking it in snuff ;  
Therefore, I'll darkly end the argument.

*Ros.* Look, what you do, you do it still i' the dark.

*Kath.* So do not you; for you are a light wench.

*Ros.* Indeed, I weigh not you; and therefore light.

*Kath.* You weigh me not,—O, that's, you care not for me.

*Ros.* Great reason; for, Past cure is still past care.

*Prin.* Well bandied both; a set of wit well play'd.

But, Rosaline, you have a favour too:

Who sent it? and what is it?

*Ros.* I would, you knew;

And if my face were but as fair as yours,

My favour were as great; be witness this.

Nay, I have verses too, I thank Biron:

The numbers true; and, were the numb'ring too,

I were the fairest goddess on the ground:

I am compar'd to twenty thousand fairs.

O, he hath drawn my picture in his letter!

*Prin.* Any thing like?

*Ros.* Much, in the letters; nothing, in the praise.

*Prin.* Beauteous as ink; a good conclusion.

*Kath.* Fair as a text B in a copy-book.

*Ros.* 'Ware pencils! How? let me not die your debtor,

My red dominical, my golden letter:

O, that your face were not so full of O's!

*Kath.* Pox of that jest! and I beshrew all throws.

*Prin.* But what was sent to you from fair Dumain?

*Kath.* Madam, this glove.

*Prin.* Did he not send you twain?

*Kath.* Yes, madam; and moreover,

Some thousand verses of a faithful lover:

A huge translation of hypocrisy,

Vilely compil'd, profound simplicity.

*Mar.* This, and these pearls, to me sent Longaville;  
The letter is too long by half a mile.

*Prin.* I think no less; Dost thou not wish in heart,  
The chain were longer, and the letter short?

*Mar.* Ay, or I would these hands might never part.

*Prin.* We are wise girls, to mock our lovers so.

*Ros.* They are worse fools, to purchase mocking so.  
That same Biron I'll torture ere I go.

O, that I knew he were but in by the week !  
How I would make him fawn, and beg, and seek ;  
And wait the season, and observe the times,  
And spend his prodigal wits in bootless rhimes ;  
And shape his service all to my behests :  
And make him proud to make me proud that jests !  
So portent-like would I o'erfway his state,  
That he should be my fool, and I his fate.

*Prin.* None are so surely caught, when they are  
catch'd,  
As wit turn'd fool : folly, in wisdom hatch'd,  
Hath wisdom's warrant, and the help of school ;  
And wit's own grace to grace a learned fool.

*Ros.* The blood of youth, burns not with such  
excess,  
As gravity's revolt to wantonness.

*Mar.* Folly in fools bears not so strong a note,  
As foolery in the wise, when wit doth dote ;  
Since all the power thereof it doth apply,  
To prove, by wit, worth in simplicity.

*Enter Boyet.*

*Prin.* Here comes Boyet, and mirth is in his face.

*Boyet.* O, I am stabb'd with laughter ! Where's  
her grace ?

*Prin.* Thy news, Boyet ?

*Boyet.* Prepare, madam, prepare !——  
Arm, wenches, arm !—encounters mounted are  
Against your peace : Love doth approach disguis'd,  
Armed in arguments ; you'll be surpris'd :  
Must your wits ; stand in your own defence ;  
Or hide your heads like cowards, and fly hence.

*Prin.* St. Dennis to St. Cupid ! What are they,  
That charge their breath against us ? say, scout, say.

*Boyet.* Under the cool shade of a sycamore,



I thought to close my eyes some half an hour :  
 When, lo ! to interrupt my purpos'd rest,  
 Toward that shade I might behold addrest  
 The king and his companions : warily  
 I stole into a neighbour thicket by,  
 And overheard what you shall overhear ;  
 That, by and by, disguis'd they will be here.  
 Their herald is a pretty knavish page,  
 That well by heart hath conn'd his embassy :  
 Action, and accent, did they teach him there ;  
*Thus must thou speak, and thus thy body bear :*  
 And ever and anon they made a doubt,  
 Presence majestic would put him out ;  
*For, quoth the king, an angel shalt thou see ;*  
*Yet fear not thou, but speak audaciously :*  
 The boy reply'd, *An angel is not evil ;*  
*I should have fear'd her, had she been a devil.*  
 With that all laugh'd, and clapp'd him on the shoulder ;

Making the bold wag by their praises bolder.  
 One rubb'd his elbow, thus ; and fleer'd, and swore,  
 A better speech was never spoke before :  
 Another, with his finger and his thumb,  
 Cry'd, *Via ! we will do't, come what will come :*  
 The third he caper'd, and cry'd, *All goes well :*  
 The fourth turn'd on the toe, and down he fell.  
 With that, they all did tumble on the ground,  
 With such a zealous laughter, so profound,  
 That in this spleen ridiculous appears,  
 To check their folly, passion's solemn tears.

*Prin.* But what, but what, come they to visit us ?

*Boyet.* They do, they do ; and are apparel'd thus,  
 Like Muscovites, or Russians : as I guess,  
 Their purpose is, to parle, to court, and dance :  
 And every one his love-feat will advance  
 Unto his several mistress ; which they'll know  
 By favours several, which they did bestow.

*Prin.* And will they so ? the gallants shall be  
 talk'd :—

For ladies, we will every one be mask'd ;  
 And not a man of them shall have the grace,  
 Despight of suit, to see a lady's face.—  
 Hold, Rosaline, this favour thou shalt wear ;  
 And then the king will court thee for his dear :  
 Hold, take thou this, my sweet, and give me thine :  
 So shall Biron take me for Rosaline.—  
 And change your favours too : so shall your loves  
 Woo contrary, deceiv'd by these removes.

*Ros.* Come on then ; wear the favours most in sight.

*Kath.* But, in this changing, what is your intent ?

*Prin.* The effect of my intent is, to cross theirs ;  
 They do it but in mocking merriment ;  
 And mock for mock is only my intent.  
 Their several counsels they unbosom shall  
 To love's mistook ; and so be mock'd withal,  
 Upon the next occasion that we meet,  
 With visages display'd, to talk, and greet.

*Ros.* But shall we dance, if they desire us to't ?

*Prin.* No ; to the death, we will not move a foot :  
 Nor to their penn'd speech render we no grace ;  
 But, while 'tis spoke, each turn away her face.

*Boyet.* Why, that contempt will kill the speaker's  
 heart,  
 And quite divorce his memory from his part.

*Prin.* Therefore I do it ; and, I make no doubt,  
 The rest will ne'er come in, if he be out.  
 There's no such sport, as sport by sport o'erthrown ;  
 To make theirs ours, and ours none but our own :  
 So shall we stay, mocking intended game ;  
 And they, well mock'd, depart away with shame.

[*Sound.*

*Boyet.* The trumpet sounds : be mask'd, the  
 maskers come. [The ladies mask.

Enter the King, Biron, Longaville, and Dumain,  
 disguised like Moscovites ; Moth with music, &c.

*Moth.* " All hail, the richest beauties on the  
 earth !"

*Boyet.* Beauties no richer than rich taffata.

*Moth.* "A holy parcel of the fairest dames,

*[The ladies turn their backs to him.]*

"That ever turn'd their—backs—to mortal views."

*Biron.* Their eyes, villain, their eyes.

*Moth.* "That ever turn'd their eyes to mortal views!

"Out—"

*Boyet.* True; out, indeed.

*Moth.* "Out of your favours, heavenly spirits, vouchsafe

"Not to behold—"

*Biron.* Once to behold, rogue.

*Moth.* "Once to behold with your sun-beamed eyes,

"With your sun-beamed eyes—"

*Boyet.* They will not answer to that epithet;

You were best call it daughter-beamed eyes.

*Moth.* They do not mark me, and that brings me out.

*Biron.* Is this your perfectness? be gone, you rogue.

*Ros.* What would these strangers? know their minds, Boyet:

If they do speak our language, 'tis our will

That some plain man recount their purposes:

Know what they would.

*Boyet.* What would you with the princess?

*Biron.* Nothing but peace and gentle visitation.

*Ros.* What would they, say they?

*Boyet.* Nothing but peace and gentle visitation.

*Ros.* Why, that they have; and bid them so be gone.

*Boyet.* She says, you have it, and you may be gone.

*King.* Say to her, we have measured many miles, To tread a measure with her on this grass.

*Boyet.* They say, that they have measur'd many a mile,

To tread a measure with you on this grass.

*Ros.* It is not so: Ask them, how many inches  
Is in one mile: if they have measur'd many,  
The measure then of one is easily told.

*Boyet.* If, to come hither you have measur'd  
miles,

And many miles; the princess bids you tell,  
How many inches do fill up one mile.

*Biron.* Tell her, we measure them by weary steps.

*Boyet:* She hears herself.

*Ros.* How many weary steps,  
Of many weary miles you have o'ergone,  
Are number'd in the travel of one mile?

*Biron.* We number nothing that we spend for you;  
Our duty is so rich, so infinite,  
That we may do it still without accmpt.  
Vouchsafe to shew the sunshine of your face,  
That we, like savages, may worship it.

*Ros.* My face is but a moon, and clouded too.

*King.* Blessed are clouds, to do as such clouds do!  
Vouchsafe, bright moon, and these thy stars, to shine  
Those clouds remov'd) upon our watery eyne.

*Ros.* O vain petitioner! beg a greater matter;  
Thou now request'st but moon-shine in the water.

*King.* Then in our measure do but vouchsafe one  
change:

Thou bid'st me beg; this begging is not strange.

*Ros.* Play, music, then: nay, you must do it soon.  
Not yet;—no dance:—thus change I like the moon.

*King.* Will you not dance? How come you thus  
estrang'd?

*Ros.* You took the moon at full; but now she's  
chang'd.

*King.* Yet still she is the moon, and I the man.  
The music plays; vouchsafe some motion to it.

*Ros.* Our ears vouchsafe it.

*King.* But yet your legs should do it.



*Ros.* Since you are strangers, and come here by chance,

We'll not be nice: take hands;—we will not dance.

*King.* Why take you hands then?

*Ros.* Only to part friends:—

Court'ly, sweet hearts; and so the measure ends.

*King.* More measure of this measure; be not nice.

*Ros.* We can afford no more at such a price.

*King.* Prize yourselves then; What buys your company?

*Ros.* Your absence only.

*King.* That can never be.

*Ros.* Then cannot we be bought: And so adieu:  
Twice to your visor, and half once to you!

*King.* If you deny to dance, let's hold more chat.

*Ros.* In private then.

*King.* I am best pleas'd with that.

*Biron.* White-handed mistress, one sweet word  
with thee.

*Prin.* Honey, and milk, and sugar; there is three.

*Biron.* Nay, then, two treys, (an if you grow sonice,)  
Metheglin, wort, and malmsey:—Well run, dice!  
There's half a dozen sweets.

*Prin.* Seventh sweet, adieu!

Since you can cog, I'll play no more with you.

*Biron.* One word in secret.

*Prin.* Let it not be sweet.

*Biron.* Thou griev'st my gall.

*Prin.* Gall? bitter.

*Biron.* Therefore meet.

*Dum.* Will you vouchsafe with me to change a  
word?

*Mar.* Name it.

*Dum.* Fair lady,—

*Mar.* Say you so?—fair lord,—

Take that for your fair lady.

*Dum.* Please it you,

As much in private, and I'll bid adieu.

*Kath.* What, was your visor made without a tongue?

*Long.* I know the reason, lady, why you ask.

*Kath.* O, for your reason! quickly, sir; I long.

*Long.* You have a double tongue within your mask,  
And would afford my speechless visor half.

*Kath.* Veal, quoth the Dutchman;—Is not veal  
a calf?

*Long.* A calf, fair lady?

*Kath.* No, a fair lord calf.

*Long.* Let's part the word.

*Kath.* No, I'll not be your half:

Take all, and wean it; it may prove an ox.

*Long.* Look, how you butt yourself in these sharp  
mocks!

Will you give horns, chaste lady? do not so.

*Kath.* Then die a calf before your horns do grow.

*Long.* One word in private with you, ere I die.

*Kath.* Bleat softly then, the butcher hears you cry.

*Boyet.* The tongues of mocking wenches are as keen

As is the razor's edge invisible,

Cutting a smaller hair than may be seen;

Above the sense of sense; so sensible

Seemeth their conference; their conceits have wings,  
Fleeter than arrows, bullets, wind, thought, swifter  
things.

*Ros.* Not one word more, my maids; break off,  
break off.

*Biron.* By heaven, all dry-beaten with pure scoff!

*King.* Farewell, mad wenches; you have simple  
wits. [Exit king, and lords.]

*Prin.* Twenty adieus, my frozen Muscovites.—  
Are these the breed of wits so wondered at?

*Boyet.* Tapers they are, with your sweet breaths  
puff'd out.

*Ros.* Well-liking wits they have; gross, gross;  
fat, fat.

*Prin.* O poverty in wit, kingly-poor flout!  
Will they not, think you, hang themselves to-night?

Or ever, but in visors, shew their faces?

This pert Biron was out of countenance quite.

*Ros.* O! they were all in lamentable cases!

The king was weeping ripe for a good word.

*Prin.* Biron did swear himself out of all suit.

*Mar.* Dumain was at my service, and his sword:

No, *point*, quoth I; my servant strait was mute.

*Kath.* Lord Longaville said, I came o'er his heart,  
And trow you, what he call'd me?

*Prin.* Qualm, perhaps.

*Kath.* Yes, in good faith.

*Prin.* Go, sickness as thou art!

*Ros.* Well, better wits have worn plain statute-caps.

But will you hear? the king is my love sworn.

*Prin.* And quick Biron hath plighted faith to me.

*Kath.* And Longaville was for my service born.

*Mar.* Dumain is mine as sure as bark on tree.

*Boyet.* Madam, and pretty mistresses, give ear:

Immediately they will again be here

In their own shapes; for it can never be,

They will digest this harsh indignity.

*Prin.* Will they return?

*Boyet.* They will, they will, God knows;

And leap for joy, though they are lame with blows:

Therefore, change favours; and, when they repair,  
Blow like sweet roses in this summer air.

*Prin.* How, blow? how, blow? speak to be understood.

*Boyet.* Fair ladies, mask'd, are roses in their bud;  
Dis-mask'd, their damask sweet commixture shown,  
Are angels veiling clouds, or roses blown.

*Prin.* Avaunt perplexity! What shall we do  
If they return in their own shapes to woo?

*Ros.* Good madam, if by me you'll be advis'd,  
Let's mock them still, as well known, as disguis'd:  
Let us complain to them what fools were here,  
Disguis'd like Muscovites, in shapeless gear;

And wonder, what they were; and to what end  
Their shallow shows, and prologue vilely penn'd,  
And their rough carriage so ridiculous,  
Should be presented at our tent to us.

*Boyet.* Ladies, withdraw; the gallants are at hand.

*Prin.* Whip to our tents, as roes run o'er the land.

[*Exeunt ladies.*]

*Enter the King, Biron, Longaville, and Dumain, in  
their own habits.*

*King.* Fair sir, God save you! Where's the princess?

*Boyet.* Gone to her tent: Please it your majesty,  
Command me any service to her?

*King.* That she vouchsafe me audience for one  
word.

*Boyet.* I will: and so will she, I know, my lord.

[*Exit.*]

*Biron.* This fellow picks up wit, as pigeons peas;  
And utters it again, when Jove doth please:  
He is wit's pedlar! and retails his wares  
At wakes, and wassels meetings, markets, fairs;  
And we that sell by gross, the Lord doth know,  
Have not the grace to grace it with such show.  
This gallant pins the wenches on his sleeve;  
Had he been Adam, he had tempted Eve:  
He can carve too, and lisp: Why, this is he,  
That kiss'd away his hand in courtesy;  
This is the ape of form, monsieur the nice,  
That, when he plays at tables, chides the dice  
In honourable terms; nay, he can sing  
A mean most meanly; and, in ushering,  
Mend him who can: the ladies call him sweet;  
The stairs, as he treads on them, kiss his feet:  
This is the flower that smiles on every one,  
To shew his teeth as white as whale his bone.  
And consciences, that will not die in debt,  
Pay him the due of honey-tongued Boyet.



*King.* A blister on his sweet tongue, with my heart,  
That put Armado's page out of his part!

*Enter the Princess, Rosaline, Maria, Katharine,  
Boyet, and attendants.*

*Biron.* See, where it comes!—Behaviour, what wert thou,  
Till this mad man shew'd thee? and what art thou now?

*King.* All hail, sweet madam, and fair time of day!

*Prin.* Fair, in all hail, is foul, as I conceive.

*King.* Construe my speeches better, if you may.

*Prin.* Then wish me better, I will give you leave.

*King.* We came to visit you; and purpose now to lead you to our court: vouchsafe it then.

*Prin.* This field shall hold me; and so hold your vow:

Nor God, nor I, delight in perjur'd men.

*King.* Rebuke me not for that which you provoke,  
The virtue of your eye must break my oath.

*Prin.* You nick-name virtue; vice you should have spoke;

For virtue's office never breaks men's troth.  
Now, by my maiden honour, yet as pure

As the unfully'd lily, I protest,

A world of torments though I should endure,

I would not yield to be your house's guest:

So much I hate a breaking cause to be  
Of heavenly oaths, vow'd with integrity.

*King.* O, you have liv'd in desolation here,

Unseen, unvisited, much to our shame.

*Prin.* Not so, my lord; it is not so, I swear;

We have had pastimes here, and pleasant game;

A mess of Russians left us but of late.

*King.* How, madam? Russians?

*Prin.* Ay, in truth, my lord;

Trim gallants, full of courtship, and of state.

*Ros.* Madam, speak true:—It is not so, my lord;  
My lady, (to the manner of these days)  
In courtesy, gives undeserving praise.  
We four, indeed, confronted were with four  
In Russian habit: here they stay'd an hour,  
And talk'd apace; and in that hour, my lord,  
They did not bless us with one happy word.  
I dare not call them fools; but this I think,

When they are thirsty, fools would fain have drink.

*Biron.* This jest is dry to me.—Fair, gentle, sweet,  
Your wit makes wise things foolish: when we greet  
With eyes best seeing heaven's fiery eye,  
By light we lose light: Your capacity  
Is of that nature, that to your huge store  
Wise things seem foolish, and rich things but poor.

*Ros.* This proves you wise and rich; for in my eye—

*Biron.* I am a fool, and full of poverty.

*Ros.* But that you take what doth to you belong,  
It were a fault to snatch words from my tongue.

*Biron.* O, I am yours, and all that I possess.

*Ros.* All the fool mine?

*Biron.* I cannot give you less.

*Ros.* Which of the visors was it that you wore?

*Biron.* Where? when? what visor? why demand  
you this?

*Ros.* There, then, that visor; that superfluous case,  
That hid the worse, and shew'd the better face.

*King.* We are descry'd: they'll mock us now  
downright.

*Dum.* Let us confess, and turn it to a jest.

*Prin.* Amaz'd, my lord! Why looks your high-  
ness sad?

*Ros.* Help, hold his brows! he'll swoon! Why  
look you pale?—

Sea-sick, I think, coming from Muscovy.

*Biron.* Thus pour the stars down plagues for  
perjury.

Can any face of brass hold longer out?—

Here stand I, lady; dart thy skill at me;  
 Bruise me with scorn, confound me with a flout;  
 Thrust thy sharp wit quite through my ignorance;  
 Cut me to pieces with thy keen conceit;  
 And I will wish thee never more to dance,  
 Nor never more in Russian habit wait.  
 O! never will I trust to speeches penn'd,  
 Nor to the motion of a school-boy's tongue;  
 Nor never come in visor to my friend;  
 Nor woo in rhyme, like a blind harper's song:  
 Taffata phrales, filken terms precise,  
 Three-pil'd hyperboles, spruce affectation,  
 Figures pedantical; these summer flies  
 Have blown me full of maggot ostentation:  
 I do forswear them: and I here protest,  
 By this white glove, (how white the hand,  
 God knows!)

Henceforth my wooing mind shall be express'd  
 In russet yeas, and honest kersey noes;  
 And to begin, wench,—so God help me, la!—  
 My love to thee is sound, sans crack or flaw.

*Ros.* Sans sans, I pray you.

*Biron.* Yet I have a trick  
 Of the old rage:—bear with me, I am sick;  
 I'll leave it by degrees. Soft, let us see;—  
 Write, *Lord have mercy on us*, on those three;  
 They are infected, in their hearts it lies;  
 They have the plague, and caught it of your eyes:  
 These lords are visited; you are not free,  
 For the Lord's tokens on you do I see.

*Prin.* No, they are free, that gave those tokens to  
 us.

*Biron.* Our states are forfeit, seek not to undo us.

*Ros.* It is not so: For how can this be true,  
 That you stand forfeit, being those that sue?

*Biron.* Peace; for I will not have to do with you.

*Ros.* Nor shall not, if I do as I intend.

*Biron.* Speak for yourselves, my wit is at an end.

*King.* Teach us, sweet madam, for our rude transgression  
Some fair excuse.

*Prin.* The fairest is confession.  
Were you not here, but even now, disguis'd?

*King.* Madam, I was.

*Prin.* And were you well advis'd?

*King.* I was, fair madam.

*Prin.* When you then were here,  
What did you whisper in your lady's ear?

*King.* That more than all the world I did respect  
her.

*Prin.* When she shall challenge this, you will  
reject her.

*King.* Upon mine honour, no.

*Prin.* Peace, peace, forbear;  
Your oath broke once, you force not to forswear.

*King.* Despise me, when I break this oath of mine.

*Prin.* I will; and therefore keep it;—Rosaline,  
What did the Russian whisper in your ear?

*Ros.* Madam, he swore, that he did hold me dear  
As precious eye-sight; and did value me  
Above this world: adding thereto, moreover,  
That he would wed me, or else die my lover.

*Prin.* God give thee joy of him! the noble lord  
Most honourably doth uphold his word.

*King.* What mean you, madam? by my life, my  
troth,

I never swore this lady such an oath.

*Ros.* By heaven you did; and to confirm it plain,  
You gave me this; but take it, sir, again.

*King.* My faith, and this, the princess I did give:  
I knew her by this jewel on her sleeve.

*Prin.* Pardon me, sir, this jewel did she wear;  
And lord Biron, I thank him, is my dear.—  
What; will you have me, or your pearl again?

*Biron.* Neither of either; I remit both twain.—  
I see the trick on't;—Here was a consent,



(Knowing beforehand of our merriment) I  
 To dash it like a Christmas comedy:  
 Some carry-tale, some please-man, some flight zany,  
 Some mumble-news, some trencher-knight, some  
 Dick,——  
 That smiles his cheek in years; and knows the trick  
 To make my lady laugh, when she's dispos'd,—  
 Told our intents before: which once disclos'd,  
 The ladies did change favours; and then we,  
 Following the signs, woo'd but the sign of she.  
 Now, to our perjury to add more terror,  
 We are again forsworn; in will, and error.  
 Much upon this it is:—And might not you

[To Boyet.

Forestal our sport, to make us thus untrue?  
 Do not you know my lady's foot by the squier,  
 And laugh upon the apple of her eye?  
 And stand between her back, fir, and the fire,  
 Holding a trencher, jesting merrily?  
 You put our page out; Go, you are allow'd;  
 Die when you will, a smock shall be your shrowd,  
 You leer upon me, do you? there's an eye,  
 Wounds like a leaden sword:

Boyet. Full merrily

Hath this brave manage, this career, been run.

Biron. Lo, he is tilting straight! Peace; I have done.

*Enter Costard.*

Welcome, pure wit! thou partest a fair fray.

Cost. O lord, fir, they would know,  
 Whether the three worthies shall come in, or no.

Biron. What, are there but three?

Cost. No, fir; but it is very fine,  
 For every one pursents three.

Biron. And three times thrice is nine.

Cost. Not so, fir; under correction, fir; I hope  
 it is not so:

You cannot beg us, fir, I can assure you, fir; we know what we know:

I hope, fir, three times thrice, fir, —

*Biron.* Is not nine.

*Cost.* Under correction, fir, we know whereuntil it doth amount.

*Biron.* By Jove, I always took three threes for nine.

*Cost.* O Lord, fir, it were pity you, should get your living by reckoning, fir.

*Biron.* How much is it?

*Cost.* O Lord, fir, the parties themselves, the actors, fir, will shew whereuntil it doth amount: for my own part, I am, as they say, but to perfect one man in one poor man; Pompion the great, fir,

*Biron.* Art thou one of the worthies?

*Cost.* It pleased them, to think me worthy of Pompion the great: for mine own part, I know not the degree of the worthy; but I am to stand for him.

*Biron.* Go, bid them prepare.

*Cost.* We will turn it finely off, fir, we will take some care.

*King.* Biron, they will shame us, let them not approach.

[*Exit Costard.*]

*Biron.* We are shame-proof, my lord: and 'tis some policy

To have one show worse than the king's and his company.

*King.* I say, they shall not come.

*Prin.* Nay, my good lord, let me o'er-rule you now;

That sport best pleases, that doth least know how:  
Where zeal strives to content, and the contents

Dies in the zeal of that which it presents,

There form confounded makes most form in mirth  
When great things labouring perish in their birth.

*Biron.* A right description of our sport, my lord.

*Enter Armado.*

*Arm.* Anointed, I implore so much expence of thy royal sweet breath as will utter a brace of words.

[*Converses apart with the King.*]

*Prin.* Doth this man serve God?

*Biron.* Why ask you?

*Prin.* He speaks not like a man of God's making.

*Arm.* That's all one, my fair, sweet, honey monarch: for, I protest, the school-master is exceeding fantastical; too, too vain; too, too vain; But we will put it, as they say, to *fortuna della guerra*. I wish you the peace of mind, most royal complement!

*King.* Here is like to be a good presence of worthies: He presents Hector of Troy; the swain, Pompey the great; the parish curate, Alexander, Armado's page, Hercules; the pedant, Judas Macchabæus. And if these four worthies in their first show thrive, These four will change habits, and present the other five.

*Biron.* There is five in the first show.

*King.* You are deceiv'd, 'tis not so.

*Biron.* The pedant, the braggart, the hedge-priest, the fool, and the boy:—

A bare throw at novum; and the whole world again, Cannot prick out five such, take each one in his vein.

*King.* The ship is under sail, and here she comes amain. [*Pageant of the Nine Worthies.*]

*Enter Costard for Pompey.*

*Cost.* "I Pompey am;"—

*Boyet.* You lie, you are not he.

*Cost.* "I Pompey am,"—

*Boyet.* With libbard's head on knee.

*Biron.* Well said, old mocker; I must needs be friends with thee.

*Cost.* "I Pompey am, Pompey furnamed the Big,"—

*Dum.* The great.

*Cost.* It is great, sir;—"Pompey furnam'd the great;  
 " That oft in field, with targe and shield, did make  
 my foe to sweat;  
 " And, travelling along this coast, I here am come  
 by chance;  
 " And lay my arms before the legs of this sweet  
 lass of France."

If your ladyship would say, *Thanks, Pompey*, I had  
 done.

*Prin.* Great thanks, great Pompey.

*Cost.* 'Tis not so much worth; but, I hope, I was  
 perfect: I made a little fault in, *great*.

*Biron.* My hat to a half-penny, Pompey proves  
 the best worthy.

*Enter Nathaniel for Alexander.*

*Nath.* "When in the world I liv'd, I was the  
 world's commander;

"By east, west, north, and south, I spread my con-  
 quering might:

"My scutcheon plain declares, that I am Alifander."

*Boyet.* Your nose says, no, you are not; for it  
 stands too right.

*Biron.* Your nose smells, no, in this most tender  
 smelling knight,

*Prin.* The conqueror is dismay'd: Proceed, good  
 Alexander.

*Nath.* "When in the world I liv'd, I was the  
 world's commander."—

*Boyet.* Most true, 'tis right; you were so, Alifander.

*Biron.* Pompey the great,—

*Cost.* Your servant, and Costard.

*Biron.* Take away the conquerer, take away Ali-  
 fander.

*Cost.* O, sir, you have overthrown Alifander the  
 conquerer! [*To Nath.*] You will be scraped out of  
 the painted cloth for this: your lion, that holds his  
 poll-ax sitting on a close-stool, will be given to A-



jax; he will then be the ninth worthy. A conquerer, and afeard to speak! run away for shame, Alifander. [*Exit Nath.*] There, an't shall please you! a foolish mild man, an honest man, look you, and soon dash'd! He is a marvellous good neighbour in sooth; and a very good bowler: but for Alifander, alas, you see, how 'tis;—a little o'erparted:—But there are worthies a-coming will speak their mind in some other sort.

*Biron.* Stand aside, good Pompey.

*Enter Holofernes for Judas, and Moth for Hercules.*

*Hol.* "Great Hercules is presented by this imp,  
" Whose club kill'd Cerberus, that three-headed  
" *canus*;

" And, when he was a babe, a child, a shrimp,

" Thus did he strangle serpents in his *manus*;

" *Quoniam*, he seemeth in minority;

" *Ergo*, I come with this apology."—

[*To Moth.*] Keep some state in thy *exit*, and vanish.

*Hol.* Judas I am,"—

[*Exit Moth.*]

*Dum.* A Judas!

*Hol.* Not Iscariot, fir.—

" Judas I am, ycleped Macchabæus."

*Dum.* Judas Macchabæus clipt, is plain Judas.

*Biron.* A kissing traitor:—How art thou prov'd  
Judas?

*Hol.* Judas I am,"—

*Dum.* The more shame for you, Judas.

*Hol.* What mean you, fir?

*Boyet.* To make Judas hang himself.

*Hol.* Begin, fir; you are my elder.

*Biron.* Well follow'd; Judas was hang'd on an  
elder.

*Hol.* I will not be put out of countenance.

*Biron.* Because thou hast no face.

*Hol.* What is this?

*Boyet.* A cittern head.

*Dum.* The head of a bodkin.

*Biron.* A death's face in a ring.

*Long.* The face of an old Roman coin, scarce seen.

*Boyet.* The pummel of Cæsar's faulchion.

*Dum.* The carv'd-bone face on a flask.

*Biron.* St. George's half-cheek in a brooch.

*Dum.* Ay, and in a brooch of lead.

*Biron.* Ay, and worn in the cap of a tooth-drawer ;  
And now, forward ; for we have put thee in countenance.

*Hol.* You have put me out of countenance.

*Biron.* False ; we have given thee faces.

*Hol.* But you have out-fac'd them all.

*Biron.* An thou wert a lion, we would do so.

*Boyet.* Therefore, as he is, an ass, let him go.

And so adieu, sweet Jude ! nay, why dost thou stay ?

*Dum.* For the latter end of his name.

*Biron.* For the ass to the Jude ; give it him :—  
Judas, away.

*Hol.* This is not generous, not gentle, not humble.

*Boyet.* A light for monsieur Judas ; it grows dark,  
he may stumble.

*Prin.* Alas, poor Macchabæus, how he hath been  
baited !

*Enter Armado, for Hector.*

*Biron.* Hide thy head, Achilles ; here comes  
Hector in arms.

*Dum.* Though my mocks come home by me, I  
will now be merry.

*King.* Hector was but a Trojan in respect of this.

*Boyet.* But is this Hector ?

*Dum.* I think, Hector was not so clean timber'd.

*Long.* His leg is big for Hector.

*Dum.* More calf, certain.

*Boyet.* No ; he is best indu'd in the small.

*Biron.* This can't be Hector.

*Dum.* He's a god or a painter ; for he makes faces.

*Arm.* "The armipotent Mars, of lances the almighty,

"Gave Hector a gift,—"

*Dum.* A gilt nutmeg.

*Biron.* A lemon.

*Long.* Stuck with cloves.

*Dum.* No, cloven.

*Arm.* Peace! "The armipotent Mars, of lances the almighty,

"Gave Hector a gift, the heir of Ilion!

"A man so breath'd, that, certain he would fight, yea,

"From morn till night, out of his pavilion.

"I am that flower,—"

*Dum.* That mint.

*Long.* That columbine.

*Arm.* Sweet lord Longaville, rein thy tongue.

*Long.* I must rather give it the rein; for it runs against Hector.

*Dum.* Ay, and Hector's a greyhound.

*Arm.* The sweet war-man is dead and rotten; sweet chucks, beat not the bones of the buried: when he breath'd, he was a man—But I will forward with my device; [*To the Princesses.*] sweet royalty, bestow on me the sense of hearing.

*Prin.* Speak, brave Hector; we are much delighted.

*Arm.* I do adore thy sweet grace's slipper.

*Boyet.* Loves her by the foot.

*Dum.* He may not by the yard.

*Arm.* "This Hector far surmounted Hannibal,—"

*Cost.* The party is gone, fellow Hector, she is gone, she is two months on her way.

*Arm.* What mean'st thou?

*Cost.* Faith, unless you play the honest Trojan, the poor wench is cast away: she's quick; the child brags in her belly already; 'tis yours.

*Arm.* Dost thou infamozize me among potentates? thou shalt die.

*Cost.* Then shall Hector be whipp'd, for Jaquenetta that is quick by him; and hang'd, for Pompey that is dead by him.

*Dum.* Most rare Pompey!

*Boyet.* Renowned Pompey!

*Biron.* Greater than great, great, great, great Pompey! Pompey the huge!

*Dum.* Hector trembles.

*Biron.* Pompey is mov'd:—More Ates, more Ates; stir them on, stir them on!

*Dum.* Hector will challenge him.

*Biron.* Ay, if he have no more man's blood in's belly than will sup a flea.

*Arm.* By the north pole, I do challenge thee.

*Cost.* I will not fight with a pole, like a northern man: I'll slash; I'll do't by the sword:—I pray you, let me borrow my arms again.

*Dum.* Room for the incensed worthies.

*Cost.* I'll do it in my shirt.

*Dum.* Most resolute Pompey!

*Moth.* Master, let me take you a button-hole lower. Do you not see, Pompey is uncasing for the combat? What mean you? you will lose your reputation.

*Arm.* Gentlemen, and soldiers, pardon me; I will not combat in my shirt.

*Dum.* You may not deny it; Pompey hath made the challenge.

*Arm.* Sweet bloods, I both may and will.

*Biron.* What reason have you for't?

*Arm.* The naked truth of it is, I have no shirt; I go woolward for penance.

*Boyet.* True, and it was enjoin'd him in Rome for want of linen: since when, I'll be sworn, he wore none, but a dish-clout of Jaquenetta's; and that a' wears next his heart for a favour.

*Enter Mercade.*

*Mer.* God save you, madam!

*Prin.* Welcome, Mercade;

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P



But that thou interrupt'st our merriment.

*Mer.* I am sorry, madam; for the news I bring,  
Is heavy in my tongue. The king your father—

*Prin.* Dead, for my life.

*Mer.* Even so: my tale is told.

*Biron.* Worthies, away; the scene begins to cloud.

*Arm.* For mine own part, I breathe free breath:  
I have seen the days of wrong through the little  
hole of discretion, and I will right myself like a  
soldier.

[*Exeunt Worthies.*]

*King.* How fares your majesty?

*Prin.* Boyet, prepare; I will away to-night.

*King.* Madam, not so; I do beseech you, stay.

*Prin.* Prepare, I say.—I thank you, gracious lords,  
For all your fair endeavours; and entreat,  
Out of a new-fad soul, that you vouchsafe,  
In your rich wisdom, to excuse, or hide,  
The liberal opposition of our spirits:  
If over-boldly we have borne ourselves  
In the converse of breath, your gentleness  
Was guilty of it.—Farewell, worthy lord!  
A heavy heart bears not an humble tongue:  
Excuse me so, coming so short of thanks  
For my great suit so easily obtain'd.

*King.* The extreme parts of time extremely forms  
All causes to the purpose of his speed;  
And often, at his very loose, decides  
That which long process could not arbitrate:  
And though the mourning brow of progeny  
Forbid the smiling courtesy of love  
The holy suit which fain it would convince;  
Yet, since love's argument was first on foot,  
Let not the cloud of sorrow justle it  
From what it purpos'd; since, to wail friends lost,  
Is not by much so wholesome, profitable,  
As to rejoice at friends but newly found.

*Prin.* I understand you not, my griefs are double.

*Biron.* Honest plain words best pierce the ear of  
grief;—

And by these badges understand the king.  
 For your fair fakes have we neglected time,  
 Play'd foul play with our oaths; your beauty, ladies,  
 Hath much deform'd us, fashioning our humours  
 Even to the oppos'd end of our intents:  
 And what in us hath seem'd ridiculous,  
 As love is full of unbefitting strains;  
 All wanton as a child, skipping, and vain;  
 Form'd by the eye, and, therefore, like the eye,  
 Full of straying shapes, of habits, and of forms,  
 Varying in subjects as the eye doth roll  
 To every varied object in his glance:  
 Which party-coated presence of loose love,  
 Put on by us, if, in your heavenly eyes,  
 Have misbecom'd our oaths and gravities,  
 Those heavenly eyes, that look into these faults,  
 Suggested us to make: Therefore, ladies,  
 Our love being yours, the error that love makes  
 Is likewise yours: we to ourselves prove false,  
 By being once false for ever to be true  
 To those that make us both, fair ladies, you;  
 And even that falsehood, in itself a sin,  
 Thus purifies itself, and turns to grace.

*Prin.* We have receiv'd your letters, full of love;  
 Your favours, the embassadors of love;  
 And, in our maiden council, rated them  
 At courtship, pleasant jest, and courtesy,  
 As bombast and as lining to the time:  
 But more devout than this, in our respects,  
 Have we not been; and therefore met your loves  
 In their own fashion, like a merriment.

*Dum.* Our letters, madam, shew'd much more  
 than jest.

*Long.* So did our looks.

*Ros.* We did not quote them so.

*King.* Now, at the latest minute of the hour,  
 Grant us your loves.

*Prin.* A time, methinks, too short

To make a world without-end bargain in :  
 No, no, my lord, your grace is perjur'd much,  
 Full of dear guiltiness; and therefore, this,  
 If for my love (as there is no such cause)  
 You will do aught, this shall you do for me :  
 Your oath I will not trust: but go with speed  
 To some forlorn and naked hermitage,  
 Remote from all the pleasures of the world ;  
 There stay, until the twelve celestial signs  
 Have brought about their annual reckoning :  
 If this austere infociable life  
 Change not your offer made in heat of blood ;  
 If frosts, and fasts, hard lodging, and thin weeds,  
 Nip not the gaudy blossoms of your love ;  
 But that it bear this trial, and last love ;  
 Then, at the expiration of the year,  
 Come challenge, challenge me by these deserts,  
 And, by this virgin-palm, now kissing thine,  
 I will be thine: and, till that instant, shut  
 My woeful self up in a mourning house ;  
 Raining the tears of lamentation  
 For the remembrance of my father's death.  
 If this thou do deny, let our hands part ;  
 Neither entitled in the other's heart.

*King.* If this, or more than this, I would deny,  
 To flatter up these powers of mine with rest,  
 The sudden hand of death close up mine eye !

Hence ever then my heart is in thy breast.

*Biron.* And what to me, my love ? and what to  
 me ?

*Ros.* You must be purged too, your sins are rank ;  
 You are attaint with fault and perjury :  
 Therefore, if you my favour mean to get,  
 A twelve month shall you spend; and never rest,  
 But seek the weary beds of people sick.

*Dum.* But what to me, my love ? but what to me ?

*Kath.* A wife !—a beard, fair health, and honesty :  
 With three-fold love I wish you all these three.

*Dum.* O, shall I say, I thank you, gentle wife?

*Kath.* Not so, my lord;—a twelve-month and a day  
I'll mark no words that smooth-fac'd wooers say :  
Come when the king doth to my lady come,  
Then, if I have much love, I'll give you some.

*Dum.* I'll serve thee true and faithfully till then.

*Kath.* Yet swear not, lest you be forsworn again.

*Long.* What says Maria!

*Mar.* At the twelve-month's end,  
I'll change my black gown for a faithful friend.

*Long.* I'll stay with patience; but the time is long

*Mar.* The liker you; few taller are so young.

*Biron.* Studies my lady? mistress, look on me,  
Behold the window of my heart, mine eye,  
What humble suit attends thy answer there;  
Impose some service on me for thy love.

*Ros.* Oft have I heard of you, my lord Biron,  
Before I saw you : and the world's large tongue  
Proclaims you for a man replete with mocks;  
Full of comparisons, and wounding flouts;  
Which you on all estates will execute  
That lie within the mercy of your wit:  
To weed this wormwood from your fruitful brain,  
And therewithal, to win me, if you please,  
(Without the which I am not to be won)  
You shall this twelve-month term from day to day  
Visit the speechless sick, and still converse  
With groaning wretches; and your task shall be,  
With all the fierce endeavour of your wit,  
To enforce the pained impotent to smile.

*Biron.* To move wild laughter in the throat of  
death?

It cannot be; it is impossible:

Mirth cannot move a soul in agony.

*Ros.* Why, that's the way to choak a gibing spirit,  
Whose influence is begot of that loose grace,  
Which shallow laughing hearers give to fools:  
A jest's prosperity lies in the ear



Of him that hears it, never in the tongue  
 Of him that makes it: then, if sickly ears,  
 Deaf'd with the clamours of their own dear groans,  
 Will hear your idle scorns, continue then,  
 And I will have you, and that fault withal;  
 But, if they will not, throw away that spirit,  
 And I shall find you empty of that fault,  
 Right joyful of your reformation.

*Biron.* A twelve-month? well, befall what will  
 befall,

I'll jest a twelve-month in an hospital.

*Prin.* Ay, sweet my lord; and so I take my  
 leave. [To the King.

*King.* No, madam; we will bring you on your way.

*Biron.* Our wooing doth not end like an old play:  
 Jack hath not Jill: these ladies' courtesy  
 Might well have made our sport a comedy.

*King.* Come, sir, it wants a twelve-month and a  
 day,

And then 'twill end.

*Biron.* That's too long for a play.

*Enter Armado.*

*Arm.* Sweet majesty, vouchsafe me,—

*Prin.* Was not that Hector?

*Dum.* That worthy knight of Troy.

*Arm.* I will kiss thy royal finger, and take leave:  
 I am a votary; I have vow'd to Jaquenetta to hold  
 the plough for her sweet love three year. But, most  
 esteemed greatness, will you hear the dialogue that  
 the two learned men have compiled, in praise of  
 the owl and the cuckow? it should have follow'd  
 in the end of our show.

*King.* Call them forth quickly, we will do so.

*Arm.* Holla! approach.—

*Enter all, for the Song.*

This side is Hiems; winter.

This Ver, the spring; the one maintained by the  
 owl,

The other by the cuckow.  
Ver, begin.

S O N G.

S P R I N G.

When daizies pied, and violets blue,  
And lady-smocks all silver-white,  
And cuckow-buds of yellow hue,  
Do paint the meadows with delight,  
The cuckow then, on every tree,  
Mocks marry'd men, for thus sings he,

Cuckow;

Cuckow, cuckow,—O word of fear,  
Unpleasing to a married ear!

When shepherds pipe on oaten straws,  
And merry larks are plowmen's clocks,  
When turtles tread, and rooks, and daws,  
And maidens bleach their summer smocks;  
The cuckow then, on every tree,  
Mocks married men, for thus sings he,

Cuckow;

Cuckow, cuckow,—O word of fear,  
Unpleasing to a married ear!

W I N T E R.

When icicles hang by the wall,  
And Dick the shepherd blows his nail,  
And Tom bears logs into the hall,  
And milk comes frozen home in pail,  
When blood is nipt, and ways be foul,  
Then nightly sings the staring owl,

To-who,

Tu-whit, to-who, a merry note,  
While greasy Joan doth keel the pot.

When all aloud the wind doth blow,  
And coughing drowns the parson's saw,

*And birds fit brooding in the snow,  
And Marian's nose looks red and raw,  
When roasted crabs hiss in the bowl,  
Then nightly sings the staring owl,  
To-who ;*

*Tu-whit, to-who, a merry note,  
While greasy Joan doth keel the pot.*

*Arm.* The words of Mercury are harsh after the  
songs of Apollo. You, that way ; we, this way.

*[Exeunt omnes.]*

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#### N O T E.

In this play, which all the editors have concurred to censure, and some have rejected as unworthy of our poet, it must be confessed that there are many passages mean, childish, and vulgar ; and some which ought not to have been exhibited, as we are told they were, to a maiden queen. But there are scattered through the whole many sparks of genius ; nor is there any play that has more evident marks of the hand of *Shakspeare*.

*Johnson.*

THE END.

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*MIDSUMMER-NIGHT's DREAM.*

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## PERSONS REPRESENTED.

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*Theseus*, Duke of Athens.

*Egeus*, Father to *Hermia*.

*Lysander*, in love with *Hermia*.

*Demetrius*, in love with *Hermia*.

*Philstrate*, Master of the Sports to *Theseus*.

*Quince*, the Carpenter.

*Snug*, the Joiner.

*Bottom*, the Weaver.

*Flute*, the Bellows-mender.

*Snowt*, the Tinker,

*Starveling*, the Taylor.

*Hippolita*, Queen of the Amazons, betrothed to  
*Theseus*.

*Hermia*, Daughter to *Egeus*, in love with *Lysander*.

*Helena*, in love with *Demetrius*.

### *Attendants.*

*Oberon*, King of the Fairies.

*Titania*, Queen of the Fairies.

*Puck*, or *Robin-Goodfellow*, a Fairy.

*Peaseblossom*,

*Cobweb*,

*Moth*,

*Mustard-seed*,

} Fairies.

*Pyramus*,

*Thisbe*,

*Wall*,

*Moonshine*,

*Lyon*,

} Characters in the Interlude, performed by the Clowns.

Other Fairies attending their King and Queen : Attendants on *Theseus* and *Hippolita*.

SCENE, Athens, and a Wood not far from it.

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## MIDSUMMER-NIGHT's DREAM.

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### ACT I. SCENE I.

*The Palace of Theseus in Athens.*

*Enter Theseus, Hippolita, Philostrate, with Attendants.*

*The.* **N**OW, fair Hippolita, our nuptial hour  
Draws on apace; four happy days bring in  
Another moon: but, oh, methinks, how slow  
This old moon wanes! she lingers my desires,  
Like to a step-dame, or a dowager,  
Long withering out a young man's revenue.

*Hip.* Four days will quickly steep themselves in  
nights;  
Four nights will quickly dream away the time;  
And then the moon, like to a silver bow  
New bent in in heaven, shall behold the night  
Of our solemnities.

*The.* Go, Philostrate,  
Stir up the Athenian youth to merriments;  
Awake the pert and nimble spirit of mirth;  
Turn melancholy forth to funerals,  
The pale companion is not for our pomp.  
[*Exit Phil.*]

Hippolita, I woo'd thee with my sword,  
And won thy love, doing thee injuries;  
But I will wed thee in another key,  
With pomp, with triumph, and with revelling.

*Enter Egeus, Hermia, Lysander, and Demetrius.*

*Ege.* Happy be Theseus, our renowned duke!

*The.* Thanks, good Egeus: What's the news with  
thee?

*Ege.* Full of vexation come I, with complaint  
 Against my child, my daughter Hermia.—  
 Stand forth, Demetrius;—My noble lord,  
 This man hath my consent to marry her;—  
 Stand forth, Lysander;—and, my gracious duke,  
 This man hath witch'd the bosom of my child:  
 Thou, thou, Lysander, thou hast given her rhimes,  
 And interchang'd love-tokens with my child:  
 Thou hast by moon-light at her window sung,  
 With feigning voice, verses of feigning love;  
 And stol'n the impression of her fantasy  
 With bracelets of thy hair, rings, gawds, conceits,  
 Knacks, trifles, nosegays, sweet-meats, messengers  
 Of strong prevailment in unhardened youth:  
 With cunning hast thou filch'd my daughters heart;  
 Turn'd her obedience, which is due to me,  
 To stubborn harshness:—And, my gracious duke,  
 Be it so she will not here before your grace  
 Consent to marry with Demetrius,  
 I beg the ancient privilege of Athens;  
 As she is mine, I may dispose of her:  
 Which shall be either to this gentleman,  
 Or to her death; according to our law,  
 Immediately provided in that case.

*The.* What say you, Hermia? be advis'd, fair  
 maid?

To you your father should be as a god;  
 One that compos'd your beauties; yea, and one  
 To whom you are but as a form in wax,  
 By him imprinted, and within his power  
 To leave the figure, or disfigure it.  
 Demetrius is a worthy gentleman.

*Her.* So is Lysander.

*The.* In himself he is:

But, in this kind, wanting your father's voice,  
 The other must be held the worthier.

*Her.* I would my father look'd but with my eyes.

*The.* Rather your eyes must with his judgment  
 look.

*Her.* I do intreat your grace to pardon me.  
I know not by what power I am made bold ;  
Nor how it may concern my modesty,  
In such a presence here, to plead my thoughts ;  
But I beseech your grace, that I may know  
The worst that may befall me in this case,  
If I refuse to wed Demetrius.

*The.* Either to die the death, or to abjure  
For ever the society of men.  
Therefore, fair Hermia, question your desires,  
Know of your youth, examine well your blood,  
Whether, if you yield not to your father's choice,  
You can endure the livery of a nun ;  
For aye to be in shady cloister mew'd,  
To live a barren sister all your life,  
Chanting faint hymns to the cold fruitless moon.  
Thrice blessed they, that master so their blood,  
To undergo such maiden pilgrimage :  
But earthlier happy is the rose distill'd,  
Than that, which, withering on the virgin thorn,  
Grows, lives, and dies, in single blessedness.

*Her.* So will I grow, so live, so die, my lord,  
Ere I will yield my virgin patent up  
Unto his lordship, to whose unwish'd yoke  
My soul consents not to give sovereignty.

*The.* Take time to pause ; and by the next new  
moon,  
(The sealing-day betwixt my love and me,  
For everlasting bond of fellowship)  
Upon that day either prepare to die,  
For disobedience to your father's will ;  
Or else to wed Demetrius, as he would ;  
Or on Diana's alter to protest,  
For aye, austerity and single life.

*Dem.* Relent, sweet Hermia ;—And, Lyfander,  
yield  
Thy crazed title to my certain right.



*Lyf.* You have her father's love, Demetrius;  
Let me have Hermia's: do you marry him.

*Ege.* Scornful Lysander! true, he hath my love;  
And what is mine, my love shall render him:  
And she is mine; and all my right of her  
I do estate unto Demetrius.

*Lyf.* I am, my lord, as well deriv'd as he,  
As well possess'd; my love is more than his;  
My fortunes every way as fairly rank'd,  
If not with vantage, as Demetrius';  
And, which is more than all these boasts can be,  
I am belov'd of beauteous Hermia:  
Why should not I then prosecute my right?  
Demetrius, I'll avouch it to his head,  
Made love to Nedar's daughter, Helena,  
And won her soul; and she, sweet lady, dotes,  
Devoutly dotes, dotes in idolatry,  
Upon this spotted and inconstant man.

*The.* I must confess, that I have heard so much,  
And with Demetrius thought to have spoke thereof;  
But, being over-full of self affairs,  
My mind did lose it.—But, Demetrius, come;  
And come, Egeus; you shall go with me,  
I have some private schooling for you both.—  
For you, fair Hermia, look you arm yourself  
To fit your fancies to your father's will;  
Or else the law of Athens yeilds you up  
(Which by no means we may extenuate)  
To death, or to a vow of single life.—  
Come, my Hippolita; What cheer, my love?—  
Demetrius, and Egeus, go along:

I must employ you in some business  
Against our nuptial; and confer with you  
Of something nearly that concerns yourselves.

*Ege.* With duty, and desire, we follow you.

[*Exeunt Thef. Hip. Egeus, Dem. and train.*]

*Lyf.* How, now, my love? Why is your cheek  
so pale?

How chance the roses there do fade so fast?

*Her.* Belike, for want of rain; which I could well

Beteem them from the tempest of mine eyes.

*Lyf.* Ah me! for aught that I could ever read  
Could ever hear by tale or history,

The course of true love never did run smooth.

But, either it was different in blood;

*Her.* O cross! too high to be enthralld to low!

*Lyf.* Or else misgraffed, in respect of years;

*Her.* O spite! too old to be engag'd to young!

*Lyf.* Or else it stood upon the choice of friends:

*Her.* O hell! to chuse love by another's eye!

*Lyf.* Or, if there were a sympathy in choice,

War, death, or sickness, did lay siege to it;

Making it momentary as a sound,

Swift as a shadow, short as any dream;

Brief as the lightning in the colly'd night,

That, in a spleen, unfolds both heaven and earth,

And ere a man hath power to say,—Behold!

The jaws of darkness do devour it up:

So quick bright things come to confusion.

*Her.* If then true lovers have been ever cross'd,

It stands as an edict in destiny:

Then let us teach our trial patience,

Because it is a customary cross;

As due to love, as thoughts, and dreams, and sighs,

Wishes, and tears, poor fancy's followers.

*Lyf.* A good persuasion; therefore, hear me,

Hermia.

I have a widow aunt, a dowager

Of great revenue, and she hath no child:

From Athens is her house remote seven leagues;

And she respects me as her only son.

There, gentle Hermia, may I marry thee;

And to that place the sharp Athenian law

Cannot pursue us: if thou lov'st me then,

Steal forth thy father's house to-morrow night;

And, in the wood, a league without the town,  
Where I did meet thee once with Helena,  
To do observance to a morn of May,  
There will I stay for thee.

*Her.* My good Lysander!

I swear to thee, by Cupid's strongest bow;  
By his best arrow with the golden head;  
By the simplicity of Venus' doves;  
By that which knitteth souls, and prospers loves;  
And by that fire which burn'd the Carthage queen,  
When the false Trojan under sail was seen;  
By all the vows that ever men have broke,  
In number more than ever women spoke;—  
In that same place thou hast appointed me,  
To-morrow truly I will meet with thee.

*Lys.* Keep promise, love: Look, here comes  
Helena.

*Enter Helena.*

*Her.* God speed, fair Helena! Whither away?

*Hel.* Call you me fair? that fair again unsay.  
Demetrius loves you fair: O happy fair!  
Your eyes are lode-stars; and your tongue's sweet air  
More tuneable than lark to shepherd's ear,  
When wheat is green, when haw-thorn buds appear,  
Sickness is catching; O, were favour so!  
Yours would I catch, fair Hermia, ere I go;  
My ear should catch your voice, my eye your eye,  
My tongue should catch your tongue's sweet melody.  
Were the world mine, Demetrius being bated,  
The rest I'll give to be to you translated.  
O, teach me how you look; and with what art  
You sway the motion of Demetrius' heart.

*Her.* I frown upon him, yet he loves me still.

*Hel.* Oh, that your frowns would teach my smiles  
such skill!

*Her.* I give him curses, yet he gives me love.

*Hel.* Oh, that my prayers could such affection  
move!

*Her.* The more I hate, the more he follows me.

*Hel.* The more I love, the more he hateth me.

*Her.* His folly, Helena, is no fault of mine.

*Hel.* None, but your beauty ; 'Would that fault were mine!

*Her.* Take comfort ; he no more shall see my face ;  
Lysander and myself will fly this place.—  
Before the time I did Lysander see,  
Seem'd Athens as a paradise to me :

O then, what graces in my love do dwell,  
That he hath turn'd a heaven unto a hell!

*Lys.* Helen, to you our minds we will unfold :  
To-morrow night, when Phœbe doth behold  
Her silver visage in the watry glass,  
Decking with liquid pearl the bladed grass,  
(A time that lover's flights doth still conceal)  
Through Athens' gates have we devis'd to steal.

*Her.* And in the wood, where often you and I  
Upon faint primrose-beds were wont to lye,  
Emptying our bosoms of their counsels swell'd ;  
There my Lysander and myself shall meet :  
And thence, from Athens, turn away our eyes,  
To seek new friends and strange companions.  
Farewell, sweet playfellow : pray thou for us,  
And good luck grant thee thy Demetrius !—  
Keep word, Lysander : we must starve our sight  
From lovers' food, 'till morrow deep midnight.

[*Exit Herm.*]

*Lys.* I will, my Hermia.—Helena, adieu :  
As you on him, Demetrius dote on you !

[*Exit Lys.*]

*Hel.* How happy some, o'er other some, can be !  
Through Athens I am thought as fair as she.  
But what of that ? Demetrius thinks not so ;  
He will not know what all but he do know.  
And as he errs, doting on Hermia's eyes,  
So I, admiring of his qualities.  
Things base and vile, holding no quantity,



Love can transpose to form and dignity.  
 Love looks not with the eyes, but with the mind;  
 And therefore is wing'd Cupid painted blind:  
 Nor hath love's mind of any judgment taste;  
 Wings, and no eyes, figure unheedy haste:  
 And therefore is Love said to be a child.  
 Because in choice he is so oft beguil'd.  
 As waggish boys themselves in game forswear,  
 So the boy Love is perjur'd every where:  
 For ere Demetrius look'd on Hermia's eyne,  
 He hail'd down oaths, that he was only mine;  
 And when this hail some heat from Hermia felt,  
 So he dissolv'd, and showers of oaths did melt.  
 I will go tell him of fair Hermia's flight:  
 Then to the wood will he, to morrow night  
 Pursue her; and for this intelligence  
 If I have thanks, it is a dear expence;  
 But herein mean I to enrich my pain,  
 To have his sight thither and back again. [Exit.

## S C E N E II.

*A Cottage.*

*Enter Quince the carpenter, Snug the joiner, Bottom the weaver, Flute the bellows-mender, Snout the tinker, and Starveling the taylor.*

*Quin.* Is all our company here?

*Bot.* You were best to call them generally, man by man, according to the scrip.

*Quin.* Here is the scrowl of every man's name, which is thought fit, through all Athens, to play in our interlude before the duke and dutchess, on his wedding-day at night.

*Bot.* First, good Peter Quince, say what the play treats on; then read the names of the actors; and so grow to a point.

*Quin.* Marry our play is—The most lamentable comedy, and most cruel death of Pyramus and Thisby.

*Bot.* A very good piece of work, I assure you, and a merry.—Now, good Peter Quince, call forth your actors by the scrowl; Masters, spread yourselves.

*Quin.* Answer, as I call you.—Nick Bottom the weaver.

*Bot.* Ready: Name what part I am for, and proceed.

*Quin.* You, Nick Bottom, are set down for Pyramus.

*Bot.* What is Pyramus? a lover, or a tyrant?

*Quin.* A lover, that kills himself most gallantly for love.

*Bot.* That will ask some tears in the true performing of it: If I do it, let the audience look to their eyes; I will move storms, I will condole in some measure. To the rest:—Yet my chief humour is for a tyrant: I could play Ercles rarely, or a part to tear a cat in, to make all split.

“ The raging rocks,  
 “ And shivering shocks  
 “ Shall break the locks,  
 “ Of prison-gates:  
 “ And Phibbus’ car  
 “ Shall shine from far,  
 “ And make and mar  
 “ The foolish fates.”

This was lofty!—Now name the rest of the players.—This is Ercles’ vein, a tyrant’s vein; a lover is more condoling.

*Quin.* Francis Flute, the bellows-mender.

*Flu.* Here, Peter Quince.

*Quin.* You must take Thisby on you.

*Flu.* What is Thisby? a wandering knight?

*Quin.* It is the lady that Pyramus must love.

*Flu.* Nay, faith, let me not play a woman; I have a beard coming.

*Quin.* That’s all one; you shall play it in a mask, and you may speak as small as you will.

*Bot.* An I may hide my face, let me play Thisby too: I'll speak in a monstrous little voice;—"Thifne, Thifne,—Ah, Pyramus, my lover dear; "thy Thisby dear! and lady dear!"

*Quin.* No, no, you must play Pyramus, and, Flute, you Thisby.

*Bot.* Well, proceed.

*Quin.* Robin Starveling, the taylor.

*Star.* Here, Peter Quince.

*Quin.* Robin Starveling, you must play Thisby's mother.—Tom Snout, the tinker.

*Snou.* Here, Peter Quince.

*Quin.* You, Pyramus's father; myself, Thisby's father;—Snug the joiner, you, the lion's part:—and, I hope, there is a play fitted.

*Snug.* Have you the lion's part written? Pray you, if it be, give it me, for I am slow of study.

*Quin.* You may do it extempore, for it is nothing but roaring.

*Bot.* Let me play the lion too: I will roar, that I will do any man's heart good to hear me; I will roar, that I will make the duke say, *Let him roar again, let him roar again.*

*Quin.* An you should do it too terribly, you would fright the dutcheffs and the ladies, that they would shriek; and that were enough to hang us all.

*All.* That would hang us every mother's son.

*Bot.* I grant you, friends if that you should fright the ladies out of their wits, they would have no more discretion but to hang us: but I will aggravate my voice so, that I will roar you as gently as any sucking-dove; I will roar you an 'twere any nightingale.

*Quin.* You can play no part but Pyramus: for Pyramus is a sweet-fac'd man; a proper man, as one shall see in a summer's day; a most lovely gentleman-like man; therefore you must needs play Pyramus.

*Bot.* Well, I will undertake it. What beard were I best to play it in?

*Quin.* Why, what you will.

*Bot.* I will discharge it in either your straw coloured beard, your orange-tawney beard, your purple-in-grain beard, or your French-crown-colour beard, your perfect yellow.

*Quin.* Some of your French crowns have no hair at all, and then you will play bare-fac'd.—But, masters, here are your parts: and I am to entreat you, request you, and desire you, to con them by to-morrow night; and meet me in the palace wood, a mile without the town, by moon-light; there will we rehearse; for if we meet in the city, we shall be dog'd with company, and our devices known. In the mean time, I will draw a bill of properties, such as our play wants. I pray you, fail me not.

*Bot.* We will meet; and there we may rehearse more obscenely, and courageously. Take pains; be perfect; adieu.

*Quin.* At the duke's oak we meet.

*Bot.* Enough; Hold, or cut bow-strings.

[*Exeunt.*]

ACT II. SCENE I.

*A Wood.*

*Enter a Fairy at one door, and Puck (or Robin-good-fellow) at another.*

*Puck.* **H**OW now, spirit! whither wander you?  
*Fai.* Over hill, over dale,

Thorough bush, thorough briar,  
Over park, over pale,  
Thorough flood, thorough fire,  
I do wander every where,  
Swifter than the moon's sphere;  
And I serve the fairy queen,  
To dew her orbs upon the green!



The cowslips tall her pensioners be ;  
 In their gold coats spots you see ;  
 Those be rubies, fairy favours :  
 In those freckles lives their favours ;  
 I must go seek some dew-drops here,  
 And hang a pearl in every cowslip's ear.  
 Farewel, thou lob of spirits, I'll be gone ;  
 Our queen and all her elves come here anon. -

*Puck.* The king doth keep his revels here to-night ;  
 Take heed, the queen come not within his sight.  
 For Oberon is passing fell and wrath,  
 Because that she, as her attendant, hath  
 A lovely boy, stol'n from an Indian king !  
 She never had so sweet a changeling :  
 And jealous Oberon would have the child  
 Knight of his train, to trace the forests wild :  
 But she, per-force, with-holds the loved boy,  
 Crowns him with flowers, and makes him all her  
 joy :

And now they never meet in grove, or green,  
 By fountain clear, or spangled star-light sheen,  
 But they do square ; that all their elves, for fear,  
 Creep into acorn cups, and hide them there.

*Fai.* Either I mistake your shape and making quite,  
 Or else you are that shrewd and knavish sprite,  
 Call'd Robin Good-fellow : Are you not he,  
 That frights the maidens of the villag'ry ;  
 Skim milk ; and sometimes labour in the quern,  
 And bootless make the breathless housewife churn ;  
 And sometime make the drink to bear no barm ;  
 Mislead night-wanderers, laughing at their harm ?  
 Those that Hobgoblin call you, and sweet Puck,  
 You do their work, and they shall have good luck :  
 Are not you he ?

*Puck.* Thou speak'st aright ;  
 I am that merry wanderer of the night.  
 I jest to Oberon, and make him smile,  
 When I a fat and bean-fed horse beguile,

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Neighing in likeness of a silly foal :  
 And sometime lurk I in a gossip's bowl,  
 In very likeness of a roasted crab ;  
 And, when she drinks, against her lips I bob,  
 And on her wither'd dew-lap pour the ale.  
 The wisest aunt, telling the saddest tale,  
 Sometime for three-foot stool mistaketh me !  
 Then slip I from her bum, down topples she,  
 And *taylor* cries, and falls into a cough :  
 And then the whole quire hold their hips, and loffe,  
 And waxen in their mirth, and neeze, and swear  
 A merrier hour was never wasted there.—  
 But room, Fairy, here comes Oberon.

*Fai.* And here my mistress :—'Would that he  
 were gone !

S C E N E II.

*Enter Oberon, King of Fairies, at one door with his  
 train, and the Queen at another with her's.*

*Ob.* Ill met by moon-light, proud Titania.

*Queen.* What, jealous Oberon ? Fairy, skip hence ;  
 I have forsworn his bed and company.

*Ob.* Tarry, rash wanton ; Am not I thy lord ?

*Queen.* Then I must be thy lady : But I know  
 When thou hast stol'n away from fairy land,  
 And in the shape of Corin sat all day  
 Playing on pipes of corn, and versing love  
 To amorous Phillida. Why art thou here,  
 Come from the farthest steep of India ?  
 But that, forsooth, the bouncing Amazon,  
 Your buskin'd mistress, and your warrior love,  
 To Theseus must be wedded ; and you come  
 To give their bed joy and prosperity.

*Ob.* How can'st thou thus, for shame, Titania,  
 Glance at my credit with Hippolita,  
 Knowing I know thy love to Theseus ?  
 Didst thou not lead him though the glimmering night

From Perigune, whom he ravish'd!  
And make him with fair Ægle break his faith,  
With Ariadne, and Antiopa?

*Queen.* These are the forgeries of jealousy:  
And never, since the middle summer's spring,  
Met we on hill, in dale, forest, or mead,  
By paved fountain, or by rushy brook,  
Or on the beached margent of the sea,  
To dance our ringlets to the whistling wind,  
But with thy brawls thou hast disturb'd our sport.  
Therefore the winds, piping to us in vain,  
As in revenge, have suck'd up from the sea  
Contagious fogs; which falling in the land,  
Have every pelting river made so proud,  
That they have over-borne their continents.  
The ox hath therefore stretch'd his yoke in vain,  
The ploughman lost his sweat; and the green corn  
Hath rotted, ere his youth attain'd a beard:  
The fold stands empty in the drowned field,  
And crows are fatt'd with the murrain flock:  
The nine men's morris is fill'd up with mud;  
And the quaint mazes in the wanton green,  
For lack of tread, are undistinguishable.  
The human mortals want their winter here,  
No night is now with hymn or carol blest:  
Therefore the moon, the governess of floods,  
Pale in her anger, washes all the air,  
That rheumatic diseases do abound:  
And, thorough this distemperature, we see  
The seasons alter: hoary-headed frosts  
Fall in the fresh lap of the crimson rose;  
And on old Hyems' chin, and icy crown,  
An odorous chaplet of sweet summer buds  
Is, as in mockery, set: The spring, the summer,  
The childing autumn, angry winter, change  
Their wonted liveries; and the 'mazed world,  
By their increase, now knows not which is which:  
And this same progeny of evils, comes

From our debate, from our dissention ;  
We are their parents and original.

*Ob.* Do you amend it then ; it lies in you :  
Why should Titania cross her Oberon ?  
I do but beg a little changeling boy,  
To be my henchman.

*Queen.* Set your heart at rest,  
The fairy land buys not the child of me.  
His mother was a votress of my order :  
And, in the spiced Indian air, by night,  
Full often hath she gossip'd by my side ;  
And sat with me on Neptune's yellow sands,  
Marking the embark'd traders on the flood :  
When we have laugh'd to see the sails conceive,  
And grow big-bellied with the wanton wind :  
Which she, with pretty and with swimming gait,  
(Following her womb, then rich with my young  
'squire)

Would imitate ; and sail upon the land,  
To fetch me trifles, and return again,  
As from a voyage, rich with merchandize.  
But she, being mortal, of that boy did die ;  
And, for her sake, I do rear up her boy ;  
And, for her sake, I will not part with him.

*Ob.* How long within this wood intend you stay ?

*Queen.* Perchance, till after Theseus' wedding-day.  
If you will patiently dance in our round,  
And see our moon-light revels, go with us ;  
If not, shun me, and I will spare your haunts.

*Ob.* Give me that boy, and I will go with thee.

*Queen.* Not for thy fairy kingdom—Fairies, away :  
We shall chide down-right, if I longer stay.

[*Exeunt Queen and her train.*]

*Ob.* Well, go thy way : thou shalt not from this  
grove,  
'Till I torment thee for this injury.—  
My gentle Puck, come hither : Thou remember'st  
Since once I sat upon a promontory,



And heard a mermaid on a dolphin's back,  
Uttering such dulcet and harmonious breath,  
That the rude sea grew civil at her song;  
And certain stars shot madly from their spheres,  
To hear the sea-maid's music.

*Puck.* I remember.

*Ob.* That very time I saw, (but thou could'st not)  
Flying between the cold moon and the earth,  
Cupid all arm'd: a certain aim he took  
At a fair vestal, throned by the west;  
And loos'd his love-shaft smartly from his bow,  
As it should pierce a hundred thousand hearts:  
But I might see young Cupid's fiery shaft  
Quenched in the chaste beams of the watry moon;  
And the imperial votress passed on,  
In maiden meditation, fancy-free.  
Yet mark'd I where the bolt of Cupid fell:  
It fell upon a little western flower;—  
Before, milk-white; now purple with love's  
wound,—

And maidens call it love-in-idleness.  
Fetch me that flower; the herb I shew'd thee once;  
The juice of it, on sleeping eye-lids laid,  
Will make or man or woman madly doat  
Upon the next live creature that it sees.  
Fetch me this herb; and be thou here again,  
Ere the leviathan can swim a league.

*Puck.* I'll put a girdle round about the earth  
In forty minutes. [Exit.]

*Ob.* Having once this juice,  
I'll watch Titania when she is asleep,  
And drop the liquor of it in her eyes:  
The next thing when she waking looks upon,  
(Be it on lion, bear, or wolf, or bull,  
On meddling monkey, or on busy ape),  
She shall pursue it with the soul of love.  
And ere I take this charm off from her sight,  
(As I can take it with another herb)  
I'll make her render up her page to me.

But who comes here? I am invisible;  
And I will over-hear their conference.

*Enter Demetrius, Helena, following him.*

*Dem.* I love thee not, therefore pursue me not.  
Where is Lysander, and fair Hermia?  
The one I'll slay, the other slayeth me.  
Thou told'st me, they were stol'n unto this wood;  
And here am I, and wood within this wood,  
Because I cannot meet my Hermia.  
Hence, get thee gone, and follow me no more.

*Hel.* You draw me, you hard-hearted adamant:  
But yet you draw not iron, for my heart  
Is true as steel: Leave you your power to draw,  
And I shall have no power to follow you.

*Dem.* Do I entice you? do I speak you fair?  
Or, rather, do I not in plainest truth  
Tell you—I do not, nor I cannot love you?

*Hel.* And even for that do I love you the more.  
I am your spaniel; and, Demetrius,  
The more you beat me, I will fawn on you:  
Use me but as your spaniel, spurn me, strike me,  
Neglect me, lose me; only give me leave,  
Unworthy as I am, to follow you.  
What worse place can I beg in your love,  
(And yet a place of high respect with me),  
Than to be used as you use your dog?

*Dem.* Tempt not too much the hatred of my spirit;  
For I am sick, when I do look on thee.

*Hel.* And I am sick, when I look not on you.

*Dem.* You do impeach your modesty too much,  
To leave the city, and commit yourself  
Into the hands of one that loves you not;  
To trust the opportunity of night,  
And the ill counsel of a desert place,  
With the rich worth of your virginity.

*Hel.* Your virtue is my privilege for that.  
It is not night, when I do see your face,

Therefore I think I am not in the night :  
Nor doth this wood lack worlds of company ;  
For you, in my respect, are all the world :  
Then how can it be said, I am alone,  
When all the world is here to look on me ?

*Dem.* I'll run from thee, and hide me in the brakes,  
And leave thee to the mercy of wild beasts.

*Hel.* The wildest hath not such a heart as you.  
Run when you will, the story shall be chang'd ;  
Apollo flies, and Daphne holds the chase ;  
The dove pursues the griffin ; the mild hind  
Makes speed to catch the tyger : Bootless speed !  
When cowardice pursues, and valour flies.

*Dem.* I will not stay thy questions ; let me go :  
Or, if thou follow me, do not believe  
But I shall do thee mischief in the wood.

*Hel.* Ay, in the temple, in the town, the field,  
You do me mischief. Fie, Demetrius !  
Your wrougs do set a scandal on my sex :  
We cannot fight for love, as men may do ;  
We shou'd be woo'd, and were not made to woo.  
I'll follow thee, and make a heaven of hell,  
To die upon the hand I love so well. [*Exeunt.*

*Ob.* Fare thee well, nymph : ere he do leave this  
grove,  
Thou shalt fly him, and he shall seek thy love.—  
Hast thou the flower there ? Welcome, wanderer.

*Re-enter Puck.*

*Puck.* Ay, there it is.

*Ob.* I pray thee, give it me.  
I know a bank whereon the wild thyme blows,  
Where ox-lips and the nodding violet grows ;  
Quite over-canopy'd with luscious woodbine,  
With sweet musk roses, and with eglantine :  
There sleeps Titania, some time of the night,  
Lull'd in these flowers with dances and delight ;  
And there the snake throws her enamell'd skin,

Weed wide enough to wrap a fairy in :  
 And with the juice of this I'll streak her eyes,  
 And make her full of hateful fantasies.  
 Take thou some of it, and seek through this grove :  
 A sweet Athenian lady is in love  
 With a disdainful youth : anoint his eyes ;  
 But do it, when the next thing he espies  
 May be the lady : Thou shalt know the man  
 By the Athenian garments he hath on.  
 Effect it with some care ; that he may prove  
 More fond on her, than she upon her love :  
 And look thou meet me ere the first cock crow.

*Puck.* Fear not, my lord, your servant shall do so.

[*Exeunt.*]

SCENE III.

*Another part of the Wood.*

*Enter the Queen of Fairies, with her train.*

*Queen.* Come now a roundel, and a fairy song ;  
 Then, for the third part of a minute, hence :  
 Some, to kill cankers in the musk-rose buds ;  
 Some, war with rear-mice for their leathern wings,  
 To make my small elves coats : and some keep back  
 The clamorous owl, that nightly hoots, and wonders  
 At our quaint spirits : Sing me now asleep ;  
 Then to your offices, and let me rest.

*First Fairy.*

*You spotted snakes, with double tongue ;  
 Thorny hedge-hogs, be not seen ;  
 Newts, and blind-worms, do no wrong :  
 Come not near our fairy Queen :*

*Chorus.*

*Philomet, with melody,  
 Sing in your sweet lullaby :  
 Lulla, lulla, lullaby ; lulla, lulla, lullaby :  
 Never harm, nor spell nor charm,  
 Come our lovely lady nigh ;  
 So, good night, with lullaby.*



## Second Fairy.

*Weaving spiders, come not here ;*

*Hence, you long-legg'd spinners, hence :*

*Beetles black, approach not near ;*

*Worm, nor snail, do no offence.*

## Chorus.

*Philomel, with melody, &c.*

## First Fairy.

*Hence, away ; now all is well :*

*One, aloof, stand sentinel.*

*[Exeunt Fairies. The Queen sleeps.]*

*Enter Oberon.*

*Ob.* What thou see'st, when thou do'st wake,

*[Squeezes the flower on her eye-lids.]*

*Do it for thy true love take ;*

*Love, and languish for his sake :*

*Be it ounce, or cat, or bear,*

*Pard, or boar with bristled hair,*

*In thy eye that shall appear*

*When thou wak'st, it is thy dear ;*

*Wake, when some vile thing is near. [Exit Oberon.]*

*Enter Lysander and Hermia.*

*Lys.* Fair love, you faint with wandering in the wood ;

*And, to speak troth, I have forgot our way :*

*We'll rest us, Hermia, if you think it good,*

*And tarry for the comfort of the day.*

*Her.* Be it so, Lysander : find you out a bed,  
*For I upon this bank will rest my head.*

*Lys.* One turf shall serve as pillow for us both ;  
*One heart, one bed, two bosoms, and one troth.*

*Her.* Nay, good Lysander ; for my sake, my dear,  
*Lye further off yet, do not lye so near.*

*Lys.* O, take the sense, sweet of my innocence ;  
*Love takes the meaning, in love's conference,*

*I mean, that my heart unto yours is knit ;*

*So that but one heart we can make of it :*

Two bosoms interchained with an oath;  
So then, two bosoms, and a single troth.  
Then, by your side no bed-room me deny;  
For lying so, Hermia, I do not lie.

*Her.* Lyfander riddles very prettily:—  
Now much beshrew my manners, and my pride,  
If Hermia meant to say, Lyfander ly'd.  
But, gentle friend, for love and courtesy  
Lye further off; in human modesty  
Such separation, as, may well be said,  
Becomes a virtuous batchelor, and a maid:  
So far be distant; and good night, sweet friend:  
Thy love ne'er alter, till thy sweet life end!

*Lyf.* Amen, amen, to that fair prayer, say I;  
And then end life, when I end loyalty!  
Here is my bed: Sleep give thee all his rest!

*Her.* With half that wish the wisher's eyes be  
press'd!  
[*They sleep.*]

*Enter Puck.*

*Puck.* Through the forest have I gone,  
But Athenian found I none,  
On whose eyes I might approve  
This flower's force in stirring love.  
Night and silence! who is here?  
Weeds of Athens he doth wear:  
This is he, my master said,  
Dispis'd the Athenian maid;  
And here the maiden, sleeping sound,  
On the dank and dirty ground.  
Pretty soul! she durst not lye  
Near to this lack-love, this kill-courtesy.  
Churl, upon thy eyes I throw  
All the power this charm doth owe:  
When thou wak'st, let love forbid  
Sleep his seat on thy eye-lid.  
So awake, when I am gone;  
For I must now to Oberon.

[*Exit.*]

*Enter Demetrius, and Helena running.*

*Hel.* Stay, though thou kill me, sweet Demetrius.

*Dem.* I charge thee, hence, and do not haunt me thus.

*Hel.* O, wilt thou darkling leave me? do not so.

*Dem.* Stay on thy peril: I alone will go.

*[Exit Demetrius.]*

*Hel.* O, I am out of breath, in this fond chace!

The more my prayer, the lesser is my grace.

Happy is Hermia, wheresoe'er she lies;

For she hath blessed and attractive eyes.

How came her eyes so bright? Not with salt tears:

If so, my eyes are oftner wash'd than hers.

No, no, I am as ugly as a bear,

For beasts, that meet me, run away for fear:

Therefore, no marvel, though Demetrius

Do, as a monster, fly my presence thus.

What wicked and dissembling glass of mine

Made me compare with Hermia's spherish eye?—

But who is here? Lysander? on the ground?

Dead? or asleep? I see no blood, no wound:—

Lysander, if you live, good sir, awake.

*Lys.* And run through fire I will, for thy sweet sake.

*[Waking.]*

Transparent Helena! Nature shews art,

That through thy bosom makes me see thy heart.

Where is Demetrius? Oh, how fit a word

Is that vile name, to perish on my sword!

*Hel.* Do not say so, Lysander; say not so:

What though he love your Hermia? Lord, what though?

Yet Hermia still loves you: then be content.

*Lys.* Content with Hermia? No: I do repent

The tedious minutes I with her have spent.

Not Hermia, but Helena I love:

Who will not change a raven for a dove?

The will of man is by his reason sway'd;

And reason says, you are the worthier maid.  
Things growing are not ripe until their season :  
So I, being young, till now ripe not to reason ;  
And touching now the point of human skill,  
Reason becomes the marshal to my will,  
And leads me to your eyes ; where I o'erlook  
Loves stories, written in Love's richest book.

*Hel.* Wherefore was I to this keen mockery born ?  
When, at your hands, did I deserve this scorn ?  
Is't not enough, is't not enough, young man,  
That I did never, no, nor never can,  
Deserve a sweet look from Demetrius' eye,  
But you must flout my insufficiency ?  
Good troth, you do me wrong, good sooth, you do,  
In such disdainful manner me to woo.  
But fare you well : perforce I must confess,  
I thought you lord of more true gentleness.  
Oh, that a lady, of one man refus'd,  
Should of another, therefore be abus'd ! [Exit.

*Lys.* She sees not *Hermia* :—*Hermia*, sleep thou  
there ;

And never may'st thou come *Lysander* near !  
For, as a surfeit of the sweetest things,  
The deepest loathing to the stomach brings ;  
Or, as the heresies, that men do leave,  
Are hated most of those they did deceive ;  
So thou, my surfeit, and my heresy,  
Of all be hated ; but the most, of me !  
And all my powers, address your love and might,  
To honour *Helen*, and to be her knight ! [Exit.

*Her.* [*starting from sleep.*] Help me, *Lysander*,  
help me ! do thy best,  
To pluck this crawling serpent from my breast !  
Ay me, for pity !—what a dream was here ?  
*Lysander*, look, how I do quake with fear !  
Methought, a serpent eat my heart away,  
And you sat smiling at his cruel prey :—  
*Lysander* ! what, remov'd ? *Lysander* ! lord !



What, out of hearing? gone? no sound, no word?  
 Alack where are you? speak, an if you hear;  
 Speak, of all loves; I swoon almost with fear.  
 No?—then I well perceive you are not nigh:  
 Or death or you, I'll find immediately. [Exit.

### ACT III. SCENE I.

*The Wood.*

*Enter Quince, Snug, Bottom, Flute, Snout, and Starveling.*

*The Queen of Fairies lying asleep.*

*Bot.* ARE we all met?

*Quin.* Pat, pat; and here's a marvellous convenient place for our rehearsal: This green plot shall be our stage, this hawthorn brake our tiring-house; and we will do it in action, as we will do it before the duke.

*Bot.* Peter Quince,—

*Quin.* What say'st thou, bully Bottom?

*Bot.* There are things in this comedy of Pyramus and Thisby, that will never please. First, Pyramus must draw a sword to kill himself; which the ladies cannot abide. How answer you that?

*Snout.* By'r lakin, a parlous fear.

*Star.* I believe we must leave the killing out, when all is done.

*Bot.* Not a whit; I have a device to make all well. Write me a prologue: and let the prologue seem to say, we will do no harm with our swords; and that Pyramus is not kill'd, indeed: and, for the more better assurance, tell them, that I Pyramus am not Pyramus, but Bottom the weaver: This will put them out of fear.

*Quin.* Well, we will have such a prologue ; and it shall be written in eight and six.

*Bot.* No, make it two more ; let it be written in eight and eight.

*Snout.* Will not the ladies be afraid of the lion ?

*Star.* I fear it, I promise you.

*Bot.* Masters, you ought to consider with yourselves : to bring in, God shield us ! a lion among ladies, is a most dreadful thing : for there is not a more fearful wild-fowl, than your lion, living ; and we ought to look to it.

*Snout.* Therefore, another prologue must tell, he is not a lion.

*Bot.* Nay, you must name his name, and half his face must be seen through the lions's neck ; and he himself must speak through, saying thus, or to the same defect,—Ladies, or fair ladies, I would wish you, or, I would request you, or, I would entreat you, not to fear, not to tremble : my life for yours. If you think I come hither as a lion, it were pity of my life : No, I am no such thing ; I am a man as other men are :—and there, indeed, let him name his name ; and tell them plainly, he is Snug the joiner.

*Quin.* Well, it shall be so. But there is two hard things ; that is, to bring the moon-light into a chamber : for you know, Pyramus and Thisby meet by moon-light.

*Snug.* Doth the moon shine that night we play our play ?

*Bot.* A calendar, a calendar ! look in the almanack ; find out moon-shine, find out moon-shine.

*Quin.* Yes, it doth shine that night.

*Bot.* Why, then you may leave a casement of the great chamber window, where we play, open ; and the moon may shine in at the casement.

*Quin.* Ay ; or else one must come in with a bush of thorns and a lanthorn, and say, he comes to disfigure, or to present, the person of moon-shine.

Then, there is another thing : we must have a wall in the great chamber ; for Pyramus and Thisby, says the story, did talk through the chink of a wall.

*Snug.* You never can bring in a wall :—What say you, Bottom ?

*Bot.* Some man or other must present wall : and let him have some plaster or some lome, or some rough-cast, about him, to signify wall : or let him hold his fingers thus, and through that cranny shall Pyramus and Thisby whisper.

*Quin.* If that may be, then all is well. Come, sit down, every mother's son, and rehearse your parts. Pyramus, you begin : when you have spoken your speech, enter into that brake ; and so every one according to his cue.

*Enter Puck behind.*

*Puck.* What hempen home-spuns have we swag-gering here,  
So near the cradle of the fairy queen ?  
What, a play toward ? I'll be an auditor ;  
An actor too, perhaps, if I see cause.

*Quin.* Speak, Pyramus :—Thisby, stand forth.

*Pyr.* “ Thisby, the flower of odious favours sweet.”

*Quin.* Odours, odours.

*Pyr.* “—odours favours sweet.

“ So doth thy breath, my dearest Thisby dear.—

“ But, hark, a voice ! stay thou but here a whit

“ And by and by I will to thee appear.”

[*Exit Pyramus.*

*Puck.* A stranger Pyramus than e'er play'd here !

[*Aside.* [*Exit.*

*This.* Must I speak now ?

*Quin.* Ay, marry, must you : for you must understand, he goes but to see a noise that he heard, and is to come again.

*This.* “ Most radiant Pyramus, most lilly-white  
“ of hue,

"Of colour like the red-rose on triumphant brier,  
 "Most brisky juvenal, and eke most lovely Jew,  
 "As true as truest horse, that yet would never  
 "tire,

"I'll meet thee, Pyramus, at Ninny's tomb."

*Quin.* Nipus' tomb, man: Why you must not speak that yet; that you answer to Pyramus: you speak all your part at once, cues and all.—Pyramus enter; your cue is past; it is, *never tire*.

*Re-enter Puck, and Bottom, with an ass's head.*

*Thif.* "O—As true as truest horse, that yet  
 "would never tire."

*Pyr.* "If I were fair, Thisby, I were only thine:"

*Quin.* O monstrous! O strange! we are haunted!  
*Pray, masters! fly, masters! help!*

[*Exeunt Clowns.*

*Puck.* I'll follow you, I'll lead you about a round,  
 Through bog, through bush, through brake, through  
 brier:

Sometime a horse I'll be, sometime a hound,

A hog, a headless bear, sometime a fire;  
 And neigh, and bark, and grunt, and roar and burn,  
 Like horse, hound, hog, bear, fire, at every turn.

[*Exit.*

*Bot.* Why do they run away? this is a knavery  
 of them, to make me afraid.

*Re-enter Snout.*

*Snout.* O Bottom, thou art chang'd! what do I  
 see on thee?

*Bot.* What do you see? you see an ass' head of  
 your own: Do you?

*Re-enter Quince.*

*Quin.* Bless thee, Bottom! bless thee! thou art  
 translated.

[*Exit.*

*Bot.* I see their knavery; this is to make an ass  
 of me; to fright me, if they could. But I will not



stir from this place, do what they can: I will walk up and down here, and I will sing, that they shall hear I am not afraid.

[Sings.

*The ousel-cock, so black of hue,  
With orange-tawny bill,  
The throstle with his note so true,  
The wren with little quill:*

Queen. What angel wakes me from my flowery bed?

[Waking.

Bottom sings.

*The finch, the sparrow, and the lark,  
The plain-song cuckow gray,  
Whose note full many a man doth mark,  
And dares not answer, nay;—*

for, indeed, who would set his wit to so foolish a bird? Who would give a bird the lie, though he cry *cuckoo*, never so.

Queen. I pray thee, gentle mortal, sing again :  
Mine ear is much enamour'd of thy note.

So is mine eye enthralled to thy shape ;  
And thy fair virtue's force, perforce doth move me,  
On the first view, to say, to swear, I love thee.

Bot. Methinks, mistress, you should have little reason for that : And yet, to say the truth, reason and love keep little company together now-a-days : the more the pity, that some honest neighbours will not make them friends. Nay, I can gleek, upon occasion.

Queen. Thou art as wise, as thou art beautiful.

Bot. Not so, neither : but if I had wit enough to get out of this wood, I have enough to serve mine own turn.

Queen. Out of this wood do not desire to go ;  
Thou shalt remain here, whether thou wilt or no.  
I am a spirit, of no common rate ;  
The summer still doth tend upon my state,

And I do love thee : therefore, go with me ;  
I'll give thee fairies to attend on thee ;  
And they shall fetch thee jewels from the deep,  
And sing, while thou on pressed flowers dost sleep :  
And I will purge thy mortal grossness so,  
That thou shalt like an airy spirit go.—  
Pease-blossom ! Cobweb ! Moth ! and Mustard-seed !

*Enter four Fairies.*

1 *Fair.* Ready.

2 *Fair.* And I.

3 *Fair.* And I.

4 *Fair.* And I : Where shall we go ?

*Queen.* Be kind and courteous to this gentleman ;  
Hop in his walks, and gambol in his eyes ;  
Feed him with apricocks, and dewberries,  
With purple grapes, green figs, and mulberries ;  
The honey-bags steal from the humble bees,  
And, for night tapers, crop their waxen thighs,  
And light them at the fiery glow-worm's eyes,  
To have my love to bed, and to arise ;  
And pluck the wings from painted butterflies,  
To fan the moon-beams from his sleeping eyes :  
Nod to him, elves, and do him courtesies.

1 *Fair.* Hail, mortal, hail !

2 *Fair.* Hail !

3 *Fair.* Hail !

*Bot.* I cry your worship's mercy heartily.—I beseech, your worship's name ?

*Cob.* Cobweb.

*Bot.* I shall desire you of more acquaintance, good master Cobweb : If I cut my finger, I shall make bold with you.—Your name, honest gentleman ?

*Pease.* Pease-blossom.

*Bot.* I pray you, commend me to mistress Squash your mother, and to master Peascod, your father. Good master Pease-blossom, I shall desire you of more acquaintance too.—Your name, I beseech you, sir ?

*Muf.* Mustard-seed.

*Bot.* Good master Mustard-seed, I know your patience well : that same cowardly, giant-like, ox-beef hath devoured many a gentleman of your house : I promise you your kindred hath made my eyes water ere now. I desire you, more acquaintance, good master Mustard-seed.

*Queen.* Come, wait upon him ; lead him to my bower.

The moon, methinks, looks with a watry eye :  
And when she weeps, weeps every little flower,  
Lamenting some enforced chastity.

Tie up my love's tongue, bring him silently.

*Exeunt.*

## SCENE II.

*Enter Oberon.*

*Ob.* I wonder, if Titania be awak'd ;  
Then, what it was that next came in her eye,  
Which she must doat on in extremity.

*Enter Puck.*

Here comes my messenger.—How now, mad spirit ?  
What night-rule now about this haunted grove ?

*Puck.* My mistress with a monster is in love,  
Near to her close and consecrated bower,  
While she was in her dull and sleeping hour,  
A crew of patches, rude mechanicals,  
That work for bread upon Athenian stalls,  
Were met together to rehearse a play,  
Intended for great Theseus' nuptial day.  
The shallowest thick skin of that barren sort,  
Who Pyramus presented, in their sport  
Forsook his scene, and enter'd in a brake :  
When I did him at this advantage take,  
An ass's nowl I fixed on his head ;  
Anon, his Thisby must be answered,  
And forth my minnock comes : When they him spy,

As wild geese, that the creeping fowler eye,  
Or russet-pated choughs, many in sort,  
Rising and cawing at the gun's report  
Sever themselves, and madly sweep the sky;  
So, at his sight, away his fellows fly:  
And at our stamp, here o'er and o'er one falls;  
He murder cries, and help from Athens calls.  
Their sense, thus weak, lost with their fears, thus  
strong.

Made senseless things begin to do them wrong:  
For briars and thorns at their apparel snatch;  
Some, sleeves; some, hats; from yielders all things  
catch.

I led them on in this distracted fear,  
And, left sweet Pyramus translated there:  
When in that moment (so it came to pass)  
Titania wak'd, and straightway lov'd an ass.

*Ob.* This falls out better than I could devise.  
But hast thou yet latch'd the Athenian's eyes  
With the love-juice, as I did bid thee do?

*Puck.* I took him sleeping—that is finish'd too,  
And the Athenian woman by his side;  
That, when he wak'd, of force she must be ey'd.

*Enter Demetrius and Hermia.*

*Ob.* Stand close; this is the same Athenian.

*Puck.* This is the woman, but not this the man.

*Dem.* O, why rebuke you him that loves you so?  
Lay breath so bitter on your bitter foe.

*Her.* Now I but chide, but I should use thee worse;  
For, thou, I fear, hast given me cause to curse.  
If thou hast slain Lyfander in his sleep,  
Being o'er shoes in blood, plunge in the deep,  
And kill me too.

The sun was not so true unto the day,  
As he to me: Would he have stol'n away  
From sleeping Hermia? I'll believe as soon,  
This whole earth may be bor'd; and that the moon



May through the centre creep, and so displease  
Her brother's noon-tide with the Antipodes.  
It cannot be, but thou hast murder'd him;  
So should a murderer look, so dead, so grim.

*Dem.* So should the murder'd look : and so  
should I,

Pierc'd through the heart with your stern cruelty :  
Yet you, the murderer, look as bright, as clear,  
As yonder Venus in her glimmering sphere.

*Her.* What's this to my Lysander? where is he?  
Ah, good Demetrius, wilt thou give him me?

*Dem.* I had rather give his carcase to my hounds.

*Her.* Out, dog! out, cur! thou driv'st me past  
the bounds

Of maiden's patience. Hast thou slain him then?  
Henceforth be never number'd among men!  
O! once tell true, tell true, even for my sake;  
Durst thou have looked upon him, being awake,  
And hast thou kill'd him sleeping? O brave touch!  
Could not a worm, an adder, do so much?  
An adder did it; for with doubler tongue  
Than thine, thou serpent, never adder stung.

*Dem.* You spend your passion on a mispris'd  
mood :

I am not guilty of Lysander's blood;  
Nor is he dead, for aught that I can tell.

*Her.* I pray thee, tell me then that he is well.

*Dem.* An if I could, what should I get therefore?

*Her.* A privilege, never to see me more.—

And from thy hated presence part I so :  
See me no more, whether he be dead, or no. [*Exit.*]

*Dem.* There is no following her in this fierce vein;  
Here, therefore, for a while I will remain.  
So sorrow's heaviness doth heavier grow,  
For debt that bankrupt sleep doth sorrow owe;  
Which now in some slight measure it will pay,  
If for his tender here I make some stay.

[*Lies down.*]

*Ob.* What hast thou done? thou hast mistaken quite,  
And laid the love-juice on some true-love's sight:  
Of thy misprison must perforce ensue  
Some true love turn'd, and not a false turn'd true.

*Puck.* Then fate o'er-rules; that, one man holding troth,  
A million fail, confounding oath on oath.

*Ob.* About the wood go swifter than the wind,  
And Helena of Athens look thou find:  
All fancy-sick she is, and pale of cheer  
With sighs of love, that cost the fresh blood dear:  
By some illusion see thou bring her here;  
I'll charm his eyes, against she do appear.

*Puck.* I go, I go; look, how I go;  
Swifter than arrow from the Tartar's bow. [*Exit.*

*Ob.* Flower of this purple dye,  
Hit with Cupid's archery,  
Sink in apple of his eye!  
When his love he doth espy,  
Let her shine as gloriously  
As the Venus of the sky.—  
When thou wak'st, if she be by,  
Beg of her for remedy.

*Re-enter Puck.*

*Puck.* Captain of our fairy band,  
Helena is here at hand;  
And the youth, mistook by me,  
Pleading for a lover's fee;  
Shall we their fond pageant see?  
Lord, what fools these mortals be!

*Ob.* Stand aside: the noise they make,  
Will cause Demetrius to awake.

*Puck.* Then will two, at once, woo one;  
That must needs be sport alone:  
And those things do best please me,  
That befall prepost'rously.

*Enter Lysander and Helena.*

*Lys.* Why should you think, that I should woo  
in scorn?

Scorn and derision never come in tears:  
Look, when I vow, I weep; and vows so born,  
In their nativity all truth appears.

How can these things in me seem scorn to you,  
Bearing the badge of faith to prove them true?

*Hel.* You do advance your cunning more and  
more.

When truth kills truth, O devilish holy fray!  
These vows are Hermia's! Will you give her o'er?  
Weigh oath with oath, and you will nothing  
weigh:

Your vows, to her and me, put in two scales,  
Will even weigh; and both as light as tales.

*Lys.* I had no judgment, when to her I swore.

*Hel.* Nor none, in my mind, now you give her o'er.

*Lys.* Demetrius loves her; and he loves not you.

*Dem.* [*awaking.*] O Helen, goddess, nymph,  
perfect, divine!

To what, my love, shall I compare thine eyne?  
Crystal is muddy. O, how ripe in show  
Thy lips, those kissing cherries, tempting grow!  
That pure congealed white, high Taurus' snow,  
Fann'd with the eastren wind, turns to a crow,  
When thou hold'st up thy hand: O, let me kiss  
This princess of pure white, this seal of bliss!

*Hel.* O spight! O hell! I see you all are bent  
To set against me, for your merriment.  
If you were civil, and knew courtesy,  
You would not do me thus much injury.  
Can you not hate me, as I know you do,  
But you must join, in souls, to mock me too?  
If you were men, as men you are in show,  
You would not use a gentle lady so;  
To vow, and swear, and superpraise my parts,

When, I am sure, you hate me with your hearts.  
 You both are rivals, and love Hermia;  
 And now both rivals to mock Helena:  
 A trim exploit, a manly enterprize,  
 To conjure tears up in a poor maid's eyes,  
 With your derision! None, of nobler sort,  
 Would so offend a virgin; and extort  
 A poor soul's patience, all to make you sport.

*Lyf.* You are unkind, Demetrius; be not so;  
 For you love Hermia; this, you know, I know;  
 And here, with all good-will, with all my heart,  
 In Hermia's love I yield you up my part;  
 And yours of Helena to me bequeath,  
 Whom I do love, and will do to my death.

*Hel.* Never did mockers waste more idle breath.

*Dem.* Lyfander, keep thy Hermia; I will none:  
 If e'er I lov'd her, all that love is gone.  
 My heart with her but as guest-wise sojourn'd;  
 And now to Helen it is home return'd,  
 There to remain.

*Lyf.* Helen, it is not so.

*Dem.* Disparage not the faith thou dost not know,  
 Left, to thy peril, thou aby it dear.—  
 Look, where thy love comes; yonder is thy dear.

*Enter Hermia.*

*Her.* Dark night, that from the eye his function  
 takes,

The ear more quick of apprehension makes:  
 Wherein it doth impair the seeing sense,  
 It pays the hearing double recompence:—  
 Thou art not by mine eye, Lyfander, found;  
 Mine ear, I thank it, brought me to thy sound.  
 But why unkindly didst thou leave me so?

*Lyf.* Why should he stay, whom love doth press  
 to go?

*Her.* What love could press Lyfander from my  
 side?



*Lys.* Lyfander's love, that would not let him bide,  
Fair Helena; who more engilds the night  
Than all yon fiery o's, and eyes of light.  
Why seek'st thou me? could not this make thee  
know,

The hate I bear thee made me leave thee so?

*Her.* You speak not as you think: it cannot be.

*Hel.* Lo, she is one of this confederacy!  
Now I perceive they have conjoin'd, all three,  
To fashion this false sport in spite of me.  
Injurious Hermia! most ungrateful maid!  
Have you conspir'd, have you with these contriv'd  
To bait me with this foul derision?  
Is all the counsel that we two have shar'd,  
The sister's vows, the hours that we have spent,  
When we have chid the hasty-footed time  
For parting us—O, and is all forgot?  
All school-day friendship, childhood innocence?  
We Hermia, like two artificial gods,  
Have with our needles created both one flower,  
Both on one sampler, sitting on one cushion,  
Both warbling of one song, both in one key;  
As if our hands, our sides, voices, and minds,  
Had been incorporate. So we grew together,  
Like to a double cherry, seeming parted;  
But yet a union in partition,  
Two lovely berries moulded on one stem:  
So, with two seeming bodies, but one heart;  
Two of the first, like coats in heraldry,  
Due but to one, and crowned with one crest.  
And will you rent our ancient love asunder,  
To join with men in scorning your poor friend?  
It is not friendly, 'tis not maidenly:  
Our sex, as well as I, may chide you for it;  
Though I alone do feel the injury.

*Her.* I am amazed at your passionate words:  
I scorn you not; it seems that you scorn me.

*Hel.* Have you not set Lyfander, as in scorn,

To follow me, and praise my eyes and face?  
 And made your other love, Demetrius,  
 (Who even but now did spurn me with his foot)  
 To call me goddess, nymph, divine, and rare,  
 Precious, celestial? Wherefore speaks he this  
 To her he hates? and wherefore doth Lyfander  
 Deny your love, so rich within his soul,  
 And tender me, forsooth, affection;  
 But by your setting on, by your consent?  
 What though I be not so in grace as you,  
 So hung up with love, so fortunate;  
 But miserable most, to love unlov'd?  
 This you should pity, rather than despise.

*Her.* I understand not what you mean by this.

*Hel.* Ay, do, persevere, counterfeit sad looks,  
 Make mouths upon me when I turn my back;  
 Wink at each other; hold the sweet jest up:  
 This sport well carry'd, shall be chronicled.  
 If you have any pity, grace, or manners,  
 You would not make me such an argument.  
 But, fare ye well; tis partly mine own fault;  
 Which death, or absence, soon shall remedy.

*Lyf.* Stay, gentle Helena; hear my excuse;  
 My love, my life, my soul, fair Helena!

*Hel.* O excellent!

*Her.* Sweet, do not scorn her so.

*Dem.* If she cannot entreat, I can compel.

*Lyf.* Thou canst compel no more than she entreat;  
 Thy threats have no more strength, than her weak  
 prayers.

Helen, I love thee; by my life, I do;  
 I swear by that which I will lose for thee,  
 To prove him false, that says I love thee not.

*Dem.* I say, I love thee more than he can do.

*Lyf.* If thou say so, withdraw, and prove it too.

*Dem.* Quick, come,—

*Her.* Lyfander, whereto tends all this?

*Lyf.* Away, you Ethiop!

*Dem.* No, no, fir, he'll  
Seem to break loose; take on, as you would follow;  
But yet come not: You are a tame man, go!

*Lys.* Hang off, thou cat, thou burr: vile thing, let  
loose;  
Or I will shake thee from me, like a serpent.

*Her.* Why are you grown so rude? what change  
is this,  
Sweet love?

*Lys.* Thy love? out, tawney Tartar, out!  
Out, loathed medicine! hated potion, hence!

*Her.* Do you not jest?

*Hel.* Yes, 'sooth; and so do you.

*Lys.* Demetrius, I will keep my word with thee.

*Dem.* I would, I had your bond: for, I perceive,  
A weak bond holds you; I'll not trust your word.

*Lys.* What, should I hurt her, strike her, kill her  
dead?

Although I hate her, I'll not harm her so.

*Her.* What, can you do me greater harm, than hate?  
Hate me! wherefore? O me! what news, my love?  
Am not I Hermia? Are not you Lysander?  
I am as fair now, as I was erewhile.  
Since night, you lov'd me; yet, since night, you left  
me:

Why, then you left me,—O the gods forbid!—  
In earnest, shall I say?

*Lys.* Ay, by my life;  
And never did desire to see thee more.  
Therefore, be out of hope, of question, doubt,  
Be certain, nothing truer; 'tis no jest,  
That I do hate thee, and love Helena.

*Her.* O me! you juggler! oh, you canker-blossom!  
You thief of love! what, have you come by night,  
And stol'n my love's heart from him?

*Hel.* Fine, i' faith!  
Have you no modesty, no maiden shame,  
No touch of bashfulness? What, will you tear

Impatient answers from my gentle tongue?

Fie, fie! you counterfeit, you puppet, you!

*Her.* Puppet! why so? Ay, that way goes the game.

Now I perceive that she hath made compare  
Between our statures; she hath urg'd her height;  
And with her personage, her tall personage,  
Her height, forsooth, she hath prevail'd with him.—  
And are you grown so high in his esteem,  
Because I am so dwarfish and so low?

How low am I, thou painted maypole? speak;

How low am I? I am not yet so low,

But that my nails can reach unto thine eyes.

*Hel.* I pray you, though you mock me, gentlemen,  
Let her not hurt me: I was never curst;

I have no gift at all in shrewishness;

I am a right maid for my cowardice;

Let her not strike me: You, perhaps, may think,

Because she's something lower than myself,

That I can match her.

*Her.* Lower! hark, again.

*Hel.* Good Hermia, do not be so bitter with me.

I evermore did love you, Hermia;

Did ever keep your counsels, never wrong'd you;

Save that, in love unto Demetrius,

I told him of your stealth unto this wood:

He follow'd you; for love, I follow'd him.

But he hath chid me hence; and threaten'd me

To strike me, spurn me, nay, to kill me too:

And now, so you will let me quiet go,

To Athens will I bear my folly back,

And follow you no further: let me go.

You see how simple and how fond I am.

*Her.* Why, get you gone: Who is't that hinders  
you?

*Hel.* A foolish heart, that I leave here behind.

*Her.* What, with Lysander?

*Hel.* With Demetrius.

*Lys.* Be not afraid, she shall not harm thee, Helena.

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*Dem.* No, fir; ſhe ſhall not, though you take her part.

*Hel.* O, when ſhe's angry, ſhe is keen and ſhrewd;  
She was a vixen, when ſhe went to ſchool;  
And, though ſhe be but little, ſhe is fierce.

*Her.* Little again? nothing but low and little?—  
Why will you ſuffer her to flout me thus?  
Let me come to her.

*Lys.* Get you gone, you dwarf;  
You minimus, of hind'ring knot-graſs made;  
You bead, you acorn.

*Dem.* You are too officious,  
In her behalf that ſcorns your ſervices.  
Let her alone: ſpeak not of Helena;  
Take not her part: for if thou doſt intend  
Never ſo little ſhew of love to her,  
Thou ſhalt aby it.

*Lys.* Now ſhe holds me not;  
Now follow, if thou dar'ſt, to try whoſe right,  
Or thine or mine, is moſt in Helena.

*Dem.* Follow? nay, I'll go with thee, cheek by  
jowl. [*Ex. Lysander and Demetrius.*]

*Her.* You, miſtreſs, all this coyl is 'long of you:  
Nay, go not back.

*Hel.* I will not truſt you, I;  
Nor longer ſtay in your curſt company.  
Your hands, than mine, are quicker for a fray;  
My legs are longer though, to run away.

*Her.* I am amaz'd, and know not what to ſay.

[*Exeunt; Hermia purſuing Helena.*]

*Ob.* This is thy negligence: ſtill thou miſtak'ſt,  
Or elſe committ'ſt thy knaveries willingly.

*Puck.* Believe me, king of ſhadows, I miſtook.  
Did not you tell me, I ſhould know the man  
By the Athenian garments he had on?  
And ſo far blameleſs proves my enterprize,  
That I have 'nointed an Athenian's eyes:  
And ſo far am I glad it did ſo fort,  
As this their jangling I eſteem a ſport.

*Ob.* Thou see'st, these lovers seek a place to fight:  
 Hie therefore, Robin, overcast the night;  
 The starry welkin cover thou anon  
 With drooping fog, as black as Acheron;  
 And lead these testy rivals so astray,  
 As one come not within another's way.  
 Like to Lyfander sometime frame thy tongue,  
 Then stir Demetrius up with bitter wrong;  
 And sometimes rail thou like Demetrius;  
 And from each other look thou lead them thus,  
 Till o'er their brows death-counterfeiting sleep  
 With leaden legs and batty wings doth creep:  
 Then crush this herb into Lyfander's eye;  
 Whose liquor hath this virtuous property,  
 To take from thence all error, with his might,  
 And make his eye-balls roll with wonted sight.  
 When they next wake, all this derision  
 Shall seem a dream, and fruitless vision;  
 And back to Athens shall the lovers wend,  
 With league, whose date 'till death shall never end.  
 Whiles I in this affair do thee employ,  
 I'll to my queen, and beg her Indian boy;  
 And then I will her charmed eye release  
 From monster's view, and all things shall be peace.

*Puck.* My fairy lord, this must be done with haste;  
 For night's swift dragons cut the clouds full fast,  
 And yonder shines Aurora's harbinger;  
 At whose approach, ghosts, wandering here and there,  
 Troop home to church-yards: damned spirits all,  
 That in cross-ways and floods have burial,  
 Already to their wormy beds are gone:  
 For fear lest day should look their shames upon,  
 They wilfully themselves exile from light,  
 And must for aye consort with black-brow'd night.

*Ob.* But we are spirits of another sort:  
 I with the morning's love have oft made sport;  
 And, like a forester, the groves may tread,  
 Even till the eastern-gate, all fiery red,

Opening on Neptune with fair blessed beams,  
Turns into yellow gold his salt-green streams.  
But, notwithstanding, haste; make no delay:  
We may effect this business yet ere day. [*Exit Ob.*]

*Puck.* Up and down, up and down;  
I will lead them up and down:  
I am fear'd in field and town;  
Goblin, lead them up and down.  
Here comes one.

*Enter Lysander.*

*Lys.* Where art thou, proud Demetrius? speak  
thou now.

*Puck.* Here villain, drawn and ready. Where  
art thou?

*Lys.* I will be with thee straight.

*Puck.* Follow me then  
To plainer ground.

[*Lys. goes out, as following Dem.*]

*Enter Demetrius.*

*Dem.* Lysander! speak again.  
Thou runaway, thou coward, art thou fled?  
Speak. In some bush? where dost thou hide thy  
head?

*Puck.* Thou coward, art thou bragging to the stars,  
Telling the bushes that thou look'st for wars,  
And wilt not come? Come, recreant; come, thou  
child;

I'll whip thee with a rod: He is defil'd,  
That draws a sword on thee.

*Dem.* Yea; art thou there?

*Puck.* Follow my voice; we'll try no manhood  
here. [*Exeunt.*]

*Re-enter Lysander.*

*Lys.* He goes before me, and still dares me on;  
When I come where he calls, then he is gone.

The villain is much lighter heel'd than I :  
I follow'd fast, but faster he did fly;  
That fallen am I in dark uneven way,  
And here will rest me. Come, thou gentle day!

[Lies down.]

For if but once thou shew me thy grey light,  
I'll find Demetrius, and revenge this spight.

*Re-enter Puck and Demetrius.*

*Puck.* Ho, ho, ho! coward, why comest thou not?

*Dem.* Abide me, if thou dar'st: for well I wot,  
Thou runn'st before me, shifting every place;  
And dar'st not stand, nor look me in the face.  
Where art thou?

*Puck.* Come hither; I am here.

*Dem.* Nay, then thou mock'st me. Thou shalt  
buy this dear,  
If ever I thy face by day-light see:  
Now, go thy way. Faintness constraineth me  
To measure out my length on this cold bed,—  
By day's approach look to be visited. [Lies down.]

*Enter Helena.*

*Hel.* O weary night, O long and tedious night,  
Abate thy hours; shine, comforts, from the  
east;  
That I may back to Athens by day-light,  
From these that my poor company detest:—  
And, sleep, that sometimes shuts up sorrow's eye,  
Steal me a while from mine own company.

[Sleeps.]

*Puck.* Yet but three? come one more;  
Two of both kinds make up four.

Here she comes, curst, and sad:  
Cupid is a knavish lad,  
Thus to make poor females mad.

*Enter Hermia.*

*Her.* Never so weary, never so in woe,  
Bedabbled with the dew, and torn with briers;



I can no further crawl, no further go ;  
 My legs can keep no pace with my desires.  
 Here will I rest me, till the break of day.  
 Heavens shield Lyfander, if they mean a fray !

[*Lies Down.*]

*Puck.* On the ground

Sleep found :

I'll apply

To your eye.

Gentle lover, remedy.

[*Squeezing the juice on Lyfander's eye.*]

When thou wak'st,

Thou tak'st

True delight

In the sight

Of thy former lady's eye :

And the country proverb known,

That every man should take his own,

In your waking shall be shown :

Jack shall have Jill ;

Nought shall go ill ;

The man shall have his mare again, and all shall be well.

[*Exit Puck.* [*They sleep.*]

## ACT IV. SCENE I.

*A Wood.*

*Enter Queen of the Fairies, Bottom, Fairies attending, and the King behind them.*

*Queen.* COME, sit thee down upon this flowery bed,

While I thy amiable cheeks do coy,  
 And stick musk-roses in thy sleek smooth head,  
 And kiss thy fair large ears, my gentle joy.

*Bot.* Where's Pease-blossom?

*Pease.* Ready.

*Bot.* Scratch my head, Pease-blossom.—Where's monsieur Cobweb?

*Cob.* Ready.

*Bot.* Monsieur Cobweb; good monsieur, get your weapons in your hand, and kill me a red-hip'd humble-bee on the top of a thistle; and, good monsieur, bring me the honey-bag. Do not fret yourself too much in the action, monsieur; and, good monsieur, have a care the honey-bag break not; would be loth to have you over-flown with a honey-bag, signior.—Where's monsieur Mustard-seed?

*Must.* Ready.

*Bot.* Give me your neif, monsieur Mustard-seed. Pray you, leave your courtesy, good monsieur.

*Must.* What's your will?

*Bot.* Nothing, good monsieur, but to help cavalero Cobweb to scratch. I must to the barber's, monsieur; for, methinks, I am marvellous hairy about the face: and I am such a tender ass, if my hair do but tickle me, I must scratch.

*Queen.* What, wilt thou hear some music, my sweet love?

*Bot.* I have a reasonable good ear in music: let us have the tongs and the bones.

*Queen.* Or, say, sweet love, what thou desir'st to eat.

*Bot.* Truly, a peck of provender; I could munch your good dry oats. Methinks I have a great desire to a bottle of hay: good hay, sweet hay, hath no fellow.

*Queen.* I have a venturous fairy that shall seek The squirrel's hoard, and fetch thee new nuts.

*Bot.* I had rather have a handful, or two, of dried pease. But, I pray you, let none of your people stir me; I have an exposition of sleep come upon me.

*Queen.* Sleep thou, and I will wind thee in my arms.  
 Fairies, be gone, and be all ways away.  
 So doth the woodbine, the sweet honey-suckle,  
 Gently entwist,—the female ivy so  
 Enrings the barky fingers of the elm.  
 O, how I love thee! how I dote on thee!

*Oberon advances. Enter Puck.*

*Ob.* Welcome, good Robin. Seest thou this  
 sweet fight?

Her dotage now I do begin to pity.  
 For meeting her of late, behind the wood,  
 Seeking sweet favours for this hateful fool,  
 I did upbraid her, and fall out with her:  
 For she his hairy temples then had rounded  
 With coronet of fresh and fragrant flowers;  
 And that same dew, which sometime on the buds  
 Was wont to swell, like round and orient pearls,  
 Stood now within the pretty flowret's eyes,  
 Like tears, that did their own disgrace bewail.  
 When I had, at my pleasure, taunted her,  
 And she, in mild terms, begg'd my patience,  
 I then did ask of her her changeling child;  
 Which strait she gave me, and her fairy sent  
 To bear him to my bower in fairy land.  
 And, now I have the boy, I will undo  
 This hateful imperfection of her eyes.  
 And, gentle Puck, take this transformed scalp  
 From off the head of the Athenian swain;  
 That he awaking when the others do,  
 May all to Athens back again repair;  
 And think no more of this night's accidents,  
 But as the fierce vexation of a dream.  
 But first I will release the fairy queen;

Be, as thou wast wont to be;

[*Touching her eyes with an herb.*

See, as thou wast wont to see:

Dian's bud o'er Cupid's flower

Hath such force and blessed power.

Now, my Titania ; wake you, my sweet queen.

*Queen.* My Oberon ! what visions have I seen !  
Methought I was enamour'd of an ass.

*Ob.* There lies your love.

*Queen.* How came these things to pass ?  
Oh, how mine eye doth loath his visage now ?

*Ob.* Silence, a while.—Robin, take off this  
head.—

Titania, music call ; and strike more dead  
Than common sleep, of all these five the sense.

*Queen.* Music, ho ! music ; such as charmeth  
sleep.

*Puck.* When thou awak'st with thine own fool's  
eyes peep.

*Ob.* Sound, music. [*Still music.*] Come, my  
queen, take hands with me,  
And rock the ground whereon these sleepers be.  
Now thou and I are new in amity ;  
And will to-morrow midnight, solemnly,  
Dance in duke Theseus' house triumphantly,  
And bless it to all fair posterity :  
There shall these pairs of faithful lovers be  
Wedded, with Theseus, all in jollity.

*Puck.* Fairy king, attend, and mark ;  
I do hear the morning lark.

*Ob.* Then, my queen, in silence sad,  
Trip we after the night's shade :  
We the globe can compass soon,  
Swifter than the wand'ring moon.

*Queen.* Come, my lord ; and in our flight,  
Tell me how it came this night,  
That I sleeping here was found,  
With these mortals, on the ground. [*Exeunt.*

[*Wind horns within.*

*Enter Theseus, Egeus, Hippolita, and train.*

*The.* Go, one of you, find out the forester ;—  
For now our observation is perform'd :



And since we have the vaward of the day,  
My love shall hear the music of my hounds.—  
Uncouple in the western valley ; go :—  
Dispatch, I say, and find the forester.—  
We will, fair queen, up to the mountain's top,  
And mark the musical confusion  
Of hounds and echo in conjunction.

*Hip.* I was with Hercules, and Cadmus, once,  
When in a wood of Crete they bay'd the bear  
With hounds of Sparta : never did I hear  
Such gallant chiding ; for, besides the groves,  
The skies, the fountains, every region near  
Seem'd all one mutual cry ; I never heard  
So musical a discord, such sweet thunder.

*The.* My hounds are bred out of the Spartan  
kind,  
So flew'd, so fanded, and their heads are hung  
With ears that sweep away the morning dew ;  
Crook-knee'd, and dew-lap'd like Theſſalian bulls ;  
Slow in pursuit, but match'd in mouth like bells,  
Each under each. A cry more tuneable  
Was never halloo'd to, nor cheer'd with horn,  
In Crete, in Sparta, nor in Theſſaly :  
Judge, when you hear.—But, soft ; what nymphs  
are these ?

*Ege.* My lord, this is my daughter here asleep ;  
And this, Lyſander ; this Demetrius is ;  
This Helena, old Nedar's Helena :  
I wonder at their being here together.

*The.* No doubt, they rose up early, to observe  
The rite of May ; and hearing our intent,  
Came here in grace of our solemnity.—  
But, speak, Egeus ; is not this the day  
That Hermia should give answer of her choice ?

*Ege.* It is, my lord.

*The.* Go, bid the huntsmen wake them with their  
horns.

*Horns, and shout within; Demetrius, Lysander, Hermia, and Helena, wake and start up.*

*The.* Good-morrow, friends. Saint Valentine is past;

Begin these wood-birds but to couple now?

*Lyf.* Pardon, my lord. [*They all kneel to Theseus.*]

*The.* I pray you all, stand up.

I know, you two are rival enemies;  
How comes this gentle concord in the world,  
That hatred is so far from jealousy,  
To sleep by hate, and fear no enmity?

*Lyf.* My lord, I shall reply amazedly,  
Half sleep, half waking: But as yet, I swear,  
I cannot truly say how I came here:

But, as I think, (for truly would I speak,—  
And now I do bethink me, so it is;)

I came with Hermia hither: our intent  
Was, to be gone from Athens, where we might be  
Without the peril of the Athenian law.

*Ege.* Enough, enough, my lord; you have enough;  
I beg the law, the law, upon his head.—

They would have stol'n away, they would, Demetrius,

Thereby to have defeated you and me:

You, of your wife, and me, of my consent;  
Of my consent that she should be your wife.

*Dem.* My lord, fair Helen told me of their stealth,  
Of this their purpose hither, to this wood;  
And I in fury hither follow'd them;  
Fair Helena in fancy following me.

But, my good lord, I wot not by what power,  
(But by some power it is) my love to Hermia,  
Melted as is the snow, seems to me now

As the remembrance of an idle gawd,  
Which in my childhood I did doat upon  
And all the faith, the virtue of my heart,

The object and the pleasure of mine eye,  
Is only Helena. To her, my lord,  
Was I betroth'd ere I saw Hermia;  
But, like a sickness, did I loath this food:  
But, as in health, come to my natural taste,  
Now do I wish it, love it, long for it,  
And will for evermore be true to it.

*The.* Fair lovers, you are fortunately met:  
Of this discourse we shall hear more anon.—  
Egeus, I will over-bear your will;  
For in the temple, by and by with us,  
These couples shall eternally be knit.  
And, for the morning now is something worn,  
Our purpos'd hunting shall be set aside.—  
Away, with us, to Athens: Three and three,  
We'll hold a feast in great solemnity.—

Come, Hippolita, [*Exe. Theseus, Hippolita, and train.*]

*Dem.* These things seem small, and undistinguish-  
able,  
Like far-off mountains turned into clouds.

*Her.* Methinks I see these things with parted eye,  
When every thing seems double.

*Hel.* So methinks:  
And I have found Demetrius like a jewel,  
Mine own, and not mine own.

*Dem.* Are you sure  
That we are awake?—It seems to me,  
That yet we sleep, we dream.—Do not you think,  
The duke was here, and bid us follow him?

*Her.* Yea; and my father.

*Hel.* And Hippolita.

*Lys.* And he did bid us follow to the temple.

*Dem.* Why then, we are awake: let's follow him;  
And, by the way, let us recount our dreams.

[*Exeunt.*]

*As they go out, Bottom awakes.*

*Bot.* When my cue comes, call me, and I will  
answer:—my next is, *Most fair Pyramus*—Hey,

ho!—Peter Quince! Flute the bellows-mender! Snout the tinker! Starveling! God's my life! stol'n hence, and left me asleep! I have had a most rare vision. I have had a dream,—past the wit of man to say what dream it was: Man is but an ass, if he go about to expound this dream. Methought I was—there is no man can tell what. Methought I was, and methought I had.—But man is but a patch'd fool, if he will offer to say what methought I had. The eye of man hath not heard, the ear of of man hath not seen; man's hand is not able to taste, his tongue to conceive, nor his heart to report, what my dream was. I will get Peter Quince to write a ballad of this dream: it shall be called Bottom's Dream, because it hath no bottom; and I will sing it in the latter end of a play, before the duke: Peradventure, to make it the more gracious, I shall sing it at her death.

[Exit.

SCENE II.

Athens. Quince's House.

*Enter Quince, Flute, Snout, and Starveling.*

Quin. Have you sent to Bottom's house? is he come home yet?

Star. He cannot be heard of. Out of doubt, he is transported.

Flu. If he come not, then the play is marr'd; It goes not forward, doth it?

Quin. It is not possible: you have not a man in all Athens, able to discharge Pyramus, but he.

Flu. No; he hath simply the best wit of any handy-craft man in Athens.

Quin. Yea, and the best person too: and he is a very paramour, for a sweet voice.

Flu. You must say, paragon: a paramour is, God blefs us! a thing of nought.

*Enter Snug.*

Snug. Masters, the Duke is coming from the



temple, and there is two or three lords and ladies more married: if our sport had gone forward, we had all been made men.

*Flu.* O sweet bully Bottom! Thus hath he lost six-pence a-day during his life; he could not have 'scaped six-pence a-day: an the duke had not given him six-pence a-day for playing Pyramus, I'll be hang'd; he would have deserv'd it: six-pence a-day, in Pyramus, or nothing.

*Enter Bottom.*

*Bot.* Where are these lads? where are these hearts?

*Quin.* Bottom!—O most courageous day! O most happy hour!

*Bot.* Masters, I am to discourse wonders: but ask me not what; for, if I tell you, I am no true Athenian. I will tell you every thing, right as it fell out.

*Quin.* Let us hear, sweet Bottom.

*Bot.* Not a word of me. All that I will tell you, is, that the Duke hath dined: Get your apparel together; good strings to your beards, new ribbons to your pumps; meet presently at the palace; every man look o'er his part; for the short and the long is, our play is preferr'd. In any case, let Thisby have clean linen; and let not him, that plays the lion, pare his nails, for they shall hang out for the lion's claws. And, most dear actors, eat no onions nor garlick, for we are to utter sweet breath; and I do not doubt but to hear them say, it is a sweet comedy. No more words; away; go, away.

*[Exeunt.]*

## ACT V. SCENE I.

*The Palace.*

*Enter Theseus, Hippolita, Egeus, Philostrate, Lords, &c.*

*Eip.* 'TIS strange, my Theseus, that these lovers speak of,

*The.* More strange than true. I never may believe

These antique fables, nor these fairy toys.  
Lovers and madmen have such seething brains,  
Such shaping fantasies, that apprehend  
More than cool reason ever comprehends.  
The lunatic, the lover, and the poet,  
Are of imagination all compact :  
One sees more devils than vast hell can hold ;  
That is, the madman : the lover, all as frantick,  
Sees Helen's beauty in a brow of Egypt :  
The poet's eye, in a fine frenzy rolling,  
Doth glance from heaven to earth, from earth to heaven ;

And, as imagination bodies forth  
The forms of things unknown, the poet's pen  
Turns them to shapes, and gives to airy nothing  
A local habitation and a name.  
Such tricks hath strong imagination ;  
That, if it would but apprehend some joy,  
It comprehends some bringer of that joy ;  
Or, in the night, imagining some fear,  
How easy is a bush suppos'd a bear ?

*Hip.* But all the story of the night told over,  
And all their minds transfigur'd so together,  
More witnesseth than fancy's images.  
And grows to something of great constancy :  
But, howsoever, strange, and admirable.

*Enter Lysander, Demetrius, Hermia, and Helena.*

*The.* Here come the lovers, full of joy and mirth.—

Joy, gentle friends ! joy, and fresh days of love,  
Accompany your hearts !

*Lys.* More than to us

Wait on your royal walks, your board, your bed !

*The.* Come now ; what masks, what dances shall we have,

To wear away this long age of three hours,  
 Between our after-supper, and bed time?  
 Where is our usual manager of mirth?  
 What revels are in hand? Is there no play,  
 To ease the anguish of a torturing hour?  
 Call Philostrate.

*Philostr.* Here mighty Theseus.

*The.* Say, what abridgment have you for this evening?

What mask? what music? How shall we beguile  
 The lazy time, if not with some delight?

*Philostr.* There is a brief, how many sports are ripe;  
 Make choice of which your highness will see first.

[*Giving a paper.*]

*The. reads.]* "The battle of the Centaurs, to be sung

"By an Athenian eunuch to the harp."  
 We'll none of that: that I have told my love,  
 In glory of my kinsman Hercules.

"The riot of the tipsy Bacchanals,

"Tearing the Thracian singer in their rage."  
 That is an old device; and it was play'd  
 When I from Thebes came last a conqueror.

"The thrice three Muses mourning for the death

"Of learning, late deceas'd in beggary."  
 That is some satire, keen, and critical,  
 Not sorting with a nuptial ceremony.

"A tedious brief scene of young Pyramus

"And his love Thisbe; very tragical mirth."  
 Merry and tragical? Tedious and brief?  
 That is, hot ice, and wonderous strange snow.  
 How shall we find the concord of this discord?

*Philostr.* A play there is, my lord, some ten words long;

Which is as brief as I have known a play;  
 But by ten words, my lord, it is too long;  
 Which makes it tedious: for in all the play  
 There is not one word apt, one player fitted.

And tragical, my noble lord it is;  
For Pyramus therein doth kill himself.  
Which, when I saw rehears'd, I must confess,  
Made mine eyes water; but more merry tears  
The passion of loud laughter never shed.

*The.* What are they, that do play it?

*Philost.* Hard-handed men, that work in Athens  
here,

Which never labour'd in their minds 'till now;  
And now have toil'd their unbreath'd memories  
With this same play, against your nuptial.

*The.* And we will hear it.

*Philost.* No, my noble lord,  
It is not for you: I have heard it over,  
And it is nothing, nothing in the world;  
Unless you can find sport in their intents,  
Extremely stretch'd, and conn'd with cruel pain,  
To do you service.

*The.* I will hear that play:  
For never any thing can be amiss,  
When-simpleness and duty tender it.  
Go, bring them in;—and take your places, ladies.

[*Exit Philost.*]

*Hip.* I love not to see wretchedness o'ercharg'd,  
And duty in his service perishing.

*The.* Why, gentle sweet, you shall see no such  
thing,

*Hip.* He says, they can do nothing in this kind.

*The.* The kinder we, to give them thanks for  
nothing.

Our sport shall be, to take what they mistake:  
And what poor duty cannot do,  
Noble respect takes it in might, not merit.  
Where I have come, great clerks have purposed  
To greet me with premeditated welcomes;  
Where I have seen them shiver, and look pale,  
Make periods in the midst of sentences,  
Throttle their practis'd accent in their fears,



And, in conclusion, dumbly have broke off,  
 Not paying me a welcome : Trust me, sweet,  
 Out of this silence, yet I pick'd a welcome ;  
 And in the modesty of fearful duty  
 I read as much, as from the rattling tongue  
 Of saucy and audacious eloquence.  
 Love, therefore, and tongue-ty'd simplicity,  
 In least, speak most, to my capacity.

*Enter Philostrate.*

*Philostr.* So please your grace, the prologue is addrest.

*The.* Let him approach. [*Flour. Trum.*]

*Enter the Prologue.*

*Prol.* " If we offend, it is with our good will.

" That you should think, we come not to offend,

" But with good-will. To shew our simple skill,

" That is the true beginning of our end,

" Consider then, we come but in despite.

" We do not come, as minding to content you,

" Our true intent is. All for your delight,

" We are not here. That you should here re-  
 " pent you,

" The actors are at hand ; and by their show,

" You shall know all, that you are like to know."

*The.* This fellow doth not stand upon points.

*Lys.* He hath rid his prologue like a rough colt ;  
 he knows not the stop. A good moral, my lord :  
 It is not enough to speak, but to speak true.

*Hip.* Indeed he hath play'd on this prologue,  
 like a child on a recorder : a sound, but not in government.

*The.* His speech was like a tangled chain : nothing impair'd, but all disordered. Who is next ?

*Enter Pyramus and Thisbe, Wall, Moonshine, and Lion, as in dumb show.*

*Prol.* " Gentles, perchance, you wonder at this show ;

- “ But wonder on, till truth make all things plain.  
 “ This man is Pyramus, if you would know ;  
 “ This beauteous lady Thisby is, certain.  
 “ This man, with lime and rough-cast, doth present  
 “ Wall, that vile wall which did these lovers  
     “ sunder :  
 “ And through wall's chink, poor souls, they are  
     “ content  
 “ To whisper ; at the which let no man wonder.  
 “ This man with lanthorn, dog, and bush of thorn,  
     “ Presenteth moon-shine : for, if you will know,  
 “ By moon-shine did these lovers think no scorn  
     “ To meet at Ninus' tomb, there, there to woo.  
 “ This grisly beast, which by name lion hight,  
 “ The trusty Thisby, coming first by night,  
 “ Did scare away, or rather did affright :  
 “ And, as she fled, her mantle she did fall ;  
     “ Which lion vile with bloody mouth did stain :  
 “ Anon comes Pyramus, sweet youth, and tall,  
     “ And finds his trusty Thisby's mantle slain :  
 “ Whereat, with blade, with bloody blameful blade,  
     “ He bravely broach'd his boiling bloody breast ;  
 “ And Thisby, tarrying in mulberry shade,  
     “ His dagger drew, and died. For all the rest,  
 “ Let lion, moon-shine, wall, and lovers twain,  
 “ At large discourse, while here they do remain.”

[*Exeunt all but Wall.*

*The.* I wonder, if the lion be to speak.

*Dem.* No wonder, my lord : one lion may, when many asses do.

- Wall.* “ In this same interlude, it doth befall,  
 “ That I, one Snout by name, present a wall :  
 “ And such a wall, as I would have you think,  
 “ That had in it a cranny'd hole, or chink,  
 “ Through which the lovers, Pyramus and Thisby,  
 “ Did whisper often very secretly.  
 “ This lome, this rough-cast, and this stone, doth shew  
 “ That I am that same wall ; the truth is so :

“ And this the cranny is, right and sinister,  
 “ Through which the fearful lovers are to whisper.”

*The.* Would you desire lime and hair to speak  
 better ?

*Dem.* It is the wittiest partition that ever I heard  
 discourse, my lord.

*The.* Pyramus draws near the wall: silence !

*Enter Pyramus.*

*Pyr.* “ O grim-look’d night ! O night with hue  
 “ so black !

“ O night, which ever art, when day is not !

“ O night, O night, alack, alack, alack,

“ I fear my Thisby’s promise is forgot !—

“ And thou, O wall, O sweet, O lovely wall,

“ That stand’st between her father’s ground and  
 “ mine ;

“ Thou wall, O wall, O sweet and lovely wall,

“ Shew me thy chink to blink through with mine  
 “ eyne.

“ Thanks, courteous wall : Jove shield thee well  
 “ for this !

“ But what see I ? No Thisby do I see.

“ O wicked wall, through whom I see no blifs ;

“ Curst be thy stones for thus deceiving me !”

*The.* The wall, methinks, being sensible, should  
 curse again.

*Pyr.* No, in truth, sir, he should not. *Deceiving*  
*me*, is Thisby’s cue ; she is to enter now, and I am  
 to spy her through the wall. You shall see, it will  
 fall pat as I told you. Yonder she comes.

*Enter Thisby.*

*This.* “ O wall, full often hast thou heard my  
 “ moans,

“ For parting my fair Pyramus and me :

“ My cherry lips have often kiss’d thy stones ;

“ Thy stones with lime and hair knit up in thee.”

*Pyr.* " I see a voice : Now will I to the chink,  
" To spy an I can hear my Thisby's face.

" Thisby !

*Thisf.* " My love ! thou art my love, I think."

*Pyr.* " Think what thou wilt, I am thy lover's  
" grace ;

" And like Limander am I trusty still."

*Thisf.* " And I like Helen, till the fates me kill."

*Pyr.* " Not Shafalus to Procrus was so true."

*Thisf.* " As Shafalus to Procrus, I to you."

*Pyr.* " O, kiss me through the hole of this vile  
" wall."

*Thisf.* " I kiss the wall's hole, not your lips at all."

*Pyr.* " Wilt thou at Ninny's tomb meet me  
" straightway ?"

*Thisf.* " Tide life, tide death, I come without  
" delay."

*Wall.* " Thus have I, wall, my part discharged so ;  
" And, being done, thus wall away doth go."

[*Exeunt Wall, Pyramus, and Thisbe.*]

*The.* Now is the mural down between the two  
neighbours.

*Dem.* No remedy, my lord, when walls are so  
wiful to hear without warning.

*Hip.* This is the filliest stuff that ever I heard.

*The.* The best in this kind are but shadows :  
and the worst are no worse, if imagination amend  
them.

*Hip.* It must be your imagination then, and not  
theirs.

*The.* If we imagine no worse of them, than they  
of themselves, they may pass for excellent men.  
Here comes two noble beasts in, a moon and a lion.

*Enter Lion and Moonshine.*

*Lion.* " You, ladies, you, whose gentle hearts do  
" fear

" The smallest monstrous mouse that creeps on  
" floor,



"May now perchance, both quake and tremble  
"here,

"When lion rough in wildest rage doth roar.

"Then know, that I, as Snug the joiner, am

"A lion fell, nor else no lion's dam:

"For if I should as lion come in strife

"Into this place, 'twere pity on my life."

*The.* A very gentle beast, and of a good conscience.

*Dem.* The very best at a beast, my lord, that e'er  
I saw.

*Lys.* This lion is a very fox for his valour.

*The.* True; and a goose for his discretion.

*Dem.* Not so, my lord: for his valour cannot  
carry his discretion; and the fox carries the goose.

*The.* His discretion, I am sure, cannot carry his  
valour; for the goose carries not the fox. It is well:  
leave it to his discretion, and let us listen to the  
moon.

*Moon.* "This lanthorn doth the horned moon  
"present:"

*Dem.* He should have worn the horns on his  
head.

*The.* He is no crescent, and his horns are invi-  
sible within the circumference.

*Moon.* "This lanthorn doth the horned moon  
"present;

"Myself the man i' the moon do seem to be."

*The.* This is the greatest error of all the rest: the  
man should be put into the lanthorn; How is it  
else the man i' the moon?

*Dem.* He dares not come there for the candle:  
for, you see, it is already in snuff.

*Hip.* I am a-weary of this moon. Would, he  
would change!

*The.* It appears, by his small light of discretion,  
that he is in the wane: but yet, in courtesy, in all  
reason, we must stay the time.

*Lys.* Proceed, moon.

*Moon.* All that I have to say is, to tell you, that the lanthorn is the moon ; I, the man in the moon ; this thorn-bush, my thorn-bush ; and this dog, my dog.

*Dem.* Why all these should be in the lanthorn ; for they are in the moon. But, silence ; here comes Thisbe.

*Enter Thisbe.*

*This.* " This is old Ninny's tomb : Were is my  
" love ?"

*Lion.* " Oh—" *The Lion roars. Thisbe runs off.*

*Dem.* Well roar'd, lion.

*The.* Well run, Thisbe.

*Hip.* Well shone, moon.—Truly, the moon shines with a good grace.

*The.* Well mous'd, lion.

*Dem.* And then came Pyramus.

*Lyf.* And so the lion vanish'd.

*Enter Pyramus.*

*Pyr.* " Sweet moon, I thank thee for thy sunny  
" beams :

" I thank thee, moon, for shining now so bright ;  
" For, by thy gracious, golden, glittering streams,  
" I trust to taste of truest Thisby's sight.

" But stay ;—O spight !

" But mark ;—Poor knight,

" What dreadful dole is here ?

" Eyes, do you see ?

" How can it be ?

" O dainty duck ! O dear !

" Thy mantle good,

" What, stain'd with blood ?

" Approach, ye furies fell !

" O fates ! come, come ;

" Cut thread and thrum ;

" Quail, crush, conclude and quell !"

*The.* This passion, and the death of a dear friend, would go near to make a man look sad.

*Hip.* Beshrew my heart, but I pity the man.

*Pyr.* "O, wherefore, nature, didst thou lions  
" frame ?

" Since lion vile hath here deflour'd my dear :

" Which is—no, no—which was the fairest dame,

" That liv'd, that lov'd, that lik'd, that look'd,  
" with cheer.

" Come tears, confound ;

" Out sword, and wound

" The pap of Pyramus :

" Ay, that left pap,

" Where heart doth hop :—

" Thus die I, thus, thus, thus.

" Now am I dead,

" Now am I fled ;

" My soul is in the sky :

" Tongue, lose thy light !

" Moon, take thy flight !

" Now die, die, die, die, die."

[*Dies. Exit Moonshine.*]

*Dem.* No die, but an ace for him ; for he is but one.

*Lys.* Less than an ace, man ; for he is dead ; he is nothing.

*The.* With the help of a surgeon he might yet recover, and prove an ass.

*Hip.* How chance the moonshine is gone, before Thisbe comes back and finds her lover ?

*The.* She will find him by star-light.—

*Enter Thisbe.*

Here she comes, and her passion ends the play.

*Hip.* Methinks, she should not use a long one for such a Pyramus : I hope, she will be brief.

*Dem.* A moth will turn the balance, which Pyramus, which Thisbe, is the better.

*Lys.* She hath spied him already, with those sweet eyes.

Dem. And thus she moans, *videlicet*.—

*This*. "Asleep, my love?

"What, dead, my dove?

"O Pyramus, arise,

"Speak, speak. Quite dumb?

"Dead, dead? A tomb

"Must cover thy sweet eyes.

"These lilly brows,

"This cherry nose,

"These yellow cowslip cheeks,

"Are gone, are gone:

"Lovers, make moan!

"His eyes were green as leeks.

"O sisters three,

"Come, come, to me,

"With hands as pale as milk;

"Lay them in gore,

"Since you have shore

"With shears his thread of silk.

"Tongue, not a word:—

"Come, trusty sword;

"Come, blade, my breast imbrue:

"And farewell, friends;

"Thus *This*by ends:

"Adieu, adieu, adieu."

[*Dies.*

*The*. Moonshine and lion are left to bury the dead.

*Dem*. Ay, and wall too.

*Bot*. No, I assure you; the wall is down that parted their fathers. Will it please you to see the epilogue, or to hear a Bergomask dance, between two of our company?

*The*. No epilogue, I pray you; for your play needs no excuse. Never excuse; for when the players are all dead, there needs none to be blamed. Marry, if he that writ it, had play'd Pyramus, and hang'd himself in *Thisbe's* garter, it would have been a fine tragedy: and so it is, truly; and very notably discharg'd. But come, your Bergomask: let your epilogue alone.

[*Here a Dance of Clowns.*



The iron tongue of midnight hath told twelve;—  
 Lovers, to bed; 'tis almost fairy time.  
 I fear, we shall out-sleep the coming morn,  
 As much as we this night have overwatch'd.  
 This palpable-gross play hath well beguil'd  
 The heavy gait of night.—Sweet friends, to-bed.—  
 A fortnight hold we this solemnity,  
 In nightly revels, and new jollity. [Exeunt.

## S C E N E II.

*Enter Puck.*

*Puck.* Now the hungry lion roars,  
 And the wolf beholds the moon;  
 Whilst the heavy ploughman snores,  
 All with weary task fordone.  
 Now the wasted brands do glow,  
 Whilst the scritch-owl, scritch'ing loud,  
 Puts the wretch, that lies in woe,  
 In remembrance of a shroud.  
 Now it is the time of night,  
 That the graves, all gaping wide,  
 Every one lets forth his sprite,  
 In the church-way paths to glide:  
 And we fairies, that do run  
 By the triple Hecate's team,  
 From the presence of the sun,  
 Following darkness like a dream,  
 Now are frolick; not a mouse  
 Shall disturb this hallow'd house:  
 I am sent, with broom, before,  
 To sweep the dust behind the door.

*Enter King and Queen of Fairies, with their train.*

*Ob.* Through this house give glimmering light,  
 By the dead and drowsy fire:  
 Every elf, and fairy sprite,  
 Hop as light as bird from brier;

And this ditty, after me,  
Sing and dance it trippingly.  
*Tit.* First, rehearse this song by rote :  
To each word a warbling note,  
Hand in hand, with fairy grace,  
Will we sing, and bless this place.

SONG and DANCE.

*Ob.* Now, until the break of day,  
Through this house each fairy stray.  
To the best bride-bed will we,  
Which by us shall blessed be ;  
And the issue, there create,  
Ever shall be fortunate.  
So shall all the couples three  
Ever true in loving be :  
And the blots of nature's hand  
Shall not in their issue stand ;  
Never mole, hair-lip, nor scar,  
Nor mark prodigious, such as are  
Despised in nativity,  
Shall upon their children be.—  
With this field-dew consecrate,  
Every fairy take his gate ;  
And each several chamber bless,  
Through this palace, with sweet peace :  
Ever shall it safely rest,  
And the owner of it blest.

Trip away ;  
Make no stay ;  
Meet me all by break of day.

[*Exeunt King, Queen, and train.*]

*Puck.* If we shadows have offended,  
Think but this, (and all is mended)  
That you have but slumber'd here,  
While these visions did appear.

*And this weak and idle theme,  
No more yielding but a dream,  
Gentles, do not reprehend;  
If you pardon, we will mend.  
And, as I'm an honest Puck,  
If we have unearned luck  
Now to 'scape the serpent's tongue,  
We will make amends, ere long:  
Else the Puck a liar call.  
So, good night unto you all.  
Give me your hands, if we be friends,  
And Robin shall restore amends.*

[Exit.]

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N O T E.

Wild and fantastical as this play is, all the parts in their various modes are well written, and give the kind of pleasure which the author designed. Fairies in his time were much in fashion; common tradition had made them familiar, and *Spenser's* poem had made them great.

*Johnson.*

THE END.

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MERCHANT OF VENICE.

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W. W.



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## PERSONS REPRESENTED.

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Duke of Venice.

Prince of Morocco.

Prince of Arragon.

*Anthonio*, the Merchant of Venice.

*Bassanio*, his Friend.

*Salanio*,

*Salarino*,

*Gratiano*,

} Friends to Anthonio and Bassanio.

*Lorenzo*, in love with Jessica.

*Shylock*, a Jew.

*Tubal*, a Jew.

*Launcelot*, a Clown, Servant to the Jew.

*Gobbo*, Father to Launcelot.

*Salerio*, a Messenger from Venice.

*Leonardo*, Servant to Bassanio.

*Balthazar*,

*Stephano*,

} Servants to Portia.

*Portia*, an Heiress.

*Nerissa*, Waiting-maid to Portia.

*Jessica*, Daughter to Shylock.

Senators of Venice, Officers, Jailer, Servants,  
and other Attendants.

SCENE, partly at Venice, and partly at Belmont,  
the Seat of Portia.

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## MERCHANT OF VENICE.

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### ACT I. SCENE I.

*A Street in Venice.*

*Enter Anthonio, Salarino, and Salanio.*

*Anth.* **I**N sooth, I know not why I am so sad;  
It wearies me; you say it wearies you;  
But how I caught it, found it, or came by it,  
What stuff 'tis made of, whereof it is born,  
I am to learn:

And such a want-wit sadness makes of me,  
That I have much ado to know myself.

*Sal.* Your mind is tossing on the ocean:  
There, where your argosies with portly sail,—  
Like signiors and rich burghers on the flood,  
Or as it were the pageants of the sea,—  
Do over-peer the petty traffickers,  
That curtsy to them, do them reverence,  
As they fly by them with their woven wings.

*Sala.* Believe me, sir, had I such ventures forth,  
The better part of my affections would  
Be with my hopes abroad. I should be still  
Plucking the grass, to know where sits the wind;  
Prying in maps, for ports, and piers, and roads;  
And every object, that might make me fear  
Misfortune to my ventures, out of doubt,  
Would make me sad.

*Sal.* My wind, cooling my broth,  
Would blow me to an ague, when I thought  
What harm a wind too great might do at sea,

I should not see the sandy hour-glass run,  
But I should think of shallows, and of flats;  
And see my wealthy Andrew dock'd in sand,  
Vailing her high top lower than her ribs,  
To kiss her burial. Should I go to church,  
And see the holy edifice of stone,  
And not bethink me straight of dangerous rocks?  
Which touching but my gentle vessel's side,  
Would scatter all her spices on the stream;  
Enrobe the roaring waters with my silks;  
And, in a word, but even now worth this,  
And now worth nothing? Shall I have the thought  
To think on this; and shall I lack the thought,  
That such a thing, bechanc'd, would make me sad?  
But, tell not me; I know, Anthonio  
Is sad to think upon his merchandize.

*Anth.* Believe me, no: I thank my fortune for it,  
My ventures are not in one bottom trusted,  
Nor to one place; nor is my whole estate  
Upon the fortune of this present year:  
Therefore my merchandize makes me not sad.

*Sala.* Why then you are in love?

*Anth.* Fie, fie!

*Sala.* Not in love neither? Then let's say, you  
are sad,

Because you are not merry: and 'twere as easy  
For you, to laugh, and leap, and say, you are merry,  
Because you are not sad. Now, by two-headed  
Janus,

Nature hath fram'd strange fellows in her time:  
Some that will evermore peep through their eyes,  
And laugh, like parrots, at a bag-piper;  
And other of such vinegar aspect,  
That they'll not shew their teeth in way of smile,  
Though Nestor swear the jest be laughable.

*Enter Bassanio, Lorenzo, and Gratiano.*

*Sal.* Here comes Bassanio, your most noble kins-  
man,

Gratiano, and Lorenzo: fare you well;  
We leave you now with better company.

*Sala.* I would have staid till I had made you  
merry,

If worthier friends had not prevented me.

*Anth.* Your worth is very dear in my regard.  
I take it, your own business calls on you,  
And you embrace the occasion to depart.

*Sal.* Good morrow, my good lords.

*Bass.* Good signiors both, when shall we laugh?  
say, when?

You grow exceeding strange; Must it be so?

*Sal.* We'll make our leisures to attend on yours.

[*Exeunt Sal. and Sala.*]

*Lor.* My lord Bassanio, since you have found  
Anthonio,

We two will leave you; but, at dinner-time,  
I pray you, have in mind where we must meet.

*Bass.* I will not fail you.

*Gra.* You look not well, signior Anthonio;  
You have too much respect upon the world:  
They lose it, that do buy it with much care.  
Believe me, you are marvellously chang'd.

*Ant.* I hold the world but as the world, Gratiano;  
A stage, where every man must play a part,  
And mine a sad one.

*Gra.* Let me play the fool:

With mirth and laughter let old wrinkles come;  
And let my liver rather heat with wine,  
Than my heart cool with mortifying groans.  
Why should a man, whose blood is warm within,  
Sit like his grandfire cut in alabaster?  
Sleep when he wakes? and creep into the jaundice  
By being peevish? I tell thee what, Anthonio,—  
I love thee, and it is my love that speaks;  
There are a sort of men whose visages  
Do cream and mantle, like a standing pond;  
And do a wilful stillness entertain,



With purpose to be drest in an opinion  
 Of wisdom, gravity, profound conceit;  
 As who should say, "I am Sir Oracle,  
 "And when I ope my lips, let no dog bark!"  
 O, my Anthonio, I do know of these,  
 That therefore only are reputed wise,  
 For saying nothing; who, I am very sure,  
 If they should speak, would almost damn those ears,  
 Which, hearing them, would call their brothers fools.  
 I'll tell thee more of this another time:  
 But fish not with this melancholy bait,  
 For this fool's gudgeon, this opinion.—  
 Come, good Lorenzo:—Fare ye well, a while;  
 I'll end my exhortation after dinner.

*Lor.* Well, we will leave you then till dinner-time.  
 I must be one of these same dumb wise men,  
 For Gratiano never lets me speak.

*Gra.* Well, keep me company but two years more,  
 Thou shalt not know the sound of thine own tongue.

*Anth.* Farewell; I'll grow a talker for this gear.

*Gra.* Thanks, i'faith; for silence is only commendable

In a neat's tongue dry'd and a maid not vendible.

[*Exeunt Gra. and Lor.*]

*Anth.* Is that any thing now?

*Bass.* Gratiano speaks an infinite deal of nothing,  
 more than any man in all Venice: His reasons are  
 as two grains of wheat hid in two bushels of chaff;  
 you shall seek all day ere you find them; and when  
 you have them, they are not worth the search.

*Anth.* Well; tell me now, what lady is the same,  
 To whom you swore a secret pilgrimage,  
 That you to-day promis'd to tell me of?

*Bass.* 'Tis not unknown to you, Anthonio,  
 How much I have disabled mine estate,  
 By something shewing a more swelling port  
 Than my faint means would grant continuance:  
 Nor do I now make moan to be abridg'd

From such a noble rate : but my chief care  
Is, to come fairly off from the great debts,  
Wherein my time, something too prodigal,  
Hath left me gagg'd : To you, Anthonio,  
I owe the most, in money, and in love ;  
And from your love I have a warranty  
To unburthen all my plots, and purposes,  
How to get clear of all the debts I owe.

*Anth.* I pray you, good Bassanio, let me know it ;  
And, if it stand, as you yourself still do,  
Within the eye of honour, be assur'd,  
My purse, my person, my extremest means,  
Lye all unlock'd to your occasions.

*Bass.* In my school-days, when I had lost one  
shaft,  
I shot his fellow of the self-same flight  
The self-same way, with more advised watch,  
To find the other forth ; and by advent'ring both,  
I oft found both : I urge this childhood proof,  
Because what follows is pure innocence.  
I owe you much ; and, like a wilful youth,  
That which I owe is lost : but if you please  
To shoot another arrow that self way  
Which you did shoot the first, I do not doubt,  
As I will watch the aim, or to find both,  
Or bring your latter hazard back again,  
And thankfully rest debtor for the first.

*Anth.* You know me well ; and herein spend but  
time,  
To wind about my love with circumstance ;  
And, out of doubt, you do me now more wrong,  
In making question of my uttermost,  
Than if you had made waste of all I have :  
Then do but say to me what I should do,  
That in your knowledge may by me be done,  
And am I prest unto it : therefore, speak.

*Bass.* In Belmont is a lady richly left,  
And she is fair, and, fairer than that word,

Of wond'rous virtues : sometimes from her eyes  
 I did receive fair speechless messages ;  
 Her name is Portia ; nothing undervalu'd  
 To Cato's daughter, Brutus' Portia.  
 Nor is the wide world ignorant of her worth ;  
 For the four winds blow in from every coast  
 Renowned suitors : and her sunny locks  
 Hang on her temples like a golden fleece ;  
 Which makes her seat of Belmont, Colcho's strand,  
 And many Jafons come in quest of her.  
 O, my Anthonio, had I but the means  
 To hold a rival place with one of them,  
 I have a mind presages me such thrift,  
 That I should questionless be fortunate.

*Anth.* Thou knowest that all my fortunes are at sea ;  
 Nor have I money, nor commodity  
 To raise a present sum : Therefore go forth,  
 Try what my credit can in Venice do ;  
 That shall be rack'd, even to the uttermost,  
 To furnish thee to Belmont, to fair Portia.  
 Go, presently enquire, and so will I,  
 Where money is ; and I no question make,  
 To have it of my trust, or for my sake. [*Exeunt.*]

## S C E N E II.

*A Room in Portia's House at Belmont.*

*Enter Portia and Nerissa.*

*Por.* By my troth, Nerissa, my little body is a-weary of this great world.

*Ner.* You would be, sweet madam if your miseries were in the same abundance as your good fortunes are : And yet, for aught I see, they are as sick, that surfeit with too much, as they that starve with nothing : It is no mean happiness therefore, to be seated in the mean ; superfluity comes sooner by white hairs, but competency lives longer.

*Por.* Good sentences, and well pronounc'd.

*Ner.* They would be better, if well follow'd.

*Por.* If to do, were as easy as to know what were good to do, chapels had been churches, and poor men's cottages, princes' palaces. It is a good divine, that follows his own instructions. I can easier teach twenty what were good to be done, than be one of the twenty to follow mine own teaching. The brain may devise laws for the blood; but a hot temper leaps o'er a cold decree; such a hare is madness the youth, to skip o'er the meshes of good counsel the cripple. But this reasoning is not in the fashion to chuse me a husband:—O me, the word chuse! I may neither chuse whom I would, nor refuse whom I dislike; so is the will of a living daughter curb'd by the will of a dead father:—Is it not hard, Nerissa, that I cannot chuse one, nor refuse none?

*Ner.* Your father was ever virtuous; and holy men, at their death, have good inspirations; therefore, the lottery, that he hath devised in these three chests, of gold, silver, and lead, (whereof who chuses his meaning, chuses you) will, no doubt, never be chosen by any rightly, but one who you shall rightly love. But what warmth is there in your affection towards any of these princely suitors that are already come?

*Por.* I pray thee, over-name them; and, as thou nam'st them, I will describe them; and, according to my description, level at my affection.

*Ner.* First, there is the Neapolitan prince.

*Por.* Ay, that's a colt, indeed, for he doth nothing but talk of his horse; and he makes it a great appropriation to his own good parts, that he can shoe him himself: I am much afraid my lady his mother play'd false with a smith.

*Ner.* Then, there is the County Palatine.

*Por.* He doth nothing but frown; as, who should say, *An if you will not have me, chuse:* he hears merry tales, and smiles not: I fear, he will prove the weeping philosopher when he grows old, being so full of un-



mannerly sadness in his youth. I had rather be married to a death's-head with a bone in his mouth, than to either of these. God defend me from these two!

*Ner.* How say you by the French lord, Monsieur Le Bon?

*Por.* God made him, and therefore let him pass for a man. In truth, I know it is a sin to be a mocker; But, he! why, he hath a horse better than the Neapolitan's; a better bad habit of frowning than the Count Palatine: he is every man in no man: if a throstle sing, he falls straight a-capering; he will fence with his own shadow: if I should marry him, I should marry twenty husbands: If he would despise me, I would forgive him; for if he love me to madness, I shall never requite him.

*Ner.* What say you then to Faulconbridge, the young baron of England?

*Por.* You know, I say nothing to him; for he understands not me, nor I him: he hath neither Latin, French, nor Italian; and you will come into the court and swear, that I have a poor penny-worth in the English. He is a proper man's picture; But alas! who can converse with a dumb show? How oddly he is suited! I think, he bought his doublet in Italy, his round hose in France, his bonnet in Germany, and his behaviour every-where.

*Ner.* What think you of the Scottish lord, his neighbour?

*Por.* That he hath a neighbourly charity in him; for he borrow'd a box of the ear of the Englishman, and swore he would pay him again, when he was able: I think, the Frenchman became his surety, and seal'd under for another.

*Ner.* How like you the young German, the duke of Saxony's nephew?

*Por.* Very vilely in the morning, when he is sober; and most vilely in the afternoon, when he is drunk: when he is best, he is a little worse than a

man ; and when he is worst, he is little better than a beast : an the worst fall that ever fell, I hope, I shall make shift to go without him.

*Ner.* If he should offer to chuse, and chuse the right casket, you should refuse to perform your father's will, if you should refuse to accept him.

*Por.* Therefore, for fear of the worst, I pray thee, set a deep glass of Rhenish wine on the contrary casket ; for, if the devil be within, and that temptation without, I know he will chuse it. I will do any thing, Nerissa, ere I will be marry'd to a sponge.

*Ner.* You need not fear, lady, the having any of these lords ; they have acquainted me with their determinations : which is, indeed, to return to their home, and to trouble you with no more suit ; unless you may be won by some other sort than your father's imposition, depending on the caskets.

*Por.* If I live to be as old as Sibylla, I will die as chaste as Diana, unless I be obtained by the manner of my father's will : I am glad this parcel of wooers are so very reasonable ; for there is not one among them but I dote on his very absence, and I pray God grant them a fair departure.

*Ner.* Do you not remember, lady, in your father's time, a Venetian, a scholar, and a soldier, that came hither in company of the marquis of Montferrat ?

*Por.* Yes, yes, it was Bassanio ; as I think, so he was call'd.

*Ner.* True, madam ; he, of all the men that ever my foolish eyes look'd upon, was the best deserving a fair lady.

*Por.* I remember him well ; and I remember him worthy of thy praise.—How now ! what news ?

*Enter a Servant.*

*Ser.* The four strangers seek for you, madam, to take their leave : and there is a fore-runner come from a fife, the prince of Morocco ; who brings word, the prince, his master, will be here to-night.

*Por.* If I could bid the fifth welcome with so good heart as I can bid the other four farewell, I should be glad of his approach: if he have the condition of a saint, and the complexion of a devil, I had rather he should shrive me than wive me. Come, Nerissa. Sirrah, go before.—Whiles we shut the gate upon one wooer, another knocks at the door. [*Exeunt.*]

### SCENE III.

*A public Place in Venice.*

*Enter Bassanio and Shylock.*

*Shy.* Three thousand ducats,—well.

*Bass.* Ay, sir, for three months.

*Shy.* For three months,—well.

*Bass.* For the which, as I told you, Anthonio shall be bound.

*Shy.* Anthonio shall become bound,—well.

*Bass.* May you stead me? Will you pleasure me? Shall I know your answer?

*Shy.* Three thousand ducats, for three months, and Anthonio bound.

*Bass.* Your answer to that.

*Shy.* Anthonio is a good man.

*Bass.* Have you heard any imputation to the contrary?

*Shy.* Ho, no, no, no, no;—my meaning, in saying he is a good man, is, to have you understand me, that he is sufficient: yet his means are in supposition: he hath an argosy bound to Tripolis, another to the Indies; I understand moreover upon the Rialto, he hath a third at Mexico, a fourth for England, and other ventures he hath, squander'd abroad: But ships are but boards, sailors but men: there be land-rats, and water-rats, water-thieves, and land-thieves; I mean, pirates; and then, there is the peril of waters, winds, and rocks; The man is, notwithstanding, sufficient:—three thousand ducats;—I think, I may take his bond.

*Bass.* Be assur'd, you may.

*Shy.* I will be assur'd, I may ; and, that I may be assur'd,

I will bethink me : May I speak with Anthonio ?

*Bass.* If it please you to dine with us.

*Shy.* Yes, to smell pork ; to eat of the habitation which your prophet the Nazarite conjured the devil into : I will buy with you, sell with you, talk with you, walk with you, and so following ; but I will not eat with you, drink with you, nor pray with you. What news on the Rialto ?—Who is he comes here ?

*Enter Anthonio.*

*Bass.* This is signior Anthonio.

*Shy.* [*Aside.*] How like a fawning publican he looks!! I hate him for he is a Christian : But more, for that, in low simplicity, He lends out money gratis, and brings down The rate of usance here with us in Venice. If I can catch him once upon the hip, I will feed fat the ancient grudge I bear him. He hates our sacred nation ; and he rails, Even there where merchants most do congregate, On me, my bargains, and my well-won thrift, Which he calls interest : Cursed be my tribe, If I forgive him!

*Bass.* Shylock, do you hear ?

*Shy.* I am debating of my present store ; And by the near guess of my memory, I cannot instantly raise up the gross Of full three thousand ducats : What of that ? Tubal, a wealthy Hebrew of my tribe, Will furnish me : But soft ; How many months Do you desire ?—Rest you fair, good signior ;

[*To Anthonio.*]

Your worship was the last man in our mouths.

*Anth.* Shylock, albeit I neither lend nor borrow, By taking, nor by giving of excess,



Yet, to supply the ripe wants of my friend,  
I'll break a custom—Is he yet possess'd,  
How much you would?

*Shy.* Ay, ay, three thousand ducats.

*Anth.* And for three mouths.

*Shy.* I had forgot—three months, you told me so.  
Well then, your bond; and let me see,—But  
hear you;

Methoughts, you said, you neither lend, nor bor-  
row,

Upon advantage.

*Anth.* I do never use it.

*Shy.* When Jacob graz'd his uncle Laban's sheep,  
This Jacob from our holy Abraham was  
(As his wise mother wrought in his behalf)  
The third possessor; ay, he was the third.

*Anth.* And what of him? did he take interest?

*Shy.* No, not take interest; not, as you would  
say,

Directly interest: mark what Jacob did.  
When Laban and himself were compromis'd,  
That all the eanlings, which were streak'd and py'd,  
Should fall as Jacob's hire, the ewes, being rank,  
In the end of autumn turned to the rams:  
And when the work of generation was  
Between these woolly breeders in the act,  
The skilful shepherd peel'd me certain wands,  
And, in the doing of the deed of kind,  
He stuck them up before the fulsome ewes;  
Who, then conceiving, did in eaning time  
Fall party-colour'd lambs, and those were Jacob's.  
This was a way to thrive, and he was blest;  
And thrift is blessing, if men steal it not.

*Anth.* This was a venture, sir, that Jacob serv'd for;  
A thing not in his power to bring to pass,  
But sway'd, and fashion'd, by the hand of heaven.  
Was this inserted to make interest good?  
Or is your gold and silver, ewes and rams?

*Shy.* I cannot tell ; I make it breed as fast :—  
But note me, signior.

*Anth.* Mark you this, Bassanio.  
The devil can cite scripture for his purpose:  
An evil soul, producing holy witness,  
Is like a villain with a smiling cheek ;  
A goodly apple rotten at the heart :  
O, what a goodly outside falsehood hath !

*Shy.* Three thousand ducats,—'tis a good round  
sum.

Three months from twelve, then let me see the rate.

*Anth.* Well, Shylock, shall we be beholden to you?

*Shy.* Signior Anthonio, many a time and oft  
In the Rialto you have rated me  
About my monies, and my usances :  
Still have I borne it with a patient shrug ;  
For sufferance is the badge of all our tribe :  
You call me—misbeliever, cut-throat dog,  
And spit upon my Jewish gaberdine,  
And all for use of that which is mine own.  
Well then, it now appears, you need my help :  
Go to then : you come to me, and you say,  
“ Shylock, we would have monies ;” You say so :  
You, that did void your rheum upon my beard,  
And foot me, as you spurn a stranger cur  
Over your threshold ; monies is your suit.  
What should I say to you ? Should I not say,  
“ Hath a dog money ? Is it possible  
“ A cur can lend three thousand ducats ?” or  
Shall I bend low, and in a bondman's key,  
With 'bated breath, and whispering humbleness,  
Say this,—“ Fair sir, you spit on me on Wednesday  
“ last ;  
“ You spurn'd me such a day ; another time  
“ You call'd me—dog ; and for these courtesies  
“ I'll lend you thus much monies.”  
*Anth.* I am as like to call thee so again,  
To spit on thee again, to spurn thee too.

If thou wilt lend this money, lend it not  
 As to thy friends ; (for when did friendship take  
 A breed of barren metal of his friend ?)  
 But lend it rather to thine enemy ;  
 Who if he break, thou may'st with better face  
 Exact the penalty.

*Shy.* Why, look you, how you storm !  
 I would be friends with you, and have your love,  
 Forget the shames that you have stain'd me with,  
 Supply your present wants, and take no doit  
 Of usance for my monies, and you'll not hear me ;  
 This is kind I offer.

*Anth.* This were kindness.

*Shy.* This kindness will I show :  
 Go with me to a notary, seal me there  
 Your single bond ; and, in a merry sport,  
 If you repay me not on such a day,  
 In such a place, such sum, or sums, as are  
 Express'd in the condition, let the forfeit  
 Be nominated for an equal pound  
 Of your fair flesh, to be cut off and taken  
 In what part of your body pleaseth me.

*Anth.* Content, in faith ; I'll seal to such a bond,  
 And say, there is much kindness in the Jew.

*Bass.* You shall not seal to such a bond for me,  
 I'll rather dwell in my necessity.

*Anth.* Why, fear not, man ; I will not forfeit it :  
 Within these two months, that's a month before  
 This bond expires, I do expect return  
 Of thrice three times the value of the bond.

*Shy.* O father Abraham, what these Christians  
 are ;

Whose own hard dealings teaches them suspect  
 The thoughts of others ! Pray you, tell me this ;  
 If he should break this day, what should I gain,  
 By the exaction of the forfeiture ?  
 A pound of man's flesh, taken from a man,  
 Is not so estimable, profitable neither,  
 As flesh of muttons, beefs, or goats. I say,

To buy his favour, I extend this friendship;  
If he will take it, so; if not, adieu;  
And, for my love, I pray you, wrong me not.

*Anth.* Yes, Shylock, I will seal unto this bond,

*Shy.* Then meet me forthwith at the notary's;  
Give him direction for this merry bond,  
And I will go and purse the ducats strait;  
See to my house, left in the fearful guard  
Of an unthrifty knave; and presently  
I will be with you. [Exit.]

*Anth.* Hie thee, gentle Jew:

This Hebrew will turn Christian; he grows kind.

*Bass.* I like not fair terms, and a villain's mind.

*Anth.* Come on; in this there can be no dismay,  
My ships come home a month before the day.  
[Exeunt.]

ACT II. SCENE I.

*Belmont.*

*Enter the Prince of Morocco, and three or four followers accordingly; with Portia, Nerissa, and her train. Flourish Cornets.*

*Mor.* MISLIKE me not for my complexion,  
The shadow'd livery of the burnish'd  
sun,

To whom I am a neighbour, and near bred.  
Bring me the fairest creature northward born,  
Where Phœbus' fire scarce thaws the icicles,  
And let us make incision for your love,  
To prove whose blood is reddest, his, or mine.  
I tell thee, lady, this aspect of mine  
Hath fear'd the valiant; by my love, I swear,  
The best regarded virgins of our clime



Have lov'd it too: I would not change this hue,  
Except to steal your thoughts, my gentle queen.

*Por.* In terms of choice I am not solely led  
By nice direction of a maiden's eyes:  
Besides, the lottery of my destiny  
Bars me the right of voluntary chusing:  
But, if my father had not scanted me,  
And hedg'd me by his will, to yield myself  
His wife, who wins me by that means I told you,  
Yourself, renowned prince, then stood as fair,  
As any comer I have look'd on yet,  
For my affection.

*Mor.* Even for that I thank you;  
Therefore, I pray you, lead me to the caskets,  
To try my fortune. By this scimitar,—  
That slew the Sophy, and a Persian prince,  
That won three fields of Sultan Solyman,—  
I would out-stare the sternest eyes that look,  
Out-brave the heart most daring on the earth,  
Pluck the young sucking cubs from the she-bear,  
Yea, mock the lion when he roars for prey,  
To win thee, lady; But, alas the while!  
If Hercules, and Lichas, play at dice  
Which is the better man, the greater throw  
May turn by fortune from the weaker hand:  
So is Alcides beaten by his page;  
And so may I, blind Fortune leading me,  
Miss that which one unworthier may attain,  
And die with grieving.

*Por.* You must take your chance:  
And either not attempt to chuse at all,  
Or swear, before you chuse,—if you chuse wrong,  
Never to speak to lady afterward  
In way of marriage; therefore be advised.

*Mor.* Nor will not; come, bring me unto my chance.

*Por.* First, forward to the temple; after dinner  
Your hazard shall be made,

Mor. Good fortune then ! [Cornets.  
To make me blest, or curs'd 'st among men.

[Exeunt.

SCENE II.

*A Street in Venice.*

*Enter Launcelot Gobbo.*

Laun. Certainly, my conscience will serve me to run from this Jew my master : The fiend is at mine elbow, and tempts me, saying to me, "Gobbo, Launcelot Gobbo, good Launcelot, or good Gobbo, or "good Launcelot Gobbo, use your legs, take the "start, run away."——My conscience says,—"No ; "take heed, honest Launcelot ; take heed, honest "Gobbo ; or," as aforesaid, "honest Launcelot Gobbo ; do not run ; scorn running with thy heels." Well, the most courageous fiend bids me pack : "Via !" says the fiend ; "away !" says the fiend, "for "the heavens ;" "rouse up a brave mind," says the fiend, "and run." Well, my conscience hanging about the neck of my heart, says very wisely to me— "My honest friend Launcelot, being an honest man's "son,"—or rather an honest woman's son ;—for, indeed, my father did something smack, something grow to, he had a kind of taste ;—well, my conscience says,—"Launcelot, budge not." "Budge," says the fiend. "Budge not," says my conscience.—Conscience, say I, you counsel well. Fiend, say I, you counsel well. To be rul'd by my conscience, I should stay with the Jew my master, who, God bless the mark, is a kind of devil ; and, to run away from the Jew, I should be rul'd by the fiend, who, saving your reverence, is the devil himself. Certainly, the Jew is the very devil incarnation ; and, in my conscience, my conscience is but a kind of hard conscience, to offer to counsel me to stay with the Jew : The fiend gives the more friendly counsel. I will run, fiend ; my heels are at your commandment, I will run.

*Enter old Gobbo, his father, with a basket.*

*Gob.* Master, young man, you, I pray you ; which is the way to master Jew's ?

*Laun.* [*aside.*] O heavens, this is my true-begotten father ! who, being more than sand-blind, high-gravel blind, knows me not :—I will try conclusions with him.

*Gob.* Master young gentleman, I pray you, which is the way to master Jew's ?

*Laun.* Turn up, on your right hand, at the next turning, but, at the next turning of all, on your left ; marry, at the next very turning, turn of no hand, but turn down directly to the Jew's house.

*Gob.* By God's fonties, 'twill be a hard way to hit. Can you tell me whether one Launcelot, that dwells with him, dwell with him, or no ?

*Laun.* Talk you of young master Launcelot ?—Mark me now, [*aside.*] now will I raise the waters :—Talk you of young master Launcelot ?

*Gob.* No master, sir, but a poor man's son ; his father, though I say it, is an honest exceeding poor man, and, God be thanked, well to live.

*Laun.* Well, let his father be what he will, we talk of young master Launcelot.

*Gob.* Your worship's friend, and Launcelot, sir.

*Laun.* But I pray you *ergo*, old man, *ergo*, I beseech you ; Talk you of young master Launcelot ?

*Gob.* Of Launcelot, an't please your mastership.

*Laun.* *Ergo*, master Launcelot, talk not of master Launcelot, father ; for the young gentleman (according to fates and destinies, and such odd sayings, the sister's three, and such branches of learning) is, indeed, deceased ; or, as you would say, in plain terms, gone to heaven.

*Gob.* Marry, God forbid ! the boy was the very staff of my age, my very prop.

*Laun.* Do I look like a cudgel, or a hovel post, a staff, or a prop ?—Do you know me, father ?

*Gob.* Alack the day, I know you not, young gentleman: but, I pray you, tell me, is my boy (God rest his soul!) alive, or dead?

*Laun.* Do you not know me, father?

*Gob.* Alack, sir, I am sand-blind, I know you not.

*Laun.* Nay, indeed, if you had your eyes, you might fail of the knowing me: it is a wise father that knows his own child. Well, old man, I will tell you news of your son: Give me your blessing; truth will come to light; murder cannot be hid long, a man's son may; but, in the end, truth will out.

*Gob.* Pray you, sir, stand up; I am sure, you are not Launcelot, my boy.

*Laun.* Pray you, let's have no more fooling about it, but give me your blessing; I am Launcelot, your boy that was, your son that is, your child that shall be.

*Gob.* I cannot think, you are my son.

*Laun.* I know not what I shall think of that: but I am Launcelot, the Jew's man; and, I am sure, Margery, your wife, is my mother.

*Gob.* Her name is Margery, indeed: I'll be sworn, if thou be Launcelot, thou art my own flesh and blood. Lord worshipp'd might he be! what a beard hast thou got! Thou hast got more hair on thy chin, than Dobbin my thill horse has on his tail.

*Laun.* It should seem then, that Dobbin's tail grows backward; I am sure he had more hair on his tail, than I have on my face, when I last saw him.

*Gob.* Lord, how thou art chang'd! How dost thou and thy master agree? I have brought him a present; How agree ye now?

*Laun.* Well, well; but for mine own part, as I have set up my rest to run away, so I will not rest 'till I have run some ground; My master's a very



Jew; give him a present! give him a halter: I am famish'd in his service; you may tell every finger I have with my ribs. Father, I am glad you are come; give me your present to one master Bassanio, who, indeed, gives rare new liveries; if I serve not him, I will run as far as God has any ground.—O rare fortune! here comes the man;—to him father; for I am a Jew, if I serve the Jew any longer.

*Enter Bassanio, with Leonardo, and a follower or two more.*

*Bass.* You may do so;—but let it be so hasted, that supper be ready at the farthest by five of the clock. See these letters deliver'd; put the liveries to making; and desire Gratiano to come anon to my lodging.

*Laun.* To him, father.

*Gob.* God bless your worship!

*Bass.* Grâmercy; Would'st thou aught with me?

*Gob.* Here's my son, sir, a poor boy,——

*Laun.* Not a poor boy, sir, but the rich Jew's man; that would, sir, as my father shall specify,——

*Gob.* He hath a great infection, sir, as one would say, to serve——

*Laun.* Indeed, the short and the long is, I serve the Jew, and have a desire as my father shall specify,——

*Gob.* His master and he (saving your worship's reverence) are scarce cater-cousins:—

*Laun.* To be brief, the very truth is, that the Jew having done me wrong, doth cause me, as my father, being I hope an old man, shall frutify unto you,——

*Gob.* I have here a dish of doves, that I would bestow upon your worship; and my suit is,——

*Laun.* In very brief, the suit is impertinent to myself, as your worship shall know by this honest

old man ; and though I say it, though old man, yet, poor man, my father.

*Bass.* One speak for both ;—What would you ?

*Laun.* Serve you, sir.

*Gob.* This is the very defect of the matter, sir.

*Bass.* I know thee well, thou hast obtain'd thy suit :

Shylock, thy master, spoke with me this day,  
And hath preferr'd thee ; If it be preferment,  
To leave a rich Jew's service to become  
The follower of so poor a gentleman.

*Laun.* The old proverb is very well parted between my master Shylock and you, sir ; you have the grace of God, sir, and he hath enough.

*Bass.* Thou speak'st it well : Go, father, with thy son :

Take leave of thy old master, and enquire  
My lodging out :—give him a livery

[To his followers.

More guarded than his fellows : see it done.

*Laun.* Father, in :—I cannot get a service, no ;—I have ne'er a tongue in my head.—Well, [looking on his palm] if any man in Italy have a fairer table, which doth offer to swear upon a book, I shall have good fortune.—Go to, here's a simple line of life ! here's a small trifle of wives ; alas, fifteen wives is nothing ; eleven widows, and nine maids, is a simple coming in for one man ; and then, to 'scape drowning thrice ; and to be in peril of my life with the edge of a feather bed ;—here are simple 'scapes ! Well, if fortune be a woman, she's a good wench for this geer.—Father, come ; I'll take my leave of the Jew in the twinkling of an eye.

[Exit Launcelot and old Gobbo.

*Bass.* I pray thee, good Leonardo, think on this ; These things being bought, and orderly bestow'd, Return in haste, for I do feast to-night

My best esteem'd acquaintance ; hie thee, go.

*Leon.* My best endeavours shall be done herein.

*Enter Gratiano.*

*Gra.* Where's your master?

*Leon.* Yonder, sir, he walks. [*Exit Leonardo.*]

*Gra.* Signior Bassanio,——

*Bass.* Gratiano!

*Gra.* I have a suit to you.

*Bass.* You have obtain'd it.

*Gra.* You must not deny me; I must go with you to Belmont.

*Bass.* Why, then you must;—But hear thee, Gratiano:

Thou art too wild, too rude, and bold of voice;—  
Parts, that become thee happily enough,  
And in such eyes as ours appear not faults:  
But where thou art not known, why, there they shew  
Something too liberal;—pray thee, take pain  
To allay with some cold drops of modesty  
Thy skipping spirit; lest, through thy wild behaviour,  
I be misconstru'd in the place I go to,  
And lose my hopes.

*Gra.* Signior Bassanio, hear me:  
If I do not put on a sober habit,  
Talk with respect, and swear but now and then,  
Wear prayer-books in my pocket, look demurely;  
Nay, more, while grace is saying, hood mine eyes  
Thus with my hat, and sigh, and say, amen;  
Use all the observance of civility,  
Like one well studied in a sad ostent  
To please his grandam, never trust me more.

*Bass.* Well, we shall see your bearing.

*Gra.* Nay, but I bar to-night; you shall not gage  
me  
By what we do to-night.

*Bass.* No, that were pity;  
I would entreat you rather to put on  
Your boldest suit of mirth, for we have friends  
That purpose merriment: But fare you well,  
I have some business.

*Gra.* And I must to Lorenzo, and the rest;  
But we will visit you at supper-time. [*Excunt.*

SCENE III.

*Shylock's house.*

*Enter Jessica and Launcelot.*

*Jes.* I am sorry, thou wilt leave my father so;  
Our house is hell, and thou, a merry devil,  
Didst rob it of some taste of tediousness:  
But fare thee well; there is a ducat for thee.  
And, Launcelot, soon at supper shalt thou see  
Lorenzo, who is thy new master's guest:  
Give him this letter; do it secretly,  
And so farewell; I would not have my father  
See me talk with thee.

*Laun.* Adieu!—tears exhibit my tongue.—  
Most beautiful Pagan,—most sweet Jew; if a Chris-  
tian did not play the knave, and get thee, I am  
much deceiv'd: but, adieu! these foolish drops do  
somewhat drown my manly spirit; adieu! [*Exit.*

*Jes.* Farewell, good Launcelot.—  
Alack, what heinous sin is it in me,  
To be ashamed to be my father's child!  
But though I am a daughter to his blood,  
I am not to his manners: O Lorenzo,  
If thou keep promise, I shall end this strife;  
Become a Christian, and thy loving wife. [*Exit.*

SCENE IV.

*The Street.*

*Enter Gratiano, Lorenzo, Salarino, and Salanio.*

*Lor.* Nay, we will flink away in supper-time;  
Disguise us at my lodging, and return  
All in an hour.

*Gra.* We have not made good preparation.

*Sal.* We have not spoke us yet of torch-bearers.



*Sala.* 'Tis vile, unless it may be quaintly ordered;  
And better, in my mind, not undertook.

*Lor.* 'Tis now but four o'clock; we have two hours  
To furnish us:—

*Enter Launcelot with a letter.*

Friend Launcelot, what's the news?

*Laun.* An it please you to break up this,  
It shall seem to signify.

*Lor.* I know the hand: in faith, 'tis a fair hand;  
And whiter than the paper it writ on,  
Is the fair hand that writ.

*Gra.* Love-news, in faith.

*Laun.* By your leave, sir.

*Lor.* Whither goest thou?

*Laun.* Marry, sir, to bid my old master the  
Jew to sup to-night with my new master the Chris-  
tian.

*Lor.* Hold here, take this:—tell gentle Jessica,  
I will not fail her;—Speak it privately; go.—  
Gentlemen,

Will you prepare you for this mask to-night?

I am provided of a torch-bearer. [*Ex. Laun.*]

*Sal.* Ay, marry, I'll be gone about it straight.

*Sala.* And so will I.

*Lor.* Meet me, and Gratiano.

At Gratiano's lodging some hour hence.

*Sal.* 'Tis good we do so. [*Exe. Salar. and Salan.*]

*Gra.* Was not that letter from fair Jessica?

*Lor.* I must needs tell thee all: she hath directed,  
How I must take her from her father's house:  
What gold, and jewels, she is furnish'd with;  
What page's suit she hath in readiness.  
If e'er the Jew her father come to heaven,  
It will be for his gentle daughter's sake:  
And never dare misfortune cross her foot,  
Unless she do it under this excuse,—  
That she is issue to a faithless Jew.

Come, go with me ; peruse this, as thou goest ;  
 Fair Jessica shall be my torch-bearer. [*Exeunt.*]

## S C E N E V.

*Shylock's House.*

*Enter Shylock and Launcelot.*

*Shy.* Well, thou shalt see, thy eyes shall be thy  
 judge,

The difference of old Shylock and Bassanio :—  
 What, Jessica !—thou shalt not gormandize,  
 As thou hast done with me ;—What, Jessica !—  
 And sleep and snore, and rend apparel out ;—  
 Why, Jessica, I say !

*Laun.* Why, Jessica !

*Shy.* Who bids thee call ? I do not bid thee call.

*Laun.* Your worship was wont to tell me, that I  
 could do nothing without bidding.

*Enter Jessica.*

*Jes.* Call you ? what is your will ?

*Shy.* I am bid forth to supper, Jessica ;  
 There are my keys :—But wherefore should I go ?  
 I am not bid for love ; they flatter me :  
 But yet I'll go in hate, to feed upon  
 The prodigal Christian.—Jessica, my girl,  
 Look to my house : I am right loth to go ;  
 There is some ill a-brewing towards my rest,  
 For I did dream of money-bags to-night.

*Laun.* I beseech you, sir, go ; my young master  
 doth expect your reproach.

*Shy.* So do I his.

*Laun.* And they have conspired together,—I will  
 not say, you shall see a masque ; but if you do, then  
 it was not for nothing that my nose fell a-bleeding  
 on Black-Monday last, at six o'clock i' the morning,  
 falling out that year on Ash-Wednesday was four  
 year, in the afternoon.

*Shy.* What! are there masques? Hear you me, Jessica:

Lock up my doors; and when you hear the drum,  
And the vile squeaking of the wry-neck'd fife,  
Clamber not you up to the casements then,  
Nor thrust your head into the public street,  
To gaze on Christian fools with varnished faces:  
But stop my house's ears, I mean, my casements;  
Let not the sound of shallow foppery enter  
My sober house.—By Jacob's staff, I swear,  
I have no mind of feasting forth to-night:  
But I will go.—Go you before me, sirrah;  
Say, I will come.

*Laun.* I will go before, fir.—

Mistress, look out at window, for all this;

There will come a Christian by,

Will be worth a Jewels' eye, [Exit *Laun.*

*Shy.* What says that fool of Hagar's offspring, ha?

*Jes.* His words were, Farewell, mistress; nothing else.

*Shy.* The patch is kind enough; but a huge feeder,

Snail-slow in profit, and he sleeps by day  
More than the wild-cat; drones hive not with me:  
Therefore I part with him; and part with him  
To one that I would have him help to waste  
His borrow'd purse.—Well, Jessica, go in;  
Perhaps, I will return immediately;  
Do, as I bid you.

Shut the doors after you: Fast bind, fast find;  
A proverb never stale in thrifty mind. [Exit.

*Jes.* Farewell; and if my fortune be not crost,  
I have a father, you a daughter, lost. [Exit.

## SCENE VI.

*The Street.*

*Enter Gratiano and Salanio, in masquerade.*

*Gra.* This is the pent-house, under which Lorenzo

Desir'd us to make stand.

*Sal.* His hour is almost past.

*Gra.* And it is marvel he out-dwells his hour,  
For lovers ever run before the clock.

*Sal.* O, ten times faster Venus' pigeons fly  
To seal love's bonds new made, than they are wont  
To keep obliged faith unforfeited !

*Gra.* That ever holds : Who riseth from a feast  
With that keen appetite that he sits down ?  
Where is the horse, that doth untread again  
His tedious measures with the unabated fire  
That he did pace them first ? All things that are,  
Are with more spirit chased than enjoy'd.  
How like a youngker, or a prodigal,  
The skarfed bark puts from her native bay,  
Hugg'd and embraced by the strumpet wind !  
How like a prodigal doth she return ;  
With over-weather'd ribs, and ragged sails,  
Lean, rent, and beggar'd by the strumpet wind !

*Enter Lorenzo.*

*Sal.* Here comes Lorenzo :—more of this here-  
after.

*Lor.* Sweet friends, your patience for my long  
abode ;

Not I, but my affairs, have made you wait :  
When you shall please to play the thieves for wives,  
I'll watch as long for you then—Approach ;  
Here dwells my father Jew : Ho ! who's within ?

*Jessica above, in boy's cloaths.*

*Jes.* Who are you ? tell me, for more certainty,  
Albeit I'll swear that I do know your tongue.

*Lor.* Lorenzo, and thy love.

*Jes.* Lorenzo, certain ; and my love indeed ;  
For who love I so much ? and now who knows,  
But you, Lorenzo, whether I am yours ?

*Lor.* Heaven, and thy thoughts, are witnesses that  
thou art.



*Jes.* Here, catch this casket, it is worth the pains.  
 I am glad 'tis night, you do not look on me,  
 For I am much asham'd of my exchange :  
 But love is blind, and lovers cannot see  
 The pretty follies that themselves commit ;  
 For if they could, Cupid himself would blush  
 To see me thus transformed to a boy.

*Lor.* Descend, for you must be my torch-bearer.

*Jes.* What, must I hold a candle to my shames ?  
 They in themselves, good sooth, are too too light.  
 Why, 'tis an office of discovery, love ;  
 And I should be obscur'd.

*Lor.* So are you, sweet,  
 Even in the lovely garnish of a boy.  
 But come at once ;  
 For the close night doth play the run-away,  
 And we are staid for at Bassanio's feast.

*Jes.* I will make fast the doors, and gild myself,  
 With some more ducats, and be with you straight.

[*Exit from above.*]

*Gra.* Now, by my hood, a Gentile, and no Jew.

*Lor.* Beshrew me, but I love her heartily :  
 For she is wise, if I can judge of her ;  
 And fair she is, if that mine eyes be true ;  
 And true she is, as she hath prov'd herself ;  
 And therefore, like herself, wise, fair, and true,  
 Shall she be placed in my constant soul.

*Enter Jessica below.*

What, art thou come ?—On, gentlemen, away ;  
 Our masquing mates by this time for us stay.

[*Exit with Jessica, &c.*]

*Enter Anthonio.*

*Anth.* Who's there ?

*Gra.* Signior Anthonio ?

*Anth.* Fie, fie, Gratiano ! where are all the rest ?  
 'Tis nine o'clock ? our friends all stay for you :—

To masque to-night ; the wind is come about,  
 Bassanio presently will go aboard :  
 I have sent twenty out to seek for you.

*Gra.* I am glad on't ; I desire no more delight,  
 Than to be under sail, and gone to-night. [*Exeunt.*]

SCENE VII.

*Belmont.*

*Enter Portia, with the Prince of Morocco, and both their  
 trains.*

*Por.* Go, draw aside the curtains, and discover  
 The several caskets to this noble prince :—  
 Now make your choice.

*Mor.* The first, of gold, who this inscription bears ;  
 ' Who chooseth me, shall gain what many men desire.'  
 The second, silver, which this promise carries ;—  
 " Who chooseth me, shall get as much as he deserves."  
 This third, dull lead, with warning all as blunt ;—  
 " Who chooseth me, must give and hazard all he  
 " hath."

How shall I know if I do choose the right ?

*Por.* The one of them contains my picture,  
 prince :

If you choose that, then I am yours withal.

*Mor.* Some god direct my judgment : Let me see,  
 I will survey the inscriptions back again :

What says this leaden casket ?

" Who chooseth me, must give and hazard all he  
 " hath."

Must give—For what ? for lead ? hazard for  
 lead ?

This casket threatens : Men, that hazard all,

Do it in hope of fair advantages :

A golden mind stoops not to shows of dross ;

I'll then nor give, nor hazard aught for lead.

What says the silver, with her virgin hue ?

" Who chooseth me, shall get as much as he deserves."

As much as he deserves?—Pause there, Morocco,  
And weigh thy value with an even hand:  
If thou be'st rated by thy estimation,  
Thou dost deserve enough; and yet enough  
May not extend so far as to the lady;  
And yet to be afraid of my deserving,  
Were but a weak disabling of myself.  
As much as I deserve!—Why, that's the lady;  
I do in birth deserve her, and in fortunes,  
In graces, and in qualities of breeding;  
But, more than these, in love I do deserve  
What if I stray'd no farther, but chose here?  
Let's see once more this saying grav'd in gold.  
'Who chooseth me, shall gain what many men de-  
'fire.'

Why, that's the lady; all the world desires her:  
From the four corners of the earth they come,  
To kiss this shrine, this mortal breathing saint.  
The Hyrcanian deserts, and the vasty wilds  
Of wide Arabia, are as thorough-fares now,  
For princes to come view fair Portia:  
The watry kingdom, whose ambitious head  
Spits in the face of heaven, is no bar  
To stop the foreign spirits; but they come,  
As o'er a brook, to see fair Portia.  
One of these three contains her heavenly picture.  
Is't like that lead contains her? 'Twere damnation,  
To think so base a thought; it were too gross  
To rib her cerecloth in the obscure grave.  
Or shall I think, in silver she's immur'd,  
Being ten times undervalu'd to try'd gold?  
O sinful thought! Never so rich a gem  
Was set in worse than gold. They have in England  
A coin, that bears the figure of an angel  
Stamped in gold; but that's insculp'd upon:  
But here an angel in a golden bed  
Lyes all within.—Deliver me the key;  
Here do I choose, and thrive I as I may!

Por. There, take it, prince, and if my form lye there,  
Then I am yours. [*Unlocking the golden casket.*]

Mor. O hell: what have we here?  
A carrion death, within whose empty eye  
There is a written scroll! I'll read the writing.

*All that glitters is not gold;  
Often have you heard that told:  
Many a man his life hath sold,  
But my outside to behold:  
Gilded tombs do worms infold.  
Had you been as wise as bold,  
Young in limbs, in judgment old,  
Your answer had not been in scroll'd;  
Fare you well; your suit is cold.*

Mor. Cold, indeed; and labour lost:  
Then farewell, heat; and welcome frost.—  
Portia, adieu! I have too griev'd a heart  
To take a tedious leave: thus losers part. [*Exit.*]

Por. A gentle riddance:—Draw the curtains,  
go:—  
Let all of his complexion chuse me so. [*Exeunt.*]

SCENE VIII.

Venice.

*Enter Salarino and Salanio.*

Sal. Why, man, I saw Bassanio under sail;  
With him is Gratiano gone along;  
And in their ship, I am sure, Lorenzo is not.

Sala. The villain Jew with outcries rais'd the duke;  
Who went with him to search Bassanio's ship.

Sal. He came too late, the ship was under sail;  
But there the duke was given to understand,  
That in a gondola were seen together  
Lorenzo and his amorous Jessica:  
Besides, Anthonio certify'd the duke,  
They were not with Bassanio in his ship.

Sala. I never heard a passion so confus'd,  
So strange, outrageous, and so variable,



As the dog Jew did utter in the streets :

*My daughter !—O my ducats !—O my daughter !  
Fled with a Christian ?—O my Christian ducats !—  
Justice ! the law ! my ducats, and my daughter !  
A sealed bag, two sealed bags of ducats,  
Of double ducats, stol'n from me by my daughter !  
And jewels ; two stones, two rich and precious stones,  
Stol'n by my daughter ! Justice ! find the girl !  
She hath the stones upon her, and the ducats !*

*Sal.* Why, all the boys in Venice follow him,  
Crying,—his stones, his daughter, and his ducats.

*Sala.* Let good Anthonio look he keep his day,  
Or he shall pay for this.

*Sal.* Marry, well remember'd :  
I reason'd with a Frenchman yesterday ;  
Who told me,—in the narrow seas, that part  
The French and English, there miscarried  
A vessel of our country, richly fraught :  
I thought upon Anthonio, when he told me ;  
And wish'd in silence, that it were not his.

*Sala.* You were best to tell Anthonio what you hear :  
Yet do not suddenly, for it may grieve him.

*Sal.* A kinder gentleman treads not the earth.  
I saw Bassanio and Anthonio part :  
Bassanio told him, he would make some speed  
Of his return ; he answer'd,—*Do not so,  
Slubber not business for my sake, Bassanio,  
But stay the very riping of the time ;  
And for the Jew's bond, which he hath of me,  
Let it not enter in your mind of love :  
Be merry ; and employ your chiefest thoughts  
To courtship, and such fair ostents of love  
As shall conveniently become you there :*  
And even there, his eye being big with tears,  
Turning his face, he put his hand behind him,  
And with affection wondrous sensible  
He wrung Bassanio's hand, and so they parted.

*Sala.* I think, he only loves the world for him.  
I pray thee, let us go, and find him out,

And quicken his embraced heaviness  
With some delight or other.

*Sal.* Do we so.

[*Exeunt.*]

## S C E N E IX.

*Belmont.*

*Enter Nerissa, with a Servant.*

*Ner.* Quick, quick, I pray thee, draw the curtain  
straight;

The prince of Arragon hath ta'en his oath,  
And comes to his election presently.

*Enter Arragon, his train; Portia, with hers. Flourish  
of cornets.*

*Por.* Behold, there stand the caskets, noble prince:  
If you chuse that wherein I am contain'd,  
Straight shall our nuptial-rites be solemniz'd;  
But if you fail, without more speech, my Lord,  
You must be gone from hence immediately.

*Ar.* I am enjoin'd by oath to observe three things:  
First, never to unfold to any one  
Which casket 'twas I chose; next, if I fail  
Of the right casket, never in my life  
To woo a maid in way of marriage; lastly,  
If I do fail in fortune of my choice,  
Immediately to leave you, and be gone.

*Por.* To these injunctions every one doth swear,  
That comes to hazard for my worthless self.

*Ar.* And so have I address me: Fortune now  
To my heart's hope!—Gold, silver, and base lead.  
*Who chuseth me, must give and hazard all he hath:*

You shall look fairer, ere I give, or hazard.

What says the golden chest? ha! let me see:—

*Who chuseth me, shall gain what many men desire.*

What many men desire,—That many may be meant  
Of the fool multitude, that chuse by show,  
Not learning more than the fond eye doth teach;  
Which pries not to the interior, but, like the martlet,  
Builds in the weather, on the outward wall,  
Even in the force and road of casualty.

I will not chuse what many men desire,  
 Because I will not jump with common spirits,  
 And rank me with the barbarous multitudes.  
 Why, then to thee, thou silver treasure house;  
 Tell me once more what title thou dost bear:  
*Who chuseth me, shall get as much as he deserves;*  
 And well said too: For who shall go about  
 To cozen fortune, and be honourable  
 Without this stamp of merit? Let none presume  
 To wear an undeserved dignity.  
 O, that estates, degrees, and offices,  
 Were not deriv'd corruptly! and that clear honour  
 Were purchas'd by the merit of the wearer!  
 How many then should cover, that stand bare?  
 How many be commanded, that command?  
 How much low peasantry would then be gleaned  
 From the true seed of honour? and how much  
 honour

Pick'd from the chaff and ruin of the times,  
 To be new varnish'd? Well, but to my choice:  
*Who chuseth me, shall get as much as he deserves:*  
 I will assume desert;—Give me a key for this,  
 And instantly unlock my fortunes here.

*Por.* Too long a pause for that which you find there.

*Ar.* What's here? the portrait of a blinking idiot,  
 Presenting me a schedule? I will read it.

How much unlike art thou to Portia!  
 How much unlike my hopes, and my deservings!

*Who chuseth me, shall have as much as he deserves:*

Did I deserve no more than a fool's head?

Is that my prize? are my deserts no better?

*Por.* To offend, and judge, are distinct offices,  
 And of opposed natures.

*Ar.* What is here?

*The fire seven times tried this;  
 Seven times try'd that judgment is,  
 That did never chuse amiss;  
 Some there be, that shadows kiss:  
 Such have but a shadow's bliss:*

*There be fools alive, I wis,  
Silver'd o'er; and so was this.  
Take what wife you will to bed,  
I will ever be your head:  
So be gone, fir, you are sped.*

*Ar.* Still more fool I shall appear  
By the time I linger here :  
With one fool's head I came to woo,  
But I go away with two.—  
Sweet, adieu! I'll keep my oath,  
Patiently to bear my wroth.

*Por.* Thus hath the candle sing'd the moth.  
O these deliberate fools, when they do chuse,  
They have the wisdom by their wit to lose.

*Ner.* The ancient saying is no heresy;—  
Hanging and wiving goes by destiny.

*Por.* Come, draw the curtain, Nerissa.

*Enter a Servant.*

*Serv.* Where is my lady?

*Por.* Here; what would my lord?

*Serv.* Madam, there is alighted at your gate,  
A young Venetian, one that comes before  
To signify the approaching of his lord :  
From whom he bringeth sensible regrets ;  
To wit, besides commends, and courteous breath,  
Gifts of rich value ; yet I have not seen  
So likely an embassador of love ;  
A day in April never came so sweet,  
To show how costly summer was at hand,  
As this fore-spurrer comes before his lord.

*Por.* No more, I pray thee ; I am half afeard,  
Thou wilt say anon, he is some kin to thee,  
Thou spend'st such high-day wit in praising him.  
Come, come, Nerissa ; for I long to see  
Quick Cupid's post, that comes so mannerly.

*Ner.* Bassanio, lord Love, if thy will it be!

*[Exeunt.]*



## A C T III. S C E N E I.

*A Street in Venice.**Enter Salanio and Solarino.**Sala.* NOW, what news on the Rialto?*Sal.* Why, yet it lives there uncheck'd that Anthonio hath a ship of rich lading wreck'd on the narrow seas; the Goodwins, I think they call the place; a very dangerous flat, and fatal, where the carcases of many a tall ship lie buried, as they say, if my gossip Report be an honest woman of her word.*Sala.* I would she were as lying a gossip in that, as ever knapt ginger, or made her neighbours believe she wept for the death of a third husband: But it is true,—without any slips of prolixity, or crossing the plain high-way of talk,—that the good Anthonio, the honest Anthonio,—O, that I had a title good enough to keep his name company!*Sal.* Come the full stop.*Sala.* Ha,—what say'st thou?—Why the end is, he hath lost a ship.*Sal.* I would it might prove the end of his losses!*Sala.* Let me say amen betimes, lest the devil cross thy prayer; for here he comes in the likeness of a Jew.—*Enter Shylock.*

How now, Shylock? what news among the merchants?

*Shy.* You knew, none so well, none so well as you, of my daughter's flight.*Sal.* That's certain; I, for my part, knew the taylor that made the wings she flew withal.*Sala.* And Shylock, for his own part, knew the bird was fledged; and then it is the complexion of them all to leave the dam.*Shy.* She is damn'd for it,*Sal.* That's certain, if the devil may be her judge.

*Shy.* My own flesh and blood to rebel !

*Sal.* Out upon it, old carrion ! rebels it at these years ?

*Shy.* I say, my daughter is my flesh and blood.

*Sal.* There is more difference between thy flesh and her's, than between jet and ivory ; more between your bloods, than there is between red wine and Rhenish :—But tell us, do you hear whether Anthonio have had any loss at sea, or no ?

*Shy.* There I have another bad match : a bankrupt, a prodigal, who dare scarce shew his head on the Rialto ;—a beggar, that us'd to come so snug upon the mart ;—let him look to his bond : he was wont to call me usurer ;—let him look to his bond : he was wont to lend money for a Christian courtesy ; let him look to his bond.

*Sal.* Why, I am sure, if he forfeit, thou wilt not take his flesh ; What's that good for ?

*Shy.* To bait fish withal : if it will feed nothing else, it will feed my revenge. He hath disgrac'd me, and hinder'd me of half a million ; laugh'd at my losses, mock'd at my gains, scorn'd my nation, thwarted my bargains, cool'd my friends, heated mine enemies ; And what's his reason ? I am a Jew : Hath not a Jew eyes ? hath not a Jew hands ; organs, dimensions, senses, affections, passions ? fed with the same food, hurt with the same weapons, subject to the same diseases, heal'd by the same means, warm'd and cool'd by the same winter and summer, as a Christian is ? If you prick us, do we not bleed ? if you tickle us, do we not laugh ? if you poison us, do we not die ? and if you wrong us, shall we not revenge ? if we are like you in the rest, we will resemble you in that. If a Jew wrong a Christian, what is his humility ? revenge : if a Christian wrong a Jew, what should his sufferance be by Christian example ? why, revenge. The villainy, you teach me, I will execute ; and it shall go hard, but I will better the instruction.

*Enter a Servant.*

*Serv.* Gentlemen, my master Anthonio is at his house, and desires to speak with you both.

*Sal.* We have been up and down to seek him.

*Enter Tubal.*

*Sala.* Here comes another of the tribe; a third cannot be match'd, unless the devil himself turn Jew.

[*Exeunt Sal. and Salan.*]

*Shy.* How now, Tubal, what news from Genoa? hast thou found my daughter?

*Tub.* I often came where I did hear of her, but cannot find her.

*Shy.* Why, there, there, there, there! a diamond gone, cost me two thousand ducats in Frankfort! the curse never fell upon our nation 'till now; I never felt it till now:—two thousand ducats in that, and other precious, precious jewels.—I would my daughter were dead at my foot, and the jewels in her ear! 'would she wear hears'd at my foot, and the ducats in her coffin! No news of them?—Why so:—and I know not what's spent in the search: Why, thou loss upon loss! the thief gone with so much, and so much to find the thief; and no satisfaction, no revenge: nor no ill luck stirring, but what lights o' my shoulders; no sighs, but o' my breathing; no tears, but o' my shedding.

*Tub.* Yes, other men have ill luck too; Anthonio, as I heard in Genoa,—

*Shy.* What, what, what? ill luck, ill luck?

*Tub.* Hath an argosy cast away, coming from Tripolis.

*Shy.* I thank God, I thank God:—Is it true? is it true?

*Tub.* I spoke with some of the sailors that escaped the wreck.

*Shy.* I thank thee, good Tubal:—Good news, good news: ha! ha! Where? in Genoa?

*Tub.* Your daughter spent in Genoa, as I heard, one night, fourscore ducats.

*Shy.* Thou stick'st a dagger in me :--I shall never see my gold again : Fourscore ducats at a sitting ! fourscore ducats !

*Tub.* There came divers of Anthonio's creditors in my company to Venice, that swear he cannot chuse but break.

*Shy.* I am glad of it ; I'll plague him ; I'll torture him : I am glad of it

*Tub.* One of them shewed me a ring, that he had of your daughter for a monkey.

*Shy.* Out upon her ! Thou torturest me, Tubal ; it was my turquoise ; I had it of Leah, when I was a bachelor : I would not have given it for a wilderness of monkies.

*Tub.* But Anthonio is certainly undone.

*Shy.* Nay, that's true, that's very true : Go, Tubal, see me an officer, bespeak him a fortnight before ; I will have the heart of him, if he forfeit ; for were he out of Venice, I can make what merchandize I will : Go, go, Tubal, and meet me at our synagogue ; go good Tubal, at our synagogue, Tubal.  
[*Exeunt.*]

S C E N E II.

*Belmont.*

*Enter Bassanio, Portia, Gratiano, and Attendants.*

*The Caskets are set out.*

*Por.* I pray you, tarry ; pause a day or two, Before you hazard ; for, in chusing wrong, I lose your company ; therefore, forbear a while ; There's something tells me (but it is not love) I would not lose you ; and you know yourself, Hate counsels not in such a quality : But lest you should not understand me well,



(And yet a maiden hath no tongue but thought)  
 I would detain you here some month or two,  
 Before you venture for me. I could teach you  
 How to chuse right, but I am then forsworn;  
 So will I never be: so you may miss me:  
 But if you do, you'll make me wish a sin,  
 That I had been forsworn. Beshrew your eyes,  
 They have o'er-look'd me, and divided me;  
 One half of me is yours, the other half yours,—  
 Mine own, I would say; but if mine, then yours,  
 And so all yours: O! these naughty times  
 Put bars between the owners and their rights;  
 And so, though yours, not yours.—Prove it so,  
 Let fortune go to hell for it,—not I.  
 I speak too long; but 'tis to peize the time;  
 To eke it, and to draw it out in length,  
 To stay you from election.

*Bass.* Let me chuse;

For, as I am, I live upon the rack.

*Por.* Upon the rack, Bassanio? then confess  
 What treason there is mingled with your love.

*Bass.* None, but that ugly treason of mistrust,  
 Which makes me fear the enjoying of my love:  
 There may as well be amity and life  
 'Tween snow and fire, as treason and my love.

*Por.* Ay, but I fear, you speak upon the rack,  
 Where men enforced do speak any thing.

*Bass.* Promise me life, and I'll confess the truth.

*Por.* Well then, confess and live.

*Bass.* Confess, and love,  
 Had been the very sum of my confession:  
 O happy torment, when my torturer  
 Doth teach me answers for deliverance!  
 But let me to my fortune and the caskets.

*Por.* Away then: I am lock'd in one of them;  
 If you do love me, you will find me out.—  
 Nerissa, and the rest, stand all aloof.—  
 Let music sound, while he doth make his choice:

Then, if he lose, he makes a swan-like end,  
 Fading in music: that the comparison  
 May stand more proper, my eye shall be the stream,  
 And wat'ry death-bed for him: He may win;  
 And what is music then? then music is  
 Even as the flourish when true subjects bow  
 To a new-crown'd monarch: such it is,  
 As are those dulcet sounds in break of day,  
 That creep into the dreaming bridegroom's ear;  
 And summon him to marriage. Now he goes,  
 With no less presence, but with much more love,  
 Than young Alcides, when he did redeem  
 The virgin-tribute paid by howling Troy  
 To the sea-monster: I stand for sacrifice,  
 The rest aloof are the Dardanian wives,  
 With bleared visages, come forth to view  
 The issue of the exploit. Go, Hercules!  
 Live thou, I live:—With much much more dismay  
 I view the fight, than thou that mak'st the fray.

[*Music within.*]

*A Song, whilst Bassanio comments on the caskets to himself.*

*Tell me, where is fancy bred,  
 Or in the heart, or in the head?  
 How begot, how nourished?*

*Reply. It is engender'd in the eyes,  
 With gazing fed; and fancy dies  
 In the cradle where it lies:*

*Let us all ring fancy's knell.*

*I'll begin it,—Ding, dong, bell.*

*All. Ding, dong, bell.*

*Bass.*—So may the outward shows be least themselves;  
 The world is still deceiv'd with ornament.  
 In law, what plea so tainted and corrupt,  
 But, being season'd with a gracious voice,  
 Obscures the show of evil? In religion,

What damned error, but some sober brow  
Will bless it, and approve it with a text,  
Hiding the grossness with fair ornament?  
There is no vice so simple, but assumes  
Some mark of virtue on his outward parts.  
How many cowards, whose hearts are all as false  
As stairs of sand, wear yet upon their chins  
The beards of Hercules, and frowning Mars;  
Who, inward search'd, have livers white as milk?  
And these assume but valour's excrement,  
To render them redoubted. Look on beauty,  
And you shall see 'tis purchas'd by the weight;  
Which therein works a miracle in nature,  
Making them lightest that wear most of it:  
So are those crisped snaky golden locks,  
Which make such wanton gambols with the wind,  
Upon supposed fairness, often known  
To be the dowry of a second head,  
The scull that bred them in the sepulchre.  
Thus ornament is but the guiled shore  
To a most dangerous sea; the beauteous scarf  
Veiling an Indian beauty; in a word,  
The seeming truth which cunning times put on  
To entrap the wisest. Therefore, thou gaudy gold,  
Hard food for Midas, I will none of thee:  
Nor none of thee, thou pale and common drudge  
'Tween man and man: but thou, thou meager lead,  
Which rather threat'nest, than dost promise aught,  
Thy plainness moves me more than eloquence.  
And here chuse I; Joy be the consequence!

*Por.* How all the other passions fleet to air,  
As doubtful thoughts, and rash-embrac'd despair,  
And shudd'ring fear, and green ey'd jealousy!  
O love, be moderate, allay thy ecstasy,  
In measure rain thy joy, scant this excess;  
I feel too much thy blessing, make it less,  
For fear I surfeit!

[Opening the leaden casket.]

*Bass.* What find I here?  
 Fair Portia's counterfeit? What demi-god  
 Hath come so near creation? Move these eyes?  
 Or whether, riding on the balls of mine,  
 Seem they in motion? Here are sever'd lips,  
 Parted with sugar breath; so sweet a bar  
 Should sunder such sweet friends: Here in her hairs  
 The painter plays the spider; and hath woven  
 A golden mesh to entrap the hearts of men,  
 Faster than gnats in cobwebs: But her eyes,—  
 How could he see to do them? Having made one,  
 Methinks, it should have power to steal both his,  
 And leave itself unfurnish'd: Yet look, how far  
 The substance of my praise doth wrong this shadow  
 In underprizing it, so far this shadow  
 Doth limp behind the substance.—Here's the scroll,  
 The continent and summary of my fortune.

*You that chuse not by the view,  
 Chance as fair, and chuse as true!  
 Since this fortune falls to you,  
 Be content, and seek no new.*

*If you be well pleas'd with this,  
 And hold your fortune for your blifs,  
 Turn you where your lady is,  
 And claim her with a loving kiss.*

A gentle scroll:—Fair lady, by your leave;

*[Kissing her.]*

I come by note, to give, and to receive.  
 Like one of two contending in a prize,  
 That thinks he hath done well in people's eyes,  
 Hearing applause, and universal shout,  
 Giddy in spirit, still gazing, in a doubt  
 Whether those peals of praise be his or no;  
 So thrice fair lady, stand I, even so;  
 As doubtful whether what I see be true,  
 Until confirm'd, sign'd, ratify'd by you.

*Por.* You see me, lord Bassanio, where I stand,  
 Such as I am: though, for myself alone,



I would not be ambitious in my wish,  
To wish myself much better; yet, for you,  
I would be trebled twenty times myself;  
A thousand times more fair, ten thousand times  
More rich; that to stand high in your account,  
I might in virtues, beauties, livings, friends,  
Exceed account: but the full sum of me  
Is sum of something; which, to term in gross,  
Is an unlesson'd girl, unschool'd, unpractis'd  
Happy in this, she is not yet so old  
But she may learn: and, happier than this,  
She is not bred so dull but she can learn;  
Happiest of all, is, that her gentle spirit  
Commits itself to yours, to be directed,  
As, from her lord, her governor, her king.  
Myself, and what is mine, to you, and yours  
Is now converted; but now I was the lord  
Of this fair mansion, master of my servants,  
Queen o'er myself; and even now, but now,  
This house, these servants, and this same myself,  
Are yours, my lord; I give them with this ring;  
Which when you part from, lose, or give away,  
Let it preface the ruin of your love,  
And be my vantage to exclaim on you.

*Bass.* Madam, you have bereft me of all words,  
Only my blood speaks to you in my veins:  
And there is such confusion in my powers,  
As after some oration fairly spoke  
By a beloved prince, there doth appear  
Among the buzzing pleased multitude;  
Where every something, being blent together,  
Turns to a wild of nothing, save of joy,  
Express'd, and not express'd: But when this ring  
Parts from this finger, then parts life from hence;  
O, then be bold to say, Bassanio's dead.

*Ner.* My lord and lady, it is now our time,  
That have stood by, and seen our wishes prosper,  
To cry, good joy; Good joy, my lord, and lady!

*Gra.* My lord Bassanio, and my gentle lady,  
I wish you all the joy that you can wish;  
For, I am sure, you can wish none from me:  
And, when your honours mean to solemnize  
The bargain of your faith, I do beseech you,  
Even at that time I may be marry'd too.

*Bass.* With all my heart, so thou canst get a wife.

*Gra.* I thank your lordship; you have got me one.  
My eyes, my lord, can look as swift as yours:  
You saw the mistress, I beheld the maid;  
You lov'd, I lov'd; for intermission  
No more pertains to me, my lord, than you.  
Your fortune stood upon the casket there;  
And so did mine too, as the matter falls:  
For wooing here, until I sweat again;  
And swearing, till my very roof was dry  
With oaths of love; at last,—if promise last,—  
I got a promise of this fair one here,  
To have her love, provided that your fortune  
Atchiev'd her mistress.

*Por.* Is this true, Nerissa?

*Ner.* Madam, it is, so you stand pleas'd withal.

*Bass.* And do you, Gratiano, mean good faith?

*Gra.* Yes, 'faith, my lord.

*Bass.* Our feast shall be much honour'd in your  
marriage.

*Gra.* We'll play with them, the first boy for a  
thousand ducats.

*Ner.* What, and stake down?

*Gra.* No; we shall ne'er win at that sport, and  
stake down.——

But who comes here? Lorenzo, and his infidel?  
What, and my old Venetian friend, Salerio?

*Enter Lorenzo, Jessica, and Salerio.*

*Bass.* Lorenzo, and Salerio, welcome hither;  
If that the youth of my new interest here  
Have power to bid you welcome:—By your leave,  
I bid my very friends, and countrymen,  
Sweet Portia, welcome,

*Por.* So do I, my lord;  
They are entirely welcome.

*Lor.* I thank your honour:—For my part, my lord,

My purpose was not to have seen you here;  
But meeting with Salerio by the way,  
He did entreat me, past all saying nay,  
To come with him along.

*Sal.* I did, my lord,  
And I have reason for it. Signior Anthonio  
Commends him to you. [*Gives Bassanio a letter.*]

*Bass.* Ere I ope his letter,  
I pray you tell me how my good friend doth.

*Sal.* Not sick, my lord, unless it be in mind!  
Nor well, unless in mind: his letter there  
Will shew you his estate.

*Gra.* Nerissa, cheer you' stranger; bid her welcome,  
Your hand, Salerio; What's the news from Venice?  
How doth that royal merchant, good Anthonio?  
I know, he will be glad of our success;  
We are the Jafons, we have won the fleece.

*Sal.* Would you had won the fleece that he hath lost!

*Por.* There are some shrewd contents in yon' same paper,  
That steals the colour from Bassanio's cheek:  
Some dear friend dead; else nothing in the world  
Could turn so much the constitution  
Of any constant man. What, worse and worse?—  
With leave, Bassanio; I am half yourself,  
And I must freely have the half of any thing  
That this same paper brings you.

*Bass.* O sweet Portia,  
Here are a few of the unpleasant'st words,  
That ever blotted paper! Gentle lady,  
When I did first impart my love to you,  
I freely told you, all the wealth I had

Ran in my veins, I was a gentleman;  
 And then I told you true: and yet, dear lady,  
 Rating myself at nothing, you shall see  
 How much I was a braggart: When I told you  
 My state was nothing, I should then have told you  
 That I was worse than nothing; for, indeed,  
 I have engag'd myself to a dear friend,  
 Engag'd my friend to his mere enemy,  
 To feed my means. Here is a letter, lady;  
 The paper as the body of my friend,  
 And every word in it a gaping wound,  
 Issuing life-blood.—But is it true, Salerio?  
 Have all his ventures fail'd? What, not one hit?  
 From Tripolis, from Mexico, and England,  
 From Lisbon, Barbary, and India?  
 And not one vessel 'scape the dreadful touch  
 Of merchant-marring rocks?

*Sal.* Not one, my lord.

Besides, it should appear, that if he had  
 The present money to discharge the Jew,  
 He would not take it: Never did I know  
 A creature, that did bear the shape of man,  
 So keen and greedy to confound a man:  
 He plies the duke at morning, and at night;  
 And doth impeach the freedom of the state,  
 If they deny him justice: twenty merchants,  
 The duke himself, and the magnificoes  
 Of greatest port, have all persuaded with him;  
 But none can drive him from the envious plea  
 Of forfeiture, of justice, and his bond.

*Jes.* When I was with him, I have heard him swear  
 To Tubal, and to Chus, his countrymen,  
 That he would rather have Anthonio's flesh,  
 Than twenty times the value of the sum  
 That he did owe him: and I know, my lord,  
 If law, authority, and power deny not,  
 It will go hard with poor Anthonio.

*Por.* Is it your dear friend, that is thus in trouble?



*Bass.* The dearest friend to me, the kindest man,  
The best condition'd and unweary'd spirit  
In doing courtesies; and one in whom  
The ancient Roman honour more appears,  
Than any that draws breath in Italy.

*Por.* What sum owes he the Jew?

*Bass.* For me, three thousand ducats.

*Por.* What, no more?

Pay him six thousand, and deface the bond;  
Double six thousand, and then treble that,  
Before a friend of this description  
Shall lose a hair thorough Bassanio's fault.  
First, go with me to church, and call me wife;  
And then away to Venice to your friend;  
For never shall you lie by Portia's side  
With an unquiet soul. You shall have gold  
To pay the petty debt twenty times over:  
When it is paid, bring your true friend along:  
My maid Nerissa, and myself, mean time,  
Will live as maids and widows. Come away;  
For you shall hence upon your wedding-day:  
Bid your friends welcome, shew a merry cheer;  
Since you are dear bought, I will love you dear.—  
But let me hear the letter of your friend.

*Bass.* [*reads.*] "Sweet Bassanio, my ships have  
"all miscarried, my creditors grow cruel, my estate  
"is very low, my bond to the Jew is forfeit; and  
"since, in paying it, it is impossible I should live,  
"all debts are cleared between you and me, if I  
"might but see you at my death: notwithstanding,  
"use your pleasure: if your love do not persuade  
"you to come, let not my letter."

*Por.* O love, dispatch all business, and be gone.

*Bass.* Since I have your good leave to go away,  
I will make haste: but, 'till I come again,  
No bed shall e'er be guilty of my stay,  
No rest be interposer 'twixt us twain. [*Exeunt.*

S C E N E III.

*A Street in Venice.*

*Enter Shylock, Salanio, Anthonio, and the Jailer.*

*Shy.* Jailer, look to him;—Tell not me of mercy;—  
This is the fool that lent out money gratis;—  
Jailer, look to him.

*Anth.* Hear me yet, good Shylock.

*Shy.* I'll have my bond; speak not against my bond;  
I have sworn an oath, that I will have my bond;  
Thou call'dst me dog, before thou had'st a cause;  
But, since I am a dog, beware my fangs:  
The duke shall grant me justice.—I do wonder,  
Thou naughty jailer, that thou art so fond  
To come abroad with him at his request.

*Anth.* I pray thee, hear me speak.

*Shy.* I'll have my bond; I will not hear thee speak:  
I'll have my bond; and therefore speak no more.  
I'll not be made a soft and dull-ey'd fool,  
To shake the head, relent, and sigh, and yield  
To Christian intercessors. Follow not;  
I'll have no speaking, I will have my bond.

[*Exit Shylock.*]

*Sal.* It is the most impenetrable cur,  
That ever kept with men.

*Anth.* Let him alone;  
I'll follow him no more with bootless prayers.  
He seeks my life; his reason well I know;  
I oft deliver'd from his forfeitures  
Many that have at times made moan to me,  
Therefore he hates me.

*Sal.* I am sure the duke  
Will never grant this forfeiture to hold.

*Anth.* The duke cannot deny the course of law;  
For the commodity that strangers have  
With us in Venice, if it be deny'd,  
Will much impeach the justice of the state;  
Since that the trade and profit of the city

Consisteth of all nations. Therefore go:  
These griefs and losses have so 'bated me,  
That I shall hardly spare a pound of flesh  
To-morrow to my bloody creditor.—  
Well, jailer, on:—Pray God, Bassanio come  
To see me pay his debt, and then I care not!

[*Exeunt.*]

## S C E N E IV.

*Belmont.*

*Enter Portia, Nerissa, Lorenzo, Jessica, and  
Balthazar.*

*Lor.* Madam, although I speak it in your presence,  
You have a noble and a true conceit  
Of god-like amity; which appears most strongly  
In bearing thus the absence of your lord.  
But, if you knew to whom you shew this honour,  
How true a gentleman you send relief,  
How dear a lover of my lord, your husband,  
I know, you would be prouder of the work,  
Than customary bounty can enforce you.

*Por.* I never did repent for doing good,  
Nor shall not now: for in companions  
That do converse and waste the time together,  
Whose souls do bear an equal yoke of love,  
There must needs be a like proportion  
Of lineaments, of manners, and of spirit;  
Which makes me think, that this Anthonio,  
Being the bosom lover of my lord,  
Must needs be like my lord: If it be so,  
How little is the cost I have bestow'd,  
In purchasing the semblance of my soul  
From out the state of hellish cruelty?  
This comes too near the praising of myself;  
Therefore, no more of it: hear other things.—  
Lorenzo, I commit into your hands  
The husbandry and manage of my house.  
Until my lord's return: for my own part,

I have toward heaven breath'd a secret vow,  
To live in prayer and contemplation,  
Only attended by Nerissa here,  
Until her husband and my lord's return :  
There is a monastery two miles off,  
And there we will abide. I do desire you,  
Not to deny this imposition ;  
The which my love, and some necessity,  
Now lays upon you.

*Lor.* Madam, with all my heart ;  
I shall obey you in all fair commands.

*Por.* My people do already know my mind,  
And will acknowledge you and Jessica  
In place of lord Bassanio and myself.  
So fare you well, till we shall meet again.

*Lor.* Fair thoughts and happy hours attend on you!

*Jes.* I wish your ladyship all heart's content.

*Por.* I thank you for your wish, and am well  
pleas'd

To wish it back on you : fare you well, Jessica.—

[*Exeunt Jessica and Lorenzo.*]

Now, Balthazar,

As I have ever found thee honest, true,  
So let me find thee still : Take this same letter,  
And use thou all the endeavour of a man,  
In speed to Padua ; see thou render this  
Into my cousin's hand, doctor Bellario ;  
And, look, what notes and garments he doth give  
thee

Bring them, I pray thee, with imagin'd speed,  
Unto the traject, to the common ferry  
Which trades to Venice :—waste no time in words,  
But get thee gone ; I shall be there before thee.

*Balth.* Madam, I go with all convenient speed.

[*Exit.*]

*Por.* Come on, Nerissa ; I have work in hand.  
That you yet know not of : we'll see our husbands  
Before they think of us.



*Ner.* Shall they see us ?

*Por.* They shall, Nerissa ; but in such-a habit,  
That they shall think we are accomplished  
With what we lack. I'll hold thee any wager,  
When we are both apparell'd like young men,  
I'll prove the prettier fellow of the two,  
And wear my dagger with the braver grace ;  
And speak between the change of man and boy,  
With a reed voice ; and turn two mincing steps  
Into a manly stride ; and speak of frays,  
Like a fine bragging youth : and tell quaint lies,  
How honourable ladies fought my love,  
Which I denying, they fell sick and dy'd ;  
I could not do with all ;—then I'll repent,  
And wish, for all that, that I had not kill'd them :  
And twenty of these puny lies I'll tell,  
That men shall swear, I have discontinued school  
Above a twelvemonth : I have within my mind  
A thousand raw tricks of these bragging jacks,  
Which I will practise.

*Ner.* Why, shall we turn to men ?

*Por.* Fie ! what a question's that,  
If thou wert near a lewd interpreter ?  
But come, I'll tell thee all my whole device  
When I am in my coach, which stays for us  
At the park gate ; and therefore haste away,  
For we must measure twenty miles to-day. [*Exeunt.*]

### SCENE V.

*Enter Launcelot and Jessica.*

*Laun.* Yes, truly :—for, look you, the sins of the  
father are to be laid upon the children ; therefore,  
I promise you, I fear you. I was always plain  
with you, and so now I speak my agitation of the  
the matter : Therefore be of good cheer ; for, truly,  
I think, you are damn'd. There is but one hope  
in it that can do you any good ; and that is but a  
kind of a bastard hope neither.

*Jes.* And what hope is that, I pray thee?

*Laun.* Marry, you may partly hope that your father got you not, that you are not the Jew's daughter.

*Jes.* That were a kind of bastard hope, indeed; so the sins of my mother shall be visited upon me.

*Laun.* Truly then I fear you are damn'd both by father and mother: thus when I shun Scylla, your father, I fall into Charybdis, your mother: well, you are gone both ways.

*Jes.* I shall be saved by my husband; he hath made me a Christian.

*Laun.* Truly, the more to blame he: we were Christians enough before; e'en as many as could well live one by another: This making of Christians will raise the price of hogs; if we grow all to be pork-eaters, we shall not shortly have a rasher on the coals for money.

*Enter Lorenzo.*

*Jes.* I'll tell my husband, Launcelot, what you say; here he comes.

*Lor.* I shall grow jealous of you shortly, Launcelot, if you thus get my wife into corners.

*Jes.* Nay, you need not fear us, Lorenzo; Launcelot and I are out! he tells me flatly, there is no mercy for me in heaven, because I am a Jew's daughter; and he says, you are no good member of the commonwealth; for in converting Jews to Christians, you raise the price of pork.

*Lor.* I shall answer that better to the commonwealth, than you can the getting up of the negro's belly: the Moor is with child by you, Launcelot.

*Laun.* It is much, that the Moor should be more than reason: but if she be less than an honest woman, she is, indeed, more than I took her for.

*Lor.* How every fool can play upon the word! I think the best grace of wit will shortly turn into silence; and discourse grow commendable in none

only but parrots—Go in, firrah ; bid them prepare for dinner.

*Laun.* That is done, fir ; they have all stomachs.

*Lor.* Goodly lord, what a wit-snapper are you ! then bid them prepare dinner.

*Laun.* That is done too, fir ; only, cover is the word.

*Lor.* Will you cover then, fir ?

*Laun.* Not so, fir, neither ; I know my duty.

*Lor.* Yet more quarrelling with occasion ; wilt thou shew the whole wealth of thy wit in an instant ? I pray thee, understand a plain man in his plain meaning ; go to thy fellows ; bid them cover the table, serve in the meat, and we will come in to dinner.

*Laun.* For the table, fir, it shall be serv'd in ; for the meat, fir, it shall be covered ; for your coming in to dinner, fir, why, let it be as humours and conceit shall govern. [Exit Laun.]

*Lor.* O dear discretion, how his words are suited !  
The fool hath planted in his memory  
An army of good words : And I do know  
A many fools, that stand in better place,  
Garnish'd like him, that for a tricky word  
Defy the matter. How cheer'st thou, Jessica ?  
And now, good sweet, say thy opinion,  
How dost thou like the lord Bassanio's wife ?

*Jes.* Past all expressing : it is very meet,  
The lord Bassanio live an upright life ;  
For, having such a blessing in his lady,  
He finds the joys of heaven here on earth :  
And, if on earth he do not mean it, it  
Is reason he should never come to heaven.  
Why, if two gods should play some heavenly match,  
And on the wager lay two earthly women,  
And Portia one, there must be something else  
Pawn'd with the other ; for the poor rude world  
Hath not her fellow.

*Lor.* Even such a husband  
Hast thou of me, as she is for a wife.

*Jes.* Nay, but ask my opinion too of that.

*Lor.* I will anon; first let us go to dinner.

*Jes.* Nay, let me praise you, while I have a  
stomach.

*Lor.* No, pray thee, let it serve for table-talk;  
Then, howsoe'er thou speak'st 'mong other things  
I shall digest it.

*Jes.* Well, I'll set you forth. [Exeunt.]

ACT IV. SCENE I.

*The Senate-house in Venice.*

*Enter the Duke, the Senators; Anthonio, Bassanio,  
Gratiano, and others.*

*Duke.* **W**HAT, is Anthonio here?

*Anth.* Ready, so please your grace.

*Duke.* I am sorry for thee; thou art come to an-  
swer

A stony adversary, an inhuman wretch  
Uncapable of pity, void and empty  
From any dram of mercy.

*Anth.* I have heard,  
Your grace hath ta'en great pains to qualify  
His rigorous course; but since he stands obdurate,  
And that no lawful means can carry me  
Out of his envy's reach, I do oppose  
My patience to his fury; and am arm'd  
To suffer, with a quietness of spirit,  
The very tyranny and rage of his.

*Duke.* Go one, and call the Jew into the court.

*Sal.* He's ready at the door: he comes, my lord.

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*Enter Shylock.*

*Duke.* Make room, and let him stand before our face.—

Shylock, the world thinks, and I think so too,  
That thou but lead'st this fashion of thy malice  
To the last hour of act; and then, 'tis thought,  
Thou'lt shew thy mercy, and remorse more strange  
Than is thy strange apparent cruelty:

And where thou now exact'st the penalty,  
(Which is a pound of this poor merchant's flesh)  
Thou wilt not only lose the forfeiture,  
But, touch'd with human gentleness and love,  
Forgive a moiety of the principal;  
Glancing an eye of pity on his losses,  
That have of late so huddled on his back  
Enough to press a royal merchant down,  
And pluck commiseration of his state  
From brassy bosoms, and rough hearts of flint,  
From stubborn Turks, and Tartars never train'd  
To offices of tender courtesy.

We all expect a gentle answer, Jew.

*Shy.* I have possess'd your grace of what I purpose;

And by our holy Sabbath have I sworn,  
To have the due and forfeit of my bond:  
If you deny it, let the danger light  
Upon your charter, and your city's freedom.  
You'll ask me, why I rather chuse to have  
A weight of carrion flesh, than to receive  
Three thousand ducats: I'll not answer that:  
But, say, it is my humour; Is it answer'd?  
What if my house be troubled with a rat,  
And I be pleas'd to give ten thousand ducats  
To have it ban'd? What, are you answer'd yet?  
Some men there are, love not a gaping pig;  
Some, that are mad, if they behold a cat;  
And others, when the bag-pipes sings i' the nose,

Cannot contain their urine ; For affections,  
Masters of passion, sway it to the mood  
Of what it likes, or loaths : Now for your answer :  
As there is no firm reason to be render'd,  
Why he cannot abide a gaping pig ;  
Why he, a harmless necessary cat ;  
Why he, a woollen bag-pipe ; but of force  
Must yield to such inevitable shame,  
As to offend himself, being offended ;  
So can I give no reason, nor I will not,  
More than a lodg'd hate, and a certain loathing,  
I bear Anthonio, that I follow thus  
A losing suit against him. Are you answer'd ?

*Bass.* This is no answer, thou unfeeling man,  
To excuse the current of thy cruelty.

*Shy.* I am not bound to please thee with my  
answers.

*Bass.* Do all men kill the thing they do not love ?

*Shy.* Hates any man the thing he would not kill ?

*Bass.* Every offence is not a hate at first.

*Shy.* What, would'st thou have a serpent sting thee  
twice ?

*Anth.* I pray you, think you question with the  
Jew :

You may as well go stand upon the beach,  
And bid the main flood 'bate his usual height ;  
You may as well use question with the wolf,  
Why he hath made the ewe bleat for the lamb ;  
You may as well forbid the mountain pines  
To wag their high tops, and to make no noise,  
When they are fretted with the gusts of heaven ;  
You may as well do any thing most hard,  
As seek to soften that (than which what's harder ?)  
His Jewish heart :—Therefore, I do beseech you,  
Make no more offers, use no farther means,  
But, with all brief and plain conveniency,  
Let me have judgment, and the Jew his will.

*Bass.* For thy three thousand ducats here is six.

*Shy.* If every ducat in fix thousand ducats  
Were in fix parts, and every part a ducat,  
I would not draw them, I would have my bond.

*Duke.* How shalt thou hope for mercy, rend'ring  
none ?

*Shy.* What judgment shall I dread, doing no  
wrong ?

You have among you many a purchas'd slave,  
Which, like your asses, and your dogs, and mules,  
You use in abject and in slavish parts,  
Because you bought them :—Shall I say to you,  
Let them be free, marry them to your heirs ?  
Why sweat they under burdens ? let their beds  
Be made as soft as yours, and let their palates  
Be season'd with such viands ? you will answer,  
The slaves are ours ;—So do I answer you :  
The pound of flesh, which I demand of him,  
Is dearly bought, is mine, and I will have it :  
If you deny me, fie upon your law !

There is no force in the decrees of Venice :  
I stand for judgment : answer, shall I have it ?

*Duke.* Upon my power, I may dismiss this court ;  
Unless Bellario, a learned doctor,  
Whom I have sent for to determine this,  
Come here to-day.

*Sala.* My lord, here stays without  
A messenger, with letters from the doctor,  
New come from Padua.

*Duke.* Bring us the letters ; Call the messenger.

*Bass.* Good cheer, Anthonio ! What, man ? cou-  
rage yet !

The Jew shall have my flesh, blood, bones, and all,  
Ere thou shalt lose for me one drop of blood.

*Anth.* I am a tainted wether of the flock,  
Meetest for death ; the weakest kind of fruit  
Drops earliest to the ground, and so let me :  
You cannot better be employ'd Bassanio,  
Than to live still, and write mine epitaph.

*Enter Nerissa, dress'd like a lawyer's clerk.*

*Duke.* Came you from Padua, from Bellario?

*Ner.* From both, my lord: Bellario greets your grace.

*Bass.* Why dost thou whet thy knife so earnestly?

*Shy.* To cut the forfeiture from that bankrupt there.

*Gra.* Not on thy foal, but on thy soul, harsh Jew,

Thou mak'st thy knife keen: but no metal can,  
No, not the hangman's ax, bear half the keenness  
Of thy sharp envy. Can no prayers pierce thee?

*Shy.* No, none that thou hast wit enough to make.

*Gra.* O be thou damn'd, inexorable dog!

And for thy life let justice be accus'd.

Thou almost mak'st me waver in my faith,

To hold opinion with Pythagoras,

That souls of animals infuse themselves

Into the trunks of men: thy currish spirit

Govern'd a wolf, who hang'd for human slaughter,

Even from the gallows did his fell soul fleet,

And, whilst thou lay'st in thy unhallow'd dam,

Infus'd itself in thee; for thy desires

Are wolfish, bloody, starv'd and ravenous.

*Shy.* 'Till thou can'st rail the seal from off my bond,

Thou but offend'st thy lungs to speak so loud:

Repair thy wit, good youth, or it will fail

To careless ruin.—I stand here for law.

*Duke.* This letter from Bellario doth commend

A young and learned doctor to our court:—

Where is he?

*Ner.* He attendeth here hard by,

To know your answer, whether you'll admit him.

*Duke.* With all my heart: some three or four of you,



Go give him courteous conduct to this place.—  
Mean time the court shall hear Bellario's letter.

" Your grace shall understand, that, at the receipt  
" of your letter, I am very sick : but at the instant  
" that your messenger came, in loving visitation was  
" with me a young doctor of Rome, his name is  
" Balthazar : I acquainted him with the cause in  
" controversy between the Jew and Anthonio the  
" merchant : we turn'd o'er many books together :  
" he is furnish'd with my opinion ; which, better'd  
" with his own learning, (the greatness whereof I  
" cannot enough commend) comes with him, at my  
" importunity, to fill up your grace's request in my  
" stead. I beseech you, let his lack of years be no  
" impediment to let him lack a reverend estimation ;  
" for I never knew so young a body with so old an  
" head. I leave him to your gracious acceptance,  
" whose trial shall better publish his commendation."

*Enter Portia, dress'd like a doctor of laws.*

*Duke.* You hear the learn'd Bellario, what he  
writes ;

And here, I take it, is the doctor come.—

Give me your hand : Came you from old Bellario ?

*Por.* I did, my lord.

*Duke.* You are welcome : take your place.

Are you acquainted with the difference

That holds this present question in the court ?

*Por.* I am informed thoroughly of the cause.

Which is the merchant here, and which the Jew ?

*Duke.* Anthonio and old Shylock, both stand  
forth.

*Por.* Is your name Shylock ?

*Shy.* Shylock is my name.

*Por.* Of a strange nature is the suit you follow ;  
Yet in such rule, that the Venetian law  
Cannot impugn you, as you do proceed.—  
You stand within his danger, do you not ?

[*To Anth.*

*Anth.* Ay, so he says.

*Por.* Do you confess the bond?

*Anth.* I do.

*Por.* Then must the Jew be merciful.

*Shy.* On what compulsion must I? tell me that.

*Por.* The quality of mercy is not strain'd;  
It droppeth as the gentle rain from heaven  
Upon the place beneath: it is twice bless'd;  
It blesseth him that gives, and him that takes:  
'Tis mightiest in the mightiest; it becomes  
The throned monarch better than his crown:  
His sceptre shews the force of temporal power,  
The attribute to awe and majesty,  
Wherein doth sit the dread and fear of kings;  
But mercy is above the scepter'd sway,  
It is enthroned in the hearts of kings,  
It is an attribute to God himself;  
And earthly power doth then shew likest God's,  
When mercy seasons justice: Therefore, Jew,  
Though justice be thy plea, consider this,—  
That, in the course of justice, none of us  
Should see salvation: we do pray for mercy;  
And that same prayer doth teach us all to render  
The deeds of mercy. I have spoke thus much,  
To mitigate the justice of thy plea;  
Which if thou follow, this strict court of Venice  
Must needs give sentence 'gainst the merchant there.

*Shy.* My deeds upon my head! I crave the law,  
The penalty and forfeit of my bond.

*Por.* Is he not able to discharge the money?

*Bass.* Yes, here I tender it for him in the court;  
Yea, twice the sum: if that will not suffice,  
I will be bound to pay it ten times o'er,  
On forfeit of my hands, my head, my heart.  
If this will not suffice, it must appear  
That malice bears down truth. And I beseech you  
Wrest once the law to your authority:  
To do a great right, do a little wrong;  
And curb this cruel devil of his will.

*Por.* It must not be ; there is no power in Venice  
Can alter a decree established :

'Twill be recorded for a precedent ;  
And many an error, by the same example,  
Will rush into the state : it cannot be.

*Shy.* A Daniel come to judgment ! yea, a Daniel !—  
O wise young judge, how do I honour thee !

*Por.* I pray you, let me look upon the bond.

*Shy.* Here 'tis, most reverend doctor, here it is.

*Por.* Shylock, there's thrice thy money offer'd  
thee.

*Shy.* An oath, an oath, I have an oath in heaven :  
Shall I lay perjury upon my soul ?

No, not for Venice.

*Por.* Why, this bond is forfeit ;  
And lawfully by this the Jew may claim  
A pound of flesh, to be by him cut off  
Nearest the merchant's heart :—Be merciful ;  
Take thrice thy money ; bid me tear the bond.

*Shy.* When it is paid according to the tenour.—  
It doth appear you are a worthy judge ;  
You know the law, your exposition  
Hath been most sound : I charge you by the law,  
Whereof you are a well-deserving pillar,  
Proceed to judgment : by my soul I swear,  
There is no power in the tongue of man  
To alter me : I stay here on my bond.

*Anth.* Most heartily I do beseech the court  
To give the judgment.

*Por.* Why then, thus it is,  
You must prepare your bosom for his knife.

*Shy.* O noble judge ! O excellent young man !

*Por.* For the intent and purpose of the law  
Hath full relation to the penalty,  
Which here appeareth due upon the bond.

*Shy.* 'Tis very true : O wise and upright judge !  
How much more elder art thou than thy looks !

*Por.* Therefore lay bare your bosom.

*Shy.* Ay, his breast:  
So says the bond!—Doth it not, noble judge?  
Nearest his heart, those are the very words.

*Por.* It is so. Are there balance here to weigh  
The flesh?

*Shy.* I have them ready.

*Por.* Have by some surgeon, Shylock, on your  
charge,

To stop his wounds, lest he do bleed to death.

*Shy.* Is it so nominated in the bond?

*Por.* It is not so express'd; But what of that?  
'Twere good, you do so much for charity.

*Shy.* I cannot find it; 'tis not in the bond.

*Por.* Come, merchant, have you any thing to  
say.

*Anth.* But little; I am arm'd, and well prepar'd.  
Give me your hand, Bassanio; fare you well!  
Grieve not that I am fallen to this for you;  
For herein fortune shews herself more kind  
Than is her custom: it is still her use,  
To let the wretched man out-live his wealth,  
To view with hollow eye, and wrinkled brow,  
An age of poverty; from which lingering penance  
Of such a misery doth she cut me off.  
Commend me to your honourable wife:  
Tell her the process of Anthonio's end;  
Say, how I lov'd you, speak me fair in death;  
And, when the tale is told, bid her be judge,  
Whether Bassanio had not once a love.  
Repent not you that you shall lose your friend,  
And he repents not that he pays your debt;  
For, if the Jew do cut but deep enough,  
I'll pay it instantly with all my heart.

*Bass.* Anthonio, I am married to a wife,  
Which is as dear to me as life itself;  
But life itself, my wife, and all the world,  
Are not with me esteem'd above thy life:  
I would lose all, ay, sacrifice them all  
Here to this devil, to deliver you.



*Por.* Your wife would give you little thanks for that  
If she were by to hear you make the offer.

*Gra.* I have a wife, whom, I protest, I love;  
I would she were in heaven, so she could  
Intreat some power to change this curriish Jew.

*Ner.* 'Tis well you offer it behind her back;  
The wish would make else an unquiet house.

*Shy.* These be the Christian husbands: I have a  
daughter;  
Would, any of the stock of Barabbas  
Had been her husband, rather than a Christian!

[*Aside.*

We trifle time; I pray thee, pursue sentence.

*Por.* A pound of that same merchant's flesh is thine;  
The court awards it, and the law doth give it.

*Shy.* Most rightful judge!

*Por.* And you must cut this flesh from off his breast;  
The law allows it, and the court awards it.

*Shy.* Most learned judge!—A sentence; come,  
prepare.

*Por.* Tarry a little,—there is something else.—  
This bond doth give thee here no jot of blood;  
The words expressly are, a pound of flesh:  
Then take thy bond, take thou thy pound of flesh;  
But in the cutting it, if thou dost shed  
One drop of Christian blood, thy lands and goods  
Are, by the laws of Venice, confiscate  
Unto the state of Venice.

*Gra.* O upright judge!—Mark, Jew;—O learned  
judge!

*Shy.* Is that the law?

*Por.* Thyself shalt see the act:  
For, as thou urgest justice, be assur'd,  
Thou shalt have justice, more than thou desir'st.

*Gra.* O learned judge! Mark, Jew;—a learned  
judge!

*Shy.* I take this offer then;—pay the bond thrice,  
And let the Christian go.

*Bass.* Here is the money.

*Por.* Soft;

The Jew shall have all justice;—soft! no haste;—  
He shall have nothing but the penalty.

*Gra.* O Jew! an upright judge, a learned judge!

*Por.* Therefore prepare thee to cut off the flesh.  
Shed thou no blood; nor cut thou less, nor more,  
But just a pound of flesh: if thou tak'st more,  
Or less, than a just pound,—be it but so much  
As makes it light, or heavy, in the substance  
Or the division of the twentieth part  
Of one poor scruple; nay, if the scale turn  
But in the estimation of a hair,—

Thou diest, and all thy goods are confiscate.

*Gra.* A second Daniel, a Daniel, Jew!  
Now, infidel, I have thee on the hip.

*Por.* Why doth the Jew pause? take thy forfeiture.

*Shy.* Give me my principal, and let me go.

*Bass.* I have it ready for thee; here it is.

*Por.* He hath refused it in the open court;  
He shall have merely justice, and his bond.

*Gra.* A Daniel, still say I; a second Daniel!—  
I thank thee, Jew, for teaching me that word.

*Shy.* Shall I not barely have my principal?

*Por.* Thou shalt have nothing but the forfeiture,  
To be so taken at thy peril, Jew.

*Shy.* Why then the devil give him good of it!  
I'll stay no longer question.

*Por.* Tarry, Jew;

The law hath yet an other hold on you.

It is enacted in the laws of Venice,—

If it be prov'd against an alien,

That by direct, or indirect attempts,

He seek the life of any citizen,

The party, 'gainst the which he doth contrive,

Shall seize on half his goods; the other half

Comes to the privy coffer of the state;

And the offender's life lies in the mercy  
Of the duke only, 'gainst all other voice.  
In which predicament I say thou stand'st :  
For it appears by manifest proceeding,  
That, indirectly, and directly too,  
Thou hast contriv'd against the very life  
Of the defendant ; and thou hast incurr'd  
The danger formerly by me rehears'd.  
Down, therefore, and beg mercy of the duke.

*Gra.* Beg, that thou may'st have leave to hang  
thyself :

And yet, thy wealth being forfeit to the state,  
Thou hast not left the value of a cord ;  
Therefore, thou must be hang'd at the state's charge.

*Duke.* That thou may'st see the difference of our  
spirit,

I pardon thee thy life before thou ask it :  
For half thy wealth, it is Anthonio's ;  
The other half comes to the general state,  
Which humbleness may drive unto a fine.

*Por.* Ay, for the state ; not for Anthonio.

*Shy.* Nay, take my life and all, pardon not that :  
You take my house, when you do take the prop  
That doth sustain my house ; you take my life,  
When you do take the means whereby I live.

*Por.* What mercy can you render him Anthonio?

*Gra.* A halter gratis ; nothing else, for God's sake.

*Anth.* So please my lord the duke, and all the court,  
To quit the fine for one half of his goods ;  
I am content, so he will let me have  
The other half in use,—to render it,  
Upon his death, unto the gentleman,  
That lately stole his daughter.  
Two things provided more,—That for this favour,  
He presently become a Christian ;  
The other, that he do record a gift,  
Here in the court, of all he dies possess'd,  
Unto his son Lorenzo, and his daughter.

*Duke.* He shall do this, or else I do recant  
The pardon that I late pronounced here.

*Por.* Art thou contented, Jew? what dost thou  
say?

*Shy.* I am content.

*Por.* Clerk, draw a deed of gift.

*Shy.* I pray you, give me leave to go from hence,  
I am not well; send the deed after me,  
And I will sign it.

*Duke.* Get thee gone, but do it.

*Gra.* In christening thou shalt have two god-  
fathers;

Had I been judge, thou should'st have had ten more,  
To bring thee to the gallows, not the font.

[*Exit Shylock.*

*Duke.* Sir, I do entreat you home with me to dinner.

*Por.* I humbly do desire your grace of pardon:  
I must away this night to Padua,  
And it is meet, I presently set forth.

*Duke.* I am sorry, that your leisure serves you not.  
Anthonio, gratify this gentleman;  
For, in my mind, you are much bound to him.

[*Exeunt Duke and his train.*

*Bass.* Most worthy gentleman, I and my friend,  
Have by your wisdom been this day acquitted  
Of grievous penalties; in lieu whereof,  
Three thousand ducats, due unto the Jew,  
We freely cope your courteous pains withal.

*Anth.* And stand indebted over and above,  
In love and service to you evermore.

*Por.* He is well paid, that is well satisfy'd;  
And I, delivering you, am satisfy'd,  
And therein do account myself well paid;  
My mind was never yet more mercenary.  
I pray you, know me, when we meet again;  
I wish you well, and so I take my leave.

*Bass.* Dear sir, of force I must attempt you further;  
Take some remembrance of us, for a tribute,



Not as a fee : grant me two things , I pray you,  
Not to deny me, and to pardon me.

*Por.* You press me far, and therefore I will yield.  
Give me your gloves, I'll wear them for your sake ;  
And, for your love, I'll take this ring from you :  
Do not draw back your hand ; I'll take no more :  
And you in love shall not deny me this.

*Bass.* This ring, good sir,—alas, it is a trifle ;  
I will not shame myself to give you this.

*Por.* I will have nothing else but only this ;  
And now, methinks, I have a mind to it.

*Bass.* There's more depends on this, than on the  
value.

The dearest ring in Venice will I give you,  
And find it out by proclamation ;  
Only for this, I pray you, pardon me.

*Por.* I see, sir, you are liberal in offers :  
You taught me first to beg, and now, methinks,  
You teach me how a beggar should be answer'd.

*Bass.* Good sir, this ring was given me by my wife ;  
And, when she put it on, she made me vow,  
That I should neither sell, nor give, nor lose it.

*Por.* That 'scuse serves many men to save their  
gifts.

An if your wife be not a mad-woman,  
And know how well I have deserv'd this ring,  
She would not hold out enemy for ever,  
For giving it to me. Well, peace with you !

[*Exit with Nerissa.*]

*Anth.* My lord Bassanio, let him have the ring ;  
Let his deservings, and my love withal,  
Be valu'd 'gainst your wife's commandment.

*Bass.* Go, Gratiano, run and overtake him,  
Give him the ring ; and bring him, if thou can'st,  
Unto Anthonio's house :—away, make haste.  
Come, you and I will thither presently ;  
And in the morning early will we both  
Fly toward Belmont : Come, Anthonio. [*Exeunt.*]

SCENE II.

*Enter Portia and Nerissa.*

*Por.* Enquire the Jew's house out, give him this deed,  
And let him sign it ; we'll away to-night,  
And be a day before our husbands home :  
This deed will be well welcome to Lorenzo.

*Enter Gratiano.*

*Gra.* Fair sir, you are well o'erta'en :  
My lord Bassanio, upon more advice,  
Hath sent you here this ring ; and doth entreat  
Your company at dinner.

*Por.* That cannot be :  
This ring I do accept most thankfully,  
And so, I pray you, tell him : Furthermore,  
I pray you, shew my youth old Shylock's house.

*Gra.* That will I do.

*Ner.* Sir, I would speak with you :—  
I'll see if I can get my husband's ring, [*To Por.*  
Which I did make him swear to keep for ever.

*Por.* Thou may'st I warrant : We shall have old  
swearing,  
That they did give the rings away to men ;  
But we'll out-face them, and out-swear them too.  
Away, make haste ; thou know'st where I will tarry.

*Ner.* Come, good sir, will you shew me to this  
house ? [*Exeunt.*

## ACT V. SCENE I.

*Belmont. A grove, or green place, before Portia's House.*

*Enter Lorenzo and Jessica.*

*Lor.* **T**HE moon shines bright:—In such a night as this,

When the sweet wind did gently kiss the trees,  
And they did make no noise; in such a night,  
Troilus, methinks, mounted the Trojan wall,  
And sigh'd his soul toward the Grecian tents,  
Where Cressid lay that night.

*Jes.* In such a night,  
Did Thisbe fearfully o'er-trip the dew;  
And saw the lion's shadow ere himself,  
And ran dismay'd away.

*Lor.* In such a night,  
Stood Dido with a willow in her hand  
Upon the wild sea-banks, and wav'd her love  
To come again to Carthage.

*Jes.* In such a night  
Medea gather'd the enchanted herbs  
That did renew old Æson.

*Lor.* In such a night,  
Did Jessica steal from the wealthy Jew;  
And with an unthrift love did run from Venice,  
As far as Belmont.

*Jes.* And in such a night,  
Did young Lorenzo swear he lov'd her well;  
Stealing her soul with many vows of faith,  
And ne'er a true one.

*Lor.* And in such a night,  
Did pretty Jessica, like a little shrew,  
Slander her love, and he forgave it her.

*Jes.* I would out-night you, did no body come;  
But hark, I hear the footing of a man.

*Enter a Servant.*

*Lor.* Who comes so fast in silence of the night?

*Serv.* A friend.

*Lor.* A friend: what friend? your name, I pray you, friend?

*Serv.* Stephano is my name; and I bring word,  
My mistress will before the break of day  
Be here at Belmont: she doth stray about  
By holy crosses, where she kneels and prays  
For happy wedlock hours.

*Lor.* Who comes with her?

*Serv.* None but a holy hermit, and her maid.  
I pray you, is my master yet return'd?

*Lor.* He is not, nor have we yet heard from him.  
But go we in, I pray thee, Jessica,  
And ceremoniously let us prepare  
Some welcome for the mistress of the house.

*Enter Launcelot.*

*Laun.* Sola, sola, wo ha, ho, sola, sola!

*Lor.* Who calls?

*Laun.* Sola, did you see master Lorenzo, and  
mistress Lorenzo? sola, sola!

*Lor.* Leave hollowing, man; here.

*Laun.* Sola! where? where?

*Lor.* Here.

*Laun.* Tell him, there's a post come from my master,  
with his horn full of good news; my master will be  
here ere morning, sweet soul. *[Exit.*

*Lor.* Let's in, and there expect their coming.  
And yet no matter;—Why should we go in?  
My friend Stephano, signify, I pray you,  
Within the house, your mistress is at hand;  
And bring your music forth into the air.—

*[Exit Servant.]*

How sweet the moon-light sleeps upon this bank!  
Here will we sit, and let the sound of music  
Creep in our ears; soft stillness, and the night,



Become the touches of sweet harmony.  
 Sit, Jessica: Look, how the floor of heaven  
 Is thick inlay'd with patines of bright gold;  
 There's not the smallest orb, which thou behold'st,  
 But in his motion like an angel sings,  
 Still quiring to the young-ey'd cherubims.  
 Such harmony is in immortal souls;  
 But, whilst this muddy vesture of decay  
 Doth grossly close it in, we cannot hear it—  
 Come, ho, and wake Diana with a hymn;  
 With sweetest touches pierce your mistress' ear,  
 And draw her home with music.

*Jes.* I am never merry, when I hear sweet music.  
[*Musfc.*

*Lor.* The reason is, your spirits are attentive:  
 For do but note a wild and wanton herd,  
 Or race of youthful and unhandled colts,  
 Fetching mad bounds, bellowing, and neighing loud,  
 Which is the hot condition of their blood;  
 If they perchance but hear a trumpet sound,  
 Or any air of music touch their ears,  
 You shall perceive them make a mutual stand,  
 Their savage eyes turn'd to a modest gaze,  
 By the sweet power of music: Therefore, the poet  
 Did feign that Orpheus drew trees, stones, and floods:  
 Since nought so stockish, hard, and full of rage,  
 But music for the time doth change his nature:  
 The man that hath no music in himself,  
 Nor is not mov'd with concord of sweet sounds,  
 Is fit for treasons, stratagems, and spoils;  
 The motions of his spirit are dull as night,  
 And his affections dark as Erebus:  
 Let no such man be trusted.—Mark the music.

*Enter Portia, and Nerissa at a distance.*

*Por.* That light we see, is burning in my hall.  
 How far that little candle throws his beams!  
 So shines a good deed in a naughty world.

*Ner.* When the moon shone, we did not see the candle.

*Por.* So doth the greater glory dim the less:  
A substitute shines brightly as a king,  
Until a king be by; and then his state  
Empties itself, as doth an inland brook  
Into the main of waters. Music! hark! [*Music.*

*Ner.* It is your music, madam, of the house.

*Por.* Nothing is good, I see, without respect;  
Methinks it sounds much sweeter than by day.

*Ner.* Silence bestows that virtue on it, madam.

*Por.* The crow doth sing as sweetly as the lark,  
When neither is attended; and, I think,  
The nightingale, if she should sing by day,  
When every goose is cackling, would be thought  
No better a musician than the wren.  
How many things by season season'd are  
To their right praise, and true perfection?—  
Peace! how the moon sleeps with Endymion,  
And would not be awak'd! [*Music ceases.*

*Lor.* That is the voice,  
Or I am much deceiv'd, of Portia.

*Por.* He knows me, as the blind man knows the  
cuckow,  
By the bad voice.

*Lor.* Dear lady, welcome home.

*Por.* We have been praying for our husbands'  
welfare,  
Which speed, we hope, the better for our words.  
Are they return'd?

*Lor.* Madam, they are not yet;  
But there is come a messenger before  
To signify their coming.

*Por.* Go in, Nerissa,  
Give order to my servants, that they take  
No note at all of our being absent hence;—  
Nor you, Lorenzo; Jessica, nor you.

[*A tucket sounds.*

*Lor.* Your husband is at hand, I hear his trumpet:  
We are no tell-tales, madam; fear you not.

*Por.* This night, methinks, is but the day-light sick.  
It looks a little paler : 'tis a day,  
Such as the day is when the sun is hid.

*Enter Bassanio, Anthonio, Gratiano, and their followers.*

*Bass.* We should hold day with the Antipodes,  
If you would walk in absence of the sun.

*Por.* Let me give light, but let me not be light ;  
For a light wife doth make a heavy husband,  
And never be Bassanio so for me ;  
But, God sort all !—You are welcome home, my lord.

*Bass.* I thank you, madam ; give welcome to my friend.—

This is the man, this is Anthonio,  
To whom I am so infinitely bound.

*Por.* You should in all sense be much bound to him,  
For as I hear, he was much bound for you.

*Anth.* No more than I am well acquitted of.

*Por.* Sir, you are very welcome to our house :  
It must appear in other ways than words,  
Therefore I scant this breathing courtesy.

[*Gratiano and Nerissa seem to talk apart.*]

*Gra.* By yonder moon, I swear you do me wrong ;  
In faith, I gave it to the judge's clerk :  
Would he were gelt that had it, for my part,  
Since you do take it, love, so much at heart.

*Por.* A quarrel, ho, already ? what's the matter ?

*Gra.* About a hoop of gold, a paltry ring  
That she did give me ; whose poesy was  
For all the world, like cutler's poetry  
Upon a knife, *Love me, and leave me not.*

*Ner.* What talk you of the poesy, or the value ?  
You swore to me, when I did give it you,  
That you would wear it till your hour of death ;  
And that it should lie with you in your grave :  
Though not for me, yet for your vehement oaths,  
You should have been respective ; and have kept it.

Gave it a judge's clerk!—but well I know,  
The clerk will ne'er wear hair on his face that had it.

*Gra.* He will, an if he live to be a man.

*Ner.* An if a woman live to be a man.

*Gra.* Now, by this hand, I gave it to a youth,—  
A kind of boy; a little scrubbed boy,  
No higher than thyself, the judge's clerk;  
A prating boy, that begg'd it as a fee;  
I could not for my heart deny it him.

*Por.* You were to blame, I must be plain with you  
To part so slightly with your wife's first gift;  
A thing stuck on with oaths upon your finger,  
And riveted with faith upon your flesh.  
I gave my love a ring, and made him swear  
Never to part with it; and here he stands:  
I dare be sworn for him, he would not leave it,  
Nor pluck it from his finger, for the wealth  
That the world masters. Now, in faith, Gratiano,  
You give your wife too unkind a cause of grief;  
An 'twere to me, I should be mad at it.

*Bass.* Why, I were best to cut my left hand off,  
And swear I lost the ring defending it. [*Aside.*]

*Gra.* My lord Bassanio gave his ring away  
Unto the judge that begg'd it, and, indeed,  
Deserv'd it too; and then the boy, his clerk,  
That took some pains in writing, he begg'd mine:  
And neither man nor master would take aught  
But the two rings.

*Por.* What ring gave you, my lord?  
Not that, I hope, which you receiv'd of me?

*Bass.* If I could add a lie unto a fault,  
I would deny it; but you see, my finger  
Hath not the ring upon it, it is gone.

*Por.* Even so void is your false heart of truth.  
By heaven, I will ne'er come in your bed  
Until I see the ring.

*Ner.* Nor I in yours,  
'Till I again see mine.



*Bass.* Sweet Portia,  
If you did know to whom I gave the ring,  
If you did know for whom I gave the ring,  
And would conceive for what I gave the ring,  
And how unwillingly I left the ring,  
When nought would be accepted but the ring,  
You would abate the strength of your displeasure.

*Por.* If you had known the virtue of the ring,  
Or half her worthiness that gave the ring,  
Or your own honour to retain the ring,  
You would not then have parted with the ring.  
What man is there so much unreasonable,  
If you had pleas'd to have defended it  
With any terms of zeal, wanted the modesty  
To urge the thing held as a ceremony?  
Nerissa teaches me what to believe;  
I'll die for't, but some woman had the ring.

*Bass.* No, by mine honour, madam, by my soul,  
No woman had it, but a civil doctor.  
Who did refuse three thousand ducats of me,  
And begg'd the ring; the which I did deny him,  
And suffer'd him to go displeas'd away;  
Even he that had held up the very life  
Of my dear friend. What should I say, sweet lady?  
I was enforc'd to send it after him;  
I was beset with shame and courtesy;  
My honour would not let ingratitude  
So much besmear it: Pardon me, good lady;  
For by these blessed candles of the night,  
Had you been there, I think you would have begg'd  
The ring of me to give the worthy doctor.

*Por.* Let not that doctor e'er come near my house  
Since he hath got the jewel that I lov'd,  
And that which you did swear to keep for me,  
I will become as liberal as you;  
I'll not deny him any thing I have,  
No, not my body, nor my husband's bed:  
Know him I shall, I am well sure of it:

Lie not a night from home ; watch me, like Argus  
If you do not, if I be left alone,  
Now, by mine honour, which is yet my own,  
I'll have that doctor for my bedfellow.

*Ner.* And I his clerk ; therefore be well advis'd,  
How do you leave me to mine own protection.

*Gra.* Well, do you so : let me not take him then ;  
For, if I do, I'll mar the young clerk's pen.

*Anth.* I am the unhappy subject of these quarrels.

*Por.* Sir, grieve not you ; You are welcome not-  
withstanding.

*Bass.* Portia, forgive me this enforced wrong ;  
And, in the hearing of these many friends,  
I swear to thee, even by thine own fair eyes,  
Wherein I see myself,——

*Por.* Mark you but that !  
In both mine eyes he doubly sees himself :  
In each eye, one :—swear by your double self  
And there's an oath of credit.

*Bass.* Nay, but hear me :—  
Pardon this fault, and by my soul I swear,  
I never more will break an oath with thee.

*Anth.* I once did lend my body for his wealth ;  
Which, but for him that had your husband's ring,  
[To Portia.  
Had quite miscarry'd : I dare be bound again,  
My soul upon the forfeit, that your lord  
Will never more break faith advisedly.

*Por.* Then you shall be his surety : Give him this ;  
And bid him keep it better than the other.

*Anth.* Here, lord Bassanio ; swear to keep this ring.

*Bass.* By heaven, it is the same I gave the doctor.

*Por.* I had it of him. : pardon me, Bassanio ;  
For by this ring the doctor lay with me.

*Ner.* And pardon me, my gentle Gratiano ;  
For that same scrubbed boy, the doctor's clerk,  
In lieu of this, last night did lie with me.

*Gra.* Why, this is like the mending of highway  
In summer, where the ways are fair enough :  
What ! are we cuckolds ere we have deserv'd it ?

*Por.* Speak not so grossly.—You are all amaz'd :  
Here is a letter, read it at your leisure,  
It comes from Padua, from Bellario :  
There you shall find, that Portia was the doctor ;  
Nerissa there, her clerk ; Lorenzo here  
Shall witness, I set forth as soon as you,  
And but even now return'd ; I have not yet  
Enter'd my house.—Anthonio, you are welcome ;  
And I have better news in store for you,  
Than you expect ; unseal this letter soon ;  
There you shall find, three of your argosies  
Are richly come to harbour suddenly :  
You shall not know by what strange accident  
I chanced on this letter.

*Anth.* I am dumb.

*Bass.* Were you the doctor, and I knew you not ?

*Gra.* Were you the clerk, that is to make me cuckold ?

*Ner.* Ay, but the clerk, that never means to do it,  
Unless he live until he be a man.

*Bass.* Sweet doctor, you shall be my bedfellow ;  
When I am absent, then lie with my wife.

*Anth.* Sweet lady, you have given me life, and  
living ;

For here I read for certain, that my ships  
Are safely come to road.

*Por.* How now, Lorenzo ?

My clerk hath some good comforts too for you.

*Ner.* Ay and I'll give them him without a  
fee.—

There do I give to you, and Jessica,  
From the rich Jew, a special deed of gift,  
After his death, of all he dies possess'd of.

*Lor.* Fair ladies, you drop manna in the way  
Of starved people.

*Por.* It is almost morning,  
And yet, I am sure, you are not satisfy'd  
Of these events at full: Let us go in;  
And charge us there upon inter'gatories,  
And we will answer all things faithfully.

*Gra.* Let it be so: The first inter'gatory,  
That my Nerissa shall be sworn on, is,  
Whether till the next night she had rather stay;  
Or go to bed now, being two hours to-day:  
But were the day come, I should wish it dark,  
That I were couching with the doctor's clerk.  
Well, while I live, I'll fear no other thing  
So fore, as keeping safe Nerissa's ring.

[*Exeunt omnes.*]

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N O T E.

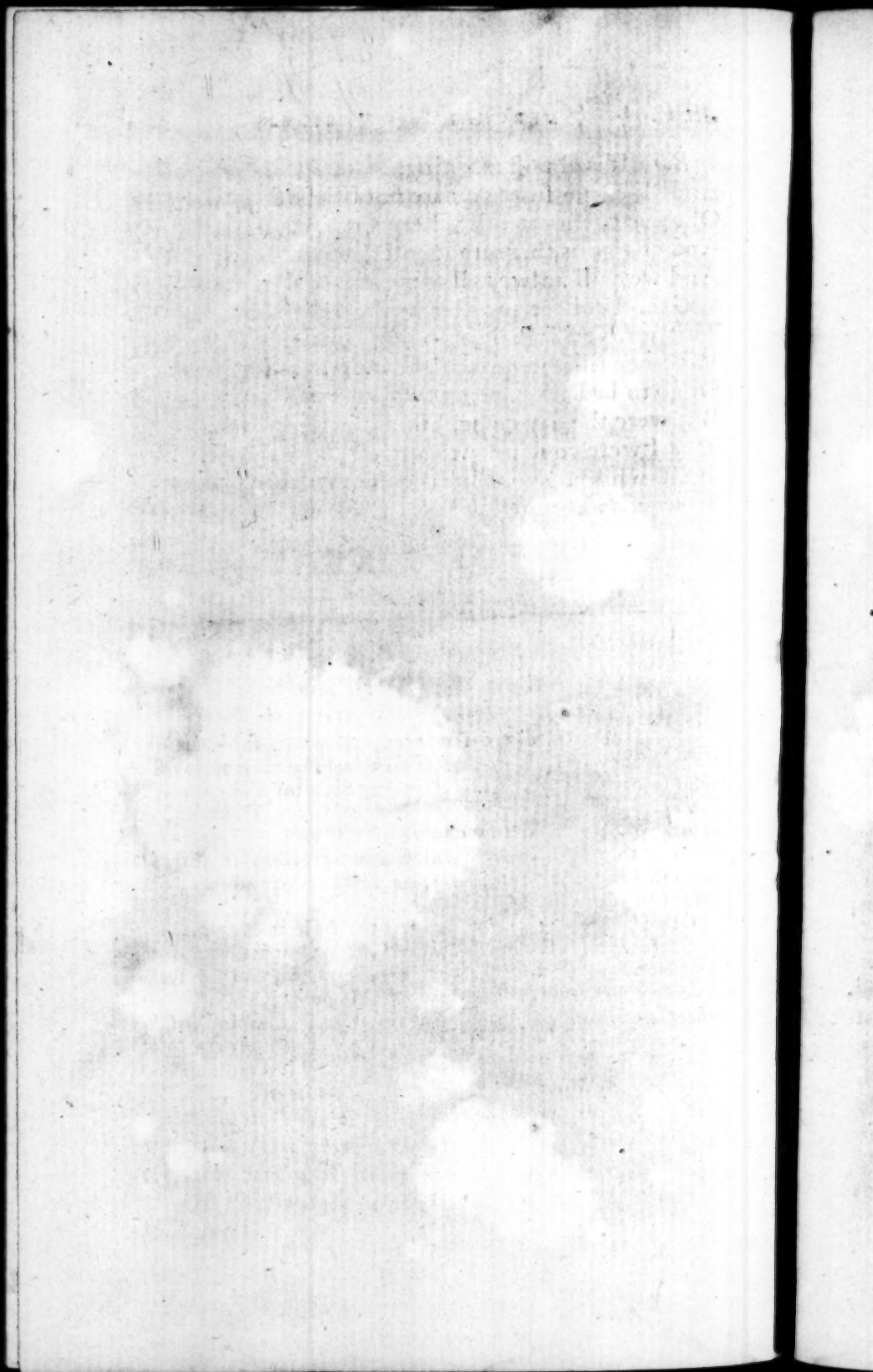
It has been lately discovered, that this fable is taken from a story in the *Pecorone* of *Giovanni Fiorentino* a novelist, who wrote in 1378. The story has been published in *English*, and I have epitomized the translation. The translator is of opinion, that the choice of the caskets is borrowed from a tale of *Boccace*, which I have likewise abridged, though I believe that *Shakspeare* must have had some other novel in view.

Of the MERCHANT OF VENICE the style is even and easy, with few peculiarities of diction, or anomalies of construction. The comic part raises laughter, and the serious fixes expectation. The probability of either one or the other story cannot be maintained. The union of two actions in one event is in this drama eminently happy. *Dryden* was much pleased with his own address in connecting the two plots of his *Spanish Friar*, which yet, I believe, the critick will find excelled by this play.

*Johnson.*

THE END.





AS YOU LIKE IT.

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## PERSONS REPRESENTED.

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Duke,  
*Frederic*, Brother to the Duke, and Usurper.  
*Amiens*, } Lords attending upon the Duke in his  
*Faques*, } Banishment.  
*Le Beau*, a Courtier attending upon *Frederic*.  
*Oliver*, eldest Son to Sir Rowland de Boys.  
*Faques*, } younger Brothers to *Oliver*.  
*Orlando*, }  
*Adam*, an old Servant of Sir Rowland de Boys.  
*Touchstone*, a Clown.  
*Corin*, }  
*Sylvius*, } Shepherds.  
*William*, in Love with *Audrey*.  
*Sir Oliver Mar-Text*, a Vicar.  
*Charles*, Wrestler to the usurping Duke *Frederic*.  
*Dennis*, Servant to *Oliver*.

*Rosalind*, Daughter to the Duke.  
*Celia*, Daughter to *Frederic*.  
*Phebe*, a Shepherdess.  
*Audrey*, a Country Wench.  
A person representing Hymen.

Lords belonging to the two Dukes; with Pages,  
Foresters, and other Attendants.

The SCENE lies, first, near *Oliver's House*; and,  
afterwards, partly in the Duke's Court, and part-  
ly in the Forest of *Arden*.

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## AS YOU LIKE IT.

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### ACT I. SCENE I

*Oliver's Orchard.*

*Enter Orlando and Adam.*

*Orlando.* **A**S I remember, Adam, it was upon this fashion bequeathed me :—By will, but a poor thousand crowns ; and, as thou say'st, charg'd my brother, on his blessing, to breed me well : and there begins my sadness. My brother Jaques he keeps at school, and report speaks goldenly of his profit : for my part, he keeps me rustically at home, or, to speak more properly, stays me here at home, unkept : For call you that keeping for a gentleman of my birth, that differs not from the stalling of an ox ? His horses are bred better ; for, besides that they are fair with their feeding, they are taught their manage, and to that end riders dearly hired : but I, his brother, gain nothing under him but growth ; for the which his animals on his dunghills are as much bound to him as I. Besides this nothing that he so plentifully gives me, the something that nature gave me, his countenance seems to take from me : he lets me feed with his hinds, bars me the place of a brother and as much as in him lies, mines my gentility with my education. This is it, Adam, that grieves me ; and the spirit of my father ; which I think is within me, begins to mutiny against this servitude : I will no longer endure it, though yet I know no wise remedy how to avoid it.



*Enter Oliver.*

*Adam.* Yonder comes my master, your brother.

*Orla.* Go apart, Adam, and thou shalt hear how he will shake me up.

*Oli.* Now, sir ! what make you here ?

*Orla.* Nothing : I am not taught to make anything.

*Oli.* What mar you then, sir ?

*Orla.* Marry, sir, I am helping you to mar that which God made, a poor unworthy brother of yours, with idleness.

*Oli.* Marry, sir, be better employ'd, and be nought a while.

*Orla.* Shall I keep your hogs, and eat husks with them ? What prodigal portion have I spent, that I should come to such penury ?

*Oli.* Know you where you are, sir ?

*Orla.* O, sir, very well : here in your orchard.

*Oli.* Know you before whom, sir ?

*Orla.* Ay, better than he, I am before, knows me. I know you are my eldest brother ; and, in the gentle condition of blood, you should so know me : the courtesy of nations allows you my better, in that you are the first born ; but the same tradition takes not away my blood, were there twenty brothers betwixt us ; I have as much of my father in me, as you ; albeit, I confess your coming before me is nearer to his reverence.

*Oli.* What boy !

*Orla.* Come, come, elder brother, you are too young in this.

*Oli.* Wilt thou lay hands on me, villain ?

*Orla.* I am no villain : I am the youngest son of sir Rowland de Boys ; he was my father ; and he is thrice a villain, that says, such a father begot villains : Wert thou not my brother, I would not take this hand from thy throat, 'till this other had pulled out thy tongue for saying so ; thou hast rail'd on thyself.

*Adam.* Sweet masters, be patient ; for your father's remembrance, be at accord.

*Oli.* Let me go, I say.

*Orla.* I will not, 'till I please ; you shall hear me. My father charg'd you in his will to give me good education : you have train'd me up like a peasant, obscuring and hiding from me all gentleman-like qualities : the spirit of my father grows strong in me, and I will no longer endure it : therefore allow me such exercises as may become a gentleman, or give me the poor allottery my father left me by testament ; with that I will go buy my fortunes.

*Oli.* And what wilt thou do ? beg, when that is spent ? Well, sir, get you in ; I will not long be troubled with you : you shall have some part of your will : I pray you, leave me.

*Orla.* I will no further offend you than becomes me for my good.

*Oli.* Get you with him, you old dog.

*Adam.* Is old dog my reward ? Most true, I have lost my teeth in your service.—God be with my old master, he would not have spoke such a word.

[*Exeunt Orlando and Adam.*]

*Oli.* Is it even so ? begin you to grow upon me ? I will physic your rankness, and yet give no thousand crowns neither. Holla, Dennis !

*Enter Dennis.*

*Den.* Calls your worship ?

*Oli.* Was not Charles, the Duke's wrestler, here to speak with me ?

*Den.* So please, he is here at the door, and importunes access to you.

*Oli.* Call him in.—[*Exit Dennis.*]'Twill be a good way ; and to-morrow the wrestling is.

*Enter Charles.*

*Cha.* Good-morrow to your worship.

*Oli.* Good monsieur Charles !—what's the new news at the new court ?

*Cha.* There's no news at the court, sir, but the old news: that is, the old duke is banish'd by his younger brother the new duke: and three or four loving lords have put themselves into voluntary exile with him, whose lands and revenues enrich the new duke, therefore he gives them good leave to wander.

*Oli.* Can you tell, if Rosalind, the old duke's daughter, be banish'd with her father?

*Cha.* O, no; for the new duke's daughter, her cousin, so loves her,—being ever from their cradle bred together,—that she would have followed her exile, or have died to stay behind her, she is at the court, and no less beloved of her uncle than his own daughter; and never two ladies loved as they do.

*Oli.* Where will the old duke live?

*Cha.* They say, he is already in the forest of Arden, and a many merry men with him; and there they live like the old Robin Hood of England: they say, many young gentlemen flock to him every day; and fleet the time carelessly, as they did in the golden world.

*Oli.* what, you wrestle to morrow before the new duke?

*Cha.* Marry, do I sir, and I come to acquaint you with a matter. I am given, sir, secretly to understand that your younger brother Orlando hath a disposition to come in disguis'd against me to try a fall: to-morrow, sir, I wrestle for my credit; and he that escapes me without some broken limb, shall acquit him well. Your brother is but young, and tender; and, for your love, I would be loth to foil him, as I must, for mine own honour, if he come in: therefore, out of my love to you, I came hither to acquaint you withal; that either you might stay him from his intendment, or brook such disgrace well as he shall run into; in that it is a thing of his own search, and altogether against my will.

*Oli.* Charles, I thank thee for thy love to me,

which thou shalt find, I will most kindly requite. I had myself notice of my brother's purpose herein, and have by underhand means laboured to dissuade him from it ; but he is resolute. I'll tell thee, Charles,—it is the stubbornest young fellow of France ; full of ambition, an envious emulator of every man's good parts, a secret and villainous contriver against me his natural brother ; therefore use thy discretion ; I had as lief thou didst break his neck, as his finger ; and thou wert best look to't ; for if thou dost him any slight disgrace, or if he do not mightily grace himself on thee, he will practise against thee by poison ; entrap thee by some treacherous device ; and never leave thee, 'till he hath ta'en thy life by some indirect means or other : for, I assure thee, and almost with tears I speak it, there is not one so young and so villainous this day living. I speak but brotherly of him ; but should I anatomise him to thee as he is, I must blush and weep, and thou must look pale and wonder.

*Cha.* I am heartily glad I came hither to you : If he come to-morrow, I'll give him his payment ; if ever he go alone again, I'll never wrestle for prize more. And so, God keep your worship !

[*Exit.*

*Oli.* Farewell, good Charles,—Now will I stir this gamester : I hope, I shall see an end of him ; for my soul, yet I know not why, hates nothing more than he. Yet he's gentle ; never school'd, and yet learned ; full of noble device ; of all sorts enchantingly beloved : and, indeed, so much in the heart of the world, and especially of my own people, who best know him, that I am altogether misprised : but it shall not be so long ; this wrestler shall clear all : nothing remains, but that I kindle the boy thither, which now I'll go about. [*Exit.*



## S C E N E II.

*An open Walk before the Duke's palace.*

*Enter Rosalind and Celia.*

*Cel.* I pray thee, Rosalind, sweet my coz, be merry.

*Ros.* Dear Celia, I show more mirth than I am mistress of; and would you yet I were merrier? Unless you can teach me to forget a banish'd father, you must not learn me how to remember any extraordinary pleasure.

*Cel.* Herein, I see, thou lov'st me not with the full weight that I love thee: if my uncle, thy banished father, had banished thy uncle, the duke my father, so thou had'st been still with me, I could have taught my love to take thy father for mine; so would'st thou, if the truth of thy love to me were so righteously temper'd as mine is to thee.

*Ros.* Well, I will forget the condition of my estate, to rejoice in yours.

*Cel.* You know, my father hath no child but I, nor none is like to have; and, truly, when he dies, thou shalt be his heir: for what he hath taken away from thy father perforce, I will render thee again in affection; by mine honour, I will; and when I break that oath, let me turn monster; therefore, my sweet Rose, my dear Rose, be merry.

*Ros.* From henceforth I will, coz, and devise sports; let me see; What think you of falling in love?

*Cel.* Marry, I pry'thee, do, to make sport withal: but love no man in good earnest; nor no further in sport neither, than with safety of a pure blush thou may'st in honour come off again.

*Ros.* What shall be our sport then?

*Cel.* Let us sit and mock the good housewife, Fortune, from her wheel, that her gifts may henceforth be bestowed equally.

*Ros.* I would we could do so; for her benefits are mightily misplaced: and the bountiful blind woman doth most mistake in her gifts to women.

*Cel.* 'Tis true: for those, that she makes fair, she scarce makes honest; and those that she makes honest, she makes very ill-favour'dly.

*Ros.* Nay, now thou goest from fortune's office to nature's; fortune reigns in gifts of the world, not in the lineaments of nature.

*Enter Touchstone, a Clown.*

*Cel.* No? When nature hath made a fair creature, may she not by fortune fall into the fire?—Though nature hath given us wit to flout at fortune, hath not fortune sent in this fool to cut off the argument?

*Ros.* Indeed, there is fortune too hard for nature; when fortune makes nature's natural the cutter off of nature's wit.

*Cel.* Peradventure, this is not fortune's work neither but nature's; who perceiving our natural wits too dull to reason of such goddesses, hath sent this natural for our whetstone: for always the dullness of the fool is the whetstone of the wits.—How now, wit? whither wander you?

*Clo.* Mistress, you must come away to your father.

*Cel.* Were you made the messenger.

*Clo.* No, by mine honour; but I was bid to come for you.

*Ros.* Where learned you that oath, fool?

*Clo.* Of a certain knight, that swore by his honour they were good pancakes, and swore by his honour the mustard was naught: now, I'll stand to it, the pancakes were naught, and the mustard was good; and yet was not the knight forsworn.

*Cel.* How prove you that, in the great heap of your knowledge?

*Ros.* Ay, marry; now unmuzzle your wisdom.

*Clo.* Stand you both forth now: stroke your chins, and swear by your beards that I am a knave.

*Cel.* By our beards, if we had them, thou art.

*Clo.* By my knavery, if I had it, then I were; but if you swear by that that is not, you are not forsworn: no more was this knight, swearing by his honour, for he never had any; or if he had, he had sworn it away, before ever he saw those pancakes or that mustard.

*Cel.* Pr'ythee, who is it that thou mean'st?

*Clo.* One that old Frederic, your father, loves.

*Cel.* My father's love is enough to honour him: Enough! speak no more of him: you'll be whipp'd for taxation, one of these days.

*Clo.* The more pity, that fools may not speak wisely what wise men do foolishly.

*Clo.* By my troth, thou say'st true; for since the little wit, that fools have, was silenc'd, the little foolery, that wise men have, makes a great show. Here comes Monsieur Le Beau.

*Enter Le Beau.*

*Ros.* With his mouth full of news.

*Cel.* Which he will put on us, as pigeons feed their young.

*Ros.* Then shall we be news-cramm'd.

*Cel.* All the better; we shall be the more marketable. Bon jour, Monsieur Le Beau; what is the news?

*Le Beau.* Fair princess, you have lost much good sport.

*Cel.* Sport? of what colour?

*Le Beau.* What colour, madam? How shall I answer you?

*Ros.* As wit and fortune will.

*Clo.* Or as the destinies decree.

*Cel.* Well said; that was laid on with a trowel.

*Clo.* Nay, if I keep not my rank,—

*Ros.* Thou lovest thy old smell.

*Le Beau.* You amaze me, ladies: I would have told you of good wrestling, which you have lost the fight of.

*Ros.* Yet tell us the manner of the wrestling.

*Le Beau.* I will tell you the beginning, and, if it please your ladyships, you may see the end; for the best is yet to do; and here, where you are, they are coming to perform it.

*Cel.* Well,—the beginning, that is dead and buried.

*Le Beau.* There comes an old man and his three sons,——

*Cel.* I could match this beginning with an old tale.

*Le Beau.* Three proper young men of excellent growth and presence;——

*Ros.* With bills on their necks,—*Be it known unto all men by these presents.*——

*Le Beau.* The eldest of the three wrestled with Charles, the duke's wrestler; which Charles in a moment threw him, and broke three of his ribs, that there is little hope of life in him: so he serv'd the second, and so the third: Yonder they lie; the poor old man, their father, making such pitiful dole over them, that all the beholders take his part with weeping.

*Ros.* Alas!

*Clo.* But what is the sport, monsieur, that the ladies have lost?

*Le Beau.* Why this, that I speak of.

*Clo.* Thus men may grow wiser every day! It is the first time that ever I heard, breaking of ribs was sport for ladies.

*Cel.* Or I, I promise thee.

*Ros.* But is there any else longs to see this broken music in his sides? Is there yet another dotes upon rib-breaking? Shall we see this wrestling, cousin?

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*Le Beau.* You must, if you stay here : for here is the place appointed for the wrestling, and they are ready to perform it.

*Cel.* Yonder, sure, they are coming : Let us now stay and see it.

*Flourish.* Enter Duke Frederic, Lords, Orlando, Charles, and attendants.

*Duke.* Come on : since the youth will not be entreated, his own peril on his forwardness.

*Ros.* Is yonder the man ?

*Le Beau.* Even he, madam.

*Cel.* Alas, he is too young : yet he looks successfully.

*Duke.* How now, daughter and cousin ? are you crept hither to see the wrestling ?

*Ros.* Ay, my liege, so please you give us leave.

*Duke.* You will take little delight in it, I can tell you, there is such odds in the men : In pity of the challenger's youth, I would fain dissuade him, but he will not be entreated : Speak to him, ladies ; see if you can move him.

*Cel.* Call him hither, good Monsieur Le Beau.

*Duke.* Do so ; I'll not be by. [*Duke goes apart.*]

*Le Beau.* Monsieur the challenger, the princesses call for you.

*Orla.* I attend them with all respect and duty.

*Ros.* Young man, have you challeng'd Charles the wrestler ?

*Orla.* No, fair princess ; he is the general challenger : I come but in, as others do, to try with him the strength of my youth.

*Cel.* Young gentleman, your spirits are too bold for your years : You have seen cruel proof of this man's strength ; if you saw yourself with your eyes, or knew yourself with your judgment, the fear of your adventure would counsel you to a more equal enterprize. We pray you for your own sake,

to embrace your own safety, and give over this attempt.

*Ros.* Do, young sir: your reputation shall not therefore be misprised: we will make it our suit to the duke, that the wrestling might not go forward.

*Orla.* I beseech you, punish me not with your hard thoughts; wherein I confess me much guilty, to deny so fair and excellent ladies any thing. But let your fair eyes, and gentle wishes, go with me to my trial: wherein if I be foil'd, there is but one sham'd that was never gracious; if kill'd, but one dead that is willing to be so: I shall do my friends no wrong, for I have none to lament me; the world no injury, for in it I have nothing; only in the world I fill up a place, which may be better supplied when I have made it empty.

*Ros.* The little strength that I have, I would it were with you!

*Cel.* And mine to eke out hers.

*Ros.* Fare you well. Pray heaven I be deceiv'd in you!

*Cel.* Your heart's desires be with you!

*Cha.* Come, where is this young gallant, that is so desirous to lie with his mother-earth?

*Orla.* Ready, sir; but his will hath in it a more modest working.

*Duke.* You shall try but one fall.

*Cha.* No, I warrant your grace; you shall not entreat him to a second, that have so mightily persuaded him from a first.

*Orla.* You mean to mock me after; you should not have mocked me before: but come your ways.

*Ros.* Now, Hercules be thy speed, young man!

*Cel.* I would I were invisible, to catch the strong fellow by the leg!

[*They wrestle.*]

*Ros.* O excellent young man!

*Cel.* If I had a thunderbolt in mine eye, I can tell who should down.

[*Shout.*]

*Duke.* No more, no more. [*Charles is thrown.*]

*Orla.* Yes, I beseech your grace; I am not yet well breathed.

*Duke.* How dost thou, Charles?

*Le Beau.* He cannot speak, my lord.

*Duke.* Bear him away. What is thy name, young man.

*Orla.* Orlando, my liege; the youngest son of fir Rowland de Boys.

*Duke.* I wouldst, thou hadst been son to some man else.

The world esteem'd thy father honourable,  
But I did find him still mine enemy:  
Thou shouldst have better pleas'd me with this deed,  
Hadst thou descended from another house.  
But fare thee well; thou art a gallant youth;  
I would, thou hadst told me of another father.

[*Exit Duke, with his train.*]

*Manent Celia, Rosalind and Orlando.*

*Cel.* Were I my father, coz, would I do this?

*Orla.* I am more proud to be fir Rowland's son,  
His youngest son;—and would not change that calling,

To be adopted heir to Frederic.

*Ros.* My father lov'd fir Rowland as his soul,  
And all the world was of my father's mind:  
Had I before known this young man his son,  
I should have given him tears unto entreaties,  
Ere he should thus have ventur'd.

*Cel.* Gentle cousin,  
Let us go thank him, and encourage him:  
My father's rough and envious disposition  
Sticks me at heart.—Sir, you have well deserv'd:  
If you do keep your promises in love,  
But justly as you have exceeded all promise,  
Your mistress shall be happy.

*Ros.* Gentleman,

[*Giving him a chain from her neck.*]

Wear this for me; one out of suits with fortune;  
That could give more, but that her hand lacks means.  
Shall we go, coz?

*Cel.* Ay:—Fare you well, fair gentleman.

*Orla.* Can I not say, I thank you? My better  
parts

Are all thrown down; and that which here stands up  
Is but a quintaine, a mere lifeless block.

*Rof.* He calls us back: My pride fell with my  
fortunes:

I'll ask him what he would:—Did you call, sir?—  
Sir, you have wrestled well, and overthrown  
More than your enemies.

*Cel.* Will you go, coz?

*Rof.* Have with you:—Fare you well.

[*Exeunt Rosalind and Celia.*]

*Orla.* What passion hangs these weights upon my  
tongue?

I cannot speak to her, yet she urg'd conference.

*Enter Le Beau.*

O poor Orlando! thou art overthrown:  
Or Charles, or something weaker, masters thee.

*Le Beau.* Good sir, I do in friendship counsel you  
To leave this place: Albeit you have deserv'd  
High commendation, true applause, and love;  
Yet such is now the duke's condition,  
That he misconstrues all that you have done.  
The duke is humourous; what he is, indeed,  
More suits you to conceive, than me to speak of.

*Orla.* I thank you, sir; and pray you, tell me  
this;

Which of the two was daughter of the duke  
That here was at the wrestling?

*Le Beau.* Neither his daughter, if we judge by  
manners;

But yet, indeed, the shorter is his daughter:  
The other is daughter to the banish'd duke,  
And here detain'd by her usurping uncle,



To keep his daughter company : whose loves  
 Are dearer than the natural bond of sisters.  
 But I can tell you, that of late this duke  
 Hath ta'en displeasure 'gainst his gentle niece ;  
 Grounded upon no other argument,  
 But that the people praise her for her virtues,  
 And pity her for her good father's sake :  
 And, on my life, his malice 'gainst the lady  
 Will suddenly break forth.—Sir, fare you well !  
 Hereafter, in a better world than this,  
 I shall desire more love and knowledge of you.

[Exit.

*Orla.* I rest much boundain to you : fare you well !  
 Thus must I from the smoke into the smother ;  
 From tyrant duke, unto a tyrant brother :—  
 But heavenly Rosalind !

[Exit.

## S C E N E III.

*An apartment in the Palace.**Enter Celia and Rosalind.*

*Cel.* Why, cousin ; why, Rosalind ;—Cupid  
 have mercy !—Not a word ?

*Ros.* Not one to throw at a dog.

*Cel.* No, thy words are too precious to be cast  
 away upon curs, throw some of them at me ; come,  
 lame me with reasons.

*Ros.* Then there were two cousins laid up ; when  
 the one should be lam'd with reasons, and the other  
 mad without any.

*Cel.* But is all this for your father ?

*Ros.* No, some of it is for my child's father :  
 Oh, how full of briars is this working-day world !

*Cel.* They are but burs, cousin, thrown upon  
 thee in holiday foolery ; if we walk not in the trod-  
 den paths, our very petticoats will catch them.

*Ros.* I could shake them off my coat ; these burs  
 are in my heart.

*Cel.* Hem them away.

*Ros.* I would try ; if I could cry, hem, and have him.

*Cel.* Come, come, wrestle with thy affections.

*Ros.* O, they take the part of a better wrestler than myself.

*Cel.* O, a good wish upon you ! you will try in time, in despite of a fall.—But, turning these jests out of service, let us talk in good earnest : Is it possible on such a sudden you should fall into so strong a liking with old sir Rowland's youngest son ?

*Ros.* The duke my father lov'd his father dearly.

*Cel.* Doth it therefore ensue, that you should love his son dearly ? By this kind of chase, I should hate him, for my father hated his father dearly : yet I hate not Orlando.

*Ros.* No, faith, hate him not, for my sake.

*Cel.* Why should I not ? doth he not deserve well ?

*Enter Duke, with lords.*

*Ros.* Let me love him for that ; and do you love him, because I do :—Look, here comes the duke.

*Cel.* With his eyes full of anger.

*Duke.* Mistress, dispatch you with your safest haste, And get you from our court.

*Ros.* Me, uncle ?

*Duke.* You, cousin.

Within these ten days if that thou be'st found  
So near our public court as twenty miles,  
Thou die'st for it.

*Ros.* I do beseech your grace,  
Let me the knowledge of my fault bear with me :  
If with myself I hold intelligence,  
Or have acquaintance with my own desires ;  
If that I do not dream, or be not frantic,  
(As I do trust, I am not) then, dear uncle,  
Never, so much as in a thought unborn,  
Did I offend your highness.

*Duke.* Thus do all traitors ;

If their purgation did consist in words,  
They are as innocent as grace itself:—  
Let it suffice thee, that I trust thee not.

*Ros.* Yet your mistrust cannot make me a traitor:  
Tell me, whereon the likelihood depends.

*Duke.* Thou art thy father's daughter, there's  
enough.

*Ros.* So was I when your highness took his duke-  
dom;

So was I, when your highness banish'd him:  
Treason is not inherited, my lord;  
Or, if we did derive it from our friends,  
What's that to me? my father was no traitor:  
Then, good my liege, mistake me not so much,  
To think my poverty is treacherous.

*Cel.* Dear sovereign, hear me speak.

*Duke.* Ay, Celia; we but stay'd her for your sake,  
Else had she with her father rang'd along.

*Cel.* I did not then entreat to have her stay,  
It was your pleasure, and your own remorse;  
I was too young that time to value her,  
But now I know her: if she be a traitor,  
Why, so am I: we still have slept together,  
Rose at an instant, learn'd, play'd, eat together;  
And wheresoe'er we went, like Juno's swans,  
Still we went coupled, and inseparable.

*Duke.* She is too subtle for thee; and her smooth-  
ness,

Her very silence, and her patience,  
Speak to the people, and they pity her.  
Thou art a fool: she robs thee of thy name;  
And thou wilt show more bright, and seem more  
virtuous,

When she is gone: then open not thy lips;  
Firm and irrevocable is my doom  
Which I have pass'd upon her; she is banish'd.

*Cel.* Pronounce that sentence then on me, my  
liege;

I cannot live out of her company.

*Duke.* You are a fool;—You, niece, provide yourself;

If you out-stay the time, upon mine honour,  
And in the greatness of my word, you die.

[*Exeunt Duke, &c.*]

*Cel.* O my poor Rosalind! whither wilt thou go?  
Wilt thou change fathers? I will give thee mine.  
I charge thee, be not thou more griev'd than I am.

*Ros.* I have more cause.

*Cel.* Thou hast not, cousin;  
Pr'ythee, be cheerful: know'st thou not, the duke  
Hath banish'd me his daughter?

*Ros.* That he hath not.

*Cel.* No? hath not? Rosalind lacks then the love  
Which teacheth thee that thou and I am one:  
Shall we be sunder'd? shall we part, sweet girl?  
No; let my father seek another heir.

Therefore devise with me, how we may fly,  
Whither to go, and what to bear with us:  
And do not seek to take your change upon you,  
To bear your griefs yourself, and leave me out;  
For, by this heaven, now at our sorrows pale,  
Say what thou canst, I'll go along with thee.

*Ros.* Why, whither shall we go?

*Cel.* To seek my uncle in the forest of Arden.

*Ros.* Alas, what danger will it be to us,  
Maids as we are, to travel forth so far!  
Beauty provoketh thieves sooner than gold.

*Cel.* I'll put myself in poor and mean attire,  
And with a kind of umber smirch my face;  
The like do you; so shall we pass along,  
And never stir assailants.

*Ros.* Were it not better,  
Because that I am more than common tall,  
That I did suit me all points like a man?  
A gallant curtle-ax upon my thigh,  
A boar-spear in my hand; and (in my heart  
Lie there what hidden woman's fear there will)



We'll have a swashing and a martial outsize;  
As many other mannish cowards have,  
That do outface it with their semblances.

*Cel.* What shall I call thee, when thou art a man?

*Ros.* I'll have no worse a name than Jove's own  
page;

And therefore look you call me, Ganimed,  
But what will you be call'd?

*Cel.* Something that hath a reference to my state;  
No longer Celia, but Aliena.

*Ros.* But, cousin, what if we assay'd to steal  
The clownish fool out of your father's court?  
Would he not be a comfort to our travel?

*Cel.* He'll go along o'er the wide world with me;  
Leave me alone to woo him: Let's away,  
And get our jewels and our wealth together:  
Devise the fittest time, and safest way  
To hide us from pursuit that will be made  
After my flight: Now go we in content;  
To liberty, and not to banishment. [Exeunt.

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## ACT II. SCENE I.

*The Forest of Arden.*

*Enter Duke Senior, Amiens, and two or three Lords  
like Foresters.*

*Duke Sen.* **N**OW, my co-mates, and brothers in  
exile,

Hath not old custom made this life more sweet  
Than that of painted pomp? Are not these woods  
More free from peril than the envious court?  
Here feel we but the penalty of Adam,  
The seasons' difference; as the icy fang,

And churlish chiding of the winter's wind ;  
 Which when it bites and blows upon my body  
 Even 'till I shrink with cold, I smile, and say,—  
 This is no flattery : these are counsellors  
 That feelingly persuade me what I am.  
 Sweet are the uses of adversity ;  
 Which, like the toad, ugly and venomous,  
 Wears yet a precious jewel in his head :  
 And this our life, exempt from public haunt,  
 Finds tongues in trees, books in the running brooks,  
 Sermons in stones, and good in every thing.

*Ami.* I would not change it : Happy is your  
 grace,  
 That can translate the stubbornness of fortune  
 Into so quiet and so sweet a stile.

*Duke Sen.* Come, shall we go and kill us venison ?  
 And yet it irks me, the poor dappled fools,  
 Being native burghers of this desert city,  
 Should, in their own confines, with forked heads  
 Have their round haunches gor'd.

*Lord.* Indeed, my lord,  
 The melancholy Jaques grieves at that ;  
 And, in that kind, swears you do more usurp  
 Than doth your brother that hath banish'd you.  
 To-day my lord of Amiens, and myself,  
 Did steal behind him, as he lay along  
 Under an oak, whose antique root peeps out  
 Upon the brook that brawls along this wood :  
 To the which place a poor sequestered stag,  
 That from the hunters' aim had ta'en a hurt,  
 Did come to languish : and, indeed, my lord,  
 The wretched animal heav'd forth such groans,  
 That their discharge did stretch his leathern coat  
 Almost to bursting ; and the big round tears  
 Cours'd one another down his innocent nose  
 In piteous chase : and thus the hairy fool,  
 Much marked of the melancholy Jaques,  
 Stood on the extremest verge of the swift brook,

Augmenting it with tears.

*Duke Sen.* But what said Jaques?  
Did he not moralize this spectacle?

1 *Lord.* O, yes, into a thousand families.  
First, for his weeping in the needless stream;  
"Poor deer," quoth he, "thou mak'st a testament  
"As worldlings do, giving thy sum of more  
"To that which had too much:" Then being alone,  
Left and abandon'd of his velvet friends;  
"'Tis right," quoth he; "thus misery doth part  
"The flux of company:" Anon a careless herd,  
Full of the pasture, jumps along by him,  
And never stays to greet him: "Ay," quoth Jaques,  
"Sweep on, you fat and greasy citizens;  
"'Tis just the fashion: Wherefore do you look  
"Upon that poor and broken bankrupt there?"  
Thus most invectively he pierceth through  
The body of the country, city, court,  
Yea, and of this our life; swearing, that we  
Are mere usurpers, tyrants, and what's worse,  
To fright the animals, and to kill them up,  
In their assign'd and native dwelling-place.

*Duke Sen.* And did you leave him in this contemplation?

2 *Lord.* We did, my lord, weeping and commenting  
Upon the sobbing deer.

*Duke Sen.* Show me the place;  
I love to cope him in these fullen fits,  
For then he's full of matter.

2 *Lord.* I'll bring you to him straight. [*Exeunt.*]

## S C E N E II.

*The Palace.*

*Enter Duke Frederic with Lords.*

*Duke.* Can it be possible, that no man saw them?  
It cannot be: some villains of my court  
Are of consent and sufferance in this.

1 *Lord.* I cannot hear of any that did see her.  
The ladies, her attendants of her chamber,  
Saw her a-bed; and, in the morning early,  
They found the bed untreasur'd of their mistress.

2 *Lord.* My lord, the roynish clown, at whom  
so oft

Your grace was wont to laugh, is also missing.  
Hesperia, the princess' gentlewoman,  
Confesses, that she secretly o'erheard  
Your daughter and her cousin much commend  
The parts and graces of the wrestler  
That did but lately foil the sinewy Charles;  
And she believes, wherever they are gone,  
That youth is surely in their company.

*Duke.* Send to his brother; fetch that gallant  
hither;

If he be absent, bring his brother to me,  
I'll make him find him: do this suddenly;  
And let not search and inquisition quail  
To bring again these foolish runaways. [*Exeunt.*]

### S C E N E III.

*Oliver's House.*

*Enter Orlando and Adam.*

*Orla.* Who's there?

*Adam.* What! my young master?—Oh, my  
gentle master,

Oh, my sweet master, O you memory  
Of old sir Rowland! why, what make you here?  
Why are you virtuous? why do people love you?  
And wherefore are you gentle, strong, and valiant?  
Why would you be so fond to overcome  
The bony prisoner of the humorous duke?  
Your praise is come too swiftly home before you.  
Know you not, master, to some kind of men,  
Their graces serve them but as enemies?  
No more do yours; your virtues, gentle master,



Arc sanctified and holy traitors to you.  
Oh, what a world is this, when what is comely  
Envenoms him that bears it !

*Orla.* Why, what's the matter ?

*Adam.* O unhappy youth,  
Come not within these doors ; within this roof  
The enemy of all your graces lives :  
Your brother—(no, no brother ; yet the son—  
Yet not the son ;—I will not call him son—  
Of him I was about to call his father)  
Hath heard your praises ; and this night he means  
To burn the lodging where you use to lie,  
And you within it : if he fail of that,  
He will have other means to cut you off :  
I overheard him, and his practices,  
This is no place, this house is but a butchery ;  
Abhor it, fear it, do not enter it.

*Orla.* Why, whither, Adam, would'st thou have  
me go ?

*Adam.* No matter whither, so you come not here.

*Orla.* What, wouldst thou have me go and beg  
my food ?

Or, with a base and boisterous sword, enforce  
A thievish living on the common road !  
This I must do, or know not what to do :  
Yet this, I will not do, do how I can ;  
I rather will subject me to the malice  
Of a diverted blood, and bloody brother.

*Adam.* But do not so : I have five hundred  
crowns,

The thrifty hire I sav'd under your father,  
Which I did store, to be my foster-nurse,  
When service should in my old limbs lie lame,  
And unregarded age in corners thrown ;  
Take that : and He that doth the ravens feed,  
Yea, providentially caters for the sparrow,  
Be comfort to my age ! Here is the gold ;  
All this I give you : Let me be your servant ;

Though I look old, yet I am strong and lusty :  
For in my youth I never did apply  
Hot and rebellious liquors in my blood ;  
Nor did not with unbashful forehead woo  
The means of weakness and debility ;  
Therefore my age is as a lusty winter, -  
Frosty, but kindly ; let me go with you ;  
I'll do the service of a younger man  
In all your business and necessities.

*Orla.* Oh good old man ! how well in thee appears

The constant service of the antique world,  
When service sweat for duty, not for meed !  
Thou art not for the fashion of these times,  
Where none will sweat but for promotion ;  
And having that, do choak their service up  
Even with the having : it is not so with thee.  
But, poor old man, thou prun'st a rotten tree,  
That cannot so much as a blossom yield,  
In lieu of all thy pains and husbandry :  
But come thy ways, we'll go along together ;  
And ere we have thy youthful wages spent,  
We'll light upon some settled low content.

*Adam.* Master, go on ; and I will follow thee,  
To the last gasp with truth and loyalty. —  
From seventeen years till now almost fourscore  
Here lived I, but now live here no more.  
At seventeen years many their fortunes seek ;  
But at fourscore, it is too late a week :  
Yet fortune cannot recompense me better,  
Than to die well, and not my master's debtor.

[*Exeunt.*]

# SCENE IV.

*The Forest of Arden.*

*Enter Rosalind in boy's clothes for Ganimed ; Celia  
drest like a shepherdes for Aliena ; and Touchstone  
the Clown.*

*Ros.* O Jupiter ! how weary are my spirits !

*Clo.* I care not for my spirits, if my legs were not weary.

*Ros.* I could find in my heart to disgrace my man's apparel, and cry like a woman: but I must comfort the weaker vessel, as doublet and hose ought to show itself courageous to petticoat; therefore, courage, good Aliena.

*Cel.* I pray you, bear with me; I can go no further.

*Clo.* For my part, I had rather bear with you, than bear you: yet I should bear no cross, if I did bear you; for, I think you have no money in your purse.

*Ros.* Well, this is the forest of Arden.

*Clo.* Ay, now am I in Arden: the more fool I; when I was at home, I was in a better place: but travellers must be content.

*Ros.* Ay, be so, good Touchstone:—Look you, who comes here? a young man, and an old, in solemn talk.

*Enter Corin and Silvius.*

*Cor.* That is the way to make her scorn you still.

*Sil.* O Corin, that thou knew'st how I do love her!

*Cor.* I partly guess; for I have lov'd ere now.

*Sil.* No, Corin, being old, thou canst not guess; Though in thy youth thou wast as true a lover, As ever sigh'd upon a midnight pillow; But if thy love were ever like to mine, (As sure I think did never man love so) How many actions most ridiculous Hast thou been drawn to by thy fantasy?

*Cor.* Into a thousand that I have forgotten.

*Sil.* O, thou didst then ne'er love so heartily: If thou remember'st not the slightest folly That ever love did make thee run into, Thou hast not lov'd:

Or if thou hast not sat as I do now  
Wearying thy hearer in thy mistress' praise,  
Thou hast not lov'd;  
Or if thou hast not broke from company,  
Abruptly, as my passion now makes me,  
Thou hast not lov'd:—O Phebe, Phebe, Phebe!

[Exit Silvius.]

*Ros.* Alas, poor shepherd! searching of thy wound,  
I have by hard adventure found mine own.

*Clo.* And I mine: I remember, when I was in  
love, I broke my sword upon a stone, and bid him  
take that for coming o' nights to Jane Smile: and  
I remember the kissing of her battlet, and the cow's  
dugs that her pretty chopp'd hands had milk'd: and  
I remember the wooing of a peascod instead of her;  
from whom I took two cods, and, giving her them  
again, said with weeping tears, *Wear these for my sake.*  
We, that are true lovers, run into strange capers;  
but as all is mortal in nature, so is all nature in love  
mortal in folly.

*Ros.* Thou speak'st wiser, than thou art 'ware of.

*Clo.* Nay, I shall ne'er be aware of mine own wit,  
till I break my shins against it.

*Ros.* Jove! Jove! this shepherd's passion is much  
upon my fashion.

*Clo.* And mine; but it grows something stale with  
me.

*Cel.* I pray you, one of you question yon man,  
If he for gold will give us any food;  
I faint almost to death.

*Clo.* Holla; you, clown!

*Ros.* Peace, fool; he's not thy kinsman.

*Cor.* Who calls?

*Clo.* Your betters, sir.

*Cor.* Else they are very wretched.

*Ros.* Peace, I say:—Good even to you, friend.

*Cor.* And to you, gentle sir, and to you all.



*Ros.* I pr'ythee, shepherd, if that love, or gold,  
Can in this desert place buy entertainment,  
Bring us where we may rest ourselves, and feed:  
Here's a young maid with travel much oppress'd,  
And faints for succour.

*Cor.* Fair sir, I pity her,  
And wish for her sake, more than for mine own,  
My fortunes were more able to relieve her:  
But I am shepherd to another man,  
And do not sheer the fleeces that I graze;  
My master is of churlish disposition,  
And little recks to find the way to heaven  
By doing deeds of hospitality:  
Besides, his cote, his flocks, and bounds of feed  
Are now on sale; and at our sheep-cote now,  
By reason of his absence, there is nothing  
That you will feed on; but what is, come see,  
And in my voice most welcome shall you be.

*Ros.* What is he, that shall buy his flock and  
pasture?

*Cor.* That young swain, that you saw here but  
erewhile,  
That little cares for buying any thing.

*Ros.* I pray thee, if it stand with honesty,  
Buy thou the cottage, pasture, and the flock,  
And thou shalt have to pay for it of us.

*Cel.* And we will mend thy wages: I like this place,  
And willingly could waste my time in it.

*Cor.* Assuredly, the thing is to be sold:  
Go with me; if you like, upon report,  
The soil, the profit, and this kind of life,  
I will your very faithful feeder be,  
And buy it with your gold right suddenly. [*Exeunt.*

SCENE V.

*Enter Amiens, Jaques, and others.*

SONG.

*Ami. Under the greenwood tree,  
Who loves to lie with me.  
And tune his merry note  
Unto the sweet bird's throat,  
Come hither, come hither, come hither;  
Here shall he see  
No enemy,  
But winter and rough weather.*

*Jaq. More, more, I pr'ythee, more.*

*Ami. It will make you melancholy, monsieur Jaques.*

*Jaq. I thank it. More, I pr'ythee, more. I can suck melancholy out of a song, as a weazel sucks eggs: More, I pr'ythee, more.*

*Ami. My voice is rugged; I know I cannot please you.*

*Jaq. I do not desire you to please me, I do desire you to sing: Come, more; another stanza; Call you 'em stanzas?*

*Ami. What you will, monsieur Jaques.*

*Jaq. Nay, I care not for their names; they owe me nothing: Will you sing?*

*Ami. More at your request, than to please myself.*

*Jaq. Well then, if ever I thank any man, I'll thank you: but that they call compliment, is like the encounter of two dog-apes; and when a man thanks me heartily, methinks, I have given him a penny, and he renders me the beggarly thanks. Come, sing; and you that will not, hold your tongues.*

*Ami. Well, I'll end the song.—Sirs, cover the while; the duke will drink under this tree:—he hath been all this day to look you.*

*Jaq. And I have been all this day to avoid him. He is too disputable for my company: I think of*

as many matters as he; but I give heaven thanks, and make no boast of them. Come, warble, come.

## S O N G.

*Who doth ambition shun, [All together here.  
And loves to live i'the sun,  
Seeking the food he eats,  
And pleas'd with what he gets,  
Come hither, come hither, come hither;  
Here shall he see  
No enemy,  
But winter and rough weather.*

*Jaq.* I'll give you a verse to this note, that I made yesterday in despite of my invention.

*Ami.* And I'll sing it.

*Jaq.* Thus it goes:

*If it do come to pass,  
That any man turn ass,  
Leaving his wealth and ease,  
A stubborn will to please,  
Duc ad me, duc ad me, duc ad me;  
Here shall he see  
Gross fools as he,  
An if he will come to me.*

*Ami.* What's that duc ad me?

*Jaq.* 'Tis a Greek invocation, to call fools into a circle. I'll go sleep if I can; if I cannot, I'll rail against all the first-born of Egypt.

*Ami.* And I'll go seek the duke; his banquet is prepar'd. [Exeunt severally.

## S C E N E VI.

*Enter Orlando and Adam.*

*Adam.* Dear master, I can go no further: O, I die for food! Here lie I down, and measure out my grave. Farewell, kind master.

*Orla.* Why, how now, Adam! no greater heart

in thee? Live a little, comfort a little; cheer thyself a little: If this uncouth forest yield any thing savage, I will either be food for it, or bring it for food to thee. Thy conceit is nearer death than thy powers. For my sake be comfortable; hold death a while at the arm's end: I will be here with thee presently; and if I bring thee not something to eat, I'll give thee leave to die: but if thou diest before I come, thou art a mocker of my labour. Well said! thou look'st cheerly: and I'll be with thee quickly. Yet thou liest in the bleak air: Come, I will bear thee to some shelter; and thou shalt not die for lack of a dinner, if there live any thing in this desert. Cheerly, good Adam! [Exeunt.]

## S C E N E VII.

*Another part of the Forest.*

*Enter Duke Senior and Lords. [A table set out.]*

*Duke Sen.* I think he is transform'd into a beast; For I can no where find him like a man.

*1 Lord.* My lord, he is but even now gone hence; Here was he merry, hearing of a song.

*Duke Sen.* If he, compact of jars, grow musical, We shall have shortly discord in the spheres:— Go seek him; tell him, I would speak with him.

*Enter Jaques.*

*1 Lord.* He saves my labour by his own approach.

*Duke Sen.* Why, how now, monsieur! what a life is this,

That your poor friends must woo your company? What! you look merrily.

*Jaq.* A fool, a fool!—I met a fool i'the forest, A motley fool.—a miserable world!—

As I do live by food, I met a fool;  
Who laid him down, and bask'd him in the sun,  
And rail'd on lady Fortune in good terms,  
In good set terms.—and yet a motley fool.



"Good-morrow, fool," quoth I: "No fir," quoth he,

"Call me not fool," till heaven hath sent me fortune:"

And then he drew a dial from his poke;

And looking on it with lack-lustre eye,

Says, very wisely, "It is ten o'clock:

"Thus may we see," quoth he, how the world wags:

"'Tis but an hour ago, since it was nine;

"And after one hour more, 'twill be eleven;

"And so, from hour to hour, we ripe, and ripe,

"And then, from hour to hour, we rot, and rot,

"And thereby hangs a tale." When I did hear

The motley fool thus moral on the time,

My lungs began to crow like chanticleer,

That fools should be so deep contemplative;

And I did laugh, sans intermission,

An hour by his dial—O noble fool!

A worthy fool! Motley's the only wear.

*Duke Sen.* What fool is this?

*Jaq.* O worthy fool!—One that hath been a courtier;

And says, if ladies be but young, and fair,

They have the gift to know it: and in his brain,—

Which is as dry as the remainder bisket

After a voyage,—he hath strange places cramm'd

With observation, the which he vents

In mangled forms:—O, that I were a fool!

I am ambitious for a motley coat.

*Duke Sen.* Thou shalt have one.

*Jaq.* It is my only suit;

Provided, that you weed your better judgements

Of all opinion that grows rank in them,

That I am wise. I must have liberty

Withal, as large a charter as the wind,

To blow on whom I please; for so fools have:

And they that are most galled with my folly,

They most must laugh: And why, fir, must they so?

The *Why* is plain as way to parish church:

He, that a fool doth very wisely hit,  
 Doth very foolishly, although he smart,  
 Not to seem senseless of the bob: if not,  
 The wise man's folly is anatomiz'd  
 Even by the squandring glances of the fool.  
 Invest me in my motley; give me leave  
 To speak my mind, and I will through and through  
 Cleanse the foul body of the infected world,  
 If they will patiently receive my medicine.

*Duke Sen.* Fie on thee! I can tell what thou  
 would'st do.

*Jaq.* What, for a counter, would I do, but good?

*Duke Sen.* Most mischievous foul sin, in chiding sin:  
 For thou thyself hast been a libertine  
 As sensual as the brutish sting itself;  
 And all the embossed sores, and headed evils,  
 That thou with licence of free foot hast caught,  
 Wouldst thou disgorge into the general world.

*Jaq.* Why, who cries out on pride,  
 That can therein tax any private party?  
 Doth it not flow as hugely as the sea,  
 'Till that the very means do ebb?  
 What woman in the city do I name,  
 When that I say, The city-woman bears  
 The cost of princes on unworthy shoulders?  
 Who can come in, and say, that I mean her,  
 When such a one as she, such is her neighbour?  
 Or what is he of basest function,  
 That says, his bravery is not on my cost,  
 (Thinking that I mean him) but therein suits  
 His folly to the metal of my speech?  
 There then; How then? What then? Let me see  
 wherein

My tongue hath wrong'd him: if it do him right,  
 Then he hath wrong'd himself; if he be free,  
 Why then, my taxing like a wild goose flies,  
 Unclaim'd of any man.—But who comes here?

*Enter Orlando, with his sword drawn.*

*Orla.* Forbear, and eat no more.

*Jaq.* Why I have eat none yet.

*Orla.* Nor shalt not, 'till necessity be serv'd.

*Jaq.* Of what kind should this cock come of?

*Duke Sen.* Art thou thus bolden'd, man, by thy distress;

Or else a rude despiser of good manners,  
That in civility thou seem'st so empty?

*Orla.* You touch'd my vein at first; the thorny point

Of bare distress hath ta'en from me the shew  
Of smooth civility: yet am I in-land bred,  
And know some nurture: But forbear, I say;  
He dies, that touches any of this fruit,  
'Till I and my affairs are answered.

*Jaq.* An you will not  
Be answered with reason, I must die.

*Duke Sen.* What would you have? Your gentleness shall force,  
More than your force move us to gentleness.

*Orla.* I almost die for food, and let me have it.

*Duke Sen.* Sit down and feed, and welcome to our table.

*Orla.* Speak you so gently? Pardon me I pray you;  
I thought, that all things had been savage here;  
And therefore put I on the countenance  
Of stern commandment: But whate'er you are,  
That in this desert inaccessible,  
Under the shade of melancholy boughs,  
Lose and neglect the creeping hours of time;  
If ever you have look'd on better days;  
If ever been where bells have knoll'd to church;  
If ever sat at any good man's feast;  
If ever from your eye-lids wip'd a tear,  
And know what 'tis to pity, and be pitied;  
Let gentleness my strong enforcement be:  
In the which hope, I blush, and hide my sword.

*Duke Sen.* True is it, that we have seen better days;  
And have with holy bell been knoll'd to church;  
And sat at good men's feasts; and wip'd our eyes  
Of drops that sacred pity hath engender'd:  
And therefore sit you down in gentleness,  
And take upon command what help we have  
That to your wanting may be ministred.

*Orla.* Then but forbear your food a little while,  
Whiles, like a doe, I go to find my fawn,  
And give it food. There is an old poor man  
Who after me hath many a weary step  
Limp'd in pure love; 'Till he be first suffic'd,—  
Oppress'd with two weak evils, age, and hunger,—  
I will not touch a bit.

*Duke Sen.* Go find him out,  
And we will nothing waste till your return.

*Orla.* I thank ye: and be bless'd for your good  
comfort! [Exit.]

*Duke Sen.* Thou seest, we are not all alone un-  
happy:

This wide and universal theatre  
Presents more woful pageants than the scene  
Wherein we play in.

*Jaq.* All the world's a stage,  
And all the men and women merely players;  
They have their exits, and their entrances;  
And one man in his time plays many parts,  
His acts being seven ages. At first, the infant,  
Mewling and puking in the nurse's arms:  
And then, the whining school-boy with his satchel,  
And shining morning face, creeping like snail  
Unwillingly to school: And then the lover;  
Sighing like furnace, with a woful ballad  
Made to his mistress' eyebrow: Then, a soldier;  
Full of strange oaths, and bearded like the pard,  
Jealous in honour, sudden and quick in quarrel,  
Seeking the bubble reputation  
Even in the cannon's mouth: And then, the justice



In fair round belly, with good capon lin'd,  
 With eyes severe, and beard of formal cut,  
 Full of wise saws and modern instances,  
 And so he plays his part: The sixth age shifts  
 Into the lean and slipper'd pantaloon;  
 With spectacles on nose, and pouch on side;  
 His youthful hose well sav'd a world too wide  
 For his shrunk shank; and his big manly voice,  
 Turning again toward childish treble, pipes  
 And whistles in his sound: Last scene of all,  
 That ends this strange eventful history,  
 Is second childishness, and mere oblivion;  
 Sans teeth, sans eyes, sans taste, sans every thing.

*Re-enter Orlando, with Adam.*

*Duke Sen.* Welcome: set down your venerable  
 burden,  
 And let him feed.

*Orla.* I thank you most for him.

*Adam.* So had you need,  
 I scarce can speak to thank you for myself.

*Duke Sen.* Welcome, fall to: I will not trouble  
 you  
 As yet, to question you about your fortunes:—  
 Give us some music; and, good cousin, sing.

*Amiens sings.*

S O N G.

*Blow, blow, thou winter wind,  
 Thou art not so unkind*

*As man's ingratitude;*

*Thy tooth is not so keen,*

*Because thou art not seen,*

*Although thy breath be rude.*

*Heigh ho! sing, heigh ho! unto the green holly;  
 Most friendship is feigning, most loving mere folly:*

*Then, heigh ho, the holly!*

*This life is most jolly.*

*Freeze, freeze, thou bitter sky,  
That dost not bite so nigh  
As benefits forgot:  
Though thou the waters warp,  
Thy sting is not so sharp  
As friend remember'd not.*

*Heigh ho! sing, &c.*

*Duke Sen.* If that you were the good fir Row-  
land's son,—

As you have whispered faithfully, you were;  
And as mine eye doth his effigies witness  
Most truly limn'd and living in your face,—  
Be truly welcome hither: I am the duke,  
That lov'd your father: The residue of your fortune,  
Go to my cave and tell me.—Good old man,  
Thou art right welcome, as thy master is:—  
Support him by the arm.—Give me your hand,  
And let me all your fortunes understand. [*Exeunt.*]

ACT III. SCENE I.

*The palace.*

*Enter Duke, Lords, and Oliver.*

*Duke.* **N**OT see him since? Sir, fir, that  
cannot be:

But were I not the better part made mercy,  
I should not seek an absent argument  
Of my revenge, thou present: But look to it:  
Find out thy brother, wheresoe'er he is;  
Seek him with candle: bring him dead or living,  
Within this twelvemonth, or turn thou no more  
To seek a living in our territory.  
Thy lands, and all things that thou dost call thine,  
Worth seizure, do we seize into our hands;

'Till thou canst quit thee by thy brother's mouth,  
Of what we think against thee.

*Oli.* Oh, that your highness knew my heart in this:  
I never lov'd my brother in my life.

*Duke.* More villain thou.—Well, push him out  
of doors;

And let my officers of such a nature  
Make an extent upon his house and lands:  
Do this expediently, and turn him going.

[*Exeunt.*

S C E N E II.

*The Forest.*

*Enter Orlando.*

*Orla.* Hang there, my verse, in witness of my love:  
And thou, thrice-crowned queen of night, survey  
With thy chaste eye, from thy pale sphere above,  
Thy huntress' name, that my full life doth sway.  
O Rosalind! these trees shall be my books,  
And in their barks my thoughts I'll character;  
That every eye, which in this forest looks,  
Shall see thy virtue witness'd every where.  
Run, run, Orlando, carve, on every tree.  
The fair, the chaste, and unexpressive she. [*Exit.*

*Enter Corin and Clown.*

*Cor.* And how like you this shepherd's life,  
master Touchstone?

*Clo.* Truly, shepherd, in respect of itself, it is a  
good life; but in respect that it is a shepherd's life,  
it is naught. In respect that it is solitary, I like it  
very well; but in respect that it is private, it is a  
very vile life. Now in respect it is in the fields, it  
pleaseth me well; but in respect it is not in the court,  
it is tedious. As it is a spare life, look you, it fits my  
humour well; but as there is no more plenty in it,  
it goes much against my stomach. Hast any philosophy  
in thee, shepherd?

*Cor.* No more, but that I know, the more one sickens, the worse at ease he is; and that he that wants money, means, and content, is without three good friends:—That the property of rain is to wet, and fire to burn:—That good pasture makes fat sheep; and that a great cause of the night, is the lack of the sun: That he, that hath learned no wit by nature nor art, may complain of good breeding, or comes of a very dull kindred.

*Clo.* Such a one is a natural philosopher. Wast ever in court, shepherd?

*Cor.* No, truly.

*Clo.* Then thou art damn'd.

*Cor.* Nay, I hope,—

*Clo.* Truly, thou art damn'd; like an ill roasted egg, all on one side.

*Cor.* For not being at court? Your reason.

*Clo.* Why, if thou never wast at court, thou never saw'st good manners: if thou never saw'st good manners, then thy manners must be wicked; and wickedness is sin, and sin is damnation: Thou art in a parlous state, shepherd.

*Cor.* Not a whit, Touchstone: those, that are good manners at the court, are as ridiculous in the country, as the behaviour of the country is most mockable at the court. You told me, you salute not at the court, but you kiss your hands; that courtesy would be uncleanly, if courtiers were shepherds.

*Clo.* Instance, briefly; come, instance.

*Cor.* Why, we are all still handling our ewes; and their fells you know are greasy.

*Clo.* Why, do not your courtiers' hand sweat? and is not the grease of a mutton as wholesome as the sweat of a man? Shallow, shallow: A better instance, I say; come.

*Cor.* Besides, our hands are hard.



*Clo.* Your lips will feel them the sooner. Shallow again: A more sounder instance, come.

*Cor.* And they are often tarr'd over with the surgery of our sheep; And would you have us kiss tar? The courtier's hands are perfumed with civet.

*Clo.* Most shallow man! Thou worms-meat, in respect of a good piece of flesh:—indeed!—Learn of the wise, and perpend: Civet is of a baser birth than tar; the very uncleanly flux of a cat. Mend the instance, shepherd.

*Cor.* You have too courtly a wit for me: I'll rest.

*Clo.* Wilt thou rest damn'd? God help thee, shallow man! God make incision in thee! thou art raw.

*Cor.* Sir, I am a true labourer; I earn that I eat, get that I wear; owe no man hate; envy no man's happiness; glad of other men's good, content with my harm: and the greatest of my pride is, to see my ewes graze, and my lambs suck.

*Clo.* That is another simple sin in you; to bring the ewes and rams together, and to offer to get your living by the copulation of cattle; to be bawd to a bell-weather; and to betray a she-lamb of a twelve-month to a crooked-pated, old, cuckoldly ram, out of all reasonable match. If thou be'st not damn'd for this, the devil himself will have no shepherds; I cannot see else how thou should'st 'scape.

*Cor.* Here comes young Mr. Ganimed, my new mistress's brother.

*Enter Rosalind with a paper*

*Ros.* " From the east to western Ind,

" No jewel is like Rosalind.

" Her worth, being mounted on the wind;

" Through all the world bears Rosalind.

" All the pictures, fairest limn'd,

" Are but black to Rosalind.

" Let no face be kept in mind,

" But the fair of Rosalind.

*Clo.* I'll rhyme you so, eight years together;  
dinner, and suppers, and sleeping hours excepted:  
it is the right butter-woman's rate to market.

*Rof.* Out fool!

*Clo.* For a taste:—

“ If a hart do lack a hind,  
“ Let him seek out Rosalind.  
“ If the cat will after kind,  
“ So, be sure, will Rosalind.  
“ Winter-garments must be lin'd,  
“ So must slender Rosalind.  
“ They that reap, must sheaf and bind;  
“ Then to cart with Rosalind.  
“ Sweetest nut hath fourest rind,  
“ Such a nut is Rosalind.  
“ He that sweetest rose will find,  
“ Must find love's prick, and Rosalind.”

This is the very false gallop of verses; Why do you  
infect yourself with them?

*Rof.* Peace, you dull fool; I found them on a tree.

*Clo.* Truly, the tree yields bad fruit.

*Rof.* I'll graff it with you, and then I shall graff  
it with a medlar: then it will be the earliest fruit  
i'the country; for you'll be rotten ere you'll be half  
ripe, and that's the right virtue of the medlar.

*Clo.* You have said; but whether wisely or no,  
let the forest judge.

*Enter Celia with a writing.*

*Rof.* Peace!

Here comes my sister, reading; stand aside.

*Cel.* “ Why should this a desert be?

“ For it is unpeopled? No;

“ Tongues I'll hang on every tree,

“ That shall civil sayings show.

“ Some, how brief the life of man

“ Runs his erring pilgrimage;

" That the stretching of a span  
 " Buckles in his sum of age.  
 " Some, of violated vows  
 " 'Twixt the souls of friend and friend :  
 " But upon the fairest boughs,  
 " Or at every sentence' end,  
 " Will I Rosalinda write ;  
 " Teaching all that read, to know  
 " This quintessence of every sprite  
 " Heaven would in little show.  
 " Therefore heaven nature charg'd :  
 " That one body should be fill'd  
 " With all graces wide enlarg'd :  
 " Nature presently distill'd  
 " Helen's cheek, but not her heart ;  
 " Cleopatra's majesty :  
 " Atalanta's better part ;  
 " Sad Lucretia's modesty.  
 " Thus Rosalind of many parts  
 " By heavenly synod was devis'd ;  
 " Of many faces, eyes, and hearts,  
 " To have the touches dearest priz'd.  
 " Heaven would that she these gifts should  
 " have,  
 " And I to live and die her slave."

*Ros.* O most gentle Jupiter !—what tedious homily of love have you wearied your parishioners withal, and never cry'd, " Have patience, good people !"

*Cel.* How now ! back-friends ?—Shepherd, go off a little :—Go with him, firrah.

*Clo.* Come, shepherd, let us make an honourable retreat ; though not with bag and baggage, yet with scrip and scrippage. [*Exeunt Corin and Clo.*]

*Cel.* Didst thou hear these verses ?

*Ros.* O, yes, I heard them all, and more too ; for some of them had in them more feet than the verses would bear.

*Cel.* That's no matter; the feet might bear the verses.

*Ros.* Ay, but the feet were lame, and could not bear themselves without the verse, and therefore stood lamely in the verse.

*Cel.* But didst thou hear, without wondring how thy name should be hang'd and carv'd upon these trees?

*Ros.* I was seven of the nine days out of wonder, before you came; for look here what I found on a palm-tree: I was never so be-rhimed since Pythagoras' time, that I was an Irish rat, Which I can hardly remember.

*Cel.* Trow you, who hath done this?

*Ros.* Is it a man?

*Cel.* And a chain, that you once wore, about his neck: Change you colour?

*Ros.* I pr'ythee, who?

*Cel.* O lord, lord! it is a hard matter for friends to meet; but mountains may be remov'd with earthquakes, and so encounter.

*Ros.* Nay, but who is it?

*Cel.* Is it possible?

*Ros.* Nay, I pr'ythee now, with most petitionary vehemence, tell me who it is.

*Cel.* O wonderful, wonderful, and most wonderful, wonderful, and yet again wonderful, and after that out of all whooping!

*Ros.* Good my complexion! dost thou think, though I am caparison'd like a man, I have a doublet and hose in my disposition? One inch of delay more is a South-sea off discovery. I pr'ythee, tell me, who is it? quickly, and speak apace: I would thou couldst stammer, that thou might'st pour this conceal'd man out of thy mouth, as wine comes out of a narrow-mouth'd bottle; either too much at once, or none at all. I pr'ythee take the cork out of thy mouth, that I may drink thy tidings.



*Cel.* So you may put a man in your belly.

*Ros.* Is he of God's making? What manner of man? Is his head worth a hat, or his chin worth a beard?

*Cel.* Nay, he hath but a little beard.

*Ros.* Why, God will send more, if the man will be thankful: let me stay the growth of his beard, if thou delay me not the knowledge of his chin.

*Cel.* It is young Orlando, that tripp'd up the wrestler's heels, and your heart, both in an instant.

*Ros.* Nay, but the devil take mocking; speak sad brow, and true maid.

*Cel.* I'faith, coz, 'tis he,

*Ros.* Orlando?

*Cel.* Orlando.

*Ros.* Alas the day! what shall I do with my doublet and hose?—What did he, when thou saw'st him? What said he? How look'd he? Wherein went he? What makes he here? Did he ask for me? Where remains he? How parted he with thee? And when shalt thou see him again? Answer me in one word.

*Cel.* You must borrow me Garagantua's mouth first: 'tis a word too great for any mouth of this age's size: To say, ay, and no, to these particulars, is more than to answer in a catechism.

*Ros.* But doth he know that I am in this forest, and in man's apparel? Looks he as freshly as he did the day he wrestled?

*Cel.* It is as easy to count atomies, as to resolve the propositions of a lover:—but take a taste of my finding him, and relish it with good observance. I found him under a tree, like a dropp'd acorn.

*Ros.* It may well be call'd Jove's tree when it drops forth such fruit.

*Cel.* Give me audience, good madam.

*Ros.* Proceed.

*Cel.* There lay he, stretch'd along, like a wounded knight.

*Ros.* Though it be pity to see such a sight, it well becomes the ground.

*Cel.* Cry, holla! to thy tongue, I pr'ythee; it curvets unseasonably. He was furnish'd like a hunter.

*Ros.* Oh ominous! he comes to kill my heart.

*Cel.* I would sing my song without a burden: thou bring'st me out of tune.

*Ros.* Do you not know I am a woman? when I think, I must speak. Sweet, say on.

*Enter Orlando and Jaques.*

*Cel.* You bring me out:—Soft! comes he not here?

*Ros.* 'Tis he; Slink by, and note him.

*[Celia and Rosalind retire.]*

*Jaq.* I thank you for your company; but, good faith, I had as lief have been myself alone.

*Orla.* And so had I; but yet, for fashion sake I thank you too for your society.

*Jaq.* God be with you; let's meet as little as we can.

*Orla.* I do desire we may be better strangers.

*Jaq.* I pray you, mar no more trees with writing love-songs in their barks.

*Orla.* I pray you, mar no more of my verses with reading them ill-favouredly.

*Jaq.* Rosalind is your love's name?

*Orla.* Yes, just.

*Jaq.* I do not like her name.

*Orla.* There was no thought of pleasing you, when she was christen'd.

*Jaq.* What stature is she of?

*Orla.* Just as high as my heart.

*Jaq.* You are full of pretty answers: Have you not been acquainted with goldsmiths' wives, and conn'd them out of rings?

*Orla.* Not so: but I answer you right painted cloth, from whence you have studied your questions.

*Jaq.* You have a nimble wit : I think it was made of Atalanta's heels. Will you sit down with me ; and we two will rail against our mistress, the world, and all our misery.

*Orla.* I will chide no breather in the world, but myself, against whom I know most faults.

*Jaq.* The worst fault you have, is to be in love.

*Orla.* 'Tis a fault I would not change for your best virtue. I am weary of you.

*Jaq.* By my troth, I was seeking for a fool, when I found you.

*Orla.* He is drown'd in the brook ; look but in, and you shall see him.

*Jaq.* There I shall see mine own figure.

*Orla.* Which I take to be either a fool, or a cypher.

*Jaq.* I'll tarry no longer with you : farewell, good signior love. [Exit.

*Orla.* I am glad of your departure : adieu, good monsieur melancholy. [*Cel. and Ros. come forward.*

*Ros.* I will speak to him like a saucy lacquey, and under that habit play the knave with him.— Do you hear, forester ?

*Orla.* Very well ; What would you ?

*Ros.* I pray you, what is't a-clock ?

*Orla.* You should ask me, what time o'day ; there's no clock in the forest.

*Ros.* Then there is no true lover in the forest ; else sighing every minute, and groaning every hour, would detect the lazy foot of time, as well as a clock.

*Orla.* And why not the swift foot of time ? had not that been as proper ?

*Ros.* By no means, sir : Time travels in divers paces with divers persons ; I'll tell you who time ambles withal, who time trots withal, who time gallops withal, and who he stands still withal.

*Orla.* I pr'ythee, whom doth he trot withal ?

*Ros.* Marry, he trots hard with a young maid, between the contract of her marriage and the day it is solemniz'd: if the interim be but a sen'night, time's pace is so hard that it seems the length of seven years.

*Orla.* Who ambles time withal?

*Ros.* With a priest that lacks Latin, and a rich man that hath not the gout: for the one sleeps easily, because he cannot study; and the other lives merrily because he feels no pain; the one lacking the burden of lean and wasteful learning; the other knowing no burden of heavy tedious penury: These time ambles withal.

*Orla.* Whom doth he gallop withal?

*Ros.* With a thief to the gallows: for though he go as softly as foot can fall, he thinks himself too soon there.

*Orla.* Who stays it still withal?

*Ros.* With lawyers in the vacation: for they sleep between term and term, and then they perceive not how time moves.

*Orla.* Where dwell you, pretty youth?

*Ros.* With this shepherdes, my sister; here in the skirts of the forest, like fringe upon a petticoat.

*Orla.* Are you a native of this place?

*Ros.* As the coney, that you see dwell where she is kindled.

*Orla.* Your accent is something finer than you could purchase in so removed a dwelling.

*Ros.* I have been told so of many; but, indeed, an old religious uncle of mine taught me to speak, who was in his youth an in-land man; one that knew courtship too well, for there he fell in love. I have heard him read many lectures against it; and I, thank God, am not a woman, to be touch'd with so many giddy offences as he hath generally tax'd their whole sex withal.



*Orla.* Can you remember any of the principal evils, that he laid to the charge of women?

*Rof.* There were none principal; they were all like one another, as half-pence are: every one fault seeming monstrous, till his fellow fault came to match it.

*Orla.* I pr'ythee, recount some of them.

*Rof.* No; I will not cast away my phyfic, but on those that are sick. There is a man haunts the forest, that abuses our young plants with carving Rosalind on their barks; hangs odes upon hawthorns, and elegies on brambles; all, forsooth, deifying the name of Rosalind: if I could meet that fancy-monger, I would give him some good counsel, for he seems to have the quotidian of love upon him.

*Orla.* I am he that is so love-shak'd; I pray you, tell me your remedy.

*Rof.* There is none of my uncle's marks upon you: he taught me how to know a man in love; in which cage of rushes, I am sure, you are not prisoner.

*Orla.* What were his marks?

*Rof.* A lean cheek; which you have not: a blue eye, and sunken; which you have not: an unquestionable spirit; which you have not: a beard neglected; which you have not:—but I pardon you for that; for, simply, your having no beard is a younger brother's revenue:—Then your hose should be ungarter'd, your bonnet unbanded, your sleeve unbuttoned, your shoe untied, and every thing about you demonstrating a careless desolation. But you are no such man; you are rather point-device in your accoutrements: as loving yourself, than seeming the lover of any other.

*Orla.* Fair youth, I would I could make thee believe I love.

*Rof.* Me believe it? you may as soon make her that you love believe it; which, I warrant, she is



Rosalind ; and come every day to my cote, and woo me.

*Orla.* Now, by the faith of my love, I will ; tell me where it is.

*Ros.* Go with me to it, and I will shew it you : and, by the way, you shall tell me where in the forest you live : Will you go ?

*Orla.* With all my heart, good youth.

*Ros.* Nay, nay, you must call me Rosalind :—  
Come, sister, will you go ? [*Exeunt.*]

### S C E N E III.

*Enter Clown and Audrey, Jaques watching them.*

*Clo.* Come apace, good Audrey ; I will fetch up your goats, Audrey : And how, Audrey ? am I the man yet ? doth my simple feature content you ?

*Aud.* Your features ! Lord warrant us ! what features ?

*Clo.* I am here with thee and thy goats, as the most capricious poet, honest Ovid, was among the Goths.

*Jaq.* [*aside*] O knowledge ill-inhabited ! worse than Jove in a thatch'd house !

*Clo.* When a man's verses cannot be understood, nor a man's good wit seconded with the forward child, understanding, it strikes a man more dead than a great reckoning in a little room : Truly, I would the gods had made thee poetical.

*Aud.* I do not know what poetical is : Is it honest in deed and word ? Is it a true thing ?

*Clo.* No, truly ; for the truest poetry is the most feigning ; and lovers are given to poetry ; and what they swear in poetry, may be said, as lovers, they do feign.

*Aud.* Do you wish then, that the gods had made me poetical ?

*Clo.* I do truly : for thou swear'st to me, thou

art honest ; now if thou wert a poet, I might have some hope thou didst feign.

*Aud.* Would you not have me honest ?

*Clo.* No, truly, unless thou wert hard favour'd : for honesty coupled to beauty, is to have honey a sauce to sugar.

*Jaq.* [*aside*] A material fool !

*Aud.* Well, I am not fair ; and therefore I pray the god's make me honest !

*Clo.* Truly, and to cast away honesty upon a foul slut, were to put good meat into an unclean dish.

*Aud.* I am not a slut, though I thank the gods I am foul.

*Clo.* Well, praised be the gods for thy foulness ! sluttishness may come hereafter. But be it as it may be, I will marry thee ; and to that end, I have been with Sir Oliver Mar-text, the vicar of the next village ; who hath promis'd to meet me in this place of the forest, and to couple us.

*Jaq.* [*Aside.*] I would fain see this meeting.

*Aud.* Well, the gods give us joy !

*Clo.* Amen. A man may, if he were of a fearful heart, stagger in this attempt ; for here we have no temple but the wood, no assembly but horn-beasts. But what though ? Courage ! As horns are odious, they are necessary. It is said,—Many a man knows no end of his goods : right ; many a man has good horns, and knows no end of them. Well, that is the dowry of his wife ; 'tis none of his own getting. Horns ? Even so :—Poor men alone ?—No, no : the noblest deer hath them as huge as the rascal. Is the single man therefore blessed ? No : as a wall'd town is more worthier than a village, so is the forehead of a married man more honourable than the bare brow of a bachelor : and by how much defence is better than no skill, so much is a horn more precious than to want.



*Enter Sir Oliver Mar-text.*

Here comes fir Oliver :—Sir Oliver Mar-text, you are well met : Will you dispatch us here under this tree, or shall we go with you to your chapel ?

*Cir Oli.* Is there none here to give the woman ?

*Clo.* I will not take her on gift of any man.

*Sir Oli.* Truly, she must be given or the marriage is not lawful.

*Jaq.* [*discovering himself.*] Proceed, proceed ; i'll give her.

*Clo.* Good even, good master, *What ye call't* ; How do you, fir ? You are very well met : God 'ild you for your last company : I am very glad to see you ;—Even a toy in hand here, fir : Nay ; pray, be covered.

*Jaq.* Will you be married, motely ?

*Clo.* As the ox hath his bow, fir, the horse his curb, and the falcon her bells, so man hath his desires ; and as pigeons bill, so wedlock would be nibbling.

*Jaq.* And will you, being a man of your breeding, be married under a bush, like a beggar ? Get you to church, and have a good priest that can tell you what marriage is : this fellow will but join you together as they join wainscot ; then one of you will prove a shrunk pannel, and like green timber, warp, warp.

*Clo.* I am not in the mind but I were better to be married of him than of another : for he is not like to marry me well : and not being well married, it will be a good excuse for me hereafter to leave my wife.

*Jaq.* Go thou with me, and let me counsel thee.

*Clo.* Come, sweet Audrey ;

We must be married, or we must live in bawdry.  
Farewell, good master Oliver !

Not—O sweet Oliver,

O brave Oliver,

Leave me not behind thee ;

But—Wind away,

Begone, I say,

I will not to wedding with thee.

*Sir Oli.* 'Tis no matter ; ne'er a fantastical knave  
of them all shall flout me out of my calling.

[*Exeunt.*]

S C E N E IV.

*A Cottage in the Forest.*

*Enter Rosalind and Celia.*

*Ros.* Never talk to me, I will weep.

*Cel.* Do, I pr'ythee ; but yet have the grace to  
confider, that tears do not become a man.

*Ros.* But have I not cause to weep ?

*Cel.* As good cause as one would desire ; therefore  
weep.

*Ros.* His very hair is of the dissembling colour.

*Cel.* Something browner than Judas's ; marry, his  
kisses are Judas's own children.

*Ros.* I'faith, his hair is of a good colour.

*Cel.* An excellent colour ; your chesnut was ever  
the only colour.

*Ros.* And his kissing is as full of sanctity as the  
touch of holy beard.

*Cel.* He hath bought a pair of cast lips of Diana :  
a nun of winter's sisterhood kisses not more religi-  
ously ; the very ice of chastity is in them.

*Ros.* But why did he swear he would come this  
morning, and comes not ?

*Cel.* Nay, certainly there is no truth in him.

*Ros.* Do you think so ?

*Cel.* Yes : I think he is not a pick-purse, nor a  
horse-stealer ; but for his verity in love, I do think  
him as concave as a cover'd goblet, or a worm-eaten  
nut.

*Ros.* Not true in love ?

*Cel.* Yes, when he is in; but, I think he is not in.

*Ros.* You have heard him swear downright, he was.

*Cel.* Was, is not is: besides; the oath of a lover is no stronger than the word of a tapster; they are both the confirmers of false reckonings: He attends here in the forest on the duke your father.

*Ros.* I met the duke yesterday, and had much question with him: He asked me of what parentage I was; I told him of as good as he: so he laugh'd, and let me go. But what talk we of fathers, where there is such a man as Orlando?

*Cel.* O, that's a brave man! he writes brave verses, speaks brave words, swears brave oaths, and breaks them bravely, quite traverse, athwart the heart of his lover; as a puny tilter, that spurs his horse but on one side, breaks his staff like a noble goose: but all's brave, that youth mounts, and folly guides:—Who comes here?

*Enter Corin.*

*Cor.* Mistress, and master, you have oft enquired  
After the shepherd that complain'd of love;  
Whom you saw sitting by me on the turf,  
Praising the proud disdainful shepherdess  
That was his mistress.

*Cel.* Well, and what of him?

*Cor.* If you will see a pageant truly play'd,  
Between the pale complexion of true love  
And the red glow of scorn and proud disdain,  
Go hence a little, and I shall conduct you,  
If you will mark it.

*Ros.* O, come, let us remove;  
The sight of lovers feedeth those in love:—  
Bring us but to this sight, and you shall say  
I'll prove a busy actor in their play. [Exit.

S C E N E V.

*Another part of the Forest.*

*Enter Silvius and Phebe.*

*Sil.* Sweet Phebe, do not scorn me: do not, Phebe:  
Say that you love me not; but say not so  
In bitterness: The common executioner,  
Whose heart the accustom'd sight of death makes  
hard,

Falls not the axe upon the humbled neck,  
But first begs pardon: Will you sterner be  
Than he that dies and lives by bloody drops?

*Enter Rosalind, Celia, and Corin.*

*Phe.* I would not be thy executioner;  
I fly thee, for I would not injure thee.  
Thou tell'st me, there is murder in mine eye:  
'Tis pretty, sure, and very probable,  
That eyes—that are the frail'st, and softest things,  
Who shut their coward gates on atomies—  
Should be call'd tyrants, butchers, murderers!  
Now do I frown on thee with all my heart;  
And, if mine eyes can wound, now let them kill  
thee:

Now counterfeit to swoon; why now fall down;  
Or, if thou can'st not, oh, for shame, for shame,  
Lie not, to say mine eyes are murderers!  
Now shew the wound mine eyes have made in thee:  
Scrath thee but with a pin, and there remains  
Some scar of it; lean but upon a rush,  
The cicatrice and capable impressure  
Thy palm some moment keeps: but now mine eyes  
Which I have darted at thee, hurt thee not;  
Nor, I am sure, there is no force in eyes  
That can do hurt.

*Sil.* O dear Phebe,  
If ever (as that ever may be near)  
You meet in some fresh cheek the power of fancy;



Then shall you know the wounds invifible  
That love's keen arrows make.

*Phe.* But, 'till that time,  
Come not thou near me : and, when that time comes,  
Afflict me with thy mocks, pity me not ;  
As, 'till that time, I fhall not pity thee.

*Rof.* And why, I pray you?—who might be your  
mother,  
That you infult, exult, and all at once,  
Over the wretched? What though you have beauty,  
(As, by my faith, I fee no more in you  
Than without candle may go dark to bed)  
Muft you be therefore proud and pitilefs?  
Why, what means this? Why do you look on me?  
I fee no more in you, than in the ordinary  
Of nature's fale-work : Od's, my little life!  
I think, ſhe means to tangle mine eyes too :—  
No, 'faith, proud miſtreſs, hope not after it ;  
'Tis not your inky brows, your black-filk hair,  
Your bugle eye-balls, nor your cheek of cream,  
That can entame my ſpirits to your worſhip.—  
You fooliſh ſhepherd, wherefore do you follow her  
Like foggy ſouth, puffing with wind and rain?  
You are a thouſand times a properer man,  
Than ſhe a woman : 'Tis ſuch fools as you,  
That make the world full of ill-favour'd children :  
'Tis not her glaſs, but you, that flatters her ;  
And out of you ſhe ſees herſelf more proper,  
Than any of her lineaments can ſhow her.—  
But, miſtreſs, know yourſelf; down on your knees,  
And thank heaven, faſting, for a good man's love :  
For I muſt tell you friendly in your ear,—  
Sell when you can; you are not for all markets :  
Cry the man mercy; love him; take his offer :  
Foul is moſt foul, being foul to be a ſcoffer.  
So, take her to thee, ſhepherd;—fare you well.

*Phe.* Sweet youth, I pray you chide a year together;  
I had rather hear you chide, than this man woo.

*Ros.* [*aside.*] He's fallen in love with her foulness, and she'll fall in love with my anger:—if it be so, as fast as she answers thee with frowning looks, I'll sauce her with bitter words:—Why look you so upon me?

*Phe.* For no ill will I bear you.

*Ros.* I pray you, do not fall in love with me,  
For I am falser than vows made in wine:  
Besides, I like you not: If you will know my house,

'Tis at the tuft of olives, here hard by:—

Will you go, sister?—Shepherd, ply her hard:—

Come, sister:—Shepherdes look on him better,

And be not proud: though all the world could see,  
None could be so abus'd in sight as he.

Come, to our flock. [*Exeunt Ros. Cel. and Corin.*]

*Phe.* Dear shepherd, now I find thy saw of  
might;

Who ever lov'd, that lov'd not at first sight?

*Sil.* Sweet Phebe!

*Phe.* Hah! what say'st thou, Silvius?

*Sil.* Sweet Phebe, pity me.

*Phe.* Why, I am sorry for thee, gentle Silvius.

*Sil.* Wherever sorrow is, relief would be:

If you do sorrow at my grief in love,

By giving love, your sorrow and my grief

Were both extermin'd.

*Phe.* Thou hast my love: Is not that neighbourhoodly?

*Sil.* I would have you.

*Phe.* Why, that were covetousness.

Silvius, the time was that I hated thee:

And yet it is not, that I bear thee love:

But since that thou canst talk of love so well,

Thy company, which erst was irksome to me,

I will endure: and I'll employ thee too:

But do not look for further recompence,

Than thine own gladness that thou art employ'd.

*Sil.* So holy, and so perfect is my love,  
 And I in such a poverty of grace,  
 That I shall think it a most plenteous crop  
 To glean the broken ears after the man  
 That the main harvest reaps : loose now and then  
 A scatter'd smile, and that I'll live upon.

*Phe.* Know'st thou the youth that spoke to me  
 ere-while ?

*Sil.* Not very well, but I have met him oft ;  
 And he hath bought the cottage, and the bounds,  
 That the old Carlot once was master of.

*Phe.* Think not I love him, though I ask for him.  
 'Tis but a peevish boy :—yet he talks well ;—  
 But what care I for words ? yet words do well,  
 When he that speaks them pleases those that hear.  
 It is a pretty youth ;—Not very pretty :—  
 But, sure, he's proud ; and yet his pride becomes  
 him :

He'll make a proper man : The best thing in him  
 Is his complexion ; and faster than his tongue  
 Did make offence, his eye did heal it up.  
 He is not very tall ; yet for his years he's tall :  
 His leg is but so so ; and yet 'tis well :  
 There was a pretty redness in his lip ;  
 A little riper, and more lusty red  
 Than that mix'd in his cheek ; 'twas just the dif-  
 ference

Betwixt the constant red, and mingled damask.  
 There be some women, Silvius, had they mark'd him  
 In parcels as I did, would have gone near  
 To fall in love with him : but, for my part,  
 I love him not, nor hate him not ; and yet  
 I have more cause to hate him than to love him :  
 For what had he to do to chide at me ?  
 He said, mine eyes were black, and my hair black,  
 And now I am remembred, scorn'd at me :  
 I marvel, why I answer'd not again :  
 But that's all one : omittance is no quittance.

I'll write to him a very taunting letter,  
And thou shalt bear it ; Wilt thou, Silvius ?

*Syl.* Phebe, with all my heart.

*Phe.* I'll write it straight ;  
The matter's in my head, and in my heart :  
I will be bitter with him, and passing short :  
Go with me, Silvius. [ *Exeunt.*

ACT IV. SCENE I.

*The Forest.*

*Enter Rosalind, Celia, and Jaques.*

*Jaq.* I Pr'ythee, pretty youth, let me be better acquainted with thee.

*Ros.* They say you are a melancholy fellow.

*Jaq.* I am so ; I do love it better than laughing.

*Ros.* Those that are in extremity of either, are abominable fellows ; and betray themselves to every modern censure, worse than drunkards.

*Jaq.* Why, 'tis good to be sad and say nothing.

*Ros.* Why, then, 'tis good to be a poet.

*Jaq.* I have neither the scholar's melancholy, which is emulation ; nor the musician's, which is fantastical ; nor the courtier's, which is proud ; nor the soldier's, which is ambitious ; nor the lawyer's, which is politic ; nor the lady's, which is nice ; nor the lover's, which is all these ; but it is a melancholy of mine own, compounded of many simples, extracted from many objects, and, indeed, the sundry contemplation of my travels, in which my often rumination wraps me in a most humorous sadness.

*Ros.* A traveller ! by my faith, you have great  
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reason to be sad; I fear you have sold your own lands to see other men's; then, to have seen much, and to have nothing, is to have rich eyes and poor hands.

*Jaq.* Yes, I have gain'd my experience.

*Enter Orlando.*

*Ros.* And your experience makes you sad: I had rather have a fool to make me merry, than experience to make me sad, and to travel for it too.

*Orla.* Good day, and happiness, dear Rosalind!

*Jaq.* Nay then, God be wi' you, an you talk in blank verse. [Exit.

*Ros.* Farewell, monsieur traveller: Look, you lisp, and wear strange suits; disable all the benefits of your own country; be out of love with your nativity, and almost chide God for making you that countenance you are; or I will scarce think you have swam in a gondola.—Why, how now Orlando! where have you been all this while?—You a lover?—an you serve me such another trick, never come in my sight more.

*Orla.* My fair Rosalind, I come within an hour of my promise.

*Ros.* Break an hour's promise in love? He that will divide a minute into a thousand parts, and break but a part of the thousandth part of a minute in the affairs of love, it may be said of him, that Cupid hath clapt him o' the shoulder, but I warrant him heart-whole.

*Orla.* Pardon me, dear Rosalind.

*Ros.* Nay, an you be so tardy, come no more in my sight; I had as lief be woo'd of a snail.

*Orla.* Of a snail?

*Ros.* Ay, of a snail; for though he comes slowly, he carries his house on his head; a better jointure, I think than you can make a woman; Besides, he brings his destiny with him.

*Orla.* What's that ?

*Rof.* Why, horns ; which such as you are fain to be beholden to your wives for ; but he comes armed in his fortune, and prevents the slander of his wife.

*Orla.* Virtue is no horn-maker ; and my Rosalind is virtuous.

*Rof.* And I am your Rosalind.

*Cel.* It pleases him to call you so ; but he hath a Rosalind of a better leer than you.

*Rof.* Come, woo me, woo me ; for now I am in a holiday humour, and like enough to consent :—— What would you say to me now, an I were your very very Rosalind ?

*Orla.* I would kifs, before I spoke.

*Rof.* Nay, you were better speak first ; and when you were gravell'd for lack of matter, you might take occasion to kifs. Very good orators, when they are out, they will spit ; and for lovers, lacking (God warn us) matter, the cleanliest shift is to kifs.

*Orla.* How if the kifs be denied ?

*Rof.* Then she puts you to entreaty, and there begins new matter.

*Orla.* Who could be out, being before his beloved mistress ?

*Rof.* Marry, that should you, if I were your mistress ; or I should think my honesty ranker than my wit.

*Orla.* What, of my suit ?

*Rof.* Not out of your apparel, and yet out of your suit. Am not I your Rosalind ?

*Orla.* I take some joy to say you are, because I would be talking of her.

*Rof.* Well, in her person, I say—I will not have you.

*Orla.* Then, in mine own person, I die.

*Rof.* No faith, die by attorney. The poor world

is almost six thousand years old, and in all this time there was not any man died in his own person, *videlicet*, in a love cause. Troilus had his brains dash'd out with a Grecian club; yet he did what he could to die before; and he is one of the patterns of love. Leander, he would have liv'd many a fair year, though Hero had turn'd nun, if it had not been for a hot midsummer night: for, good youth, he went but forth to wash him in the Hellespont, and, being taken with the cramp, was drown'd; and the foolish chroniclers of that age found it was,—Hero of Sestos. But these are all lies; men have died from time to time, and worms have eaten them, but not for love.

*Orla.* I would not have my right Rosalind of this mind; for, I protest, her frown might kill me.

*Ros.* By this hand, it will not kill a fly: But come, now I will be your Rosalind in a more coming-on disposition; and ask me what you will, I will grant it.

*Orla.* Then love me, Rosalind.

*Ros.* Yes, faith will I, Fridays, and Saturdays, and all.

*Orla.* And wilt thou have me?

*Ros.* Ay, and twenty such.

*Orla.* What say'st thou?

*Ros.* Are you not good?

*Orla.* I hope so.

*Ros.* Why then, can one desire too much of a good thing?—Come, sister, you shall be the priest, and marry us.—Give me your hand, Orlando:—What do you say, sister?

*Orla.* Pray thee, marry us.

*Cel.* I cannot say the words.

*Ros.* You must begin,—“Will you, Orlando,”—

*Cel.* Go to:—Will you, Orlando, have to wife this Rosalind?

*Orla.* I will.

*Rof.* Ay, but when?

*Orla.* Why now; as fast as she can marry us.

*Rof.* Then you must say,—“ I take thee, Rosalind, for wife.”

*Orla.* I take thee, Rosalind, for wife.

*Rof.* I might ask you for your commission; but I do take thee, Orlando, for my husband: There's a girl goes before the priest; and, certainly, a woman's thought runs before her actions.

*Orla.* So do all thoughts; they are wing'd.

*Rof.* Now tell me, how long would you have her, after you have possess'd her?

*Orla.* For ever, and a day.

*Rof.* Say a day, without the ever: No, no, Orlando; men are April when they woo, December when they wed: maids are May when they are maids, but the sky changes when they are wives.—I will be more jealous of thee than a Barbary cock-pigeon over his hen: more clamorous than a parrot against rain; more new-fangled than an ape; more giddy in my desires than a monkey; I will weep for nothing, like Diana in the fountain, and I will do that when you are dispos'd to be merry; I will laugh like a hyen, and that when thou art inclin'd to sleep.

*Orla.* But will my Rosalind do so?

*Rof.* By my life, she will do as I do.

*Orla.* O, but she is wise.

*Rof.* Or else she could not have the wit to do this: the wiser, the waywarder: Make the doors upon a woman's wit, and it will out at the casement; shut that, and 'twill out at the key-hole; stop that, it will fly with the smoak out at the chimney.

*Orla.* A man that had a wife with such a wit, he might say,—“ Wit, whither wilt?”

*Rof.* Nay, you might keep that check for it, 'till you met your wife's wit going to your neighbour's bed.



*Orla.* And what wit could wit have to excuse that?

*Ros.* Marry, to say,—she came to seek you there. You shall never take her without her answer, unless you take her without her tongue. O, that woman that cannot make her fault her husband's occasion, let her never nurse her child herself, for she will breed it like a fool!

*Orla.* For these two hours, Rosalind, I will leave thee.

*Ros.* Alas, dear love, I cannot lack thee two hours.

*Orla.* I must attend the duke at dinner; by two o'clock I will be with thee again.

*Ros.* Ay, go your ways, go your ways;—I knew what you would prove; my friends told me as much, and I thought no less:—that flattering tongue of yours won me:—'tis but one cast away, and so,—come, death.—Two o'clock is your hour?

*Orla.* Ay, sweet Rosalind.

*Ros.* By my troth, and in good earnest, and so God mend me, and by all pretty oaths that are not dangerous, if you break one jot of your promise, or come one minute behind your hour, I will think you the most pathological break-promise, and the most hollow lover, and the most unworthy of her you call Rosalind, that may be chosen out of the gross band of the unfaithful: therefore beware my censure, and keep your promise.

*Orla.* With no less religion, than if thou wert indeed my Rosalind: So, adieu.

*Ros.* Well, time is the old justice that examines all such offenders, and let time try: Adieu!

[*Exit Orlando.*]

*Cel.* You have simply misus'd our sex in your love-prate; we must have your doublet and hose pluck'd over your head, and shew the world what the bird hath done to her own nest.

*Ros.* O coz, coz, coz, my pretty little coz, that thou didst know how many fathom deep I am in love! but it cannot be sounded; my affection hath an unknown bottom, like the bay of Portugal.

*Cel.* Or rather, bottomless; that as fast as you pour affection in, it runs out.

*Ros.* No, that same wicked bastard of Venus, that was begot of thought, conceiv'd of spleen, and born of madness; that blind rascally boy, that abuses every one's eyes, because his own are out, let him be judge, how deep I am in love:—I'll tell thee, Aliena, I cannot be out of sight of Orlando: I'll go find him a shadow, and sigh till he come.

*Cel.* And I'll sleep. [*Exeunt.*]

S C E N E II.

*Enter Jaques, Lords and Foresters.*

*Jaq.* Which is he that kill'd the deer?

*Lord.* Sir it was I.

*Jaq.* Let's present him to the duke like a Roman conquerer; and it would do well to set the deer's horns upon his head, for a branch of victory:—Have you no song, forester, for this purpose?

*For.* Yes, sir.

*Jaq.* Sing it: 'Tis no matter how it be in tune, so it make noise enough.

Music, Song.

1. *What shall he have, that kill'd the deer?*

2. *His leather skin, and horns to wear.*

1. *Then sing him home:*

Take thou no scorn

*To wear the horn, the lusty horn;*

*It was a crest ere thou wast born.*

1. *Thy father's father wore it;*

2. *And thy father bore it:*

*The horn, the horn, the lusty horn.*

*Is not a thing to laugh to scorn.*

}

The rest  
shall bear  
this bur-  
den.

[*Exeunt.*]

## S C E N E III.

*Enter Rosalind and Celia.*

*Ros.* How say you now? Is it not past two o'clock? and here's much Orlando!

*Cel.* I warrant you, with pure love, and troubled brain, he hath ta'en his bow and arrows, and is gone forth—to sleep: Look, who comes here.

*Enter Silvius.*

*Sil.* My errand is to you, fair youth;—  
My gentle Phebe bid me give you this;

*[Giving a letter.]*

I know not the contents; but, as I guess,  
By the stern brow, and waspish action  
Which she did use as she was writing of it,  
It bears an angry tenour: pardon me,  
I am but as a guiltless messenger.

*Ros.* *[reading.]* Patience herself would startle at  
this letter

And play the swaggerer; bear this, bear all:  
She says, I am not fair; that I lack manners;  
She calls me proud; and, that she could not love me  
Were man as rare as Phoenix: 'Od's my will!  
Her love is not the hare that I do hunt:  
Why writes she so to me? —Well, shepherd well,  
This is a letter of your own device.

*Sil.* No, I protest, I know not the contents,  
Phebe did write it.

*Ros.* Come, come, you are a fool.  
And turn'd into the extremity of love.  
I saw her hand; she has a leathern hand,  
A freestone-coloured hand; I verily did think  
That her old gloves were on, but 'twas her hands;  
She has a hufwife's hand: but that's no matter:  
I say, she never did invent this letter;  
This is a man's invention, and his hand.

*Sil.* Sure, it is hers.

*Ros.* Why, 'tis a boisterous and a cruel stile,

A stile for challengers; why, she defies me,  
Like Turk to Christian: woman's gentle brain  
Could not drop forth such giant-rude invention,  
Such Ethiop words, blacker in their effect  
Than in their countenance; Will you hear the letter?

*Sil.* So please you, for I never heard it yet;  
Yet heard too much of Phebe's cruelty.

*Rof.* She Phebe's me: Mark how the tyrant  
writes.

[*Reads.*] "Art thou god to shepherd turn'd,  
"That a maiden's heart hath burn'd?"—

Can a woman rail thus?

*Sil.* Call you this railing?

*Rof.* [*Reads.*] "Why, thy godhead laid apart,  
"War'st thou with a woman's heart?"

Did you ever hear such railing?—

"Whiles the eye of man did woo me,

"That could do no vengeance to me."—

Meaning me a beast.—

"If the scorn of your bright eyne

"Have power to raise such love in mine

"Alack, in me what strange effect

"Would they work in mild aspect?

"Whiles you chid me, I did love;

"How then might your prayers move?

"He, that brings this love to thee,

"Little knows this love in me:

"And by him seal up thy mind;

"Whether that thy youth and kind

"Will the faithful offer take

"Of me, and all that I can make;

"Or else by him my love deny,

"And then I'll study how to die."

*Sil.* Call you this chiding?

*Cel.* Alas, poor shepherd!

*Rof.* Do you pity him? no, he deserves no pity.  
—Wilt thou love such a woman?—What, to  
make thee an instrument, and play false strains upon



thee! not to be endured!—Well, go your way to her, (for I see love hath made thee a tame snake) and say this to her;—"That if she love me" I charge her to love thee: if she will not, I "will never have her, unless thou entreat for her." If you be a true lover, hence, and not a word; for here comes more company. *[Exit Silvius.]*

*Enter Oliver.*

*Oli.* Good-morrow, fair ones: Pray you, if you know

Where in the purlieus of this forest, stands  
A sheep-cote, fenc'd about with olive-trees?

*Cel.* West of this place, down in the neighbour  
bottom,

The rank of osiers, by the murmuring stream,  
Left on your right hand, brings you to the place:  
But at this hour the house doth keep itself,  
There's none within.

*Oli.* If that an eye may profit by a tongue,  
Then should I know you by description;  
Such garments, and such years: "The boy is fair,  
"Of female favour, and bestows himself  
"Like a ripe sister: but the woman low,  
"And browner than her brother." Are not you  
The owner of the house I did enquire for?

*Cel.* It is no boast, being ask'd, to say, we are.

*Oli.* Orlando doth commend him to you both;  
And to that youth, he calls his Rosalind,  
He sends this bloody napkin; Are you he?

*Ros.* I am: What must we understand by this?

*Oli.* Some of my shame: if you will know of me  
What man I am, and how, and why, and where  
This handkerchief was stain'd.

*Cel.* I pray you tell it.

*Oli.* When last the young Orlando parted from  
you,  
He left a promise to return again

Within an hour; and, pacing through the forest,  
 Chewing the food of sweet and bitter fancy,  
 Lo, what befel! he threw his eye aside,  
 And mark, what object did present itself!  
 Under an oak, whose boughs were moss'd with age,  
 And high top bald with dry antiquity,  
 A wretched ragged man, o'ergrown with hair,  
 Lay sleeping on his back: about his neck  
 A green and gilded snake had wreath'd itself,  
 Who with her head, nimble in threats, approach'd  
 The opening of his mouth; but suddenly  
 Seeing Orlando, it unlink'd itself,  
 And with indented glides did slip away  
 Into a bush: under which bush's shade  
 A lioness, with udders all drawn dry,  
 Lay couching, head on ground, with cat-like watch,  
 When that the sleeping man should stir; for 'tis  
 The royal disposition of that beast,  
 To prey on nothing that doth seem as dead:  
 This seen, Orlando did approach the man,  
 And found it was his brother, his elder brother.

*Cel.* O, I have heard him speak of that same brother,  
 And he did render him the most unnatural  
 That liv'd 'mongst men.

*Oli.* And well he might so do,  
 For well I know he was unnatural.

*Ros.* But, to Orlando;— Did he leave him there,  
 Food to the suck'd and hungry lioness?

*Oli.* Twice did he turn his back, and purpos'd so:  
 But kindness, nobler ever than revenge,  
 And nature, stronger than his just occasion,  
 Made him give battle to the lioness,  
 Who quickly fell before him; in which hurtling  
 From miserable slumber I awak'd.

*Cel.* Are you his brother?

*Ros.* Was it you he rescu'd?

*Cel.* Was't you that did so oft contrive to kill him?

*Oli.* Twas I; but 'tis not I: I do not shame

To tell you what I was, since my conversion  
So sweetly tastes, being the thing I am.

*Ros.* But for the bloody napkin?—

*Oli.* By and by.

When from the first to last, betwixt us two,  
Tears our recountments had most kindly bath'd,  
As how I came into that desert place;—  
In brief, he led me to the gentle duke,  
Who gave me fresh array, and entertainment,  
Committing me unto my brother's love;  
Who led me instantly unto his cave,  
There stripp'd himself, and here upon his arm  
The lions had torn some flesh away,  
Which all this while had bled; and now he fainted,  
And cry'd, in fainting, upon Rosalind.  
Brief, I recover'd him; bound up his wound;  
And, and after some small space, being strong at heart,  
He sent me hither, stranger as I am,  
To tell this story, that you might excuse  
His broken promise, and to give this napkin,  
Dy'd in his blood, unto the shepherd youth  
That he in sport doth call his Rosalind.

*Cel.* Why, how now, Ganymed? sweet Gany-  
med? *[Rosalind faints.]*

*Oli.* Many will swoon when they do look on blood.

*Cel.* There is more in it:—Cousin—Ganymed!

*Oli.* Look, he recovers.

*Ros.* I would, I were at home.

*Cel.* We'll lead you thither:—

I pray you, will you take him by the arm?

*Oli.* Be of good cheer, youth:—You a man?—  
you lack a man's heart.

*Ros.* I do so, I confess it. Ah, sir, a body would  
think this was well counterfeited: I pray you, tell  
your brother how well I counterfeited.—Heigh  
ho!—

*Oli.* This was not counterfeit; there is too great  
testimony in your complexion, that it was a passion  
of earnest.

*Rof.* Counterfeit, I assure you.

*Oli.* Well then, take a good heart, and counterfeit to be a man.

*Rof.* So I do; but i'faith, I should have been a woman by right.

*Cel.* Come, you look paler and paler; pray you draw homewards:—Good sir, go with us.

*Oli.* That will I, for I must bear answer back  
How you excuse my brother, Rosalind.

*Rof.* I shall devise something: But, I pray you, commend my counterfeiting to him:—Will you go?

[*Exeunt.*]

ACT V. SCENE I.

*The Forest.*

*Enter Clown, and Audrey.*

*Clo.* **W**E shall find a time, Audrey; patience, gentle Audry.

*Aud.* 'Faith, the priest was good enough, for all the old gentleman's saying.

*Clo.* A most wicked Sir Oliver, Audrey, a most vile Mar-text. But, Audrey, there is a youth here in the forest lays claim to you.

*Aud.* Ay, I know who 'tis; he hath no interest in me in the world: here comes the man you mean.

*Enter William.*

*Clo.* It is meat and drink to me to see a clown: By my troth, we that have good wits, have much to answer for; we shall be flouting; we cannot hold.

*Will.* Good even, Audrey.

*Aud.* God ye good, even William.

*Will.* And good even to you, sir.

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*Clo.* Good even, gentle friend : Cover thy head, e'over thy head ; nay, pr'ythee, be cover'd. How old are you, friend ?

*Will.* Five and twenty, sir.

*Clo.* A ripe age : Is thy name William ?

*Will.* William, sir.

*Clo.* A fair name : Wast born i'the forest here ?

*Will.* Ay, sir, I thank God.

*Clo.* Thank God ;—a good answer : Art rich ?

*Will.* 'Faith, sir, so so.

*Clo.* So so ; 'Tis good, very good, very excellent good :—and yet it is not ; it is but so so. Art thou wise ?

*Will.* Ay, sir, I have a pretty wit.

*Clo.* Why thou say'st well. I do now remember a saying ; " The fool doth think he is wise but the " wise man knows himself to be a fool." The heathen philosopher, when he had a desire to eat a grape, would open his lips when he put it into his mouth ; meaning thereby, that grapes were made to eat, and lips to open. You do love this maid ?

*Will.* I do sir.

*Clo.* Give me your hand : Art thou learned ?

*Will.* No, sir.

*Clo.* Then learn this of me ; To have is to have ; For it is a figure in rhetoric, that drink being, poured out of a cup into a glass, by filling the one doth empty the other : For all your writers do consent, that *ipse* is he ; now you are not *ipse*, for I am he.

*Will.* Which he, Sir ?

*Clo.* He, Sir, that must marry this woman : Therefore, you, clown, abandon,—which is in the vulgar, leave,—the society,—which in the boorish is, company,—of this female,—which in the common is,—woman,—which together is, abandon the society of this female ; or, clown, thou perishest ; or, to thy better understanding, diest ; or, to wit, I kill thee, make thee away, translate thy life into death,

thy liberty into bondage: I will deal in poison with thee, or in bastinado, or in steel; I will bandy with thee in faction; I will over-run thee with policy; I will kill thee a hundred and fifty ways; therefore, tremble, and depart.

*Aud.* Do, good William.

*Will.* God rest you merry, sir,

[*Exit.*

*Enter Corin.*

*Cor.* Our master and mistress seek you; come, away, away.

*Clo.* Trip, Audrey, trip Audrey; I attend, I attend.

[*Exeunt.*

S C E N E II.

*Enter Orlando and Oliver.*

*Orla.* Is't possible, that on so little acquaintance you should like her? that, but seeing, you should love her? and, loving, woo? and, wooing, she should grant? And will you persevere to enjoy her?

*Oli.* Neither call the giddiness of it in question, the poverty of her, the small acquaintance, my sudden wooing, nor her sudden consenting; but say with me, I love Aliena; say with her, that she loves me; consent with both, that we may enjoy each other: it shall be to your good; for my father's house, and all the revenue that was old sir Rowland's, will I estate upon you, and here live and die a shepherd.

*Enter Rosalind.*

*Orla.* You have my consent. Let your wedding be to-morrow: thither will I invite the duke, and all his contented followers: Go you, and prepare Aliena; for look you, here comes my Rosalind.

*Ros.* God save you, brother.

*Oli.* And you, fair sister.

*Ros.* Oh, my dear Orlando, how it grieves me to see thee wear thy heart in a scarf!

*Orla.* It is my arm.

*Ros.* I thought thy heart had been wounded with the claws of a lion.

*Orla.* Wounded it is, but with the eyes of a lady.

*Ros.* Did your brother tell you how I counterfeited to swoon, when he shewed me your handkerchief?

*Orla.* Ay and greater wonders than that.

*Ros.* O, I know where you are:—Nay, 'tis true: there was never any thing so sudden, but the fight of two rams, and Cæsar's thraasonical brag of—I came, saw, and overcame: For your brother and my sister no sooner met, but they look'd; no sooner look'd, but they lov'd; no sooner lov'd, but they sigh'd; no sooner sigh'd, but they ask'd one another the reason; no sooner knew the reason, but they sought the remedy: and in these degrees have they made a pair of stairs to marriage, which they will climb incontinent, or else be incontinent before marriage: they are in the very wrath of love, and they will together; clubs cannot part them.

*Orla.* They shall be married to-morrow; and I will bid the duke to the nuptial. But, O, how bitter a thing it is to look into happiness through another man's eyes! By so much the more shall I to-morrow be at the height of heart-heaviness, by how much I shall think my brother happy, in having what he wishes for.

*Ros.* Why then, to-morrow I cannot serve your turn for Rosalind?

*Orla.* I can live no longer by thinking.

*Ros.* I will weary you then no longer with idle talking. Know of me then, (for now I speak to some purpose) that I know you are a gentleman of good conceit: I speak not this, that you should bear a good opinion of my knowledge, inso much, I say, I know you are; neither do I labour for a greater esteem than may in some little measure draw a belief from you, to do yourself good, and not to

grace me. Believe then, if you please, that I can do strange things: I have, since I was three years old, convers'd with a magician, most profound in his art, and yet not damnable. If you do love Rosalind so near the heart as your gesture cries it out, when your brother marries Aliena, you shall marry her: I know not into what straights of fortune she is driven; and it is not impossible to me, if it appear not inconvenient to you, to set her before your eyes to-morrow, human as she is, and without any danger.

*Orla.* Speak'st thou in sober meanings?

*Ros.* By my life I do; Which I tender dearly, though I say I am a magician: Therefore, put you on your best array, bid your friends; for if you will be married to-morrow, you shall; and to Rosalind, if you will.

*Enter Silvius, and Phebe.*

Look, here comes a lover of mine, and a lover of hers.

*Phe.* Youth, you have done me much ungentleness, To shew the letter that I writ to you.

*Ros.* I care not, if I have: it is my study, To seem despightful and ungentle to you. You are there follow'd by a faithful shepherd; Look upon him, love him; he worships you.

*Phe.* Good shepherd, tell this youth what 'tis to love.

*Sil.* It is to be made all of sighs and tears;— And so am I for Phebe.

*Phe.* And I for Ganymed.

*Orla.* And I for Rosalind.

*Ros.* And I for no woman.

*Sil.* It is to be all made of faith and service;— And so am I for Phebe.

*Phe.* And I for Ganymed.

*Orla.* And I for Rosalind.

*Ros.* And I for no woman.



*Sil.* It is to be all made of fantasy,  
 All made of passion, and all made of wishes ;  
 All adoration, duty, and observance,  
 All humbleness, all patience, and impatience,  
 All purity, all trial, all observance ;—  
 And so am I for Phebe.

*Phe.* And so am I for Ganymed.

*Orla.* And so am I for Rosalind.

*Ros.* And so am I for no woman.

*Phe.* If this be so, why blame you me to love  
 you ? [To Ros.]

*Sil.* If this be so, why blame you me to love  
 you ? [To Phe.]

*Orla.* If this be so, why blame you me to love  
 you ?

*Ros.* Who do you speak to, why blame you me to  
 love you ?

*Orla.* To her, that is not here, nor doth not hear.

*Ros.* Pray you, no more of this ; 'tis like the  
 howling of Irish wolves against the moon.—I will  
 help you, if I can ; [To *Silvius*.]—I would love  
 you, if I could. [To *Phebe*.]—To-morrow meet me  
 all together.—I will marry you, [To *Phebe*] if ever  
 I marry woman, and I'll be married to-morrow :—  
 I will satisfy you, [To *Orlando*] if ever I satisfy'd  
 man, and you shall be married to-morrow :—I will  
 content you, [To *Silvius*] if what pleases you con-  
 tents you, and you shall be married to-morrow.—  
 As you love Rosalind, meet ; [To *Orlando*.]—As you  
 love Phebe, meet ; [To *Silvius*.]—And as I love no  
 woman, I'll meet.—So fare you well ; I have left  
 you commands.

*Sil.* I'll not fail, if I live.

*Phe.* Nor I.

*Orla.* Nor I.

[*Exeunt.*]

SCENE III.

*Enter Clown, and Audrey.*

*Glo.* To-morrow is the joyful day, Audrey; to-morrow will we be married.

*Aud.* I do desire it with all my heart; and I hope it is no dishonest desire, to desire to be a woman of the world. Here come two of the banish'd duke's pages.

*Enter two Pages.*

*1 Page.* Well met, honest gentleman.

*Glo.* By my troth, well met; Come, fit, fit, and a song.

*2 Page.* We are for you: fit i' the middle.

*1 Page.* Shall we clap into't roundly, without hawking, or spitting, or saying we are hoarse? which are the only prologues to a bad voice?

*2 Page.* I'faith, i'faith; and both in a tune, like two gypsies on a horse.

S O N G.

*It was a lover and his lass,  
With a hey, and a ho, and a hey nonino,  
That o'er the green corn-field did pass  
In the spring time, the pretty rank time,  
When birds do sing, hey ding a ding, a ding;  
Sweet lovers love the spring.*

*Between the acres of the rye,  
With a hey, and a ho, and a hey, nonino,  
These pretty country folks would lie,  
In the spring time, &c.*

*The carol they began that hour,  
With a hey, and a ho, and a hey nonino,  
How that life was but a flower  
In the spring time, &c.*

*And therefore take the present time,  
With a hey, and a ho, and a hey nonino ;  
For love is crowned with the prime  
In the spring time, &c.*

*Clo.* Truly, young gentlemen, though there was no great matter in the ditty, yet the note was very untuneable.

*1 Page.* You are deceiv'd fir; we kept time, we lost not our time.

*Clo.* By my troth, yes; I count it but time lost to hear such a foolish song. God be with you; and God mend your voices.—Come, Audrey. [*Exeunt.*]

#### S C E N E IV.

*Another part of the Forest.*

*Enter Duke Senior, Amiens, Jaques, Orlando, Oliver, and Celia.*

*Duke Sen.* Dost thou believe, Orlando, that the boy  
Can do all that he hath promised?

*Orla.* I sometimes do believe, and sometimes do not;  
As those that fear they hope, and know they fear.

*Enter Rosalind, Silvius, and Phebe.*

*Ros.* Patience once more, whiles our compact is urg'd :—  
You say, if I bring in your Rosalind, [*To the Duke.*]  
You will bestow her on Orlando here?

*Duke Sen.* That would I, had I kingdoms to give with her.

*Ros.* And you say, you will have her, when I bring her? [*To Orlando.*]

*Orla.* That would I, were I of all kingdoms king.

*Ros.* You say, you'll marry me if I be willing?  
[*To Phebe.*]

*Phe.* That will I, should I die the hour after.

*Rof.* But, if you do refuse to marry me,  
You'll give yourself to this most faithful shepherd?

*Phe.* So is the bargain.

*Rof.* You say, that you'll have Phebe, if she will?

[*To Silvius.*

*Sil.* Though to have her and death were both  
one thing.

*Rof.* I have promis'd to make all this matter even.  
Keep you your word, O duke, to give your  
daughter :—

You, yours, Orlando, to receive his daughter ;  
Keep your word, Phebe, that you'll marry me ;  
Or else, refusing me, to wed this shepherd :—  
Keep your word, Silvius, that you'll marry her,  
If she refuse me ;—and from hence I go,  
To make these doubts all even.

[*Exeunt Rosalind and Celia.*

*Duke Sen.* I do remember in this shepherd-boy  
Some lively touches of my daughter's favour.

*Orla.* My lord, the first time that I ever saw him,  
Methought he was a brother to your daughter :  
But, my good lord, this boy is forest born  
And hath been tutored in the rudiments  
Of many desperate studies by his uncle,  
Whom he reports to be a great magician,  
Obscured in the circle of this forest.

*Enter Clown and Audrey.*

*Jaq.* There is, sure, another flood toward, and  
these couples are coming to the ark ! Here comes  
a pair of very strange beasts, which in all tongues  
are call'd fools.

*Clo.* Salutation and greeting to you all !

*Jaq.* Good my lord, bid him welcome : This is  
the motley-minded gentleman, that I have so often  
met in the forest : he hath been a courtier, he  
swears.



*Clo.* If any man doubt that, let him put me to my purgation. I have trod a measure; I have flatter'd a lady; I have been politick with my friend, smooth with mine enemy; I have undone three taylors; I have had four quarrels, and like to have fought one.

*Jaq.* And how was that ta'en up?

*Clo.* 'Faith, we met, and found the quarrel was upon the seventh cause.

*Jaq.* How seventh cause?—Good my lord, like this fellow.

*Duke Sen.* I like him very well.

*Clo.* God'ild you, sir; I desire you of the like. I press in here, sir, amongst the rest of the country copulatives, to swear, and to forswear; according as marriage binds, and blood breaks:—A poor virgin, sir, an ill-favour'd thing, sir, but mine own; a poor humour of mine, sir, to take that that no man else will: Rich honesty dwells like a miser, sir, in a poor house; as your pearl, in your foul oyster.

*Duke Sen.* By my faith, he is very swift and sententious.

*Clo.* According to the fool's bolt, sir, and such dulcet diseases.

*Jaq.* But, for the seventh cause; how did you find the quarrel on the seventh cause?

*Clo.* Upon a lie seven times removed;—Bear your body more seeming, Audrey:—as thus, sir, I did dislike the cut of a certain courtier's beard; he sent me word, if I said his beard was not cut well, he was in the mind it was: This is call'd the *Retort courteous*. If I sent him word again, it was not well cut, he would send me word, he cut it to please himself: This is call'd the *Quip modest*. If again, it was not well cut, he disabled my judgment: This is call'd the *Reply churlish*. If again, it was not well cut, he would answer, I spake not

true. This is call'd the *Reproof valiant*. If again, it was not well cut, he would say, I lye. This is call'd the *Countercheck quarrellsome*; and so to the *Lye circumstantial*, and the *Lye direct*.

*Jaq.* And how oft did you say his beard was not well cut?

*Clo.* I durst go no further than the *Lye circumstantial*, nor he durst not give me the *Lye direct*; and so we measur'd swords, and parted.

*Jaq.* Can you nominate in order now the degrees of the lye.

*Clo.* O sir, we quarrel in print, by the book; as you have books for good manners: I will name you the degrees. The first, the Retort courteous; the second, the Quip modest; the third, the Reply churlish; the fourth, the Reproof valiant; the fifth, the Countercheck quarrellsome; the sixth, the Lye with circumstance; the seventh, the Lye direct. All these you may avoid, but the Lye direct, and you may avoid that too, with an *If*.— I knew when seven justices could not take up a quarrel; but when the parties were met themselves, one of them thought but of an *If*, as, *If you said so, then I said so*; and they shook hands, and swore brothers. Your *If* is the only peace-maker; much virtue in *If*.

*Jaq.* Is not this a rare fellow, my lord? he's good at any thing, and yet a fool.

*Duke Sen.* He uses his folly like a stalking-horse, and under the presentation of that he shoots his wit.

*Enter Hymen, Rosalind in woman's clothes, and Celia.*

STILL MUSIC.

*Hym.* Then is there mirth in heaven,  
When earthly things made even  
Atone together.

Good Duke, receive thy daughter,  
Hymen from heaven brought her,  
Yea, brought her hither;

*That thou might'st join her hand with his,  
Whose heart within his bosom is.*

*Ros.* To you I give myself, for I am yours.

*[To the Duke.]*

To you I give myself, for I am yours. *[To Orlando.]*

*Duke Sen.* If there be truth in fight, you are my daughter.

*Orla.* If there be truth in fight, you are my Rosalind.

*Phe.* If fight and shape be true,  
Why then,—my love adieu!

*Ros.* I'll have no father, if you be not he:—

*[To the Duke.]*

I'll have no husband, if you be not he:—

*[To Orlando.]*

Nor ne'er wed woman, if you be not she.

*[To Phebe.]*

*Hym.* Peace, ho! I bar confusion:

'Tis I must make conclusion

Of these most strange events:

Here's eight that must take hands,

To join in Hymen's bands,

If truth holds true contents.

You and you no cross shall part;

*[To Orlando and Rosalind.]*

You and you are heart in heart:

*[To Oliver and Celio.]*

You to his love must accord,

Or have a woman to your lord:—

*[To Phebe.]*

You and you are sure together,

As the winter to foul weather.

*[To the Clown and Audrey.]*

Whiles a wedlock-hymn we sing,

Feed yourselves with questioning;

That reason wonder may diminish,

How thus we met, and these things finish.

## S O N G.

*Wedding is great Juno's crown ;  
 O blessed bond of board and bed !  
 'Tis Hymen peoples every town ;  
 High wedlock then be honoured :  
 Honour, high honour and renown,  
 To Hymen, god of every town !*

*Duke Sen.* O my dear niece, welcome thou art to me;

Even daughter, welcome in no less degree.

*Phc.* I will not eat my word, now thou art mine ;  
 Thy faith my fancy to thee doth combine.

*Enter Jaques de Boys.*

*Jaq. de B.* Let me have audience for a word, or two.—

I am the second son of old sir Rowland.  
 That bring these tidings to this fair assembly :  
 Duke Frederick, hearing how that every day  
 Men of great worth resorted to this forest,  
 Address'd a mighty power ; which were on foot,  
 In his own conduct, purposely to take  
 His brother here, and put him to the sword :  
 And to the skirts of this wild wood he came ;  
 Where meeting with an old religious man,  
 After some question with him, was converted  
 Both from his enterprize, and from the world :  
 His crown bequeathing to his banish'd brother,  
 And all their lands restor'd to them again  
 That were with him exil'd : This to be true,  
 I do engage my life.

*Duke Sen.* Welcome, young man ;  
 Thou offer'st fairly to thy brother's wedding :  
 To one, his lands with-held ; and to the other,  
 A land itself at large, a potent dukedom.  
 First, in this forest, let us do those ends



That here were well begun, and well begot :  
 And after, every of this happy number,  
 That have endur'd shrewd days and nights with us,  
 Shall share the good of our returned fortune,  
 According to the measure of their states.  
 Meantime, forget this new-fall'n dignity,  
 And fall into our rustick revelry :—  
 Play, music ;—and you brides and bridegrooms all,  
 With measure heap'd in joy, to the measures fall.

*Jaq.* Sir, by your patience :—If I heard you  
 rightly,

The duke hath put on a religious life,  
 And thrown into neglect the pompous court ?

*Jaq. de B.* He hath.

*Jaq.* To him will I : out of these convertites  
 There is much matter to be heard and learn'd.—

You to your former honour I bequeath ;

[*To the Duke.*

Your patience, and your virtue, well deserves it :  
 You to a love, that your true faith doth merit :—

[*To Orlando.*

You to your land, and love, and great allies :

[*To Oliver.*

You to a long and well-deserv'd bed :—

[*To Sylvius.*

And you to wrangling ; for thy loving voyage.

[*To the Clown.*

Is but for two months victual'd :—So to your pleasures ;

I am for other than for dancing measures.

*Duke Sen.* Stay, Jaques, stay.

*Jaq.* To see no pastime, I :—what you would have

I'll stay to know at your abandon'd cave. [*Exit.*

*Duke Sen.* Proceed, proceed : we will begin these rites,

As we do trust they'll end, in true delights.



E P I L O G U E.

*Ros.* It is not the fashion to see the lady the epilogue: but it is no more unhandsome, than to see the lord the prologue. If it be true, that *good wine needs no bush*, 'tis true, that a good play needs no epilogue: Yet to good wine they do use good bushes; and good plays prove the better by the help of good epilogues. What a case am I in then, that am neither a good epilogue, nor can insinuate with you in the behalf of a good play?—I am not furnish'd like a beggar, therefore to beg will not become me: my way is, to conjure you: and I'll begin with the women. I charge you, O women, for the love you bear to men, to like as much of this play as pleases them; and I charge you, O men, for the love you bear to women, (as I perceive by your smirking, none of you hate them) that between you and the women, the play may please. If I were a woman, I would kiss as many of you as had beards that pleas'd me, complexions that lik'd me, and breaths that I defy'd not: and, I am sure, as many as have good beards, or good faces, or sweet breaths, will, for my kind offer when I make curt'sy, bid me farewell. [*Exeunt omnes.*]

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N O T E.

Of this play the fable is wild and pleasing. I know not how the ladies will approve the facility with which both *Rosalind* and *Celia* give away their hearts. To *Celia* much may be forgiven for the heroism of her friendship. The

character of *Jaqes* is natural and well preserved. The comick dialogue is very sprightly, with less mixture of low buffoonery than in some other plays; and the graver part is elegant and harmonious. By hastening to the end of his work, *Shak/peare* suppressed the dialogue between the usurper and the hermit, and lost an opportunity of exhibiting a moral lesson in which he might have found matter worthy of his highest powers.

*Johnson.*

END OF VOL. II.

